# **Historic, Archive Document**

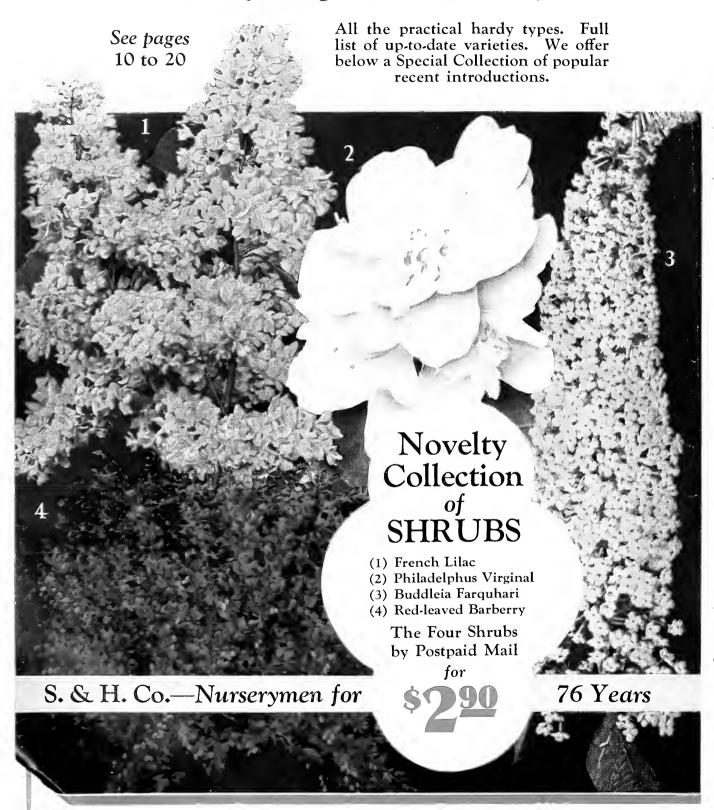
Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





# HARDY DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

The Backbone of All Ornamental Plantings 200 Acres—Growing About 2,000,000 of them





# Just what garden lovers want EVERYTHING for home planting NEW VARIETIES ~ NEW IDEAS

HIS new catalog is your guide to the best in ornamental plants, fruits and seeds. It represents the result of many months of planning and preparation to afford you the most complete stocks of the most desired old favorites in fruits and ornamentals—as well as many new introductions in the way of trees, shrubs, flowers, bulbs and seed.

THE LEADING DEPARTMENTAL

Storrs and Harrison is your Big Store in the nursery field, whose counters are the pages of this book—where you can shop at will, getting everything you need from one reliable source on the same order and, in many cases, in the same shipment.

Everything new for the garden, that is worth having, we list in our catalog. But not until we are sure, by careful and exhaustive experiment and cultivation, that a new introduction is worthy of featuring, do we include it in our offerings. We maintain all stocks in condition to afford plants fully up to S. & H. quality.

Turn the pages of this book. Note how we have shown many plants in actual colors; see the many illustrations, charts, planting plans and lists—all put in to make this a valuable and useful book for you.

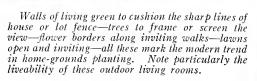
#### What the Well-Dressed Grounds Will Wear in 1930

Styles change in gardening as they do in other things. You have only to recall the old round flower beds so squarely centered in the yard of your own childhood; or the statue deer, the iron fence and urns about grandfather's house—then look about you, at the modern homes, to see the difference today.

Modern homes are set in modern gardening—and proper planting can give even older houses a new and modern charm. Now front yards are open and inviting, with plantings massed to mark the borders of the plot and frame the sweeping view of velvet lawn. Trees and foundation planting are so placed to frame, not hide, the house and make the home seem nestled softly into place. New kinds of shrubs and interesting plants are used—such as the fragrant new Mock Orange and the lovely Beauty Bush—as background for the massed and colorful glory of perennials' bloom. Doorways are framed in soft, informal shrubbery or marked with stately evergreens—the upright Arbor Vitaes or the Juniper.

The 1930 garden glows with color and massed bloom. The vogue for color, and bright masses of it, is seen everywhere. So in the garden where Nature is so lavish with her gorgeous color harmonies, flowers lend themselves to endless combinations of

vivid beauty.



# the best in ornamentals, fruits, seeds IN THIS ONE BIG CATALOG

HELPFUL SUGGESTIONS FROM NURSERY IN AMERICA.

The charm of the rock garden, too, has its appeal. and many a home place is having this new touch of rustic beauty added in some nook about the grounds. In this new book we devote a special section to Rock Plants and Rock Gardening. Now you can add this touch of interest to your home, for Rock Gardening can be adapted to almost any kind of lot.

So many home-site lots are of the flat, uninteresting type that they do not reveal more than the usual possibilities for land-scaping. Yet a Rock Garden with its random, varying levels set amid the proper planting can transform the smallest yard, or corner of some larger place, into a scene of unusual charm.

Turn now to page 39 and see how easily you can have a Rock Garden. There are so many delightful, interesting plants outside the ordinary list of familiar garden things that can be grown and displayed this way.

Besides this new delight, our offerings this year in such old favorites as Perennials, those hardy flowers that grow and bloom profusely year to year, are particularly fine. The perennial garden grown from S. & H. quality plants or seeds yields continuous bloom without replacing—and with so little care. See all your favorites on pages 47 to 64.

# The "Back Yard" Becomes the "Outdoor Living Room"

No longer is the space to the rear of the house used simply as a handy place to hang the washing or pile rubbish, odds and ends. The present use of beauty in everything about today's home-life makes the sight of the useless "back yard" unpleasant—so we've changed that, too. Then, too, the pleasures of our home life are not all kept indoors. With side lawns and rear yards transformed by plantings into most inviting out-of-doors living rooms, homefolk now spend the summer evenings out-of-doors in the beauty of a gardened setting.

Think of such a room with walls of living greenery, grass-carpeted, cushioned with banks of colorful bloom, a patch of sky through the leaves for ceiling. Let us help you plan an outdoor living room addition to your home. We will gladly do so, without obligation, as a part of that service customers can well expect from the long experience and immense facilities available through S. & H.







This is a day of pleasure gardens, of which there are many types. But in all, the chief interest and beauty lies in the plants and flowers, which are the chief element in the picture. Whether it be a more formal type garden, as shown above, or a rock garden, which you prefer, these pictures may offer a suggestion.

# let the STORRS & HARRISON CO.

# help you make your gardening dreams come true

IN EVERY way that is helpful we want to be of service to our customers. We have built up an organization and plant, through more than three score years, that affords you an authoritative source of nursery information and supply.

Now for this newest and largest of our catalogs, we

have gathered together the most complete and attractive array of things to plant one could imagine. Whatever you want to grow-it's here, along with a thousand and one other interesting suggestions. If you want house plants to beautify indoors; plants for sun room or greenhouse; potted plants for terraces; hardy or tender plants for lawn and garden; or reliable seeds—you'll find them all right here.

This book is your guide to the selection of the best things for your grounds and home. Every description is accurate, conservative and understandable. Wherever important, the season of bloom and the matured size of the plant is stated. All you need to know is told. For years our catalog has been the nurseryman's and gardener's reference book on planting—so accurate and useful has it been found.

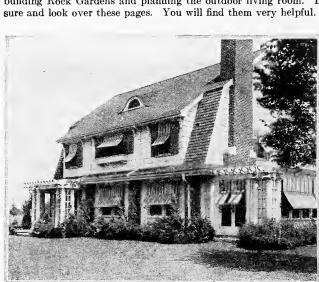
## Direct Shipment Is Best

Customers write to us about the fine condition in which our plants arrive. The plants reach you in perfect shape because they are shipped direct to you from the place they grew-no delay or loss of vigor from handling in some middleman's stock. We know how to pack plants to protect them in shipment. No breakage; no drying out; no setback in growth.

## Our Landscape Booklet Makes **Home Planting Easy**

We are not in the landscaping business, except as producers of splendid planting material. Nevertheless, we have many requests for landscape information, so we have prepared a small booklet on Home Landscaping, containing plans and easy-to-follow suggestions for developing your grounds. Our 1930 edition, now ready, is revised to deal with new and modern trends in garden vogue. Besides this book, a garden expert in our office will reply to any request for advice by letter. Remember, we are here to help our customers.

Pages 39 to 41 of this book are devoted to practical suggestions on building Rock Gardens and planning the outdoor living room. Be sure and look over these pages. You will find them very helpful.



A foundation planting such as this proves conclusively that "It's Not a Home Until It's Planted"

# A Brief Guide to Our Many **Departments**

#### Shrubs, Vines and Trees

The frame and background material, as well as the chief features for any well planned landscaping effect. Pages 10

#### **Evergreens**

So necessary for year 'round beauty of soft greenery on the home grounds-for stately formal or cozily informal groups, foundation and screen plantings. Page 42.

#### Roses

Who does not love roses? Familiar favorites and wonderful and showy new varietiesevery kind to make the rose garden a delight. Pages 29 to 36.

#### **Hardy Flowers**

We have one of the most complete assortments in America, including popular Rock Plants. See pages 38-40 and **47-64**.

#### Dahlias and Bulbs

For gay, glad show of colora procession of it through the flowering seasons, plant these choice specimens. Pages 79 to

#### Fruits

No fruit so sweet as that from one's own garden. Here you find the kinds you like and the quality that will grow and bear. Pages 65 to 78.

#### Vegetable and Flower Seed

The mystery of sprouting seed and the magic of its growth to luscious fruit or glowing bloom follows surest from planting S. & H. seeds. Pages 102 to 140.

See Index Page 143



# UNMATCHED QUALITY at S. & H. PRICES



# Makes Beauty Certain for Your Home Grounds

TO BE sure of utmost enjoyment from your planting you need to be sure of the quality of the things you plant. Poor seeds and weak plants cannot grow into the rich things of beauty that your plans now picture. Reliability of seed and nursery stock are the foundation of a fine garden. Here at S. & H. Nurseries, more than 75 years of trained experience, and unlimited facilities are behind the sturdy quality of the stock you buy. Besides here you buy **direct** from

the largest **growers** of nursery and seed stock, where quantity production and the absence of middleman's profit tend to make the prices for these

# 76 YEARS of Reliable Service

This statement is a simple appeal to your reason. What other than dependable service, constant maintenance of quality, excellence of values, and general satisfaction in dealing with the Storrs and Harrison Company, could have kept this concern in business for over 75 years? Started 76 years ago, this business has continued and grown through generations, year by year, until now, with over 1,500 acres under cultivation, and with the most modern equipment and facilities, it has become the largest departmental nurseries in America.

Each of those years we have said to the new hundreds who see our catalog for the first time: Give us a Trial. That is all we ask of you new readers now. This book can do no more than introduce you to the wonders gardening holds for you, and to the help we offer you. But your first trial order can and will convince you of the quality of our service and reliability of our products.

Old friends who put us to this test in years gone by are regular customers now. Their re-ordering year after year, and the success their gardens reveal to others has been the basis of our growth—and is your assurance of satisfaction.

# S. & H. Co. Sets the Standard of Quality in Seeds and Plants

An organization 76 years in the making—rich in experience—and having the largest stocks, anywhere, in most of the items it affords—can well claim to set a standard for quality in plants and seeds. Everything needed for the proper growth and cultivation is at our command—the favorable climate of the Lake region—fertile soils of varied texture—modern scientific propagation methods—unlimited equipment and labor for caring for the growing stock—all go to make this your safest, surest source of garden supplies.

# HOW TO ORDER— TERMS AND GUARANTEE PAGE 144





Figure 1

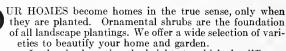
the plants, that counts. Listed size or grade may deceive you—as: a privet described 2 to 3 feet high may still be light with but 2 or 3 branches; or heavy with many branches and strong roots. (Figures 1, 2). "S. & H. Quality" means you get the heaviest, most sturdy plants of the size listed—or seeds from the most vigorous stock. Our policy, soil, and system of rootpruning and transplanting make our stock the best you can buy at any price.



Figure 2

# SHRUBS

The Finest Stock We Have Ever Grown



In the shrub section the heights to which the different varieties grow are given. A few carefully arranged foundation plantings are also worked out to give a selection of a complete planting for your home. These plans are adaptable to most any house.

It is easy to be successful with plantings if a few simple rules are adhered to. Plant in masses, leave open spaces, avoid straight lines. These are the A B C's

Choosing plants according to their ultimate height of growth is very important from the standpoint of good looks. Plant tall growing shrubs in the background. at corners where height is needed, and against foundations where no windows would be covered. Plant medium height shrubs in between groups of taller growers and wherever a medium tall shrub is the most desirable. Under low windows use only the dwarf growers. Another good practice is to plant low growing shrubs in the front row of the plant bed to provide for foliage clear to the ground.

**PLANTING.** As soon as your shipment arrives, open up to verify stock, then heel-in somewhere in shaded, moist soil. Take out a few at a time to location. Dig holes large and deep enough to receive the roots without cramp-

ing; sift fine dirt throughout the network of fibrous roots; fill up, tamp solid, leaving no fissures. Soak thoroughly and rake the surface level.

MAINTENANCE. Thereafter, make sure there is sufficient soil moisture. Keep ground cultivated and free from weeds, preserving a straight clean edge.

Pruning in the dormant stage is not injurious to the plant and often easier to accomplish, but, as a result, the spring bloom is not as abundant. The ideal time to prune shrubs that blossom along their stems is just after the blooming period.

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA. An attractive dwarf shrub, suitable for a sunny, sheltered position anywhere the winters are not extreme; with small shiny foliage which is almost evergreen. The flowers are small, but very pretty and numerous, in loose terminal panicles; color, white flushed with pink. This shrub is rarely without some bloom from June into November.

1½ to 2 feet—\$0.80 each; \$7.00 per 10. 2 to 3 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10. ALMOND. Early spring flowering shrubs,

gaily in full bloom before the leaves appear, with beautiful double flowers of rose or white, snuggling tight to the twigs.

-Double White, and Double Pink. 1½ to 2 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. to 3 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10. All Shrubs are sent by Freight or Express, Except Where Stated "Mail Size."

Quantity Prices: 5 at ten rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate if so listed.

#### SHRUBS FOR LOW **FOUNDATIONS**

Abelia Azalea Mollis Deutzias— Gracilis, Lemoinei Coralberry

Dwarf Spireas Barberry Clethra Hydrangeas, cut back Snowberry

#### SHRUBS FOR SHADY LOCATIONS

Azalea Mollis Van Houtte Spirea Japanese Barberry Shrubby Dogwoods oralberry

Common Lilacs Honeysuckles Golden Bell Deutzias Mock Orange Rhodotypos

#### **SHRUBS WITH** ATTRACTIVE BERRIES

Barberry Cotoneasters Honeysuckles Viburnums Elders

Privets Coralberry Snowberry



ALTHEA. (Rose of Sharon.) Blooms late in August and September, with a profusion of large and brightly colored flowers much like the tender Hibiscus in form. These are the color spots of fall, as Lilacs and Weigelas are of spring. The late appearing foliage is extra good and valuable for its beauty alone. Grown in standard form, they attain 10 to 12 feet in height and make attractive specimens. Planted more compactly and occasionally pruned, they are both serviceable and showy as hedges. Should not be planted in very cold northern sections.

Double Rose, Double White, Double Purple.

Double Red and Double Striped: 2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.1 3 to 4 feet—65 cts. each; 5.50 per 10.

Single White. 2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each: \$5.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet—75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10.

-Varlegated Leaved. This is one of the handsomest variegated leaved shrubs that grows. The Althea foliage is always attractive; but nothing else can equal its charm when broadly blotched and banded with cream and silver. 1½ to 2 feet—\$0.75 each; \$6.50 per 10. 2 to 3 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.

-Tree Shaped, Double. Headed up in tree form for use as solitary specimens; or in groups, with dwarfed shrubs beneath the spreading top. Pink, Purple, Red or White.

3 to 4 feet—\$0.85 each; \$7.50 per 10. 4 to 5 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10. AMORPHA FRUTICOSA. Grows 6 to 10 feet high, in large spreading bush form, with bright green leaves in pinnate arrangement; flowers deep violet blue, in June.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10.

ARALIA PENTAPHYLLA. Long, slender, gracefully arching branches and bright green, compound foliage. Makes a small tree in time, especially attractive on rocky slopes; can be kept at medium height. Greenish white flowers in long umbels. Valuable for its intense green foliage among the autumn coloring of other shrubs.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10.



A harmonlous entrance planting of Hydrangeas and Spireas

See Special Offer on Color Page 4



ARONIA. (Chokeberry.) Attractive, perfectly hardy shrubs preferring moist locations, but equally good in dry soil. Leaves are smooth, pale green, coloring vividly to red in fall. Flowers are a tinted white in numerous small corymbs, succeeded by conspicuous, persistent berry-like fruits.

**Arbuttfolia.** Upright, 6 to 10 feet; very pretty in April and May with an abundance of white flowers; its red fall fruits carrying well into winter.

2 to 3 feet—\$0.90 each; \$8.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.

#### BARBERRY [Berberis]

Red Leaved Barberry. (Berberis Thunbergi Thunbergi Atropurpurea.) A highly important introduction among shrubs, giving us for the first time a practical easily grown shrub of medium height, with good, distinctly red foliage. This must prove a boon to all types of landscaping, where studied contrasts are to be worked out with the shrub foliage depended on for colors. Atropurpurea is an exact reproduction of Thunbergi in every way—habit, leaf-formation and fruiting, but—whereas the original is a deep green from spring until fall, this variety starts off in its first foliage a warm bronzy red;

the heat of summer intensifying its red brilliancy; autumn adding other tints to its richness. The abundant scarlet berries persist throughout the winter along the spiny twigs. A sunny exposure is necessary to bring out and retain its full red color. Illustrated in color on page 4.

9 to 12 in.—\$0.60 each; \$ 5.50 per 10; \$ 45.00 per 100. 12 to 15 in.— .90 each; 8.00 per 10; 70.00 per 100. 15 to 18 in.— 1.25 each; 11.00 per 10; 100.00 per 100.

Japan Barberry.

or more practical for all purposes where beautiful foliage effect is desired than this. It is dwarf growing, uniformly bushy and rounded in form, susceptible to formal pruning, with small, numerous leaves densely covering the thorny twigs. These give it paramount importance for use as a filler, and edging for shrubbery groups; as a foundation screen in front of porches; and, above all, as a compact, impassable, hardy, low hedge for confining lawns or dividing properties. Although variable in accordance with seasonable conditions, the autumn foliage is scarlet or bronze, and the branches studded with crimson fruits.

studded with crimson fruits.	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1,000
15 to 18 inches	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$130.00
18 to 24 inches	3.00	22.00	190.00
24 to 30 inches	4.00	32.00	270.00
Mail size, 20 cts. each	1.50	12.00	

way desirable like its parent; but with foliage so round and dense, and growth so evenly compact, it bears a striking resemblance to Boxwood. Slower and lower growing than Thunbergi, its density allows closer trimming; so that—again like Boxwood—sheared specimens may be trained into perfect globes or pyramids, as well as the cropped hedge.

2 yr. 10 to 12 in.—50 cts.; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 2 yr. 12 to 15 in.—60 cts.; \$5.00 per 10; \$45.00 per 100.

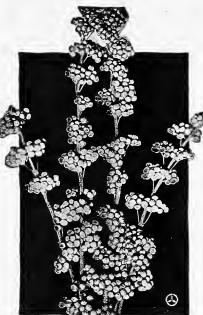
BUDDLEIA ("Butterfly Bush," "Summer Lilac"). Of quick bushy growth; when the lovely bloomspikes appear in July, the shrub, which had probably died down nearly to the ground during winter, is now a perfect, well-balanced specimen of about 5 feet; radiating a delightful perfume and glowing with the tints of the Spring Lilacs. It is best to cut them back annually.

-Magnifica. This variety is one of the hardiest for all sections. Flower spikes 10 inches in length by 3 inches in diameter are not unusual. Color deep violetrose, with a pronounced orange center; the margins of petals neatly reflexed.

2 yr.—50 cts.; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 1 yr. mail size,—25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.

Farquhari. Rather dwarf, compact growth; with numerous medium sized flower spikes, rich lilac purple. (See illustration on page 4.)

2 yr.—50 cts.; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 1 yr. mail size,—25 cts.; \$2.50 per doz.



Callicarpa Purpurea

CALLICARPA PURPUREA. (Beautyberry.) A pretty shrub from 1 to 4 feet high, more at home south of the Ohio, but practical in the North if given a sheltered position and winter protection. It blooms profusely during August with small axillary clusters of pink flowers, these followed by berry bunches colored a light violet. If top should freeze, young shoots will come up and flower and fruit the next season.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10.

**CALYCANTHUS.** (Carolina All-spice.) A unique shrub growing slowly upright to 6 feet, clothing its straight strong, reddish brown shoots with large glossy leaves, from the axils of which spring odd, double, spicily fragrant flowers of chocolate-red.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10.

CARAGANA ARBORESCENS. (Siberian Pea Shrub.) Grows ten to twelve feet high and makes a splendid show with its bright green, compound leaves, and numerous small clusters of yellow flowers.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.

CARYOPTERIS MASTACANTHUS. (Blue Spirea.) A fine shrubby border plant growing about 3 feet high; from September until frost, covered full length of the stems with attract-

ive umbels of lavender blue. Not entirely hardy in the north and should be heavily protected.

2 year—45 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

**CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALIS.** (Button Bush.) Forms a dense rounded bush 4 to 6 feet high, especially adapted to damp locations; in July covered with large, fragrant, ball shaped greenish white flowers.

18 to 24 in.—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 2 to 3 ft.—70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10.

**CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA.** (Sweet Pepper Bush.) A handsome little shrub, delightfully fragrant in August and September when covered with long, showy wands of creamy white flowers. It is valuable for the front of the border, as it grows only 3 to 5 feet tall, and on account of its pleasing scent, is very popular beneath the house windows.

18 to 24 inches—75 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

**COLUTEA ARBORESCENS.** (Bladder Senna.) Fast growing shrub attaining 15 feet in height, preferring a dry, sunny location. Foliage Acacia-like, flowers pea-shaped in long racemes, yellow and cinnabar-red, followed by red bladder-shaped seed pods.

2 to 3 feet-60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.



Japan Barberry



#### CORNUS [Dogwood]

Mainly valuable for their brilliancy of bark and berries, the filling-in quality and handsome variegations of their foliage. All varieties do well in shade. The autumn fruits call in a welcome assemblage of birds; and the tangled mass of highly colored twigs enlivens the prevailing somberness of shrubbery in winter.

Elegantissima Variegata (Silver Dogwood). Grows 8 to 10 feet high, with purplish red branches and beautiful silver variegated foliage. This is one of the choicest variegated leaved shrubs, capable of refined compact shape by pruning; of value both summer and winter.

2 to 3 feet—\$0.85 each; \$7.50 per 10. 3 to 4 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.

Lutea (Yellow-twig Dogwood). A striking yellow branched form of Stolonifera, very satisfactory for contrasting.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

Mascula (Cornelian Cherry). Grows tall; spring flowers bright yellow; the fall fruits scarlet.

2 to 3 feet—\$1.25 each; \$10.00 per 10.

Paniculata (Gray Dogwood). Grows 6 to 15 feet, but usually compact; showing a profusion of good sized white flowers in June. Berries white, on noticeable red stems. Bark and underside of leaves gray. 2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

Sericea (Silky Dogwood). Usually dwarf growing with silky leaves, and dense cymes of greenish white flowers in early summer. Bark purplish. Fruits black. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts each; \$5.00 per 10.

4 to 5 feet—85 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

SlbIrlca (Red-twig Dogwood). Grows 6 to 10 feet high, with clusters of fine white flowers, succeeded by a fall crop of ornamental berries; stem and branches blood red.

2 to 3 feet—45 cts. each; \$3.75 per 10; \$30.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100. 4 to 5 feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10. Mail size —30 cts. each; 3.00 per doz.

Spaethl Aurea. Leaves broadly margined yellow; of branchy, spreading habit.

2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10.

StolonIfera (Red Ozier Cornel). Medium sized and spreading, dark red bark and white flowers, berries white.

2 to 3 feet—45 cts. each; \$3.50 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10. 4 to 5 feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10.

CYDONIA Japonica (Japan Quince). Very early in spring this fine old shrub is completely covered with dazzling scarlet flowers; followed by small, quinceshaped fruits which are quite fragrant. Growth bushy with protecting thorns.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. to 3 feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10.





Cornus Elegantissima Variegata

Cornus Paniculata

DESMODIUM Pendullflorum. pedeza Sieboldi.) fine half-shrub, the long canes of each season's growth usually winter-killed. The stools become stronger, throwing up more shoots and forming a thick shrub 3 to 5 feet high, in showy late summer and October bloom. Arched branches, long, drooping racemes of liquid purple flowers. 2 yr. plants—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.

### COTONEASTER

A class of handsome fruiting shrubs with brilliant autumn foliage and vivid fruits which adapt them to rockery and wall adornment, as well as to any usage in well drained soil with plenty of sunlight. All field grown plants, shipped "balled and burlapped," except noted.

(Peking Cotoneaster). A fast growing shrub to 12 feet, with spreading slender branches and 1½ to 2 inch leaves. Nodding Acutifolia. flower clusters in May and June, half-inch black fruits in September.

2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

(6 ft.) Bushy; slender, arching stems, fruit bright red. 18 to 24 in.—\$1.40 each; \$12.50 per 10. Applanata.

2 to 3 feet—\$1.75 each; \$16.00 per 10.

Growth upright to 6 feet; leaves deciduous, broadly oval, Divaricata. lustrous above, turning to crimson. Inconspicuous pink flowers; fruits ½ inch long, turning to bright red in Sept. 2 to 3 feet—\$2.00 each; \$18.00 per 10.

3 to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet—\$2.50 each; \$22.50 per 10.

Horizontalis. A dwart shrub with densely spreading notice almost prostrate. On account of its habit, is much appreading leaves and A dwarf shrub with densely spreading horizontal branches ciated in rockeries and the front of borders, to display its crimsoning leaves and scarlet fruits, deep into winter.

15 to 18 inches—\$2.00 each; \$18.00 per 10.

18 to 24 inches—2.50 each; 22.50 per 10.

[itens. Related to Divaricata, and similar, with broadly oval lustrous to Divaricata, and similar, which is purplish black. leaves; but differing in the pendulous fruit which is purplish black. 18 to 24 inches—\$1.30 each; \$11.50 per 10. 2 to 3 feet — 1.60 each; 14.50 per 10.

SOME SHRUBS TO PLANT FOR HEDGE Berberis Thunbergi Privets—in variety Altheas-in variety

Buckthorn Box Barberry Indian Currant Spirea Van Houtte Dwarf Spireas Mock Orange



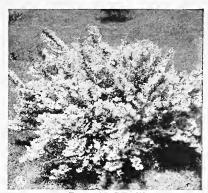


tzia Eburnea





Pride of Rochester



#### **DEUTZIA**

Shrubs which vary considerably in height and habit, but bloom alike in dainty bell or tassel-shaped flowers, borne thickly in wreaths along their branches in May and June. The dwarf types do very well in semi-shade, the taller types are easily confined by pruning.

Candidissima. Double pure white flowers.

Crenata. Tall, distinct type; single white.

Crenata, fl. pi. Double white, tinged pink.

Crenata Rosea. A strong pink suffusion.

Watererl. Large pink, flat flowers in loose racemes.

Prices on Above Tall Varieties:

2 to 3 feet—50 cts.; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100.

3 to 4 feet—65 cts.; \$5.50 per 10; \$50.00 per 100.

**Eburnea.** A strong growing, free-branching Crenata of recent French introduction. The single flowers are large, white and produced in graceful clusters.

2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

Gracilis (Slender Branched). Dwarfest growing, dense, bushy; its drooping branches wreathed with pure white flowers in May. An excellent edging shrub, particularly attractive when studded with its covering crop of beadlike buds. Does very well in shade.

15 to 18 in.—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100.

18 to 24 in.—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100.

24 to 30 in.—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

Mail size -30 cts. each; 3.00 per dozen.

-Carminea. Has same habit as Gracilis, but grows slightly taller and has deep rose colored flowers.

18 to 24 inches—60 cts.; \$5.00 per 10.

Lemoinel. Medium large flowers of pure white borne in coneshaped heads. This is the principal intermediate variety between dwarf and tall growing types, attaining about 4 feet in height, and is useful in partial shade.

18 to 24 in. 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100.

24 to 30 in.—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100. Mail size —35 cts. each; 3.50 per dozen.

Magnificata. Of the Crenata type, but noticeably condensed and more evenly rounded; erect panicles double flowered, a mass of pure white bloom in June. This is one of the handsomest and most conspicuous of all.

2 to 3 feet—75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10.

Pride of Rochester. Grows bushily and slowly, 6 to 8 feet high; and blooms in May before the others. Flowers large and free, double, white.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100. Mail size—35 cts. each; \$3.50 per dozen.

#### **ELDER—Sambucus**

Coarse growing berried-shrubs chiefly grown for their beautiful leaves. Elders are not as permanent as some of the other common shrubs, so should be grouped to allow for future replacement without too great disturbance of the general planting effect.

Acuttloba. (Cut-leaved Elder.) Great cymes of delicate, fragrant, white flowers in June and July, followed by large fruit clusters.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts.; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts.; 5.00 per 10.

4 to 5 feet—75 cts. each.

Aurea (Golden Elder). Its golden yellow leaves contrast beautifully with the other shrubs. Flowers white, in flat topped cymes. Grows naturally 10 to 15 feet, can be pruned to neat bush. 2 to 3 feet—60 cts; \$5.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet—75 cts.; 6.50 per 10.



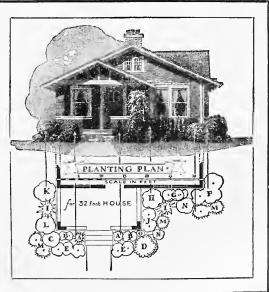
Deutzia Magnificata

#### PLANTING SUGGESTION

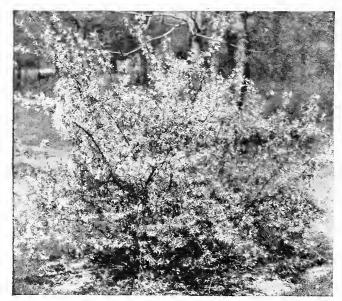
for Old Homes and New Foundation Plan No. 1

Key	No.	Name Ca	atalog Price
A	2	Pyramidal Arborvitae, 21/2 to 3 feet	\$7.50
В	4	Regels Privet, 18-24 inches	
C	1	Phila. Virginalis, 2 to 3 feet	
D	1	Forsythia Intermedia, 2 to 3 feet	
E	5	Spirea A. Waterer, 15-18 inches	1.75
F	3	Spirea Van Houtte, 3 to 4 feet	1.50
G	2	Spirea Froebeli, 2 to 21/2 feet	1.20
H	1	Hydrangea A. G., 2 to 3 feet	.60
I	2	Hydrangea P. G., 18-24 inches	
J	2	Deutzia Lemoine, 2 to 2½ feet	
K	1	Deutzia Crenata fl. pl., 2 to 3 feet	
L	1	Weigela Eva Rathke, 2 to 3 feet	
$\mathbf{M}$	5	Japanese Barberry, 18-24 inches	1.50
N	2	Desmodium, 2 year	1.20
O	1	Silver Lace Vine	
		Regular value	321.75

Our Special \$ **Spring Price** 







Golden Bell (Forsythia)

#### **ELDER—Continued**

Canadensis (American Elder). Immense flat topped cymes of white flowers in early summer; followed in August and September by luscious black fruits—the source of Mother's "Elderberry pie."

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

Pubens (Scarlet Elder). The downy young shoots, leaves and flower stalks make an interesting bush; the flowers, and subsequent bright scarlet fruits, are in loose pyramidal panicles from May to July.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10. Tenuifolia (Fringed Leaf Elder). A distinct type with deeply cleft foliage.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

Varlegata. Tall, vigorous, black fruited; its leaves mottled with white and yellow.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

ELAEAGNUS-Argentea (Silverberry). Grows

erect to 12 feet with reddish brown branchlets, and oval leaves silvery on both sides. Axillary fragrant yellow flowers, creating small oval fruits densely clothed with silvery scales.

2 to 3 feet—\$0.60 each; \$5.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet— .80 each; 7.00 per 10. 4 to 5 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.

-Longipes (Japan Oleaster, "Silver Thorn"). A showy shrub of strong, bushy growth, with silver variegation in the lining of its leaves, which are dark green above. Its fragrant, creamy white blossoms open in April or May; the scarlet edible fruits hang thickly along its

branches and are ripe in July. They make delicious

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—\$0.90 each; \$8.00 per 10. 2 to 3 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.

EUONYMUS-Alatus (Winged Burning Bush). An 8 to 10 foot shrub, with corky winged branches; fine for solitary plantings or massing; red and crimson leaves in Autumn.

2 to 3 feet—\$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet— 1.25 each; 11.50 per 10.

EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA (Pearl Bush). Grows vigorously to 6 to 10 feet, inclined to tree form with age. Early buds look like pearls, May opening them to long, gleaming sprays of purest white. 2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet—85 cts. each; 7.50 per 10.

#### FORSYTHIA [Golden Bell]

These splendid old shrubs, growing 8 to 10 feet tall eventually, light up the garden with glinting masses of yellow, very early in spring before the leaves appear. The upright forms make excellent tall hedges, and are bright-hued fillers for massed shrub groups; the matted branches of yellowish green quite attractive in winter.

Fortunel (Erect). Derived from Suspensa, but exactly opposite in type of growth. Fortunei grows the tallest and most slender of the group, and is consequently selected for tall backgrounds.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10. 4 to 5 feet—85 cts. each; 7.50 per 10.

Intermedia (Arching). Short leaved, earliest blooming broadest bushing; the long canes drooping so as to make a solid bank of brilliant green foliage. The best general purpose type.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10. Mail size —30 cts. each; 3.00 per dozen.

Spectabilis. Of Intermedia character, with very broad, heavier flowers.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

Suspensa (Weeping). Slender, limply drooping branches strung with bright rosettes of yellow bloom and shiny leaves. These are airily graceful, swaying loose from trellis top or garden wall; or mingle pleasingly with the trailing growth of Honeysuckle, Wichuraiana roses and other ground covering vines.

2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

Viridissima. Six inch olive-green leaves, on heavy, upright canes, the flowers greenish yellow not fully opening, with somewhat twisted petals. Not dependably hardy in northern latitudes.

2 to 3 feet -50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

FRINGE, Purple (Smoke Tree). Rhus Cotinus. A conspicuous spreading shrub or small tree with large clusters of round leaves; overhung in midsummer by mist-like clouds of tiny flowers. These billowing panicles are a light lavender when fresh, very persistent, and give the impression of smoke at a distance.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—\$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10. **2** to 3 feet— 1.25 each.

-White. (Chionanthus Virginica.) showy shrub, growing to large size; with large leathery, shiny leaves, and lace-like white flowers borne in gracefully drooping panicles. Although treelike in character, the branches and heavy foliage are usually well furnished close to the ground, making a broad and rounded bush of noble proportions.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—\$1.25 each. 2 to 3 feet— 1.50 each.

HALESIA TETRAPTERA (Silver Bell Tree). A neat and pretty little tree, with large, dark green leaves. May be grown as a shrub. In May while the leaves are yet small, its branches are hung thickly with small white or pinkish drooping bells about a inch long. These are followed by large and curious winged seeds which impart to it a strangely ornamental effect.

2 to 3 feet—\$1.00 each; \$ 9.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet— 1.25 each; 11.00 per 10.

# BUSH HONEYSUCKLE [Lonicera]

The upright Honeysuckles (6 to 12 feet) have early, pretty flowers followed by showy berries that last through the fall. Their rounded leaves are among the first to break forth in spring, and are a most refreshing green amidst the dull brown hues of unawakened neighbors. Make very desirable bulky screening hedges, and the nucleus of tall shrub groups; doubly valuable because they will thrive in partial shade.

Bella Albida. Flowers white, in great fragrant clusters, followed by ropes of red berries, which remain all summer.

Bella Candida. Creamy white flowers, red berries. (3-4 ft. only).

Bella Rosea. Like the type, but flowers tinted pale rose. Price of above three varieties:

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100. (Other Bush Honeysuckle Varieties on Next Page)



#### BUSH HONEYSUCKLE—Continued

Fragrantissima. A favorite landscape type of lagging development up to 8 feet. Distinguished by its small, round, leathery leaves, showing the darkest shade of green, which are practically evergreen if in a sheltered position. Also its very early clusters of tiny pink and white flowers are sweetly fragrant, their scent even clinging to wood and foliage.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10; \$45.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10; 60.00 per 100. Grandlflora Rosea (Pink Tatarian Hskl.). The tallest bush and the largest flowers, with beautiful rounded leaves of a lively green shade. An old bush may be 12 feet high, the arching branches supporting an unbroken wall of verdure to the ground. In June this mass is thickly spangled with starry

bloom, tender rose pink, and very noticeable. 2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—65 cts. each; 5.50 per 10; 50.00 per 100.

(Blue Leaf Hskl.). A choice new variety of much the same Korolkowi twiggy, dense, small-leaved, drooping habit and general appearance as Spirea Van Houtte, attaining similar proportions. The light pinkish flowers are not so conspicuous as are the dark red fruits; but the foliage is consistently colored a distinct blue green especially pronounced and contrastive early in the summer.

2 to 3 feet—\$0.80 each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.

Ledebouri. Vigorous 8 to 9-foot growth; with three-inch leaves of dull dark green. Flowers in May or June, deep orange tinged with red; fruits black.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet-75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10.

Morrowl (Japanese Bush Hskl.). Dense, wide-flung branches constituting a rounded bush seldom above 8 feet. The small bloom is creamy white, quite showy; but the blood-red berries which follow, furnish the most thrilling spectacle among summer-fruiting

2 to 3 feet-50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet-60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100.



A bush of Honeysuckle Grandiflora Rosea

Tatarica Alba. Flowers blush white. Bush hardy and dense growing 8 to 10 feet; exceedingly hardy.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100.

Tatarlca Rubra. Light crimson flowers in early summer. This is the darkest colored of all.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10; \$45.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10; 55.00 per 100.

## **HYDRANGEAS**



**Hills of Snow** 

The massiveness of bloom on these valuable shrubs and their long blooming season, assures them a place in every grouping where solid white effects are required.

Arborescens Grandiflora ("Hills of Snow"). The flowers are, in a large way, similar to the familiar "Snowball" in appearance; conspicuously white and imposing. July to September. By cutting back to the crown each spring, the bushes may be kept round and dense at a normal height of 3 to 5 feet. They are excellent for solid low borders or in found-

ation plantings, which will allow for about four feet.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100. Mail size —35 cts. each; 3.50 per dozen.

Paniculata Grandifiora. Fine tall hedges, or if planted in rich soil and severely pruned every spring before the leaf buds open, will get to be very dense, dwarf clumps of compact form, wonderfully attractive when laden with their massive white plumes. Large beds, kept at a uniform development, are extremely showy; first snowy white, then pink, then reddish bronze and green. August till autumn. Planted rather well back in the intervals between other shrubs, the projecting flower wands arching from the ground are extremely conspicuous and effective white punctuations.

1½ to 2 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10; \$45.00 per 100. 2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10; 55.00 per 100. Mail size —40 cts. each; 4.00 per doz.

Tree Shaped—Very desirable in this form, in formal lines and backgrounds or solitary.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet—\$1.00 each; \$ 9.00 per 10.

to 4 feet— 1.35 each; 12.50 per 10. to 5 feet— 1.60 each.

HYPERICUM—Henryl (Gold Flower). Forms a shrubby recumbent bush, 2 to 21/2 feet high, of smooth purplish arching stems. Single, 2-inch or larger bright golden flowers, the rich color heightened by the many tufted yellow stamens with reddish anthers. Their foliage is fernlike, with dark, shiny upper surface, richly contrastive to the abundant bloom which is quite persistent. Does very well in partial shade if soil is not too dry. 2-year plants—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

**Prolificum.** Of variable growth up to 5 feet; abundant dark glossy leaves. Blooms profusely with  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1-inch yellow flowers in several to many axillary cymes.

18 to 24 in.—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10.

ILEX-Verticillata (Black Alder or Winter-berry). A handsome deciduous form of Holly, of slow development to six or eight feet, at its best in moist soil. Although its small June flowers are numerous and foliage darkly lustrous, the sparkling masses of crimson fruits which appear in October represent its greatest charm and carry its value far into winter.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—\$0.90 each; \$8.00 per 10.

to 3 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.



Hydrangea P. G. is ideal for foundation planting



#### KOLKWITZIA AMABILIS [Beautybush]

A charming new shrub which increases our debt to China. Discovered among the high peaks of Hupeh's mountains, its progeny in America is proving likewise hardy in New England's severe climate. The attractively leaved bush attains about six feet, the center upright, the outer branches gracefully arching. Has a general resemblance to both Weigela and Honeysuckle, the beautiful trumpet shaped flowers appearing in great profusion during June, in pairs which cluster closely into cymes of about twenty-five. Flowers are bellshaped and somewhat lipped, pale pink with orange veins in the throat, the buds being much darker. There are not many salable plants available, but we can supply a limited

2 year,-15 to 18 inches high, at \$1.50 each.

LILAC [Syringa]

"Lilac Time" is a seasonal event in the temperate zone, uncalendared, but as definitely established as Spring and Summer. No yard so poor it cannot cherish its one Lilac bush; no grounds so exalted but gain honor and enrichment from Lilacs in the glory of their many variations.

Common Purple (Syringa Vulgaris). Most suitable for tall hedges planted two to four feet apart and subject to moderate pruning, and for location in partial shade.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100.

3 to 4 feet—70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10; 50.00 per 100. Mail size—35 cts. each; 3.50 per dozen. Common White (S. Vulgaris Alba). Slenderly upright.

2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—\$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10. Rothomagensis (Rouen Lilac). Grows 10 to 12 feet; reddish-purple panicles in May. 2 to 3 feet—75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each; \$8.00 per 10.

Joslkaea (Hungarian Lilac). Stout erect growth, dark shining leaves, and purple flowers in June. 2 to 3 feet-90 cts. each; \$8.00 per 10.

Villosa. Dwarf growth, broad leaved; pinkish lilac flowers in long loose panicles. 2 to 3 feet 80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each; \$8.00 per 10.

#### FRENCH HYBRID LILACS

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 ft., 75 cts. ea.; \$6.50 per 10. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00 ea.; \$9.00 per 10. 3 to 4 ft.—Only in varieties starred (\*)—\$1.25 ea.; \$11.50 per 10.

To France must be given credit for intensive culture and development of the Lilac; vastly increasing size of florets, and length and breadth of panicles; strengthening of color tones, and distinctive mingling of shades; refinement of fragrance; and general glorification from root, wood and foliage to the bud and bloom.

\*Alphonse Lavalle (D). Broad panicles, violet blue.
Belle de Nancy (D). Great panicles of satiny rose white.

Charles Joly (D). Dwarf; violet and wine purple.

La Tour d'Auvergne (D). Of notable strong growth; flowers large, violet purple.

Frau Bertha Damman (S). Large truss of white florets; primrose eye.

Michael Buchner (D). Dwarf and stocky. Delicate trusses of pale lilac color.

\*Mme. Abel Chatenay (D). Beautiful globular buds like Lily-of-the-Valley reluctantly opening up, but eventually a massive truss, snow white.

\*Obelisque (D). Full, compact clusters; buds opening gradually; pure white.

President Carnot (D). Distinctly separate narrow petals in wide-open flowers; pale blue and white, the large clusters being particularly charming when in the

President Grevy (D). Slender tube and scapes of rosy mauve, the open face a

Souv. de Ludwig Spaeth. Single. Darkest of the blues—a deep purplish shade—

with spreading slender branches. Leaves bright green, fired in autumn with dazzling tones of scarlet. Flowers pure white in racemes resembling Lily-of-the-Valley. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.25.



Our Special 1930 Offer of Six Superb New Sorts

acques Calot (S). Both individual flower and shapely panicle unusually large; violaceous red, maturing to delicate rose-pink.

Jules Simon (D). Tight round buds of lilaceous rose; the opened flower an azure sky with a fleecy cloud.

Miss Ellen Willmott (D). Large Clusters of perfectly formed, beautifully imbricated, snow white flowers. Miss Ellen Willmott

Paul Thirion (D). Broad, obtuse panicles of regular flowers, rosy lavender tinged claret; a strongly featured vinous red.

Thunberg (D). Numerous medium sized florets in very compact trusses; the prevailing color tone a rich, deep mauve.

Reaumur (S). Extra large florets assembled in wide, dense panicles; indigo-blue, brightened by the tube and reverse of carmine-rose. A unique shade with a beautiful satin finish.

.2-3 feet—\$2.00 each. The Set of Six by Express for

## PHILADELPHUS [Mock Orange]

The Mock Orange has always been useful as a tall screening hedge shrub, and the one or two fragrant varieties were very popular as specimens, or in groups. During the past ten years, there has been an outburst of developed varieties expressing larger and more perfect flowers, protracted season, and more pronounced scent.

Albatre. Has very showy, dense panicles of white, double flowers. Plant is bushy, of medium height.

2 to 3 feet—75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10.

3 to 4 feet—85 cts. each; 7.50 per 10.

Aureus (Golden SyrInga). Valuable for contrastive grouping, the best medium height golden leaved

15 to 18 inches-75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10.

18 to 24 inches—90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10.



Glacier Mock Orange (See next page)



## PHILADELPHUS-Cont.

Banniere. A tall shrub with long branches covered with a profusion of large semi-double snow-white flowers, very early; the foliage large, dark green. 2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10.

Bouquet Blanc. Close set bunches of double flowers; each branch a scented bouquet; for medium hedges.

to 3 feet— 70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10; \$55.00 per 100.

3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10.

Coronarius. Blooms in May, in very graceful

2 to 3 feet-50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100.

3 to 4 feet-70 cts each; \$6.00 per 10;

\$50.00 per 100. Dame Blanche. Slender but uprising branches fully set with semi-double, fringed flowers which are cream-like and very fragrant. May be used in medium height

groups, and the long flowering wands make excellent cut flowers.

1½ to 2 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

Favorite. Shapeliest bush of the taller sorts, with the lightest green, broad foliage. A free bloomer, throwing clusters of five large, single, cup-shaped flowers, waxy white with plenty of light yellow stamens. Usually repeats to some extent in the fall. Slightly scented.

1½ to 2 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.

2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

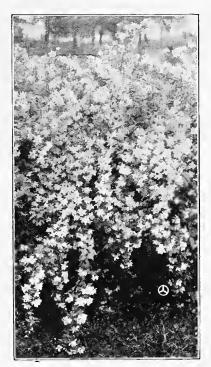
Glacier 5 feet. An attractive type; double, rich cream, produced in thick clusters of six or seven, giving the effect of one enormous double flower. 2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10. Grandiflorus. Very large flowers in June.

Tall.

Gordonianus. Very best late bloomer. July. Tall.

Above 2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10 two 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; \$45.00 per 100?

4 to 5 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10.



Philadelphus Ophella

#### MODERN MOCK ORANGE

An introductory collection of new Philadelphus

Aureus—"Golden Syringa" . 18 to 24 in. \$0.90

Bouquet Blanc—flower wands 18 to 24 in. .50

Glacier—double, snow white . 18 to 24 in. .65

Norma—single, tall . .18 to 24 in. .65

Ophelia—crinkly, double . 18 to 24 in. .70

Komeo—purple eyed . 18 to 24 in. .70

Virginalis—sweetest of all . 18 to 24 in. .66 \$4.70

This Set of 7 \$400 for

By express; not prepaid

#### PHILADELPHUS-Cont.

Lemoinel Erectus. Erect, fine leaved, slender stemmed, about 4 to 5 feet high. Creamy white flowers in June, with a distinct, permeating fragrance.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. to 3 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10. Mail size —35 cts each; \$3.50 per dozen.

Manteau d'Hermine. Very dwarf, of dense growth, slender stemmed and small leaved. The pretty white flowers are small, but numerous, with slight fragrance.

 $\frac{11}{2}$  to 2 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; 7.50 per 10.

Norma. 8 feet, slenderly upright. The single flowers are of great individual size, strung freely along full length of the stems; glossy white with pale gold stamens.

2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10.

Ophelia. Long, arcneu branche, and laden with very fragrant crinkly, mostly double flowers; flesh white with white gold stamens. Growth slow and compact, fragrance extra strong and delightful.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. to 3 feet-80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

The flowers are pretty and dis-Romeo. tinct, being a creamy white with a small purple blotch. Of medium

growth, maturing five to seven feet. 1½ to 2 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. to 3 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

Virginalis. A magnificent new variety. Moderately tall, with good foliage and compact habit. The flowers (fully double, semi-double and single) are the largest, handsomest, and most sweetly fragrant of any known variety, with longest early and intermittent blooming season. Best known of the modern Mock Orange and gaining tremendous popularity the world over.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. to 3 feet—70 cts each; 6.00 per 10. to 4 feet—85 cts. each; 7.50 per 10. Mail size—40 cts.; \$4.00 per dozen.

POTENTILLA FRUTICOSA (Shrubby Cinquefoil). A bright flowered little shrub that thrives in moist places where many others refuse to grow. Of upright growth; with narrow, compound, silky foliage, and bright yellow flowers from mid-summer until frost. 18 to 24 inches—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.

PRUNUS—Pissardi (Purple-leaved Plum). Showy pinkish purple leaves that deepen in color to the end of the season. A small, round topped tree, with white, single flowers in spring.

Othello. Tree is an upright grower, the foliage brilliant reddish purple, holding its color throughout the season. It is also a prolific bearer, with deep crimson fruit about 1 inch in diameter, more ornamental than palatable.

**Newport.** A purple leaved plum of greater refinement and slower growth, the leaves smoother and more richly colored; at first strongly reddened, maturing to a still red tinge in the deep bronze-purple of late summer. Flowers rosy white, fruits magenta red.

3 to 4 feet—\$1.00 each; \$ 9.00 per 10. 4 to 5 feet— 1.25 each; 11.50 per 10.

Our Landscape Booklet Will Help You

-Trlloba (Double Flowered Plum). Very early in spring, before its leaves appear, the small tree is decked in a fleecy cloud of very double light pink blossoms.

2 to 3 feet—\$0.80 each; \$7.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.

RHAMNUS Catharticus (Buckthorn). A dense twiggy bush, 6 to 10 feet high, with dark foliage relieved by masses of midsummer

white flowers. Makes a good, prunable hedge. 2 to 3 feet—40 cts.; \$3.00 per 10; \$25.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—50 cts.; 4.00 per 10; 35.00 per 100. Mail size—25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Frangula. A large shrub with numerous leafy branches. Leaves dark green, paler beneath, fading with tones of yellow, orange and red. Berries change from red to black.

2 to 3 feet—45 cts. each; \$3.50 per 10; \$30.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—50 cts. each; 4.00 per 10; 35.00 per 100. 4 to 5 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

Mail size—30 ets. each; \$3.00 per doz.

RHODOTYPOS KERRIOIDES (White Kerria). An attractive rounded shrub 3 to 6 feet high, with beautiful yellowish green corrugated foliage and large, single white flowers late in May, black seeds following. Will endure partial shade.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 2 to 3 feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10.



#### -80

# S. & H. PRIVET

Plant a Privet Hedge. Mingle Privets in Shaded Groups

Besides being one of our best hedge plants, the various species of Privet form interesting groups on the lawn, and make richly green foliage backgrounds against foundation walls. They are almost evergreen, of dense compact habit; useful in shaded places. To plant a single row, set them about 12 inches apart; for a double row, about 18 inches apart each way and alternately. S. & H. sold Privets are noted for liberal grading—none better.

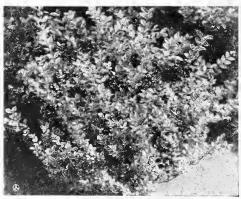
The Privets [Ligustrum]

Amoor River (L. Amurense). A very hardy northern grown type, vigorously upright and tall growing. The leaves are dark green, somewhat lustrous, tardily deciduous. Makes a strong, bold hedge with quite conspicuous bloom in erect white panicles.

California (L. Ovalifolium). Quick growing, straight, densely clothed shoots; the foliage in precise arrangement, a dark shiny green. The handsomest and most generally used of the entire group for hedging, clipped specimens, or for massing; but unfortunately not reliably hardy in the northern section.

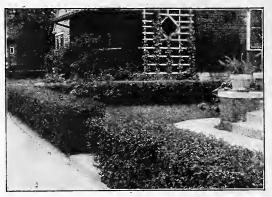
English (L. Vulgaris). An old time garden type of informal habit. Graygreen bark and foliage, with white flowers and shining black berries.

Japanese (L. Ibota). Makes up into striking tall clumps, or informal screening hedges, with widespread curving branches; vigorous and hardy. The foliage is grayish green; showy, fragrant white flower plumes in June, followed by persisting blue-black berries.



Golden Varlegated

Ibollum. A recent hybrid of Ibota and Ovalifolium. Remarkably sturdy and cold-resistant. Foliage lustrous and similar to California variety; erectly branching, quick growth.



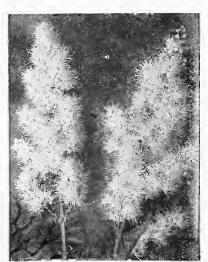
Prices of Privet Varieties	.10	100	1000
Amurense—15 to 18 in	\$ 1.20	\$ 9.00	\$ 80.00
" 18 to 24 in	1.50	11.00	100.00
4 2 to 3 ft	2.00	15.00	140.00
California— 15 to 18 in	.80	4.50	35.00
" 18 to 24 in	1.00	6.00	45.00
" 2 to 3 ft	1.20	8.00	65.00
<b>English</b> — 18 to 24 in	1.80	14.00	120.00
" 2 to 3 ft	2.20	18.00	150.00
<b>Iboilum</b> — 18 to 24 in	1.50	11.00	100.00
2 to 3 ft	2.00	15.00	140.00
Ibota— 18 to 24 in	1.50	11.00	100.00
" 2 to 3 ft	2.00	15.00	140.00
" Mail size	1.40	9.00	
<b>Regei's</b> — 15 to 18 in	2.00	17.00	150.00
•• 18 to 24 in	2.70	24.00	200.00
•• 2 to 3 ft	3.50	30.00	270.00
Variegated—15 to 18 in	5.00	40.00	
" 18 to 24 in	7.50	60.00	

Regel's (L. Regelianum). A strong, very hardy type with dark and shiny leaves. The numerous branches are stiff, twiggy and horizontally spreading, gracefully drooping at the ends. Makes a naturally wide, dense bush particularly adaptable to foundation plantings.

Golden Varlegated. Similar in type of leaf and growth to the California, but of less ruggedness and quick habit. Instead of the conventional smooth green this novel variety is creamy white and yellow over two-thirds of the leaf. May be used to advantage either in hedge rows or as bright variegation in groups with other shrubs. Try it with the red leaved Barberry.

## RHUS [Sumac]

Picturesque, gnarly, wind-bent rows of Sumac blazing in autumn with red leaves and gorgeous fruits, are familiar. Use of Sumac in modern landscaping gives the same effects in home grounds.



Sorbaria Sorbifolia

Aromatica (Fragrant Sumac.) 2 to 4 feet tall; flowers yellow, red berries in June. Leaves turn to scarlet.

1½ to 2 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 2 to 3 feet—90 cts. each;

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 leet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 2 to 3 leet—90 cts. each \$8.00 per 10.

Copatilna (Shining Sumac). Tall, blooms late, greenish white terminal flowers in dense panicles. Large, deep crimson fruit. Foliage colors in fall. 2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10.

Glabra (Smooth Sumac). Grows to a small tree with beautiful leaves which color brightly in Autumn; flowers in July followed by crimson or brown fruits.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

Typhina (Stag Horn Sumac). Picturesque and rugged in all stages of development to its small-tree maturity of about 30 feet. Its flowers are borne during June and July in dense terminal panicles, followed by impressive red fruits.

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

Typhina Laciniata (Cut-leaved Sumac). Similar to foregoing except its leaves are deeply cleft, which, if bush is pruned to induce considerable bottom growth, mingles the various angled fronds in a delightful "ferny" effect.

2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10.

#### **SORBARIA** [False Spirea]

Handsome soft-wooded shrubs of quick development; partial to rich, moist soil and moderate shade. Their suckering habit is an advantage for creating a refined foliage mass along creek banks and woodland borders. In dryer soil not heavily fertilized, they make fine subjects for foundation screens, or medium height backgrounds for dwarfer shrubs and perennials.

Sorbifolia (Ash-leaf Spirea). Upright from three to five feet, with many arching branches and fresh green leaves like the mountain ash. Profuse bloom, June-July, in long feathery panicles, pure white.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10.

Lindleyana. Grows four to eight feet according to soil condition, the leaflets rounder at base than the type; the immense flower plumes a rich creamy white through July-August. 3 to 4 feet—85 cts. each; \$7.50 per 10.



# SPIREA

All the Spireas bloom with a riotous extravagance; style, color and habits of growth differing so markedly that a collection of varieties will insure bloom the entire season and still evade repetition.

#### DWARF FORMS-2 to 3 feet

Anthony Waterer. Beautiful dark small foliage; dense rounded growth; and large, brilliant rosy crimson corymbs, at its best in midsummer. More used for foundation plantings and low borders than any other.

15 to 18 in.—45 cts.; \$3.50 per 10; \$30.00 per 100. 18 to 24 in.—60 cts.; 5.00 per 10; 40.00 per 100. 24 to 30 in.—70 cts.; 6.00 per 10; 50.00 per 100.

Bumalda. A spreading, low bush with dark leaves brightened by corymbs of pretty light pink flowers in May, and at intervals all summer. 15 to 18 in., 50 cts. ea.; \$4.00 per 10. 18 to 24 in., 60 cts. ea.; \$5.00 per 10. Callosa Alba. Large flat clusters of white flowers nearly all summer.

18 to 24 in., 60 cts. ea.; \$5.00 per 10. 24 to 30 in., 75 cts. ea.; \$6.50 per 10. Froebell. Similar to A. Waterer, but a trifle taller, with broader and darker leaves. Salmon bronze red in spring, similar shade in fall. Reddish pink corymbs in July and August.

18 to 24 in.—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 24 to 30 in. -60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100.

#### TALLER SORTS-4 to 10 feet

Arguta Multiflora. (Snow Garland). A slender, upright shrub, 3 to 5 feet high, with branches a snowy mass of clear white flowers in early May. 2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10.

Billiardi. 3 to 6 feet. Has dense spikes of rose-pink flowers that crown sparsely twigged, erect branches. For shrubbery groups, natural plantings and moist places. July to September. 2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet-60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

**Douglast.** Upright in growth to 7 feet, with reddish brown branches and narrow, oblong leaves. Bears spikes of beautiful deep rose-colored flowers in July. 2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

Margaritae. A handsome, very free flowering type of medium height up to five feet; in bloom during July and August, with rather large, bright pink flowers in broad corymbs; and elliptic, serrated leaves at times tinged with purple.

15 to 18 in.—40 cts. each; \$3.00 per 10. 18 to 24 in.—50 cts. each; 4.00 per 10.

Opulifolia. Growth upright, attaining 8 to 10 feet, although the heavy white flower umbels in June make the branches droop; old flower heads turn to dark red, making a striking variety of colors at different stages of maturity.

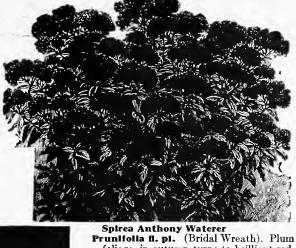
Aurea. (Golden Spirea.) Of similar habit to above, with young foliage of bright yellow changing Of similar habit to to golden bronze in the fall.

#### PRICES, Both Above Varieties:

2 to 3 ft.—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 3 to 4 ft.—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10; 45.00 per 100. 4 to 5 ft.—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10.



Spirea Van Houtte



foliage, in autumn turns to brilliant red. Blooms early, small white flowers. 2 to 3 ft.—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 ft.—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

Reevesiana fl. pl. Slender, drooping, round bash about four feet; dark green leaves. Compact double creamy flowers in May and June.

-70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 2 to 3 feet-

3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10. (Willow Leaved Spirea). Sailcifolia. Grows to 5 feet. The willow-like foliage is quite shiny and attractive. Crowded panicles of pink flowers in mid-summer. 2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

Thunbergi. Forms a dense, fluffy bush, 3 to 5 feet high; the feathery foliage, which is a peculiar but pleasing shade of yellowish green, changes in autumn to bright red and orange. White clustered flowers in early spring.

18 to 24 in.—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 24 to 30 in.—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10. Tomentosa. (Hardhack). A valuable late

blooming sort (July-September) averaging about 4 feet in height; flowers of deep



feathery panicles. Tough and hardy, suitable for exposed and arid regions.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

Van Houtte. Height 5 to 6 feet; stands some shade. Indispensable in any grouping of shrubbery where its gracefully arching, slender branches, fine twigs and "maiden hair" foliage may be left unpruned. A complete fountain of pure white bloom in May and June; its leaves remaining a rich, dark green color from spring to fall.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—25 cts. each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. to 3 feet—35 cts. each; 3.00 per 10; 25.00 per 100. to 4 feet—50 cts. each; 4.00 per 10; 35.00 per 100. to 5 feet—70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10; 50.00 per 100. Mail size, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

#### SYMPHORICARPOS [Snowberry, Etc.]

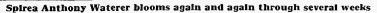
Besides being quite attractive shrubs in their general character, fresh looking foliage, and adaptability as hedges, they are very useful in shade where few other types will grow.

Racemosus (Snowberry). Inconspicuous, rose colored flowers in June and July; followed by large clustered, milk white fruits. The combination of pink flowers and white berries on the same twig is charming.

2 to 3 feet—40 cts.; \$3.00 per 10; \$25.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts.; 5.00 per 10; 40.00 per 100. Mail size—25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Mollis. (Spreading Snowberry.) Branches dense and more spreading; adapted to filling-in mass. Small pink flowers all summer, round white berries. 2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

Vulgarls. (Indian Currant, or Coralberry.) More compact but similar to Snowberry, except fruits are dull red, and smaller berries cluster in thick ropes. Foliage is small, close-set and dark. Uniform spread of branches compares with Privets. 2 to 3 feet—40 cts.; \$3.00 per 10; \$25.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts.; 5.00 per 10; 40.00 per 100. Mail size—25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.



#### TAMARIX

Tall growing shrubs, 8 to 12 feet high, with fine feathery foliage like that of the Juniper; small, usually pink flowers from April on. Splendid for seaside planting, or equally good in dry sand. first four varieties named, being slender, should be grouped closeabout 2 feet apart; the other two are bushy, and may be given 3 or 4 feet space.

Africana. Reddish brown bark and slender, spreading branches; flowers pink, in long terminal panicles of thin racemes, in May.

Galilca. Slender, spreading branches, the leaves dull bluish green. Buds are globose, the flowers flesh white in delicately panicled racemes. May-July.

-Indica. A form of above, with more upright branches; dull green leaves; and longer racemes of pink flowers. (2 to 3 feet only).

Purpurea. First to bloom, in short dense racemes of nearly white flowers on last year's wood; the bark and stems almost black.

Price of four above varieties:

2 to 3 feet—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

Odessana (Caspian Tamarix). 4 to 6 feet. Exquisitely feathered foliage of silvery green, blooming in July and August with large loose panicles of lavender-pink flowers. Dwarfer growing, more bushy and spreading than the others. 2 to 3 feet—55 cts; \$4.50 per 10.

**Hispida.** (Spanish Tamarix). Densely bushy, a foaming mass of glaucous foliage. Flowers in extra large upright panicles, bright coral pink; midsummer, and to some extent there-This variety blooms longest, and with Odessana is much used for cutting, not only for its bloom but for the "mixing" character of its foliage.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10.

#### VIBURNUM

A showy group of shrubs with wide diversity of character and common names, ranging from 5 to 12 feet in height. They bloom lavishly in Spring, and vividly brighten the Autumn with gleaming fruits and richly colored foliage.

Americanum (High Bush Cranberry). Similar to Opulus, but more open and spreading, with longer, more numerous, more visible and longer lasting fruits. Broad flower corymbs with usually only the outer fringe fully opened. Fruits bright scarlet, persisting from July until spring, mainly because the birds won't eat them.

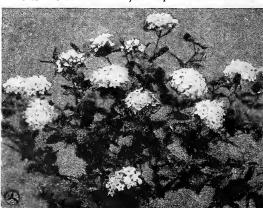
2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10. Mail size -40 cts. each; 4.00 per dozen.

> Plicatum. (Japan Snowball). Erect, compact, growing 6 to 8 feet. Purple tinted leaves with white ovoid corymbs in June.

18 to 24 inches—\$0.85 each; \$7.50 per 10. 24 to 30 inches— 1.00 each.

Tomentosum. A single flowered form of the Japan Snowball blooming in large flat umbel-like cymes with marginal white flowers in May. Bush broad and symmetrical, bronze-green foliage, purple beneath. Fruits red, changing to blue-black.

2 to 3 feet—\$0.80 each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet— 1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.



Viburnum Carlesi

A valuable recent introduction from Korea, producing Carlesi. The buds, before expanding, are an attractive pink, developing into Bouvardia-like umbels of pure white. Flowers preserve their perfect form and purity of color an unusually long time, and are exquisitely scented. The bush is rounded, slow growing to four feet; with broadly oval leaves, dull green above, glaucous beneath and hairy on both sides, autumn painting them luxuriantly. 12 to 15 in. \$1.75 each; 15 to 18 in. \$2.25 each; 18 to 24 in. \$2.75 each.

Cassinoldes (Withe-Rod). Broad, flat topped panicles of creamy white in early summer, followed by pink berries which change to blue.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet—\$0.85 each; \$7.50 per 10.

2 to 3 feet—1.00 each; 9.00 per 10.

Dentatum (Arrow-wood). 8 to 12 feet. Bright green, heartshaped leaves turning to purple and red. May and June flowers of creamy white, in umbel-like cymes. The fruits which follow in October are bluish-black.

2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.3 to 4 feet—75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10. 4 to 5 feet—90 cts. each.

Lantana (Wayfaring Tree). 10 to 15 feet. Beautiful wrinkled. Lantana-like leaves; white flowers in May and June. Fruits color unequally from crimson to black, causing a most charming combination of colors throughout the summer. 2 to 3 feet—75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each.

Lentago (Sheepberry). Grows to be a small tree 30 feet high. Flowers white in pretty cymes during May and June; fruit large oval, blue-black.

2 to 3 feet—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10.

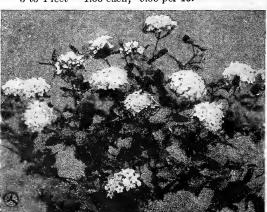
Molle (Kentucky Viburnum). A satisfactory foliage shrub attaining 12 feet. Broad oval, coarsely indented leaves, glaucous above, pubescent beneath. Small white flowers in 2½ inch cymes in spring; the oval, blue-black berries ripe in August.

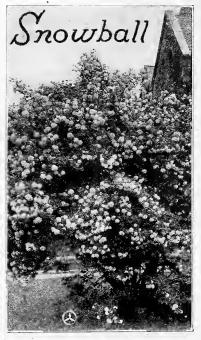
2 to 3 feet—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10. 4 to 5 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10. Opulus. (European Cranberry). 8 to 10 feet. Handsome, dense, bril-

liant green foliage; a rich setting for large bunches of crimson berries which persist on otherwise bare branches throughout winter. The flowers are in dense cymes about four inches across, pure white. 2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

Sterills. ("Snowball" or Guelder Rose). The common Snowball which helps out so bravely for Decoration Day, with its lovely white bloom.

2 to 3 feet—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet—80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.





Vlburnum Sterilis



#### WEIGELA—Diervilla

Coarse, thrifty shrubs for medium and back rows up to 8 feet; blooming from May into July. Flowers, stemless bells strung on arching canes.



Welgela Abel Carriere

Abel Carriere. Blooms May and June; rose-carmine flowers with yellow spot. 2 to 3 feet: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10.

Amabitis. Early spring flowers, light pink. 2 to 3 feet: 55 cts. each; \$4.50 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 65 cts. each; 5.50 per 10.

Candida. 4 to 6 feet; a choice variety blooming in profusion during June and to some extent all summer. Pure white. 2 to 3 feet: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10.

Chameleon. Long sprays of beautiful rose-colored bells for Memorial Day. 2 to 3 feet: 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10.

Desbolsi. Darkest, and best rose colored. 2 to 3 feet: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10.

Eva Rathke. Most distinct deep carmine.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. to 3 feet: 70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10. to 4 feet: 90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10.

Floribunda. Crimson flowers, large and showy, crowded at end of branchlets. 2 to 3 feet: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 75 cts. each; 6.50 per 10. 4 to 5 feet: 90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10.

Hendersoni. One of strongest; deep rose. 2 to 3 feet: 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.



Welgela

Rosea. Most popular of all; deep pink flowers. 2 to 3 feet: 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.

Mail size: 35 cts. each; \$3.50 per dozen.

Rosea Nana Varlegata. Dwarf; variegated leaves, broadly margined in creamy white; flowers pink.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet: 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

2 to 3 feet: 60 cts. each; 5.00 per 10.
3 to 4 feet: 80 cts. each; 7.00 per 10.

Sessificia. Good sized cymes, dense terminal panicles; yellow tube. Medium height, but stocky.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. Van Houtte. Flowers broad and flat, deep rosy red with orange markings in the throat. 2 to 3 feet: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet: 70 cts. each; 6.00 per 10.

# Hardy Ornamental VINES and Charm

Except noted, all vines offered are 2 years old. Five at ten rate; 25 at hundred rate; 250 at thousand rate. Except noted, each rate is allke for mail or express, but the ten and hundred rate is for express.

AKEBIA Quinata. A perfectly hardy, fast growing Japan vine, with magnificent foliage never attacked by insects; producing chocolate-purple flowers in large clusters, possessing a most delicious perfume. -year: 75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10.

AMPELOPSIS Veitchi (Boston Ivy.) This is one of the finest hardy climbers we have for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface, covering closely with overlapping foliage, giving appearance of shingles. The color is a fresh deep green in summer, changing to the brightest shades of crimson and yellow in autumn.

2 year: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10; \$45.00 per 100. 3 year: 75 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10; \$60.00 per 100. Mail size: 40 cts. each; \$4.00 dozen.

Boston Ivy-Ampelopsis Veitchi

**Engelmannt.** A vigorous, clinging climber densely clothed with foliage clusters of five small leaflets. Their young growth is coarsely toothed, with a purplish tinge maturing dull green slightly blued beneath, but both leaf and twig a bright scarlet in autumn. 2 year: 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho. (Dutch Pipe.) Although the brownish, pipe-shaped flowers are interesting, the immense heart-shaped leaves are the important feature, furnishing as they do the most complete screening leafage of any cultivated trellis vine. Of thrifty growth, uniform, shingle-like arrangement and dependable hardiness, they serve conspicuously for shade or ornament, in either sun or shade. Heavy 2 year grafted plants: 90 cts. each; \$8.00 per 10.

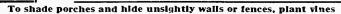
BIGNONIA Radicans. (Trumpet Flower.) A robust woody vine; twining tightly with numerous roots along stems. Its orange scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers cluster at tip of branches. Leaves light green. Will climb to great heights on trunks of trees, and for every purpose is one of the best vines. 2 year: 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

CELASTRUS Scandens. (Bittersweet.) Handsome glossy foliage, creamy flower tufts well distributed in July, and large clusters of beautiful, orange crimson fruits retained all winter. Its graceful sprays of berries make charming winter house decorations. A popular ine for covering rough fences. 2 year: 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.



On porch, trellis, fence or wall. Those types which cling to wood, stone, brick or stucco are designated by a star (\*); the rest

twine or need support.	
	Distance Apart
	to Set Plants
Akebia Quinata	
*Ampelopsis—in variety	. O to lo lect
	`
(Veitchi, 4 to 6 feet	
(shade)	. 6 to 10 feet
*Bignonia Radicans (Trum	-
pet Vine)	. 6 to 10 feet
Bittersweet (Celastru	s
Scandens)	. 6 to 10 feet
Clematis—in variety	. 6 to 10 feet
Dutchman's Pipe (Aristo	
lochia Sipho) (shade).	
*Euonymus Radicans—i:	n
variety	. 4 to 6 feet
Honeysuckles-in variet	
(Halleana in shade)	
Kudzu Vine (Puereri	
Thunbergiana)	. 4 to 6 feet
Climbia Dana	. Tto oreer
Climbing Roses—in exten	
sive variety	
Silver Lace Vine (Polygo	)
num Auberti)	. 4 to 8 feet
Wisterias-in variety	. 8 to 10 feet
	1 30 1001







Ciematis Paniculata

CLEMATIS. Woody, moderately high-climbing vines of varied utility and remarkable popularity. All are choice clasping vines for pillars and trellises, the 4 to 6-inch solitary flowers of the hybrids and dense clusters of paniculata providing beautiful floral display. They delight in rich soil and sun, but are fairly successful in semi-shade.

LARGE FLOWERED HYBRID CLEMATIS. Rather flat single flowers, each petal deeply furrowed at center.

-HENRYI. Creamy white.

**JACKMANI.** Velvety, violet-purple.

-MAD. ED. ANDRE. A distinct crimson red.

RAMONA. Deep sky blue.

PRICE of above four: 2 year—\$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10.

SMALL FLOWERED CLEMATIS. Besides climbing, can be pegged down for bedding or running over rockwork.

-Coccinea. (Scarlet Clematis). Small bell-shaped flowers, coral-red, recurring from June until frost. Least vigorous vining. 2 year—60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.

Paniculata. (Sweet Japan Clematis.) Deliberate in growth to 8 or 10 feet; small, dense

foliage. Sheets of fragrant starry flowers in Sept. 2 yr.—45 cts. each; \$3.50 per 10; \$30.00 per 100. -60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10. Mail size—30 cts. each; \$3.00 per dozen.



Silver Lace Vine

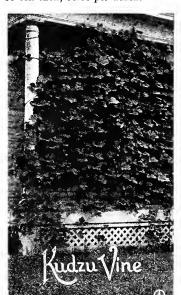
EUONYMUS Radicans. One of the finest evergreen vines, with small, rich green foliage and pink fruits. For covering rocky banks, rough walls, tree-trunks, etc., also for vases, baskets and borders of beds. The **Trailing** type is narrow-leaved and compactly matting, used for general covering; the Upright is broader leaved and heavier wooded, used for bordering, either in its natural abandon, or formally sheared; also for training against walls. 2 yrs—12 to 15 inches, 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10; \$40.00 per 100. (State which type).

-Varlegatus (Trailing). Foliage edged with creamy white, pinkish tinge in winter. 18 to 24 inches—70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 24 to 30 inches—80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10.

-Vegetus (Evergreen Bittersweet). covering, hardy, glossily evergreen throughout most of winter, with orange-red berries and rounded leaves.

15 to 18 inches-80 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10.

Low, shrubby growth, with Carrierei. ascending and spreading branches. The leaves oblong, shiny, and close-set. 15 to 18 inches-70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.



KUDZU VINE. Large foliage and dense shade, growing 50 feet in one season. Flowers plentiful in August; rosy-purple, pea-shaped—in small racemes. Good porch vine wherever it is hardy enough to withstand the cold winters. Not reliably safe north of the Ohio river. 2 yr.-40 cts. each; \$3.50 per 10.

LONICERA. (Honeysuckte). Their vining qualities are excellent, but the delightful Their vining fragrance of the flowers make their popularity bid for favor.

Aurea Reticulata. (Golden-Leaved Honeysuckle). Flowers yellow and fragrant. 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10.

-Belgica. (Monthly Fragrant). One of the prettiest, with sprays of red and yellow. 70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10.

-Halleana. (Hall's Honeysuckle.) Colorful, an intermingling of white and yellow; extremely fragrant; grows in partial shade, useful as ground cover.

2 yr.—50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$30.00 per 100.

Mail size—35 cts. each; \$3.50 per dozen.

Sempervirens. (Scarlet Trumpet Hskl.)

Trumpet-shaped flowers of bright scarlet. 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$30.00 per 100.



LYCIUM CHINENSE. (Chinese Matrimony Vine). A general utility hardy climbing vine that will overcome any obstacle to growth and flourish everywhere. Every new shoot produces handsome purple flowers and later a prodigious crop of scarlet berries nearly an inch long. practical carpet vine and highly efficient as a bank retainer on reasonable slopes; each joint that presses into the soil taking firm hold and establishing a colony of deep and spreading roots. A practical close shading tall trellis vine pleasingly ornamental.

2 yr.—40 cts. each; \$3.50 per 10; \$30.00 per 100.

POLYGONUM AUBERTI. (Silver Lace Vine). This is the latest addition to our list of practical hardy vines, a quickgrowing type of twining habit averaging 25 feet in a season. The small, cordate foliage is fresh and shiny, although the base of stalk becomes somewhat woody. Produces more bloom than any other hardy vine, covering a season extending from late summer into the fall with an extravagance of large, foamy sprays in silvery white. J SEE SPECIAL (2 yr.—80 cts., each; \$7.50 per 10.)

Mail size—50 cts. each; \$5.00 per dozen.

OFFER

on INSERT

WISTERIA Sinensis. One of the handsomest subjects for use on pergolas, porches and trellises; with attractive foliage and magnificent dense drooping clusters about 12 inches long, of pea-shaped flowers, crowning the top. Blue. 2 yr.—80 cts. each; \$7.50 per 10.

White. 2 yr.—80 cts. each; \$7.50 per 10.



# HARDY ORNAMENTAL TREES

## S. & H. Quality—Thrifty Roots-Shapely Tops A type for every purpose

THE succeeding lists represent the most favored trees for lawn adornment, and the best types for street and grove plantings. We will be pleased to quote prices to anyone desiring different sizes or stock in larger quantities than offered herein. In sending list, state definitely the number of each variety and size wanted.

Specimen Trees. For the first time we are this spring listing specimen trees according to caliper (or thickness of the trunk a few inches above ground). In addition to these sizes, we probably have some even larger, but such cannot be shipped in ordinary box or express cars. We are always pleased to allow personal selection by our customers of particular ornamental trees, but in no such case will listed prices apply.

Five or more of one kind and size at ten rate; 25 or more at 100 rate.

AILANTHUS (Tree of Heaven). An extremely rapid grower with brilliant green, palm-like leaves. Thrives in city lots exposed to gas and smoke, and in soil where other trees

6 to 8 feet—\$1.50 each; \$14.00 per 10. 8 to 10 feet— 1.85 each; 17.00 per 10. 10 to 12 feet— 2.50 each.

1¾ to 2 in., \$4.00 ARALIA Japonica. Handsome small tree with spreading umbrella top. Foliage immense, finely divided; broad flat panicles of creamy white flowers in July; the whole creating a distinctly tropical effect.

2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in., \$6.00.

3 to 4 feet-90 cts. each; \$8.00 per 10. 4 to 6 feet—\$1.25 each; \$11.00 per 10. 6 to 8 feet—\$2.00 8 to 10 feet—\$3.00. 6 to 8 feet—\$2.00

BEECH-Purple-Leaved. (River's Grafted.) An elegant medium size tree for the lawn; the foliage in the spring is a deep purple, later changing to crimson. and in autumn a dull, purplish green. This changing to crimson, and in autumn a dull, purplish green. slow growing, rare tree is considered one of the most desirable and distinguished subjects among the ornamentals. B. & B.

3 to 4 feet-\$15.00 each.

BIRD CHERRY (Prunus Padus). A handsome flowering tree, bearing long clusters of white flowers in May, followed by bright red fruit, much beloved by birds. It is one of the earliest trees to leaf out in the spring.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} 6 \text{ to } & 8 \text{ feet} - \$1.50 \text{ each; } \$12.50 \text{ per } 10. \\ 8 \text{ to } 10 \text{ feet} - & 2.00 \text{ each; } & 17.50 \text{ per } 10. \\ 10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ feet} - & 2.50 \text{ each.} \end{array}$ 

#### **ASH**—Fraxinus

American White. A tall rapid grower with smooth gray bark and glossy, fernlike leaves. For park groups, and very good for streets.

6 to 8 feet—\$1.50 each; \$14.00 per 10. 8 to 10 feet— 2.00 each; 18.50 per 10. 10 to 12 feet— 2.50 each; 22.50 per 10. 1½ to 1¾ in., \$3.50 134 to 2 in., \$5.00.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 in., 9.00. to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in., 7.00

Flowering Ash. Small and neat-growing, with terminal-panicles of fringe-like, greenish white flowers in May or June.

6 to 8 feet-\$1.50; 8 to 10 feet-\$2.00.

#### BIRCH—Betula

American White. (B. Populifolia). A rather small tree with smooth white bark and handsome foliage. Very effective when planted in front of evergreens, to afford strong contrast.

6 to 8 feet, \$2.25. 8 to 10 feet, \$3.00. 10 to 12 feet. \$4.00.

Canoe or Paper (B. Papyrifera). A large, vigorous upright tree with broad, handsome leaves and brilliant white bark.

6 to 8 feet, \$2.25. 8 to 10 feet, \$3.00. 10 to 12 feet, \$4.00.



Trees are never more beautiful than in early spring, especially those that flower, such as the Thorn tree illustrated above. The graceful shade tree on the right is the American Linden.



Cut-Leaved Weeping. Its tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful drooping habit, silvery white bark and delicately cut foliage presents attractive characteristics rarely met with in a single tree. Very popular for single lawn specimens or groups; the white bark of trunk and twigs gleaming conspicuously among the darker greens and browns.

5 to 6 feet—\$2.50 each. 6 to 8 feet— 3.00 each. 8 to 10 feet— 4.00 each.

Scotch (European White) (B. Alba). Similar to the American or Canoe-Birch with slender branches and conspicuously silvery bark. After a few years growth assumes a graceful

weeping habit, adding greatly to its beauty.

6 to 8 feet—\$2.00 each; \$17.50 per 10. 8 to 10 feet— 2.50 each. 10 to 12 feet— 3.50 each.

## TREES for Various **PURPOSES**

Trees for Winter Beauty Bírch Golden Wíllow Evergreens

Trees With Attract
Autumn Foliage
Sugar Maple Oaks
Tulip Tree Trees With Attractive

Trees for Dry Places nipers (Evergreen) Junipers (Evergreen) Mugho Pine (Evergreen) Hackberry

Trees for Moist Places Oaks Linden Elm Birch Poplar Ash



For Street or Avenue Planting Hackberry Ash

Linden

Sycamore Maples

Weeping Trees
Weeping Mulberry
Cut-Leaved Weeping Birch
Babylonica Willow
Thurlow's Willow
Wisconsin Willow

Trees for Quick Effect Sycamore Poplar Willow Box Elder Catalpa Silver Maple

#### CATALPA

Bungel (Umbrella Catalpa). Grafted on stems either 5 to 6 or 6 to 8 feet high, makes an umbrella-shaped top without pruning. Perfectly hardy, and flourishes in all soils and climates. Leaves large, glossy, heart-shaped, deep green, making symmetrical head. Usually planted in pairs or in symmetrical rows. Usually planted in pairs or in symmetrical rows. 5 to 6 feet—\$1.75 each; \$15.00 per 10. 6 to 8 feet—\$2.00 each; \$17.50 per 10.

Dwarf Bungei. Worked low; with all the wealth of green foliage found in the

standard form, clear to the ground. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.25.

Speciosa. A good looking tree developing quick shade. Large, heart-shaped, downy leaves, and compound panicles of white flowers, tinged violet, dotted purple and yellow. Noted for rapid, straight growth, and durability.

134-2 in., \$3.00. 2-2½ in., \$4.00.

1 year, by express, \$1.25 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000.

Of commercial value for fence posts, railroad

fence posts, railroad ties, etc. 1 year, by mail, 10 for 50 cts.; 100 for \$2.00.



Catalpa Bungel—A Popular Lawn Specimen Tree

FLOWERING CHERRIES [Cerasus]

A recently developed line of small sized flowering trees which is taking America by storm. Some types are well known, but most named varieties are new in the catalogs and in general use. Most of the following varieties are strictly Japanese, one or two of European introduction, and several are American adaptations.

(Milky Way). Amanogawa. A unique tree form similar to Lombardy Poplar, with upright branches hugging the main trunk. These are literally covered full length with also upright short stems crowned by lovely semidouble pink flowers of delightful fragrance. This type takes up little room, and is consequently very valuable as an accent shrub in general groupings.

4 to 5 feet, \$4.00. 5 to 6 feet, \$5.00.

Beni-Higan (C. Subhirtella). The famous "Spring Cherry" of Japan, deep pink in the buds, expanding to a flushed white. 2 yrs., grafted on 6 foot stems. \$4.00 each.

Double White. A charming small tree with branches completely covered by a mass of large double white flowers in May.

4 to 5 feet, \$2.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00; 6 to 8 feet, \$4.00. Double Pink (C. Sieboldi). Semi-double, white tinged with red.

3 to 4 feet, \$2.00. 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50. 5 to 6 feet, \$3.50. 6 to 8 feet, \$5.00. Fujizan (C. Incisa). The "Mt. Fuji Cherry." Snow white blossoms with yellow anthers, equally beautiful after the petals have fallen when the conspicuous calyx shows red and finally crimson.

3 to 4 feet, \$2.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00.



James H. Veltch (C. Fugenzo). One of the best varieties; large, double, pink flowers with reddish green calyx, contrasting attractively against the handsome foliage. 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50; 4 to 5 feet, \$3.00;

5 to 6 feet, \$4.00.

Japan Weeping (C. Subhirtella Pendula). The "Rosebud Cherry," longest known of this wonderful family in American landscapes; popularized by its adaptability to small lawns where its swaying wands, so thickly studded with light pink bloom, are an outstanding incident of spring. Grafted on 5 to 6 foot stems.

1 year heads, \$4.00 each; 2 year heads, \$5.00.

(Pink Saint). Vig-Kofugen. orously upright and symmetrical. Crimson buds, expanding into double flowers that are red, fading to old rose. 4 to 5 feet, \$3.00; 5 to 6 feet, \$4.00.

Naden. Abundant double flowers of large size and heavy texture, a warm blush pink maturing to a deeper shade, after a full two weeks of lovely bloom. 3 to 4 feet; \$2.50; 4 to 5 feet, \$3.25.

Dwarf and spreading—after ten years probably about Paul Wohlert. ten feet high by eight feet spread. The flowers are semidouble, very early, red to deep pink.

4 to 5 feet, \$3.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$4.50.

Rhexi, fi. pl. Round topped, with a thick trunk and rugged gray bark. The inch and a half wide flowers are extremely double, profuse, pure white with two prominent green pistils.

3 to 4 feet, \$2.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00.

Sekizan (Sacred Gate). Usually in bush form but of good height; the flowers being very full and double, deep pink or old rose, varying in tone according to weather conditions. Popularly used in Japan as gateway guardians. 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50; 4 to 5 feet, \$3.00.

Shirotugen. Similar to above in character, but unique in that its buds are pale; and the opened flowers show but the merest tint of pink. 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50; 4 to 5 feet, \$3.00.



Cornus Florida

#### CORNUS [The Dogwoods]

Cornus Florida (White Flowering Dogwood). Flowers white, 3 to 3½ inches in diameter, produced in spring before leaves appear; very abundant, showy and durable. Foliage grayish green, glossy and handsome; in the autumn turning to deep red. Spreading, irregular form, growing 20 to 25 feet high. Used with telling effect in tall shrub backgrounds and corner groups, to inject sparkling white bloom in spring, and for crimson autumn foliage. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50.

Cornus Florida Rubra (Red Flowering Dogwood). Slower growing and more formally shaped, with handsome red flowers. An attractive lawn specimen or group subject. Shipped out "Balled and Burlapped." consequently quite heavy, and should go by freight if possible, to save transportation cost. 2 to 3 feet. \$3.75; 3 to 4 feet, \$5.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$7.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$12.00

#### FLOWERING CRABS [Malus]

Rounded, compact, small trees, largely used in lawn groups and high shrub borders, for their profuse early bloom; their dense, glossy, handsome foliage which colors richly; and their ornamental fruits.

Arnoidiana. A popular variety; early flowering semi-double, pink; with splendid foliage and yellow fruit. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.00 each.

#### Flowering Crabs—Contd.

Atrosangulnea. Makes a beautiful contrast to the other varieties by reason of its darker red flowers. The buds are deep purplish red, and the entire flower tinged purplish.

3 to 4 feet, \$1.25; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50; 5 to 6 feet \$1.75.

Bechtel's. The only genuine double flowered crab. Makes a medium sized tree; perfectly hardy, succeeds well in most soils. When in bloom appears to be covered with delicate pink, perfectly double small roses of delicious fragrance.

2 to 3 feet, 90 cts. each; \$8.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25 each; \$11.00 per 10. 4 to 5 feet, \$1.75 each.

Coronaria. (Wild Crab Apple.) A pretty, round-headed tree, with spiny branches, and attractive heart-shaped serrated leaves. opening leaf buds show a ruddy bronze, passing to rich green and turning back in autumn to bronze and yellow. Clustered rosepink flowers, and yellowish fruit. 3 to 4 ft, \$1.25; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.75.

Floribunda. A large shrub or small tree, often thorny, with rosered flowers borne in great profusion in May. The fruit is red and very small.

3 to 4 feet, \$1.25; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.75. Floribunda Purpurea. A beauti-

ful form of above with darker red flowers. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.75.

Nledzwetzkyana. Purplish foliage, the wood and bark also tinged with red. Extra large flowers deep pink, the edible fruits purple. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.75.

Parkmani (Halliana). An elegant Japanese dwarf with long-stemmed semi-double flowers of deep rose color wreathing its branches. The buds are long and handsome. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.00.

Scheldeckeri. An extremely freeflowering variety, the upright branches laden full length with double pink flowers. The succeeding fruits make excellent jelly. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50.

Spectabilis. Narrow foliage glossy above, glabrous beneath, the tree

Scheldeckerl

small. Coral red buds expand into pretty rose colored flowers just before the fruiting apples bloom. Fruits small, round, yellow. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50.

#### **EUONYMUS**

Bungeanus. Tall growing shrub with slender branches and finely serrate 2 to 4-inch leaves. Flowers appear in numerous small forked cymes; succeeded by large, deeply lobed fruits which show pink, with white seeds and orange arils.

3 to 4 feet, 80 cts. each; \$7.50 per 10. 4 to 5 feet, \$1.00 each; \$8.50 per 10. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.25 each; \$11.00 per 10. 6 to 8 feet,

\$1.75 each; \$15.00 per 10.

Europaeus. A large shrub or small tree, growing to 15 feet. spring it is covered with a wealth of bright yellow flowers in nodding clusters, followed by brilliant rose-colored berries, which hang in clusters from the branches till midwinter. The leaves color a beautiful crimson-scarlet in fall. Stems and leaves a dark, polished green.

3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10. 4 to 5 feet, \$1.35 each; \$12.50 per 10. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.75 each.

HACKBERRY. Itslight green leaves are glossy, pointed; the branches spread horizontally, forming a wide, elm-shaped head of medium size. Vigorous, hardy and healthy, thriving in all soils. 6 to 8 feet, \$2.25; 8 to 10 feet, \$3.00.

HONEY LOCUST. A large, vigorous tree, with wide-spreading branches, feathery, fern-like leaves, and a stout armament of thorns. Makes a fine defensive hedge. 4 to 6 feet, 75 cts.; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00. 1 year, by express, \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1000. 1 year, by mail, 10 for 60 cts.; 100 for \$2.00.

HORNBEAM, American (Blue Beech). A very hardy native small tree with dense round head. Leaves turn yellow and brown and stay on all winter. Stands severe pruning without detriment. Remarkably free from the attacks of insects. 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50.



HORSE CHESTNUT, White Flow-

ering. The well-known European species; very handsome; has magnificent spikes of white flowers borne in profusion and sweetly scented. 4 to 5 feet, \$2.00; 5 to 6 feet, \$2.50; 6 to 8 feet, \$3.50.

JUDAS TREE, (Cercis Canadensis) (Red Bud). A small growing tree of irregular form, with heart-shaped leaves. It is covered with delicate pink blossoms early in spring before the leaves appear, a charming association among the tender greens and bronzes of young foliage. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 each; \$ 9.00 per 10.

4 to 5 feet, 1.50 each; 12.50 per 10.

### THE ELMS—Ulmus

Horse Chestnut American. A noble native tree of great size and wide spread, with graceful drooping branches and handsome leaves. One of the best tree types for towering, heady effect and wide-spread shade, in the yard itself. Indispensable to shaded parks, and largely used

along the sides of wide avenues. 6 to 8 feet—\$1.50 each; \$14.00 per 10. 1½-1¾ inches—\$4.00 8 to 10 feet—\$2.00 each; \$18.00 per 10. 1¾-2 inches—\$5.00

 $2-2\frac{1}{2}$  inches—\$7.00  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 inches—\$9.00

10 to 12 feet—\$2.90 each; \$27.50 per 10. Camperdown Weeping. Its vigorous irregular branches, which have a uniform weeping habit, overlap so regularly that a compact, roof-like head is formed. Leaves are large, glossy, dark green. The finest weeping Elm and one of the best specimen trees. 1 yr. head, \$3.00; 2 yr. head, \$4.00.

Dovael. One of the best for street planting; strong, upright, vigorous growing; soon making fine specimens.

5 + 6 = 1.50; 6 + 6 = 1.50; 6 + 6 = 1.50; 8 + 6 = 1.50; 8 + 6 = 1.50; 10 + 6 =

Huntingdon. A very vigorous, erect, upright, rapid grower with broad leaves; clean and smooth bark. 6 to 8 feet, \$2.00; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50. 1½-1¾ inches, \$5.00.



Camperdown Elm

Moline. A valuable new type of tree perpetuated by budding. Of compact but fast growing habit, with very large leaves of distinct dark blue-green shade; bark smooth

6 to 8 feet, \$2.00; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.75.

Vase Elm. Another recently introduced type of American Elm, the tops uniformly shaping up to a broad-topped vase shape. Our stock developed by buds from the original

6 to 8 feet, \$2.00; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50; 10 to 12 feet, \$3.25.



American Elm

Scotch. A rapid-growing spreading tree, with large rough, dark green leaves. best avenue trees.

6 to 8 feet, \$2.00 each; \$14.00 per 10. 8 to 10 feet, \$2.75 each; \$26.00 per 10. 10 to 12 feet, \$3.50 each; \$32.50 per 10. 1½-1¾ inches, \$4.50; 1¾-2 inches, \$6.00;  $2-2\frac{1}{2}$  inches, \$8.00.

KOELREUTERIA Paniculata (Varnish Tree). A rare tree, 25 to 30 feet high, showy in July, when spangled with foot-long clusters of golden yellow flowers and in autumn when foliage colors to crimson and gold. 3 to 4 feet—90 cts.; 4 to 5 feet—\$1.25.

LINDEN, American. A stately tree, growing 60 to 80 feet tall, with large, shining cordate leaves. Valuable for its beautiful white wood. Its flowers appear in July. (See illustration, Page 23.)

6 to 8 feet, \$2.75; 8 to 10 feet, \$3.50.

BLACK LOCUST. A native tree of large size, and rapid growth. Flowers in long white racemes, very fragrant. Valuable for timber. 4 to 6 feet, 75 cts.; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00. 1 year, by express, \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000; by mail, 10 for 60 cts.; 100 for \$2.00.

**OSAGE ORANGE.** A medium sized spiny tree with spreading branches; rather large fern-like leaves of bright green which change to yellow in fall. Flowers are inconspicuous, but the succeeding orange-like fruits are attractive. It is chiefly utilized as a close, thorny, stock-turning hedge plant and allowed to grow fairly tall.

By express—1 year; \$1.25 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000. By mail—\$1.75 per 100.

#### **MAGNOLIA**

Acuminata. (Cucumber Tree). A beautiful pyramidal tree, attaining a height of from 50 to 80 feet with 6 to 9 inch bluish-green leaves. 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$3.50; 6 to 8 feet, \$4.50. The following varieties are "Balled"

and Burlapped," and on account of extra weight should ship by freight. Glauca (Sweet Bay). When planted in moist soil this makes a handsome tree 30 to 40 feet high, but in the drier lawns is much smaller. Its broad leaves are glossy, laurel-like, almost evergreen. In June its large, waxy white flower-cups are lovely and exquisitely fragrant.

2 to 3 feet, \$3.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$4.00. Halleana. (Stellata). A pretty dwarf form that opens its snowy, star-like flowers in April; earlier than any other Magnolia; the fragrance is pronounced and delicate.

2 to 3 feet, \$11.00 each.

/ Soulangeana. One of the hardiest and finest. Its blossoms are from 3 to

Soulangeana

5 inches across, cup-shaped, white and rosy violet, opening before its leaves which are massive and glossy. 2 to 3 feet, \$10.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$15.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$20.00.

#### THE MAPLES—Acer

Probably no shade tree is so well known, more generally planted or so popularly loved as the Maple.

Ash-Leaved. (Box Elder). A fine, rapid-growing variety, with handsome, light green foliage and spreading head, very hardy; desirable for street planting and succeeds in many sections where other varieties do not thrive.

Japan (Red Leaved). Rounded, dwarf trees seldom maturing to over ten feet, densely furnished to the ground with indented leaves of unrivaled brilliancy and charm. Their early and mid-summer aspect is vivid blooded, which dulls to a bronzy purple-red towards fall. These are splendid foreground subjects in mixed groups, or for solitary color blotches in the open lawn. Supply limited.



Silver Maple

Native of Europe; a Norway. large handsome tree, with broad, deep green, shining foliage. Very desirable for street, park or lawns. The Norway Maple characteristically makes the roundest head; is colored the

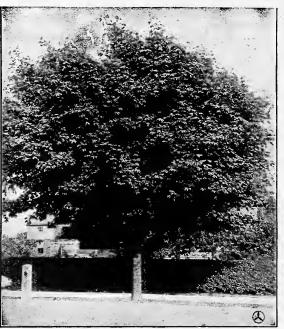
deepest, coolest green; and furnishes the densest shade of the entire list of good trees. Very hardy, its growth is comparatively slow.

Red (Acer Rubrum). A large tree with spreading branches. The earliest Maple to bloom, its beautiful red flowers appearing in late winter. In the fall, its leaves turn to the most brilliant shades of red and scarlet.

Schwedler's. The "Purple Norway" Maple's beautiful leaves attract attention at all seasons, but are especially fine in spring, when their gleaming red and purple contrasts brightly with the delicate green of other trees. In mid-summer they are purplish green, in autumn golden yellow.

Siberian. (A. Ginnala). More like a large shrub, with three-lobed leaves and flowers in long panicles. Foliage turns bright red in autumn. Sometimes substituted for the Japanese Maples.

Silver. A hardy, rapid-growing, beautiful native tree of large size, valuable for producing a quick shade. Its leaves are good sized, rather deeply and irregularly indented, bright green above and silvery beneath, turning to bright yellow and bronze in the fall. It makes a broad, bulky, but pointed topped tree, getting to shading size quicker than any other variety.



Norway Maple

	Maple		
PRICE OF MAPLES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Ash-leaved 6 to 8 feet	\$ 1.00	\$ 9.00	
" 8 to 10 feet		13.00	
10 to 12 feet	1.75		
1% to 2 inch	3.00		
Japan Red Leaved (Balled and	5.00		
Burlapped), $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet	5.00 7.00		
1½ to 2 feet	10.00		
2 to 2½ feet Norway, 6 to 8 feet	2.50	22.50	\$200.00
" 8 to 10 feet	3.50	32.50	300.00
" 10 to 12 feet	4.50	42.50	400.00
" 1½ to 1¾ inch	6.00	57.50	400.00
" 134 to 2 inch	8.00	37.30	
" 2 to 2½ inch	10.00		
Red (Acer Rubrum), 6 to 8 feet	4.50		
8 to 10 feet	5.50		
Schwedler's, 6 to 8 feet	4.00		
" 8 to 10 feet	5.50		
" 10 to 12 feet	7.00		
Siberian (Ginnala), 3 to 4 feet	1.50		
" 4 to 5 feet	2.00		
Silver-leaved, 6 to 8 feet	1.00	9.00	85.00
" 8 to 10 feet	1.25	11.50	100.00
" 10 to 12 feet	1.75	15.00	135.00
" 1½ to 1¾ inch	2.50	22.50	200.00
1% to 2 incn	3.50	32.50	
Z to Z½ incn	5.00		
Sugar (or Rock), 6 to 8 feet	2.50	22.50	
o to ru ieet	3.50	32.50	· · · · · · · · ·
10 to 12 feet	5.00	47.50	· · · · · · · · ·
1½ to 1¼ incn	6.00	• • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · ·
" " 134 to 2 inch	8.00		
" " 2 to 2½ inch Sycamore-leaved, 6 to 8 feet	10.00	20.00	· · · · · · · · · ·
" 8 to 10 feet	3.00	27.50	
" " 10 to 12 feet	3.75	35.00	
" 1½ to 1¾ inch	5.00	33.00	
Tatarian, 3 to 4 feet	1.25		
" 4 to 5 feet	1.75		
Wier's Cut-leaved, 6 to 8 feet	1.25	11.50	
" " 8 to 10 feet	1.75	15.00	
" " 10 to 12 feet	2.50	22.50	
" " 1½ to 1¾ inch	3.50	22.00	
" " 13/4 to 2 inch	5.00		



#### Maples—Contd.

Sugar (or Rock Maple). This tree is chieftain of its clan; straight, spreading, symmetrical, of grand proportions, often 120 feet in height and longer lived than most men who plant it. It grows well in all except damp, soggy soils, and roots deeply, allowing grass to grow close. Its bold leaves have very rich autumn tints of clear vellow and scarlet.

Sycamore-Leaved Maple. A broad, handsome tree of medium size, rarely over 60 feet high, with larger, darker leaves than other Maples. Casts a dense, cool shade.

Tatarlan. A choice variety; medium size, rounded form, thriving in damp soils if desired. Moderate grower but makes a handsome specimen. Foliage turns yellow in fall.

Wler's Cut-Leaved. A silver Maple with remarkable and beautifully dissected foliage. Of rapid growth; shoots slender and drooping; giving it a very densely furnished appearance clear to the ground.

#### **MOUNTAIN ASH**

European. A splendid broad-topped small tree which is distinctly beautiful and attractive whether as a single lawn specimen or as an element in any group association. The foliage is richly dark and lustrous, very similar in construction to the coarser Ferns. In late summer and far into winter, the greatest beauty and efcenters in the great number of large, dense fruit clusters which gleam brilliantly red against the green of leaves, or brown of denuded branches.

6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each; \$13.50 per 10. 8 to 10 feet, 2.00 each; 17.50 per 10. 10 to 12 feet, 2.50 each; 22.50 per 10.



European Mt. Ash

Oak-Leaved. Dark lobed, oak-shaped leaves, downy beneath. Produces berries freely, and although of radically different foliage, is just as showy and striking as the Ash-leaved type.

6 to 8 feet, \$1.75 each; \$16.50 per 10. 8 to 10 feet, 2.25 each; 20.00 per 10.

#### TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY



The most graceful hardy weeping tree in existence. Forms a perfect round tentshaped head, with slender, leaf-studded branches drooping to the ground; the diameter of its leaf-screened bower about half the height. In light, airy gracefulness, delicacy of form and motion, it is without a rival. It has a beautiful foliage, is hardy, safe and easy to transplant. Admirably adapted for small grounds, specimens or for cemetery planting. It is equally valuable and showy in a refined way, used as a

medium tall screen against high walls, or to separate the garden and the lawn. Cutting back to the crown each year is beneficial. Grafted on stems 5 to 6 feet high—1 year heads, \$3.00; 2 year heads, \$4.00.

#### THE OAKS-Quercus

Pin Oak. Almost pyramidal in habit, and described as half-weeping when old, because its lower branches touch the ground. It grows faster and develops the family characteristics earlier than most Oaks. It grows 60 to 80 feet. The leaves are deep green, glossy, and finely divided. Orange-scarlet in fall. 6 to 8 feet, \$4.00 each.

Red Oak. A large tree, 80 to 100 feet tall, unusually large in leaf and quick in growth. The young shoots and leaf-stems are red, the foliage purplish crimson in Autumn. A most beautiful object on

6 to 8 feet, \$4.00; 8 to 10 feet, \$5.00, 10 to 12 feet; \$6.00.  $1\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{3}{4}$  inches, \$7.25;  $1\frac{3}{4}$ -2 inches, \$8.50; 2- $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches, \$10.00.

FLOWERING PEACH, Double Red, or White. A beautiful small tree rarely over 20 feet tall; at its blossoming time in May every twig and branch bright with beautifully formed flowers, rendering the tree showy and attractive even at a distance.

2 to 3 feet, 70 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10. 3 to 4 feet, 90 cts. each; 8.00 per 10.

### PYRACANTHA LALANDI

#### [Firethorn]

An almost evergreen shrub allied to both the Thorns and Cotoneasters. Small, ovate, shiny leaves set thickly on slender branches with numerous short thorns. Small white flowers in corymbs, replaced in fall by bright orange-red fruit. One of the finest berried small trees. Can be trained for dwarf massing, as a ground cover; and makes a fine, dense, broad hedge to any desired medium height. Balled and Burlapped.



Spread:— $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet, \$1.75. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$2.25.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, 2.75. 3 to 4 feet, 5.00.

AMERICAN PERSIMMON. Very ornamental, with a roundtopped head and handsome shining foliage. The puckery fruit is an inch or more in diameter, orange-yellow, with a bright cheek when touched by frost. 4 to 6 feet, \$1.75.

PTELEA Trifoliata (Hop Tree). Small trees, 15 to 25 feet high, with glossy, trifoliate leaves that exhale a hop-like odor when bruised. This odor is even more noticeable in the seeds, which hang in hop-like light green clusters far into autumn. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.00; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25.

ROSE ACACIA (Moss Locust). An elegant shrub, with light green pinnate leaves and long graceful clusters of pea-shaped, rosecolored flowers in June and often later.

**tandard** (top worked), 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50.

Own Root, 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25.

RUSSIAN OLIVE (Elaeagnus Angustifolia). Useful in tall dense groups for sharp color contrasts. Tree attains a height of from 20 to 30 feet, bark, dark green, foliage rich silver color, willow shape; flowers deep golden and very fragrant, followed by ornamental olive fruits.

2 to 3 feet, 60 cts. each; \$5.00 per 10.

3 to 4 feet, 70 cts. cach; 6.00 per 10. 4 to 5 feet, 90 cts. each. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.25 each.

6 to 8 feet, \$2.00 each.

SALISBURIA (Ginko, or Maiden Hair Tree). A rare elegant tree. from Japan with singular, almost fern-like foliage unlike that of any other tree; of free growth, with angular, independent branches each quite distinct and noticeable against the sky line. 6 to 8 feet, \$3.50 each.

SYCAMORE, EUROPEAN. The well-known Oriental Plane (Platanus Orientalis). Used in great numbers to create vistas of dense green shade, along new streets which require quick development of shade and ornamentation. A lofty, wide-spreading tree with deeply lobed palmate leaves; valuable for its handsome foliage, hardiness, and free growth. The bark is an attractive grayish green during the summer; but enough of it sheds during the winter to give an interesting mottled appearance as the smooth, creamy white trunk is revealed.

Each Per 10 Per 100 Each Per 10 6 to 8 ft.\$1.50 \$13.50 \$125.00  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to  $1\frac{3}{4}$  in . . . . \$4.25 \$40.00 8 to 10 ft. 2.00 18.50 175.00 10 to 12 ft. 3.00 27.50 250.00

TULIP TREE (Whitewood). One of the grandest of our native trees; of tall pyramidal habit, with broad, glossy fiddle-shaped leaves and beautiful, tulip-like flowers; allied to the Magnolia. Leaf color is clean, rather bluish-green shade which in fall turns brightest yellow. Flowers are  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches long, light greenish yellow marked at inside base with orange; May or June. 4 to 5 feet, \$1.00; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.50; 6 to 8 feet, \$2.50.

WITCH HAZEL. Valuable because its fringe-like vellow flowers open in November-when there are few other blossoms outdoors anywhere. Grows 10 to 15 feet tall, with fine leaves that color to yellow, orange or purple in fall and drop before the bright yellow flowers appear. Likes a moist sandy or peaty soil and partial shade. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts.; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00; 4 to 6 feet, \$1.50.



#### THE POPLARS—Populus



Lombardy Poplar

Aurea (Van Geerti). Fine golden yellow foliage, retaining its brilliancy throughout the season.

Balsam (Balm of Gilead). A remarkably rapid growing tree, with lux-

uriant, glossy foliage.

Bolleana (Silver Leaf). Useful in breaking the monotony of lower round-topped trees. Will grow to a tall spire 80 feet high. Its leaves are glossy green, silvery beneath, creating an attractive flashing effect when stirred by the winds. Often used in landscaping against blank wall spaces of high public buildings.

Carolina. A vigorous, native pyramidal tree of rapid growth, with large glossy leaves; valuable for quick shade. Makes a fine spreading head if well cut back the first few seasons.

Lombardy. The selective appreciation of trained landscape builders is getting this fine type into much more general use. Old trees which were thoughtfully placed, are out-

standing landmarks today; their great height, dense slenderness, and sombre silhouette against the skyline, a picturesque effect.

orway. Very broad, triangular leaves with finely scalloped edges, smooth dark green. Makes a thick, broad-topped, shading tree of quick growth and great hardiness.

Simoni. Of only medium height, but rapid growing. In thickness midway between Lombardy and Carolina. Foliage small, bluntly oval tapering toward stem, dark, lustrous green; twigs stained with red; old bark silver white like Birches.

PRICE OF POPLARS	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Aurea (Van Geerti), 6 to 8 feet	\$0.75	\$ 6.50	
" " 8 to 10 feet	.85	7.50	
" " " 10 to 12 feet	1.00	9.00	
Balsam (Balm of Gilead), 6 to 8 feet	.75	6.50	
" " " 8 to 10 feet	.85	7.50	
" " " 10 to 12 feet	1.00	9.00	
" " " 1½ to 1¾ inch	1.75		
Bolleana (Silver Leaf), 6 to 8 feet	1.50	13.50	
" " 8 to 10 feet	2.00	17.50	
" " " 10 to 12 feet	2.50		
" " " 1½ to 1¾ inch	3.25		
" " " 13¼ to 2 inch	4.50		
Carolina, 6 to 8 feet	.50	4.00	\$ 30.00
" 8 to 10 feet	.60	5.00	40.00
" 10 to 12 feet	.80	7.00	60.00
" 1½ to 1¾ inch	1.40	12.50	
" 134 to 2 inch	2.00		
Lombardy, 6 to 8 feet	.75	6.50	55.00
" 8 to 10 feet	1.00	9.00	75.00
" 10 to 12 feet	1.35	12.00	110.00
" 1½ to 1¾ inch	1.75	16.50	110.00
" 134 to 2 inch	2.50	22.50	
" 2 to 2½ inch	3.50	32.50	
Norway, 6 to 8 feet	.60	5.00	
" 8 to 10 feet	.70	6.00	50.00
" 10 to 12 feet	.95	8.00	70.00
" 11/4 to 13/4 inch	1.50	13.50	70.00
" 1½ to 1¾ inch	2.00	17.50	
	1.00	8.50	
	1.25	11.50	
" 8 to 10 feet	1.23	. 11.30	



Weeping Willows at the Water's Edge

#### FLOWERING THORNS—Crataegus

Handsome dwarf trees with shiny leaves of attractive shape and color; blooming in profusion late in spring with compact clusters of small, rose-like flowers. These are followed by large red fruits and

vivid autumnal colorings. (See Illustration Page 23.)

Coccinea. Single white flowers, followed by scarlet fruits. A

fine small tree with branching growth. 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50.

Cordata (Washington Thorn). Branches upright, forming a round topped head, leaves heart-shaped. Flowers white with rosecolored anthers. 4 to 5 feet, \$2.75.

Oxyacantha (English Hawthorn). White flowers appearing when the leaves are nearly full grown, followed by conspicuous scarlet fruits. 4 to 5 feet, \$2.00; 5 to 6 feet, \$2.50; 6 to 8 feet, \$3.75.

Double White. 4 to 5 feet, \$2.25.

Paul's Double Scarlet. Flowers deep crimson-scarlet; very double. This is one of the most attractive small trees for solitary specimens or groups, as showy in fruit as when in bloom. 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50; 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00.

#### THE WILLOWS—Salix

Besides the beauty of their airy summer foliage, Willows with the brightness of their barks make cheery winter effect. Grow fast, and are adapted to many soils and uses.

and are adapted to many sons and uses.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 -
PRICE OF WILLOWS	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Babylonica, 6 to 8 feet	\$1.25	\$11.50	
" 8 to 10 feet	1.50	14.00	\$135.00
" 10 to 12 feet	2.00	18.50	175.00
" 1½ to 1¾ inch	3.00	1	1
" 134 to 2 inch	4.00		
Goat (S. Caprea), 4 to 6 feet	.75		
" 6 to 8 feet	1.00		
Gold Bark, 6 to 8 feet	.90	8.00	
" 8 to 10 feet	1.25	11.00	100.00
" " 10 to 12 feet	1.75	16.50	150.00
" " 1½ to 1¾ inches	2.25		
Golden Weeping (S. Niobe), 6 to 8 feet	1.25	11.50	
" 8 to 10 feet	1.50	14.00	
" " 10 to 12 feet	2.25	20.00	
Hoary (S. Canescens), 8 to 10 feet	1.50	20100	
" 10 to 12 feet	2.00		
Laurel Leaved, 6 to 8 feet	.90	8.00	
" 8 to 10 feet	1.50	14.00	130.00
" " 10 to 12 feet	2.00	18.50	175.00
" " 1½ to 1¾ inch	2.50	22.50	173.00
Pussy (S. Discolor), 6 to 8 feet.	1.00	22.30	
Royal (Silver Leaf), 4 to 6 feet	1.00		
" " 6 to 8 feet	1.35		
Thurlow (Elegantissima), 6 to 8 feet	1.10	10.00	90.00
" 8 to 10 feet	1.50	14.00	130.00
" " 10 to 12 feet	2.00	18.50	175.00
" " 1½ to 1¾ inch	2.75	16.30	173,00
" " 13/4 to 2 inch	3.50		
	1.25	11.50	
	1.75	16.50	
" 8 to 10 feet	2.00	18.50	· · · · · · · · · · · ·
10 10 12 1001	2.75	25.00	· · · · · · · · · · · ·
1/2 to 1/4 men	3.50		
" 134 to 2 inch		7.00	
Wentworth, 6 to 8 feet	.80	11.00	
" 8 to 10 feet	1.25 1.60	15.00	· · · · · · · · · ·
10 to 12 feet			· · · · · · · · · ·
. " 1½ to 1¼ mcn	2.25	11.50	
Wisconsin, 6 to 8 feet	1.25	11.50	100.00
" 8 to 10 feet	1.50	14.00	135.00
- 10 to 12 feet	2.00	18.50	175.00
- 1½ to 1¼ inch	3.00	27.50	· · · · · · · · · •
" 134 to 2 inch	4.00		
	A		

#### **UPRIGHT WILLOWS**

Goat (S. Caprea). Interesting small tree with brown twigs, oval leaves hairy underneath; catkins before leaves appear.

Gold Bark. Showy, with golden bark, conspicuous during winter.

Hoary (S. Canescens). Foliage, silver gray, with grayish bark.

Laurel Leaved. A splendid ornamental small tree, with large, glossy, dark laurel-like leaves, whence its name. May be well associated with the taller screening shrubs.

Pussy Willow (S. Discolor). A small tree with attractive leaves 2 inches long by an inch wide. Its popular appeal is the conspicuous silky catkins which bud in the fall, and make such delightful "springy" bouquets just as the snow is melting away.

Royal (or Silver Leaf). A large tree, sometimes 100 feet high, with short thick trunk and yellowish brown branches, the foliage a silvery ash gray. Wentworth. Tall, rapid, upright; with reddish bark.

#### WEEPING WILLOWS

Babylonica. A graceful tree of large size. Its fresh, bright green tint and long, wavy branches make it very attractive.

Golden Weeping (S. Niobe). Slender leaves, green above, silvery beneath; the twigs and bark tinged dark red.

Thurlow's. Larger and more spreading than the Babylonian form, and hardier, but similar in foliage and grayish green bark

Ural. Numerous arching branches with yellowish wood, the narrow green leaves very densely set.

Wisconsin. A babylonica with more slender leaves and hardier. This is the most generally planted variety, and makes immense broad-topped specimens.

# S. & H. HARDY GROWN ROSE

Columbia

# Famous the Country Over New Varieties—Old Favorites

S LONG as the Rose exists it will retain its dominant grip upon the affections and appreciation of the human race. We have developed the Rose as one of our leading specialties, annually devoting to the propagation and nurture of strong, hardy types, 60 acres of the best rose soil outdoors.

Our Roses are two-year, hardy, field-grown plants, full of vigor. Stronger roots and stronger tops make for better blooms and more of them. Our 1930 stock is the finest in our history. Our special Rose Offers are the best values obtainable in quality rose plants.

Complying with the often expressed wishes of many patrons, who desire their Rose bushes cut back properly, all ready to plant, we furnish all Dormant Bush Roses to you whether by mall or express, trimmed ready to plant.

## EVERBLOOMING ROSES

General List-New and Old Together

Price of Roses is stated for each and for 10,

Special Price following certain varieties

shipped by mail at our expense; and for 10 and 100 by express, charges not prepaid.

is for one rose by mail, reducible in same pro-

portion as used in general price statement,

5 accepted at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate.

for greater quantities.



A popular designation for Tea, Hybrid Tea and Pernetlana classes which habitually bloom without cessation from June until Autumn frosts. The range of coloring and type is wonderfully extensive; and you may choose from our lists practically every distinct shade which is desirable. We take pleasure in presenting our trade this spring, a great many high class introductions which are strictly up-to-date; among them being the best of the new yellow and orange creations.

PRICE: Unless stated: By mall, 90 cts. each; \$8.50 per 10. \$8.00 per 10; \$70.00 per 100.

Angele Pernet. Good sized semi-double flowers which long retain their attractive orange-tan color. \$1.00.

Very fragrant, attractive Anne. Very iragrane, accept the flowers of full

globular form. \$1.50.

Arthur Cook. Compact, medium sized flowers of many petals, freely borne, deep crimson-scarlet.

#### Aspirant Marcel Rouyer.

Long buds with heavy petals unfolding into good sized double flowers. Deep apricot reddening at center; outside salmon-flesh, yellow veins at base, \$1.00. Exquisite copper-pink buds, Betty.

opening to buff-pink.

Betty Uprichard. (Illustrated in color, page 2.) A charming type with rolling edges, a blend of deep toned carmine with coppery orange; the interior being mostly a delicate salmon-pink.

Briarcliffe. (Illustrated in color on front cover.) A bright, clear, Columbia shade of rose-pink, actually typical of Columbia but vastly improved. A high-pointed center with few imperfect flowers, sweetly scented. Vigorous, hardy growth. Dark foliage resistant to mildew. \$1.00.

Charles K. Douglas. (Illustrated in color on page 2.) An English rose of vigorous upright growth, and liberal, fragrant bloom which is of delightful form. Color, a flaming scarlet flushed with velvety crimson.

Clovelly. Tall, shiny foliage and red stems. Bright rose pink with salmon base, the large open flowers quite showv.

Columbia. A beautiful, true deep pink which is enduring.

Dame Edith Helen. A magnificent, fragrant, full-bodied new rose of many substantial petals which curl back prettily, holding steadily to one vivid pink color,

and that the rare Rose du Barri shade. \$1.50.

Earl Haig. Remarkable fragrance, freedom, and unfading cherry-crimson color. Permanent high-built center, with thick rolling petalage; a type rare among red roses. \$1.00. Edel. (Illustrated in color on front cover.) The flowers are of noble size, deep, close-centered, with many petals; ivory at base but otherwise purest white, the broad roll of edges frostlike. One

of the surest and most continuous bloomers, with satisfactory growth and

foliage.

Eldorado. A true yellow even to the end. having diminished in strength uniformly, from the first richness of its red-orange bud. Fully double and of pleasing form.

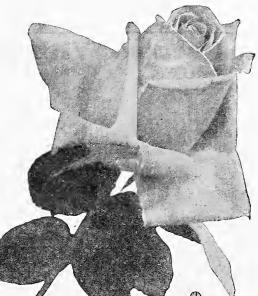
Elvira Aramayo. A flaming, arresting color newly applied to roses, as "Indian red." This seems to be a unique association of orange-carmine, with tones of madder, salmon, and pink. The buds are long and pointed, plentiful, opening into large flowers of cactus shape with some quilled petals; showy garden type; straight stems and bushy growth. \$1.00.

Emile Charles. (Per.) Fiery red buds shaded with golden yellow; opening to medium sized flowers of coral red, the outer petals rosy pink tinted strawberry red, with flame colored base. Gives splendid massing effect. \$1.00.

Etolle de France. Velvety garnet-red cup, with center of vivid cerise. Flowers very large and full, with marked imbrications.

Fontanelle. (Illustrated in color on front cover.) One of the very largest hybrid teas, with remarkable size to the rounded petals. The color is a rich, clear yellow naturally deeper towards the center, particularly strong toned during cool weather. A stronger grower than most yellow varieties. \$1.50.

Francis Scott Key. Red, shading to cerise; very large with a profusion of petals opening to a high center.



Elvira Aramavo

Gruss an Teplitz

#### Everblooming Roses-Contd.

General MacArthur. Dazzling crimson-scarlet exquisitely perfumed. One of the grandest red forcing roses, and also popular for bedding.

General-Superlor A. Janssen. Glowing, deep carmine-red; large, full, fragrant and continuous bloom.

Gorgeous. Flowers very large, full and exquisitely formed, produced in endless profusion. Early bloom the best. Coppery pink, flushed and heavily veined with reddish orange.

Gruss an Teplitz. Tall growing, showy bedder, with reddish stems, and unlimited bloom; intense velvety crimson-red.



Jonkheer J. L. Mock-Page 31



Lady Hillingdon—Page 31

Hadley. Superb flowers and dependable bushy growth; color deep, velvety crimsonscarlet.

Dark, velvety crimson flushed Holt Hewitt. scarlet at the edge of petals, and veined scarlet; admirable form, pleasing fragrance, and free bloom. \$1.00.

H. V. Machin. Intense scarlet-crimson, blackstained and velvety; large, full and high centered.

Independence Day. Thin petalage and moderate size are amply compensated by extreme production, the bush being rarely without a good show of both brilliant orange-pink flowers and flaming copper buds.

James Walley. Large pointed buds of rich blood-orange color, opening to splendid full flowers of apricot shaded with salmon-red. The foliage is darkly varnished, and stems purplish red. \$1.25.

John C. Mensing. (Illustrated in color on of deep, bright rose-pink, favoring the Ophelia type in construction and habit. An excellent forcing kind with long buds, perfect flowers and sweet fragrance. \$1.00.

John Henry. An extremely deep flower of heavy bulk and substance, borne freely; deep carmine-pink, dominant in the early season. \$1.00.

John Russell. (Illustrated in color on front cover.) Of all recently introduced red roses this is probably the most generally pleasing. The fully double flowers are large and solid, produced in abundance on strong stems; the foliage attractively dark and shiny. Quite hardy. Vivid red with velvet cardinal shadings. \$1.25.



#### SPECIAL OFFER

REPEAT ROSE COVER Collection of Hybrid Tea Roses

Five distinct choice, new varie-ties of Hybrid Tea Roses. These are recommended for continuous 'bloom continuous 'bloom in temperate zone.



are money.
John C. Mensing \$1.00
Souv. de C. Pernet90
Chas. K. Douglas90
Betty Uprichard
Wilhelm Kordes 1.00

Catalog Price \$4.70

One each of these five new Roses. 2 yr. field-grown.
Mailed FREE for.....

# How to Succeed With Roses

#### Treatment on Arrival



If upon arrival the roots seem to be very dry, soak them thoroughly in water; if the stems as well are too dry, bury the entire plant in the ground for two or three days. At no time after unpacking should the roots

be exposed to the sun or dry winds, a very little neglect at this time working serious if not fatal injury to the bush.

Planting

In preparing a Rose Bed, select a sunny location guarded from cold north winds, if possible. Dig out the beds to a depth of two or three feet and about three feet in width; then refill the trench with a mixture of soil (any good fertile soil will do) and well rotted cow manure, making provision for good drainage if location is not naturally drained. Time should be allowed for this filling to settle, the final top surface being an inch or two below the edges of the bed. Do not raise the surface of Rose beds above the surrounding surface. They suffer less from drought when left level with the turf. Plant your Roses in the center, being very particular to press and tamp the soil firmly around the roots and soaking the bed thoroughly at the finish. The Ever-bloomers may be set 18 inches apart, the Hybrid Perpetuals about 2 feet. After the plants have been set out, keep the soil loose to the depth of an inch or two, by frequent stirrings. An occasional soaking with weak manure water is a great help to Roses of all sorts, and is especially active during the blooming season. Towards the end of July, a mulch of long-strawed manure will aid in preserving what moisture is in the soil during the customary droughts of the "Dog Days."

#### Getting Roses Ready for Winter

Cover the bed at least 6 inches with leaves or manure, a binding surface of dirt, corn stalks or boughs on top. A convenient method is to confine this dressing by an enclosure of 12-inch chicken wire.

**Spraying Roses** 

While healthy and vigorous plants are not especially susceptible to disease or pests, some pests will appear. For the leaf-eating insects, chafers, slugs and beetles, use arsenate of lead. For aphis or leaf hopper, use kerosene emulsion. For diseases such as leaf spot or mildew, use bordeaux mixture. Potassium sulphide, one ounce to three gallons of water is excellent to control mildew.

#### **How to Prune Roses**

The weak shoots and surplus wood are removed by us before sending stock out, so that what the customer gets is all ready to plant. Every Spring, usually the fore part of March, just before the leaf buds begin to swell, the winter covering should be gradually removed, and the bushes pruned. Hybrid Perpetual Roses should be cut back, every shoot, to about 6 to 8 inches above the crown or that above the roots where the stem begins to branch. Teas and Hybrid Teas need not be cut back quite so hard; the Polyanthas not at all unless stems are too numerous. The Rugosas are pruned merely to keep their growth within bounds and to remove dead wood; the Hardy Climbers are merely trimmed; and inasmuch as their bloom comes only on wood made the season before, the safest and most beneficial time for pruning is immediately after their blooming season and before they make new summer growth. Suckers from the Manetti stock should be cut off at once, and may be recognized by a difference in color and arrangement of seven leaves, instead of five, as in almost all varieties of Roses. Do not be afraid of the knife, the flowers will be larger and richer in color, and the bed more sightly.

#### Everblooming Roses-Contd.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. Big, full flowers distinctively shaped like an overflowing cup. Bright, cherry-carmine, the interior faced with silver-white, which the broad roll of the petals exposes. An excellent, faithful bedder.

Jules Tabart. Handsome chinese pink buds; opening to large, full flowers of silvery salmon-pink, with copper base and interior coral-red suffusion. Vigorous growth, plentiful dark foliage. \$1.50.

Jullet. (Per.) Fine flowers; petals gold outside, inside rich, rosy red deepening as the flower expands.

**Killarney.** Bright, carmine-pink, marbled in creamy white, with petals large and durable, the buds extremely long.

Lady Hillingdon. Strong apricot yellow buds, still pale yellow when open, with an added orange tinge.

Lady Inchiquin. A vivid garden variety of solid color, orangevermilion brilliantined by cerise. The flowers are somewhat open, with curled petals; but are large and very free. \$1.00.

Lady Margaret Stewart.

A very gratifying new exhibition rose of firm, full character, great size and orange buds fulfill their promise when the high-centered flower reveals the same richness of golden yellow streaked with orange and velvety red.

\$1.50.

Lady Ursula. Plant a strong grower, producing abundant clean, flesh pink flowers with little noticeable shading.

La France. (Tea). Delicate silvery rose, shaded with cerise-pink, often silvery pink with peach shading.

Laurent Carle. Brilliant, velvety carmine.

Large globular buds of orange and scarlet, open beautifully into wide flowers of rich yellow, the beautifully into wide flowers of rich yellow, the Los Angeles. Flowers large and continuous, in color a flame-pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of petals.

Lulu. Of particular value and beauty in bud form, they being abnormally long and substantial, with a swarthy orange red color. The flowers open up semi-double or single, brightened by an overflow of salmon pink. \$1.00. Luxemburg. A fine, large, fully double rose of vigorous branching habit, and unusual freedom for the color, which is a rich golden yellow.

Miss Cynthia Forde. Very full flowers; deep rose-pink, shading on back of petals to light pink.

Miss Lollta Armour. The flowers are of large size; fully double, deliciously fragrant, with petals of great substance. Deep coral with a golden and coppery red suffusion; the base of petals a rich golden yellow with copper-red

Mme. Alexandre Dreux.

branches. \$1.00.

An excellent golden yellow of deep tone, with full, shapely flowers on erect





Mme. Butterfly

Mme. Butterfly. A symphony of cream, pink, apricot and gold. The buds are a rich Indian red, yellow at base; a delightful element in the constant mass of bloom.

Mme. Caroline Testout. Silvery rose, deepening at center to pale cherry-red.

Mme. Edouard Herriot. (Per.) A glorious commingling of terra cotta, bronze, geranium red and dull copper; fine, long, pointed buds of coral-red and yellow. Strong, upright growth.

Mme. Jules Bouche. Pure white slightly blushed at center. A fine bedding type.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Deep golden orange, shading to cream; the standard yellow, small-budded "corsage rose." \$1.25.

Mrs. Ambrose Ricardo. Deep yellow. overlaid cream and pink.

Mrs. A. R. Barraclough.

form and vigorous growth; destined to become a garden favorite.

Pure pink, yellow at base of petals; extra fragrant. \$1.50.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell. Very deep, rich apricot-yellow.

Mrs. Chas. Bell. Soft shell pink with a salmon background. It retains its full globular shape an unusually long time.

Mrs. C. W. Edwards. Vivid dark rose with a strong golden suffusion at the high peaked center. Pointed buds, compact flower medium sized. \$1.00.

Mrs. H. R. Darlington. Very shapely buds and flowers of large size and full petalage, waxy cream-white tinctured with yellow at base, fragrant, free-blooming. Plant growth upright, branching and vigorous.

Mrs. Wakefield Christle-Miller. Large, globular bloom, delicately blushed pearl with salmon shadings; the outside a warm suffusion of rose and vermilion.

Unless stated: By mall, 90 cts. each; \$8.50 per 10. By express, collect, \$8.00 per 10; \$70.00 per 100.



**PRICES:** 

#### -80

#### Everblooming Roses-Contd.

**Ophella.** One of the most beautiful and popular, with perfect flowers of distinct form, lavishly produced; white, tinted and shaded with salmon, flesh, rose and vellow.

Pink Pearl. Bright rose-pink with salmon base and red suffusion. \$1.00.

**Premier.** A magnificent variety of large size: deep rose color, with a broad roll to the outer petals.

**Radiance.** Extra hardy, vigorous and prolific; one of the best all-around garden roses. Its color is a beautiful blending of carmine-rose with shades of opal and copper.

Red Radlance. The globular, heavystemmed "Radiance" type; a brilliant crimson.

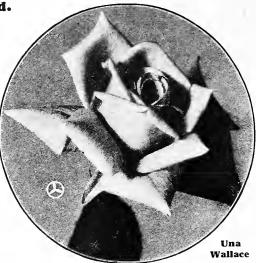
Red Columbia. Brilliant crimsonscarlet, semi-double, extremely free blooming. \$1.00.

Roselandia. Typical Ophelia buds and bloom,

sweetly fragrant, and free; the foliage and habit excellent; rich golden yellow. \$1.00.



satisfactory yellow rose ever produced. A decided and comparatively unfading sun-flower yellow even deeper toned at center. Its flower form is large and full with elongated petals; the buds long and pointed. In growth it is vigorous, erect and branching, with brilliant foliage and almost thornless stems.



Una Wallace. Very desirable habit, form and freedom; color, a soft cherry-rose absolutely unshaded.

White Killarney. A duplicate of the charming pink Killarney, with flowers white as snow.

wilhelm Kordes. See illustration in color on page 2. A magnificent product from crossing "Ophelia" with "Gorgeous." The plant is healthy, with strong, straight shoots and gleaming masses of reddish leaves. The abundant bloom is golden yellow flushed with orange and copper-red when fresh; but a veritable sunset at the close, with a broken background, and straggling rays of red. \$1.00.

william F. Dreer. Soft, silvery shell pink, at times creating a golden illusion through reflection from the base of petals which are definitely gilded. A magnificent vase type at its best as buds, and when half expanded.

Wm. R. Smith (Tea). One of the hardiest and most faithful teas. with strong branching growth and profuse bloom. Creamy white tinged pink and lilac, with a silvery sheen.

Willowmere. (Per.) A robust garden rose of bushy habit, with beautiful buds, very large flowers and lustrous green foliage. Color rich shrimp pink, shaded yellow at center and toning to cream-pink toward base of petals.

PRICES: Unless stated: By mall, 90 cts. ea.; \$8.50 per 10. By express, collect, \$8.00 per 10; \$70.00 per 100.

# HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

Always Dependable

THESE are the "June Roses" so brilliant with perfumed flowers, larger and richer toned than the Everblooming class. Some varieties bloom late in summer and even into autumn. On account of disparity in growth and blooming season, this type should not be included in the same rose bed with the Hybrid Teas. The Harrison Yellow and Persian Yellow are commonly used as specimen "door-yard bushes," and not cut back like the others.

Alfred Colomb. A very perfect blossom, strawberry-red. A very fragrant flower, globular in shape.

Anna de Dlesbach. Brilliant rose-pink; large.
Baron de Bonnstetten. Dark red shaded maroon.
Capt. Hayward. High built; crimson-carmine.

Geo. Arends

Cllo. Satiny blush white, tinged rose pink.

Earl of Dufferin.
Thick-petal globes,
velvety crimson-maroon.

Eugene Furst. Velvety crimson garnet clusters.



Frau Karl Druschkl. The regal "White American Beauty." The distinctive form and expression of its bud, half opened state and maturity are a three-fold revelation of exquisite charm and beauty. Large flowers of waxy paper white in June; yielding their final outburst with the first snow of fall.

Gen. Jacqueminot. ("Jacq. Rose.") The oldest reliable red; free blooming, rich crimson-scarlet.

George Arends. Often called "Pink Druschki." Flowers are deliciously fragrant, large, and of a beautiful pink coloring. Plant vigorous and bears abundantly.

Harrison's Yellow. Bright yellow; early and dependable.

J. B. Clark. Deep scarlet overlaid with crimson.

PRICES: Unless stated: By mall, 80 cts. each; \$7.50 per 10. By express, collect, \$7.00 per 10; \$60.00 per 100.

#### Hybrid Perpetual Roses-Cont'd.



Paul Neyron

Jubilee. Pure red, shading to crimson and maroon.

Magna Charta. Early blooming, bright rose-pink.

Marshall P. Wilder. Bright cherry-carmine, very fragrant.

#### Mme. Albert Barbier.

A magnificent new variety of fully double formation, great freedom, and extra long blooming season. Pearl white suffused with blush pink, the golden apricot glow from base and center richly illuminating. Low compact growth. \$1.00.

Mrs. J. H. Laing. Soft, delicate pink, with satin cast.

Paul Neyron. One of the finest hardy roses ever grown. It blooms intermittently from June to November, on long, smooth, thorn-

less stems, furnishing a vast quantity of uniform flowers 4 to 6 inches across. Color a bright ruddy pink. Particularly good in Autumn.

Persian Yellow. Deep golden yellow; semi-double.

Solell d'Or. Large, full flowers colored gold and orange-yellow, varying to ruddy gold suffused with Nasturtium red.

Uirlch Brunner. Fine form and popular; cherry-red.

PRICES
Unless stated; By mall, 80 cts. each; \$7.50 per 10.
By express, collect, \$7.00 per 10; \$60.00 per 100.

# CLIMBING ROSES HARDY VARIETIES

Including the famous "Rambler Roses" the "Pillar Roses" and the "Japanese Trailing Roses"

OUR yard or garden may be too small to warrant the outlay of space sufficient to express your appreciation of Roses in bush form. Hardy climbing types (which include those modern varieties called "Ramblers") need only a foothold; the long trails will twine and cling to any little trellis assistance, and spread charming clusters over yards of wall space, and will hang in festoons along the eaves of your porch roof.

The evergreen, lustrous, dense and healthy foliage of the Wichuriana species makes them indispensable for ground covering and shallow bedding. They bloom profusely during a long season and brighten the early winter months with conspicuous fruits and still green foliage. Although trailing in tendency, every variety yields readily to upright training.

PRICES Unless stated: By mail, 70 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10. By express, collect, \$6.00 per 10; \$55.00 per 100.



#### Alberic Barbier.

Long, pointed buds of sulphur yellow, opening into handsome creamy white flowers. Growth is rapid, but slender, well clothed with glossy dark green leaves.

#### Albertine.

A vigorous climber with glossy dark

foliage, producing an abundance of sweetly scented, moderately double flowers about four inches in diameter. Their color is variable, in successive combinations of copper, chamois, salmon and pink; with a silvery overcast. \$1.00.

American Pillar. The single flowers range from 2 to 3 menes in maximal arranged in mammoth, evenly rounded clusters.

Brilliant carmine-rose, with distinct cream variegation and yellow stamens at center.

Aviateur Bleriot. Exquisite little buds of saffron yellow shaded apricot; opening to a lighter tone. The bloom occurs in open clusters emitting an unusual magnolia fragrance.

Climbing American Beauty. Healthy foliage and strong growth; the abundant



Crimson Rambler (Type)



#### Climbing Roses-Contd.

Crimson Rambler. The famous crimson clustered climber.

Debutante. Blooms freely under all conditions, presenting a fine show of pure white Trailing. clusters.

Doctor Van Fleet. A mass of beautiful clustered buds, which open out into large, shapely, solitary flowers with stems 12 to 18 inches long; delicate flesh white. **Dorothy Perkins.** The ideal pink rambler; flowers densely quilled and numerous,

a beautiful shell pink. Good foliage and habit.

Eugene Jacquet. Fragrant cherry-red flowers borne profusely in very large clusters. This is a fine rapid climber.

Evergreen Gem. Phenomenal vigor, growing even during the milder periods of Trailing. winter; numerous, creamy white flowers

Excelsa (Red Dorothy Perkins). Radiant, blood-red clusters fairly covering the thrifty vines.

Flower of Fairfield. The "Ever-blooming Crimson Rambler"; commencing to bloom on the first young red shoots.

The tight, very numerous little yellow buds, are beautiful in early summer, the flowers opening up creamy white, jasmine scented. Trailing. Goldfinch. Semi-double, in full clusters; lemon-yellow.

Hlawatha. Small flowers—deep ruby crimson, accentuated by a white eyeuniquely borne in long trails of 40 to 50 blooms.

La Reve. A new yellow pillar rose of deep, unfading color, throwing out beautiful sprays in great abundance during June. Nearly identical with "Star of Persia," but has a longer season of bloom, and by some critics considered better. \$1.00.

Manda's Trlumph. Pure white, very double, in clusters of 10 to 12 each, literally covering the plant. Trailing.

Marie Gouchalt. (New). Clear geranium pink; the clustered form, size, and general habit identical with Dorothy Perkins. \$1.00.

Mary Wallace. Although a good pillar rose, it becomes self-supporting and makes an ideal door-yard bush. The flowers are semidouble, bright clear rose-pink with salmon base. These are often 4 inches wide; appearing intermittently during the season, following their first glorious outburst in late spring.

Papa Gouchalt. Extra hardy, healthy and mildew free. Color holds without fading under all weather conditions; pure crimson, in fine clusters of 15 to 20 handsome flowers.



Paul's Scarlet Climber. Scarlet crimson; large, semi-double, holding after many June bloomers have dropped their petals. Plnk Roamer. Large, single, in striking clusters;

pink, with white center. One of the prettiest ground covers.

Roserle. (Pink Tausendschon). Persistently deep, glowing pink. An excellent forcing variety. Rosa Wichuralana (Memorial Rose). Especially valuable for cemetery planting. Pure white single flowers in July.

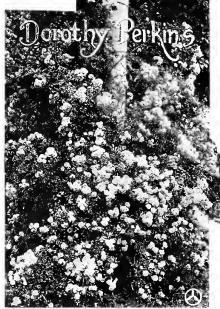
Silver Moon. Four to five inch semidouble flowers; pure white with thick clusters of yellow stamens.

South Orange Perfection. flowers, about 11/2 inches in diameter. White, blush pink at the tips.

Sweetheart. Rosy pink, produced freely and continuing in bloom a long period of time. A thick matting Japanese trailer. Tausendschön. Its innumerable flower clusters make a pretty show; at first soft pink

and white, later deepening to carmine-rose. White Dorothy. A magnificent cluster rose, with good strong virility and climbing habit, the vines a sheet of white during blooming period.

PRICES: Unites states, 70 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10. Unless stated; By mail-By express, collect, \$6.00 per 10; \$55.00 per 100











Lady Reading

Princess Juliana

# HYBRID POLYANTHA

"Fairy" or Baby Rambler Roses

NALLED the "Baby" Ramblers on account of their very short, close growth as compared with the long-known trellis climbers, the clustered flowers being identical. As Pot Plants, the varied types make wonderful forced specimens for winter decoration; In summer, their brilliant clusters lay ribbons of color along the garden borders from June till fall. They seldom grow higher than 18 or 24 inches, and spread never over two feet. For continuous edging, set plants 15 to 18 inches apart.

> PRICE (except noted): By mall, 75 cts, each; \$7.00 per 10. By express, collect, \$6.50 per 10; \$60.00 per 100.

Crimson Baby Rambler. The original of the group. Baby Tausendschon. A prevailing flesh-pink color.

Chatillon Rose. Wonderful sprays of the bound of the flowers which last long in water. The florets average flowers which last long in water. The florets average about 13/4 inches in diameter, each heart-shaped petal distinctly lobed. The color is a charming silvery crimson fading away to flushed white at the center. Ellen Poulsen. A very free and vigorous type, with large, full, sweet-scented clusters of dark pink.

Erna Teschendorf. Deep unfading crimson.

Girlie. A charming new variety with heart-shaped petals; at first a warm red, opening up as a deep pink modified daintily by the revealed golden center, and a distinct small white aureole.

Golden Salmon. The newest polyantha, and one of the most attractive. The flowers are large, semi-double, thickly clustered, and never missing throughout the entire season. Color a beautiful red-salmon overlaid with a sheen of orange and gold, the light eye daintily conspicuous. \$1.25.

Ideal. Notable for its phenomenal quality of bloom, and rich garnet-red color. Lady Reading. The splendid forcing and bedding type so well known and appreciated in "Ellen Poulsen," is carried on by this new variety, with larger and more perfect flowers, the color a strong unmixed, unfading cherry-red. MISS Edith Cavell. Crimson, with distinct white eye.

Orange King. A novel break from the usual polyantha colors, this new variety being a strong orange-salmon shade. The trusses are large, with beautiful ruffled florets.

Red Orleans. The red is a deeper shade and more prevalent, the white center being consequently less distinct.

Princess Juliana. Outdoors, just another good pretty pink and white dwarf bedder; but indoors, forced for sprays or for pot-bloom, its beauty is irresistible. A dainty combination of maiden blush, peach pink and ivory, the florets prettily waved and strung along the muchbranched sprays in joyous abandon.

Triomphe Orleanaise. Much the same shade of crimson as Baby Rambler, but larger flowered.

Thickly clustered, good sized cupshaped florets, brilliant, pleasing Verdun. shade of cherry-crimson.

Before going on—did you carefully note the large caliper sizes offered for quick effect in your favorite lawn and shade trees? If you missed the Flowering Cherries, better turn back; some varieties are real novelties.

# **RUGOSA ROSES**

Rosa Rugosa and Its Hybrids

A valuable perfectly hardy type much used in landscape work, agreeable to location in partial shade; the heavy wood and shrubby formation adapting it to hedges and hardy borders, or to mixed shrubbery groups. The foliage is lustrous, dark green, usually corrugated, and is impervious to attacks of insect pests. Flowers are borne in clusters of varying size and construction, and are succeeded by winter persistent fruits.

PRICE: Unless stated:

By mall, 80 cts. each; \$7.50 per 10,

By express, collect, \$7.00 per 10; \$60.00 per 100.

Rosa Rugosa Rubra. Single flowers, rosy crimson; orange-scarlet fruits.

Mail 70 cts.; \$6.50 per 10.

Express, collect, \$6.00 per 10; \$50.00 per 100.

Rosa Rugosa Alba. Pure white.

Agnes Emily Carman. Flowers large, semi-double; rich crimson.

Amelle Gravereaux. A strong, shrubby, very hardy new variety, which bears its medium sized flowers in groups of several, intermittently throughout the summer. Double, fragrant, purplish-red.



Rosa Rugosa Rubra

Anthony Waterer. Semi-double flowers of deep crimson; a good landscape variety.

Belle Poltevine. Every tip laden with immense pink bouquets.

Chas. Fred'k. Worth. Attractive, deep green foliage, denser and darker than the other Hybrids; flowers deep crimson with carmine shadings; fairly double.

#### Rugosa Roses-Contd.

Conrad Ferd. Meyer. An early flowering Hybrid combining the ornamental qualities of its Rugosa foliage with the blossom beauty and perfume of the Hybrid Perpetuals. Flowers large, cup-shaped and double; of a delicate silvery pink.

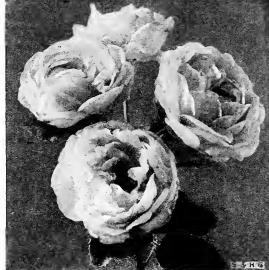
F. J. Grootendorst. ("The Baby Rambler Rugosa Rose.") Typical rugosa foliage, health and habit, of compactly bushing, moderate growth; but revealing its baby rambler cross-derivation in the form, color and season of its bloom. Not only suitable for association with medium shrubs, like other rugosas, but on account of its remarkable bloom and superior bush character, deserves more prominent exhibition, either as a single specimen or in a separate massed group. The bloom is in clusters of over-sized,

fairly double red flowers resembling the Crimson Baby Rambler, which, like this type, produces from early summer till fall. 90 cts.

Hansa. A showy hybrid with abundant large, double, reddish-violet flowers; rampant growth.

Mme. Georges Bruant. Semi-double pure white, produced freely in showy clus-

Parfum de L'Hay. Bright red flowers very freely borne. The unusual charm of this for the making of attar of roses



Conrad F. Meyer

new variety lies in its intense, exquisite perfume. This quality gives it commercial value

Pink Grootendorst. Habit and engracted like has placed clusters is a clear light shell pink. \$1.00. Habit and character like its parent but the color of the fringy



#### **VARIOUS ROSE SPECIES—ROSA**

Pretty single flowers, and large, bright-colored berries which cling far into the winter. They are largely utilized for planting among shrubs and to cover waste ground and fences.

Moyesi. Similar in tall, expansive habit and acacia-like foliage to Rosa Hugonis, but the striking single flowers are blood-red, in June. \$1.00.

Multiflora. Strong growing, with long arching canes covered with white clusters in June.

Rosa Rubrifolia. An attractive, shrubby bush type furnishing a valuable foliage display of dark bronze-red leaves. When in bloom, it is brightly spangled with a profusion of small single rose-pink flowers. \$1.00.

Setigera. Useful for massing in picturesque hillside brambles; as borders to to wildwood drives; as filling for dead corners; and with equal harmony, as a congenial mixer with shrubs and in single specimens. Setigera is a good fence and trellis climber, or occasional clipping will make a satisfactory bush. Large single flowers of rose pink.

PRICES: Unless stated; by mail—70 cts. each; \$6.50 per 10. by express, collect—\$6.00 per 10; \$55.00 per 100.

TREE or STANDARD ROSES

Grootendorst

We presume most of our patrons understand that Tree Roses consist of a single upright stem topgrafted to some reliable variety. This reveals all the foliage and all the bloom in a rounded clump at the top of a 4-foot stem. They are very useful as borders to walks in a formal garden, or in any location where the show of bloom is desired at an elevation of from 3 to 5 feet. We offer then in Pink, Red. White and Yellow-all free

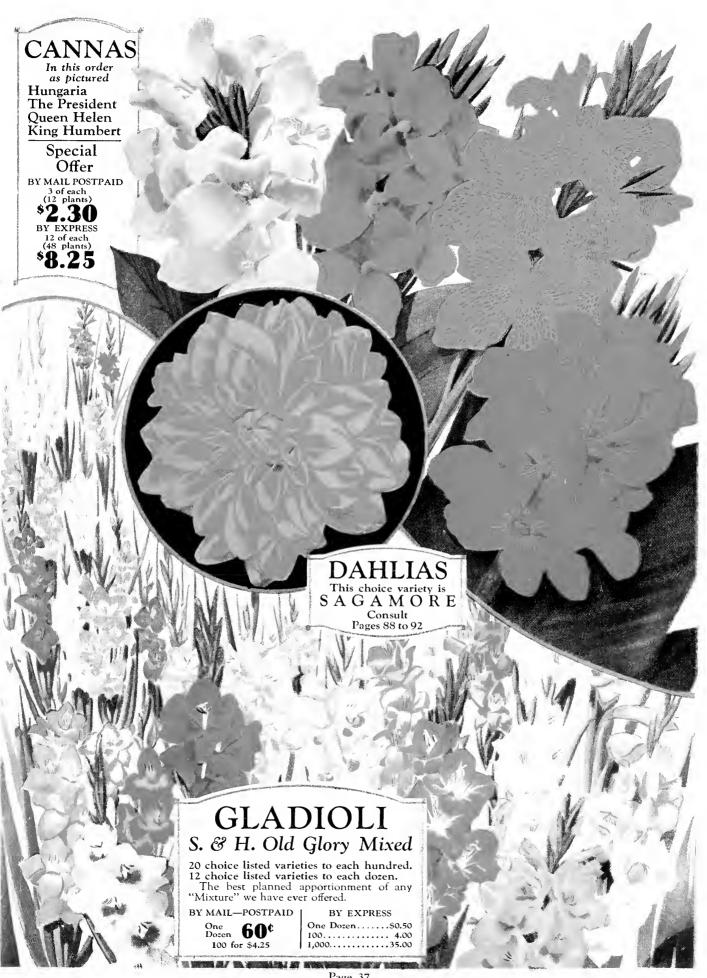
blooming varieties. By express collect, \$3.00 each.

Rosa Hugonis

## THE GOLDEN ROSE of CHINA

Hugonis. One of the recent sensational discoveries in horticulture. A dense rose bush of medium shrub proportions, well adapted to either specimen or mass planting in the foreground of shrub groups. All season its refined acacia-like foliage, through which gleam the red-maroon canes and hairy bristles of new growth—is delightful; but the best show is when May converts its innumerable buds into a shimmering mound of gold. The 2-inch flowers are single, flat to cup shaped, with charming stamen tufts at center; set snugly full length of last year's arching canes. Their color is bright and noticeable, ranging in shades of yellow from deep gold to canary.

Long, densely flowered wands may be cut liberally for table and other house decoration without detriment to the general landscape effect of a sizeable bush. By mail 90 cts. each; \$8.50 per 10. By express collect, \$8.00 per 10; \$75.00 per 100.



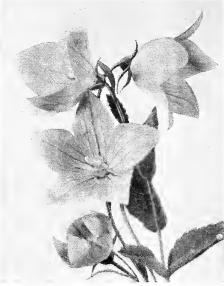
# POPULAR ROCK GARDEN AND HARDY BORDER PLANTS See Rock Garden information, pages 39-40; and Special Offer of subjects pictured below, on page 39



Lychnis Viscaria Splendens. See page 59



Aquilegias or "Columbine." See page 48



Platycodon Mariesi. See page 63



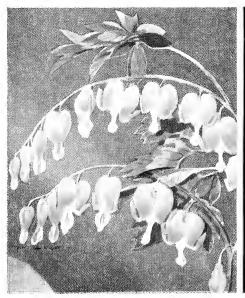
Funkia Undulata Variegata. See page 53



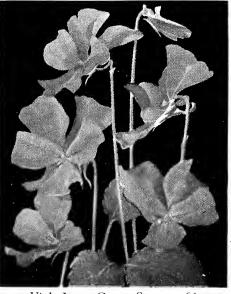
Achillea Boule de Niege. See page 48



Geums. See page 53



"Bleeding Heart" (Dicentra.) See page 53



Viola Jersey Gem. See page 64 Page 38



Veronica Rupestris. See page 64

# ROCK GARDENS—The New Vogue in Gardening

### How to Make a Rock Garden



VERYBODY is making rock gardens these days. Even on the small lot there is some place where a tiny rock garden may be tucked away; the compactness of a rock garden is one of its charms. There is no end to the interesting combinations of rocks and plants. Pygmy mountains,

Lilliputian valleys, can be built of rugged rocks; a trickle of water pretend a mountain torrent, losing itself in a mirror pool.

Location. A spot in full light and air, away from shade trees, is best. Any slope, too, can be used. Transforming into a rock garden is often the happiest treatment for a slope. Take advantage of any outcrop of natural rock about your grounds.

Planning. Make your rock garden a reproduction of nature in miniature. Strive for natural surroundings for rockloving plants. While there is charm in unusual layouts, orderly arrangements of rocks and planting is most pleasing. Your rock garden may be just a wall, or large enough for ridges, valleys and even bogs. Picture the finished form before starting construction. The plan may be anything fancy dictates but when possible it should have steps and paths about it. Irregular paths are most interesting, with walks following the valleys.

Rocks. The best rocks to use are those between the round or boulder type and the flat or flagstone type. Save the latter for walks and steps. Rocks should not all be of the same size; a few large ones add effectiveness. Too many small stones make the effect spotty and unnatural.

Soils. Usually a prepared soil of equal parts (1) vegetable fiber; (2) garden loam, free from clay; and (3) sharp, coarse sand, is best. Vegetable fiber may be leaf mold, old sod, or turf from the woods, if well decayed. In cities it is easy to procure prepared peat fibers. Barn-yard manure is too rich and heavy for rock plants.

Choose and place rocks so that there is more plant surface than rock in the finished effect. Place them as naturally as possible; long rocks nearly horizontal and parallel to face of the slope.

As each rock is laid, ram the soil back, around and beneath it; use no cement. Four factors in the success of rock work are—(1) Place each stone so it is anchored firmly. Stones above help hold those below. (2) Slope horizontal crevices downward into bank. (3) Rocks uptilted let rain run down into crevice; tilt back 10° to 45° or more. (4) In walls, set each higher rock back of the lower, giving the face of the wall a backslope; thus giving plants water, air, light and room. Consider direction of ground drainage and lay stones across valleys to prevent soil washing away. See diagram Page 40.



A slope is an ideal site for a rock garden. The out-cropping rocks look quite natural in this picture. Note the flagstone steps almost buried by sedums and other creeping rock plants.

### Rock Plant Offers

Specially selected groups of the most popular rock plants—offering pleasing contrasts in foliage and flower. See rock plant list on page 40.

(\*) Varieties marked thus below are shown in color on page 38.

#### Offer A

Plant	s Variety	Color
3	*Aquilegias (asst'd)	Various
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 6	*Funkia Variegata	Blue
3	*Lychnis Viscaria Spl.	Pink
3	Cerastrium Tomentosum	White
3	Campanula Carpatica	Blue
3	Armeria Formosa	Pink
3	Dianthus Plumarius	White
3	Heuchera	Pink
3	Sedum Spurium Coccineum	Red
3	Allyssum	Yellow
	*Viola Jersey Gem	Violet
12	Lily of the Valley	White
3	Thymus	Yellow
3	Sempervivum	Red
54 PI	ANTS, \$11.00 Value, By mail, postpaid	\$10.00

#### Offer B

	<u>-</u>	
Plant		Color
3	*Achillea Boule de Niege	White
3	*Dicentra Spectabilis	Pink
3	Thalyctrum Adiantifolium	White
3 3 3	*Geum, Lady Stratheden	Yellow
3	Sempervivum	Red
	Sedum.Acre	Yellow
3	Myosotis Palustris	Blue
3	*Veronica Rupestris Rosea	Pink
	LANTS, \$6.50 Value,	\$5 OO
Ŧ	By mail, postpaid	* <b>J.Y</b> U

#### Offer C

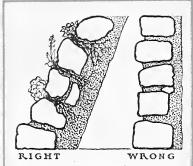
2		Olici C	
	Plant		Color
	3	*Platycodon Mariesi	Blue
	3	*Geum, Mrs. Bradshaw	Red
-	3	Cheiranthus Allioni	Orange
	3	Dianthus Deltoides	Pink
	3	Phlox Subulata Rosea	Pink
ľ	3	Thymus	Pink or Red
	3	Viola Admiration	Wine
ì	3	*Veronica Rupestris Nana	Blue
	24 PI	LANTS, \$5.70 Value,	SE 15
	Ŧ	By mail, postpaid for	<sup>*</sup> 3.13

#### Offer D



Right: How a home owner with little space has made the best of his opportunity for a charming rock garden and pool. Nestled among the rocks are various rock plants and dwarf evergreens that, all together, make this a most attractive and unusual development.





These cross-section views show the right and wrong way to lay up rock walls, as described on page 39.

# **Rock Plants and Planting**

Planting. Plant rock plants in spring. Planting in crevices is best done during construction, but most planting can be done any time after construction. In rock planting the point is to spread roots out, firmly in contact with soil. Some watering may be needed until plant becomes established. Keep out all weeds.

Choice of Plants. To help you choose dependable plants we list, from our stock of hardy perennials, those best for rock planting. In making your choice and planting consider height, color, and adaptability of the various plants. In our list the plants marked (†) are adapted for crevices in walls and paved areas. Those marked (\*) have foliage more or less evergreen. Include a number of these in your planting.

Tufted plants, with rosette of foliage with short flower stalk

Tufted plants, with rosette of foliage with short flower stalk above, such as the Heucheras and Saxifraga, are best suitable for small crevices. Dwarf, erect plants such as Aster Mauve Cushion, and Anemone Pulsatilla, are good for flat areas, above creeping sorts. Let drooping plants hang down over

above creeping sorts. Let face of the rock; they are best near top of the slope. Drooping plants, too, are fine for foliage bulk, for

luxuriance, and for covering banks. A few of the best drooping types are Allysum Saxatile, Cerastrum Tomentosum, Iberis Sempervirens, Phlox Subulata and Campanula Carpatica. For creeping plants to form mats on ground and carpeting walks, use Veronica Rupestris, Dianthus Deltoides and Thymus in variety. The list below will suggest many other delightful plants.

For large rock gardens, dwarf forms of the evergreens, rich as the Savin Juniper, the Muglio Pine, and others will make picturesque back-

Savin Juniper, the Muglio Pine, and others will make picturesque backgrounds. Certain of the Azaleas, the Garland Flower (Daphne) and almost all of the smaller flowering shrubs are both suitable and desirable in building up the background or in establishing height at places where needed.

All the plants listed below as well as those illustrated on page 38, are perennial, of the type best adapted to rock work, but do not demand it. They are equally suitable for edging borders of other plants in the conventional garden or for tucking into little nooks and corners where they will be welcome.



This rock garden was constructed just outside the living room, adjacent to a terrace,

## List of Worthy ROCK PLANTS Easy to Grow

NAME	Height	Color	Blooms	Prices			
	- Tiergine		Biodiis	3	Doz.	100	
*Achillea Tomentosa	6- 8 in.	Yellow	July to Sept.	\$0.75	\$2.50	\$15.00	
Achillea Boule de Neige	18 in.	White	June to September	.75	2.50	15.00	
†*Allysum—in variety	15 in.	Yellow	All summer	.75	2.50	18.00	
Anemone Pulsatilla	9-12 in.	Violet	April & May	.85	3.00	20.00	
Aquilegia—in variety	2- 3 ft.	Various	Late Spring	75	2.50	17.00	
†Arabis Alpina	12 in.	White	May	.75	2.50	18.00	
Armeria Formosa	12-15 in.	Pink	Spring to Fall	.75	2.50	16.00	
Aster Mauve Cushion	9-10 in.	Silver	November	1.00	3.50	25.00	
*Aubretia—in variety	12 in.	Blue, White	Spring	.75	2.50		
Baptisia Australis	2 ft.	Dark Blue	June	.75	2.50	15.00	
Campanula Carpatica	8 in.	Blue, White	June & July	.60	2.00	15.00	
Campanula Persicifolia	1½-2 ft.	Blue, White	June & July	.60	2.00	15.00	
Catananche Caerulea	2-ft.	Blue	July & August	.75	2.50	15.00	
†Cerastium Tomentosum	12 in.	White	Early Summer	.75	2.50	18.00	
Cheiranthus Allioni	12 in.	Orange	Early Summer	:75	2.50	18.00	
	12 in.			75	2.50	15.00	
Dianthus Caesius Grand.	15 in.	Rose Pink	June & July	:60	2.00	13.00	
†Dianthus Deltoides			May to July				
†Dianthus Plumarius Semp.	18 in.	Mixed	All Summer	.60	2.00	13.00	
Dicentra Eximea	18 in.	Pink	All Summer	.75	2.50	18.00	
Dicentra Spectabilis	2 ft.	Pink	May	1.35	5.00		
Funkia Alba	2 ft.	White	August	1.00	3.50	25.00	
Funkia Variegata	18 in.	Blue	June & July	.85	3.00	18.00	
Geums—in variety	18 in.	Scarlet, Yellow	June & July	.85	3.00	20.00	
Gypsophila Repens	6 in.	White	June & July	.75	2.50	18.00	
Helianthemum Mutabile	12 in.	Pink	April	.75	2.50	18.00	
*Heuchera—in variety	15-24 in.	Pink	June to August	1.00	3.50	25.00	
*Iberis—in variety	12 in.	White	April & May	.85	3.00	20.00	
Lily of the Valley	8 in.	White	May & June		.60	3.60	
Lychnis Chalcedonica	2 ft.	Scarlet	June & July	.75	2.50	16.00	
Lychnis Viscaria Splendens	2 ft.	Crimson	Junė & July	.75	2.50	18.00	
Lychnis Viscaria fl. pl.	2 ft.	DoubleCrimson	June & July	.85	3.00	20.00	
Myosotis Palustris	12 in.	Blue	All Summer	.60	2.00	15.00	
*Nepeta Mussini	12 in.	Blue	All Summer	.85	3.00	20.00	
*Pachysandra	12 in.	White	Foliage plant		2.50	15.00	
*Phlox Subulata	10 in.	Pink or White	April & May	.60	2.00	15.00	
Platycodon	18-30 in.	Blue	June to October	.60	2.00	15.00	
Polyanthus	6-12 in.	Mixed	Spring	.85	3.00	22.00	
Primula—in variety	6-12 in.	Various	Spring	.85	3.00	22.00	
Saponaria Oxymoides	12 in.	Pink	June & July	1 .75	2.50	15.00	
Saxifraga Cordifolia	12-15 in.	Pink	April & May	1.00	3.50	15.00	
t*Sedums—in variety	4-24 in.	Various	Various	1 .75	2.50	15.00	
*Sempervivum Arachnoideum	6 in.	Red	May & June	75	2.50	18.00	
Silene Schafta	4- 6 in.	Pink	July to October	75	2.50	17.00	
Thalyctrum Adiantifolium	12-15 in.	White	June	.60	2.00	15.00	
†*Thymus—in variety	4- 6 in.	Various	June & July	.85	3.00	22.00	
†Tunica Saxifraga	Tiny		All Common and	75	2.50	18.00	
Trumca Saxiriaga	2-24 in.	Pink	All Summer				
t*Veronica—in variety	8 in.	Various	Various	-85	3.00	20.00	
*Vinca Minor		Blue	June	.50	1.70	12.00	
Viola—in variety	6-8 in.	Various	All Summer	.60	2.00	14.00	
Viola Jersey Gem	6- 8 in.	Violet	All Summer	.75	2.50	18.00	

\*Plants with foliage more or less evergreen. †Suitable for crevices of walls and paved areas.

## How to Plan the Outdoor Living Room

### A feature of the modern home grounds made possible through planting

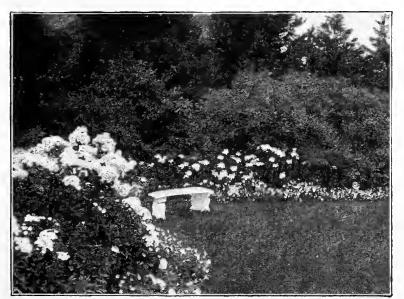
VEN the very small lot affords some space for the development of an outdoor living room, usually in back of the house, at the rear of the lot. No matter how much space is involved, the ideas for expression are just the same; through planting, we wish to create an attractive outdoor room for the enjoyment of the home owner, his family and friends.

First establish the boundaries or limits of the room-to-be. Try and have it adjacent to the living rooms of the house and easily accessible from them. Then plan the walls of the planting so as to define the room, screen out unpleasant views, and ensure privacy. Let this wall be made up of trees, shrubs and evergreens in an impenetrable border, irregular in its sky line, clear around the room, as shown in the illustration opposite.

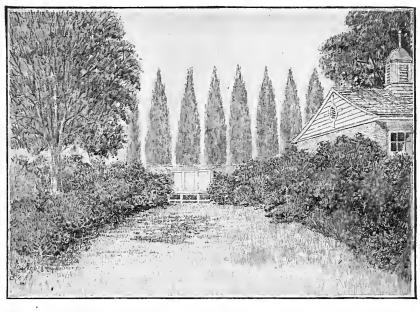
In the corners and desired high points, use tall growing shrubs such as Honeysuckle, Lilacs, Viburnums and Mock Oranges. For a very narrow and high screen use Lombardy Poplars. Medium high screens are best secured by planting right in the border, such low-growing trees as Mountain Ash, Flowering Cherries, Flowering Crabs and Hawthorns. A few of these should be included wherever space permits, for their ornamental value in foliage, flowers and fruits.

Leave the center of the space open for circulation; although shade trees may be located wherever needed. In locating shade trees, place them

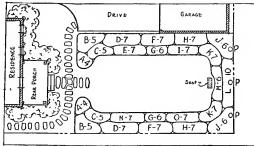
where their shade will fall in the right spot during the hours when the outdoor living room will be used the most. Provide color and flowers by planting hardy perennials in front of the shrubs, around the edge of the border. Spring flowering shrubs and bulbs can be depended upon to provide a galaxy of color in April; Iris, Columbines, Peonies in May and June, Phlox in July and August, Asters and Chrysanthemums in September and October. There are innumerable other plants to fill in between these key plantings, for a continuous parade of color.



Flowers give a touch of gaiety to the outdoor Living Room-Plant plenty of them



Any home grounds will be more attractive—more enjoyable—with a space set off and developed with planting into an Outdoor Living Room



Planting Plan for Outdoor Living Room Shown Above Plan No. 18

THIS planting serves not only to delight the eye, but the tall-growing outer fringe effectually screens from view possibly obnoxious neighboring conditions; throws refreshing summer shade, and maintains a desirable privacy for enjoyment by your family. The inner lines inject bright color and piquant foliage types; and being of low growth, add variety without obstruction.

With this plan as a basis you may easily work out a plan to fit your requirements. Herein lies half of the joy of planting—doing it yourself and expressing your own ideas.

A— 8 Barberry Thunbergi, 18 to 24 in\$	2.40
B—10 Spirea Opulifolia Aurea, 3 to 4 ft	5.00
C—10 Weigela Rosea Nana Var., 2 to 3 ft	5.00
D—14 Weigelas—Assorted, 3 to 4 ft	8.40
E— 7 Spirea Froebeli, 18 to 24 in	2.80
F-Garage side-7 Viburnum Americanum, 3 to 4 ft	5.60
G—Garage side—6 Rosa Rugosa Rubra, 2-year	3.60
H—Garage side—7 Forsythia Fortunei, 3 to 4 ft	3.50
I—Garage side—7 Honeysuckle Korolkowi, 2 to 3 ft	4.90
J—Garage side—6 Common Purple Lilac, 3 to 4 ft	3.60
F— 7 Altheas, assorted, 3 to 4 ft	3.85
C 6 Puddleig Frankeri 2	
G— 6 Buddleia Farquhari, 2-year	2.40
H— 7 Forsythia Intermedia, 3 to 4 ft	3.50
J-4 French Lilacs, assorted, 3 to 4 ft	5.00
K—14 Desmodium, 2-year	7.00
L—14 Philadelphus Virginal, 3 to 4 ft	7.50
M—15 Ibolium Privet, 2 to 3 ft	3.00
	2.80
O— 7 Sorbaria Sorbifolia, 2 to 3 ft	3.50
P- 3 Lombardy Poplars, 10 to 12 ft	4.05
- Domourdy Populato, To to 12 tttttttttttt	
166 Shrubs, Catalog Price\$8	7.40

L930 BARG

\$78.00



#### Handsome Root-Balled

# **EVERGREENS**

#### To Dress Up Your Grounds

Globe Arbor Vitae

### Adding Dignity to Summer, and Colorful Life to Winter Scenes

UR Evergreens are all carefully grown, at good distances for symmetrical development, are root and top-pruned into handsome, shapely specimens that will transplant successfully to new homes with ordinary care. We pack them so that the root-fibers are well protected and will reach their destination in good growing condition. If planters will continue this care to keep the fibers from drying out by exposure to air and sun until the stock is planted, success is reasonably sure.

Planting season for spring from April 10 to May 15, for fall from about August 15 to October 10, depending on season and

All Evergreen Trees will be carefully dug with ball of earth about the roots and tightly sewed in burlap and will stand transportation and transplanting with little risk of loss. In planting it is not necessary to remove the burlap. Follow the planting chart on page 43. The "Mall Size" Evergreens are quite small, lifted without ball, packed in moist root-wrappings, and their weight when so packed for shipment by mail, not excessive.

Balled Evergreens are Heavy. Please do not overlook the fact that Evergreen trees dug with a proper sized ball of earth, are very heavy compared to their size, and must be packed for safety in strong heavy boxes. This makes Express charges on long hauls often more than the cost of the trees. It is important, therefore, that you

should state definitely how to ship.

Type of Berckman's, Hovey's, Oriental

When dry weather comes in the latter part of June, July, August and early September it is advisable to water newly planted evergreens, especially for the first two or three years after transplanting.

When watering becomes a necessity, do not water every day, but at intervals of once a week or ten days. A thorough soaking twice a week is far more beneficial than a daily sprinkling of the top soil.

#### ARBOR VITAE—[Thuya]

American (White Cedar). Erect, broadly pyramidal habit, with soft bright green foliage dense from ground up; grows rapidly and soon forms a most beautiful tree for any purpose. Like other types of Arbor Vitae, the American can be trimmed at will, or even closely sheared when sufficiently developed

ю	present	iormai	$_{ m mes}$	as	a neag	e.
	•				Each	Per 10
2	to $2\frac{1}{2}$	feet			.\$2.50	\$22.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	2 to 3	feet			. 3.25	27.50
3	to 4	feet		<b>.</b>	. 4.25	40.00
	to 5					55.00
5	to 6	feet			. 8.00	

Mail Size—35 cts.; 5 for \$1.25

Berckman's Golden. A very compact, dense slow-growing dwarf type valuable for foregrounds and edging. The flattened leaf-clusters face outwards edgewise, presenting a beautiful surface of vertical fluted lines. The color is that fresh, bright, yellow tone of green found in Hovey's Golden, but much brighter, and is always conspicuous. 15 to 18 inches, \$3.75; 18 to 21 inches, \$4.50.

Compacta (Parsons). Dwarf, dense little trees with light green foliage, neat and attractive. Useful for beds, borders, cemeteries or low growing hedges. 15 to 18 inches, \$2.00; 18 to 21 inches, \$3.00; 21 to 24 inches, \$4.25.

Mail Size—60 cts. each; 3 for \$1.50.

Douglas Golden. One of the hardiest. Broad bushy growth with slender branches and bright yellow foliage.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet, \$3.25; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.50;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$5.50.

Ellwangerlana. A low, broad tree with slender branches, and feathery foliage. 18 to 21 inches, \$2.50 each; 21 to 24 inches, \$3.00 each; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.00 each. Mail Size—60 cts. each; 3 for \$1.50.

Ericoides. (Heath-Leaved Arbor Vitae.) A very pretty, dense little shrub of the Tom Thumb type, adding a purplish shade during winter. 15 to 18 inches, \$2.00; 18 to 21 inches, \$2.75.

Globosa. Forms a dense, low, natural globe. 15 to 18 inches, \$2.25.

Mail Size—60 cts. each; 3 for \$1.50.

Hovey's Golden. A beautiful small evergreen distinctive in shape and color, of valuable utility. It has the same leaf character and color described for Berckman's, but grows enough larger to make a splendid foundation screen beneath the house windows, or a medium filler between columnar trees. Its brilliant color harmonizes with all other types, and is con-

spicuous against either dark or light backgrounds. 18 to 21 inches, \$2.75; 10 for \$25.00; 21 to 24 inches, \$3.50; 10 for \$32.50, 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.50; 10 for \$40.00. Mail Size—60 cts. each; 3 for \$1.50.



#### ARBOR VITAE—Cont'd.



Lutea (George Peabody). A moderate upright grower, the golden tinge diffusing itself deeply into the foliage. Much used to obtain color contrast. 1½ to 2 feet, \$3.00; 2 to 2½ feet, \$4.00. 2½ to 3 feet, \$5.00.

Oriental. A comparatively low, broadly pyramidal tree, native of Asia. Its color is a refreshing yellowish green similar to Hovey's, although dulling to bronzy green in winter.

2 to 2½ feet, \$2.75; \$25.00 per 10. 2½ to 3 feet,\$4.00; \$37.50 per 10. 3 to 4 feet, \$5.50; \$50.00 for 10. 4 to 5 feet, \$6.50. 5 to 6 feet, \$8.00. Mail Size—60 cts. each; 3 for \$1.50.

Pumila. Dwarf, dense, formal acorn shape; very useful as low pointers on cemetery lots, garden beds or in the foreground of evergreen plantings. Color is luminous dark green.

15 to 18 inches, \$2.25; 18 to 21 inches, \$3.00. 21 to 24 inches, \$4.25.

Pyramidalis. A densely columnar type, most compact and erect of the entire species, at 12 feet high averaging 24 to 30 inches in diameter. Foliage a deep green, retaining color. The

Arbor Vitae Pyramidalis most popular pyramid for flanking the stoops in colonial architecture. (Shown in color on

page 147.)	Mail Size—ou cts. each; 5 for \$1.50.
,	Each Per 10
2 to 21/2	feet\$3.00 \$27.50
21/2 to 3	feet 3.75 35.00
	feet 5.25 47.50
	feet
5 to 6	feet 9.00
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Siberian. A superb hardy variety, somewhat similar to American, with heavier and fuller foliage and more compact habit; bears trimming well. This variety is extensively used for backgrounds in foundation plantings, where dense bushiness is required, rather than height. Per 10

	101 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet\$2.50	\$22.50
2 to 2½ feet 3.50	30.00
2½ to 3 feet	40.00
3 to 4 feet 6.50	60.00
Mail Size—60 cts.; 3 for \$1.50.	

Tom Thumb. A very small, compact evergreen, with very fine feathery foliage of somewhat purplish hue. Makes a beautiful ornament for a small yard or cemetery lot; fine for low hedges.

12 to 15 inches, \$1.50; 15 to 18 inches, \$2.00. Mail Size—40 cts.; 3 for \$1.00.

Vervaeneana. Erect habit and form like the American, with golden variegated foliage.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet, \$2.75; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$3.50.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$4.50; 3 to 4 feet, \$6.00.

**CYPRESS—Cupressus** 

Nutkaensis. (Nootka Sound Cypress). A choice broadly pyramidal evergreen with glaucous green (or slate blue) leaves and spreading, curving branches drooping at the tips. Perfectly

2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$5.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$6.00.

FIR-Abies

White Fir (A. Concolor). A picturesque Colorado species; long leathery leaves, with glaucous tinge when young, becoming pale green with age. Branches arranged in horizontal whorls. broad-based, tapering tree making a splendid

2 to 2½ feet, \$6.00 each.

Mail Size—75 cts.; 3 for \$2.00.

Douglas (Pseudo-tsuga Douglasi). Very tall growing with red-brown bark. Leaves light green above, glaucous below. Of thickly conical form, spreading branches, and pendulous branchlets. Much used for lawn specimens. 2 to 2½ feet, \$4.50; 2½ to 3 feet, \$5.50. 3 to 4 feet, \$7.00.





Fir-Abies

#### How to Plant Evergreens

Dig hole a foot larger and deeper than ball of earth. Provide good, loamy top soil to fill around ball.



TED MANURE

**HEMLOCK** [Tsuga Canadensis]

EARTH, OR BETTER MULCH WITH STRAWY WELL ROT-

The best evergreen in heavy shade; and both beautiful and dependable wherever used. Its refined foliage is lacy, close-set and darkly lustrous, in rather flat fronds which droop gracefully. Although capable of great height, it is best known as a moderate grower adapted to severe pruning; used at corner; or as foundation screens; or in formally sheared high hedges.

2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.50;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$6.00. 3 to 4 feet, \$7.50.

#### JUNIPER [Juniperus]

Canadensis. A very hardy, dense, grayish-green type of especial value in rockeries and for ground The main branches are usually covering. numerous, and procumbent; well furnished with upright branchlets. Seldom over four feet high.

18 to 24 inch spread, \$2.75; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$3.75. Chinese (J. Chinensis). One of the most ornamental Junipers for the lawn or garden. Pyramidal or columnar outline, foliage of a pleasing grayish green color when fresh, maturing to real dark green. Adaptable to extremes of temperature and association with varying sorts. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$5.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$6.00.

Greek (J. Exceisa). Compactly columnar, making tall, handsome specimens of continuing fresh green color.

 $\overline{2}$  to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$3.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$3.75.

3 to 4 feet, \$5.00. Mail Size—50 cts.; 3 for \$1.25.

Horizontalis. A handsome, serviceable ground covering type of closely radiating habit, the foliage more thread-like and distended than in Tamariscifolia, yet denser and more prostrate than Waukegan; the color a fresh gray green.

Sizes given mean **spread**.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet, \$3.25; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.00. Mail Size—75 cts.; 3 for \$2.00.

Horizontalis Glauca. Like the above except its color is a distinct, bright steel blue. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.50;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$5.50. 3 to 4 feet, \$7.00.

Frequent cultivation is the secret of moisture conservation. When watering becomes a necessity, do not water every day. Water at intervals of once a week or ten days. A thorough soaking twice a week is far more beneficial than a daily sprinkling of the top soil.

#### 44

#### JUNIPER—Contd.

Irish. Erect, slender and formal in habit; foliage sage green, very compact; making a splendid column eventually 15 to 20 feet high; much used in

Each	Per 10
1½ to 2 feet\$2.00	\$17.50
2 to 2½ feet	
2½ to 3 feet	
Mail Size—Each 60 ets.: 3 for \$1.50.	



Pfitzer's Juniper

Pfitzeriana. One of the most striking of all evergreens. The branches progress spirally along the trunk at a 45-degree angle, thereby making a good "filler"; or standing alone, it acquires the symmetry of a broken column. The branches are long and whiplike, densely furnished, very dark green; the first new growth thickly studding the expanse like silver beads.

	Each	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet	.\$4.00	\$37.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet	. 5.00	47.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet	. 6.00	55.00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet	. 7.50	
Mail Size—Each \$1.00; 3 fo	or \$2.50	) <b>.</b>

Savin. Handsome moss green foliage; adapted to use as a filler in Evergreen

groups, or as a dwarf ground cover. 18 to 24 inches, \$3.50; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.25;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$5.25.

Mail Size—75 cts.; 3 for \$2.00.

Swedish (J. Suecica). growing, of formal, columnar habit. One of the hardiest and most reliable pillar types. The foliage is dense, fairly broad, with drooping tips; in color glaucous green somewhat lighter and bluer than the Irish

Juniper. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$3.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$3.75; 3 to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.75.

Mail Size—60 cts.; 3 for \$1.50. Dwarf Swedish (J. Suecica Nana). A dwarf variety, compact in habit, hardy; foliage light

green, not changing in winter.

2 to 2½ feet, \$2.75; 2½ to 3 feet, \$3.50;

3 to 3½ feet, \$4.50.

Mail Size—60 cts.; 3 for \$1.50.

Tamariscifolia (Tamarix-leaved). A beautiful trailing form of Savin, with bluish green foliage. The construction is dense and very fine like the tamarix foliage, especially attractive when showing new growth.

18 to 24 inches spread, \$4.00. 2 to 2½ feet, \$4.75. Virginiana (Red Cedar). A



well known American tree, with fine, dense foliage, varying in habit and color, the majority being formal and bluntly conical. Makes a fine tree for planting on each side of an entrance or in back of low growing varieties. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$3.00.

2½ to 3 feet, \$4.00; 3 to 3½ feet, \$5.00. Virginiana Cannarti. A newly derived type resembling Schotti in leaf and character, midway in color between the pronounced yellowish green of that variety and the darkness of Virginiana.

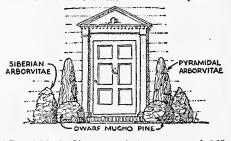
 $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$5.50.

Virginiana Giauca (Blue Cedar). Unlike so many varieties it is not at all formal, but without losing general compactness, its irregularity of spread is uniquely attractive; the broadly conical form and beautiful glaucous blue foliage making it one of the choicest of all Junipers.

2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.50;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$6.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$7.00.

Scotch Pine

#### S. & H. DOORWAY OFFER An effective evergreen planting of HARDY VARIETIES suitable for the dooryard.



Catalog Price.....\$21.50 OUR SPECIAL PRICE......Freight or Express Collect. \$20.00

Mugho Pine

#### PINE [Pinus]

Austrian (P. Austriaca). Broadbased, heavily needled, massive; darkest and richest green of the Pines, silhouetting to inky blackness against the sky-line. Quite densely and evenly branched, well furnished with attractive tufts of foliage, the new growth erect and silvery like

candles set along the twigs. It is hardy, and vigorous in growth although maintaining compactness, and must be used only in locations allowing tall growth and considerable spread.

3 to 2½ feet, \$4.00; 2½ to 3 feet, \$5.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$7.00.

Mail Size—60 ets.; 3 for \$1.50.

Mugho (P. Montana Mughus). The only genuine Dwarf Pine. Leaves short, stiff, and formal, thickly distributed in tufts over the branches in a crowded way somewhat similar to Austrian, with an equal depth and richness of color. Does not grow tall, but spreads out, generally assuming a globular form; very dense. Popular in the foreground of foundation plantings, and in pairs

for punctuation. 12 to 15 inches, \$3.00; 15 to 18 inches, \$4.00;

18 to 21 inches, \$5.00.

Mail Size-75 cts.; 3 for \$2.00. Ponderosa (Buil Pine). A thick trunked tree capable of extreme height. The branches are wide-spread and often pendulous; rough bark cinnamon-red; leaves pointed, dark green, 5 to 11 inches long; cones clustered, 3 to 6 inches long. A fine massive specimen tree. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.00.

Scotch (P. Sylvestris). Like the Austrian, its quick, strong growth makes it valuable for protective screens; very hardy. As a rule it grows taller than Austrian, with softer needles, and shows a hint of reddish brown in its bark and forming  $\operatorname{Each}$ cones.  $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet } \dots \$2.50$ \$22.50  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\bar{3}$  feet . . . 3.5032.50 3 to 4 feet . . . 4.50 

White (P. Strobus). A strong featured, rapid growing tree; with abundant silvery-green foliage, in long swaying clumps of soft needles. Attains great height and picturesque spread with age.

2½ to 3 feet, \$4.00 each. 3 to 4 feet, 5.00 each.

to 5 feet, 6.50 each.

### C.

#### RETINOSPORA

Filifera. The leading shoot grows upright but the thread-like branches are nearly horizontal, with long, drooping, tasseled ends. Bright green, against red-brown bark.

2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.50;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$5.50.

Obtusa Nana Compacta. Finest of the family in refined leaf character; of dwarfest, densest, slowest growing habit; and greatest depth of color. 12 to 15 inches, \$3.75; 15 to 18 inches, \$4.75.

Obtusa Youngi. Very graceful feathery, golden foliage, on loose branches. 2½ to 3 feet, \$5.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$6.00.

Pisifera. Broadly tall in growth, with erect branches pendulous at tips; foliage feathery, light green, glaucous beneath. 2 to 2½ feet, \$3.00; 2½ to 3 feet, \$4.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$5.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$6.00.

Pisitera Aurea. A bright golden form holding its color. Its habit runs to

bushiness; an ideal type for corners, against dark brick. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$3.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$4.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$5.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$6.00.

Plumosa. An exceedingly handsome, acorn-shaped evergreen of medium tall growth, from Japan; with billowing light green foliage.

—Plumosa Aurea. Like preceding; golden yellow color; close and compact-Prices of both Plumosas:

Mail Size—60 cts.; 3 for \$1.50.

Squarrosa Veitchii. Dense, rounded, bubbling growth; the silvery blue foliage arranged in soft spirals which give the impression of boiling over. 1½ to 2 feet, \$2.75; 2 to 2½ feet, \$3.50; 2½ to 3 feet, \$4.50. Mail Size—75 cts.; 3 for \$2.00.

#### SPRUCE [Picea]

American White (P. Alba). One of the very best conifers, especially for cold climates. Compact, upright growing, long lived, retaining its branches to the ground, aromatic, drought-resisting; varies in color from light green to glaucous blue.

2 to 2½ feet, \$3.00; 2½ to 3 feet, \$3.75; 3 to 4 feet \$5.00; 4 to 5 feet, \$6.00. Mail size, 50 cts.; 3 for \$1.25.

Colorado (Pungens). The origin of the famous Blue Spruce. A vigorous grower and hardy, making fine specimens in a broad based, sharply defined pyramid form; foliage rigidly angular with sharp needles very densely set. Light green color.

2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$4.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$5.00.

Colorado Blue (Pungens Glauca). A selected blue shade, from foregoing. This is one of the showiest and most impressive evergreens, surpassed only by the grafted Koster's Blue Spruce.

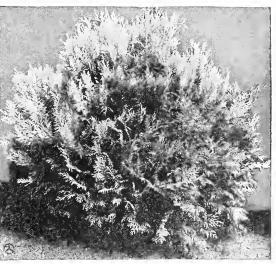
 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet, \$7.00; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$9.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$12.00.



Norway Spruce



Colorado Biue Spruce



Retinospora Pisifera Aurea

Koster's Blue. The aristocrat of the evergreen family, by far the shapeliest Spruce, and the truest, most persistent blue in color of any known tree. Formerly imported from Europe, but now again in American trade by American propagation. (Shown in color on page 147.)

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet, \$12.00 each; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$15.00 each;

 $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet, \$18.00 each.

Norway. A lofty, noble tree of open, pyramidal habit, exceedingly picturesque. Very popular and effective in evergreen groups, and one of the best evergreens for hedges. Its color is normally a good rich, dark green, but when the new spring growth lights up the branches, the tips are silvery blue, very conspicuous and showy against the background of the older needles. Norway Spruce is the variety most commonly used for Christmas trees.

		$\operatorname{Each}$	Per 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	feet	\$1.75	\$15.00
2 to 2½	feet	2.25	20.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	feet	2.75	25.00
3 to 4	feet	3.50	32.50
4 to 5	feet	5.50	50.00
5 to 6	feet	7.50	70.00
Mail Size.	35 ets.: 5 for \$1.25		

#### YEW [Taxus]

Cuspidata. The beautiful Japanese Yew of moderate bushy growth, the upright-spreading branches densely clothed with short leaves of dull green; hardiest of all Yews in this country, and a refined evergreen.

15 to 18 inches, \$3.50; 18 to 21 inches, \$4.50.

Cuspidata Brevifolia. A very handsome, dwarf and compact form of the Japan Yew, with short, richly dark green leaves, dense bushy habit. Hardy, close set; slow-growing, it is one of the best dwarf evergreens for edging and foreground.

15 to 18 inches, \$4.50; 18 to 21 inches, \$5.50.



Corner Planting of Yews

### BROADLEAF EVERGREEN SHRUBS

All are Balled and Burlapped, unless otherwise noted. We Recommend Freight shipment on account of their weight.



HIS group contains some of the most notable shrubs, not only because of their evergreen foliage, but because of their highly prized flowers; very useful for foundation planting, for filling in beds of evergreens and for lawn specimens. They are sensitive to lime in the soil, and require instead a marked acidity. This soil condition may be induced by application of Sulphate of Ammonia, 1 to 3 pounds sprinkled evenly over a square yard of surface and spaded in. Don't allow them to become over-dry.

#### AZALEA

Calendulacea (Flame Azalea). One of the most attractive flowering shrubs, growing up to 6 or 8 feet. A very profuse bloomer; the flowers being a light orange or bright red, appearing before the leaves and remaining several weeks. The autumn foliage closely repeats the colors of its spring flowers.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet. \$2.40 each; 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet, \$3.00.

Mollis. Dwarf growing, bushy, well branched, the foliage especially attractive. The flowers are a variable orange tan, yellow and red. Plant thrives in both sunny and semishaded locations; is very hardy and very good for foundation planting.

12 to 15 inches		
15 to 18 inches		
18 to 24 inches	3.25 each;	30.00 per 10.

#### **BOXWOOD**

Excellent subjects for lawn and porch decoration in summer, when used in tubs or boxes; and in winter they admirably ornament the window-box, hall or conservatory.

66 66 22x22 in...... 10.00 each. 
 PyramId-Shaped—28 inches high.
 6.00 each.

 -32
 8.00 each.

 -36
 12.00 each.

 Tree-Shaped, with Globe Heads 12 inches in diameter, stems
 25.00 each.

12 to 15 inches high.....\$5.00 each. Cedar Tubs. If desired, we can furnish presentable green painted

Cedar Tubs for above Boxwoods, at \$1.00 per plant additional. Tree Box (Buxus Sempervirens). A hardy, outdoor type we have propagated here for many years. It is slow growing, so that with slight shearing it may be utilized as a dwarf-box edging for garden, beds and walks. No other hardy edging is its equal in refinement and lustrous beauty. We believe our S. & H. strain is hardiest.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
8 to 10 inches—bare roots\$0.75	\$7.00	\$ 60.00
10 to 12 inches—bare roots 1.00	9.00	80.00
12 to 15 inches—bare roots	13.00	120.00
Mail Size (bare roots)-50 cts.; \$4.00 per 10; \$30.	00 per 10	0.

#### DAPHNE

Cneorum. One of the few varieties of "Garland Flower" suf-

ficiently hardy to use properly in this northern latitude, and should be given a sunny location. It is a very dwarf shrub, almost evergreen, with spreading branches on which the narrow, inch-long leaves are crowded; making very pretty trails of bluegreen foliage. The soft pink flowers appear profusely during April and May, and at intervals throughout the summer; very small and dainty in terminal clusters, with a distinct and very pleasing fragrance.

10 to 12 inches (B & B), \$1.50. 12 to 15 inches (B & B), 2.00.

#### KALMIA

Latifolia (Mountain Laurel or Calico Bush). Second only to the Rhododendrons among the broad-leaved evergreens. Its quaintly formed, rosy-white buds and flowers cluster in great trusses during July, and contrast finely with the shining, dark leaves. Even small plants are gay with them. Especially impressive in masses, but make a brave show as separate specimens. 2 to 3 feet, \$3.25.



Daphne Cneorum



Azalea Calendulacea

#### **LEUCOTHOE**

Catesbael (Drooping Leucothoe). A beautiful shrub, both for blossom and foliage. The leaves, bright green in summer and purplish-red in the fall and winter, are evenly disposed on gracefully drooping branches, from which are pendant many densely packed racemes of bell-shaped, creamy white flowers in early May. The colorful foliage is much desired for winter house decoration.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet, \$2.50 each.

#### MAHONIA '

Aquifolia (Holly-leaved Ashberry). A beautiful evergreen shrub, with smooth shining holly leaves; bright yellow flower clusters in May, and blue berries. The leaf color varies capriciously through the year, assuming shades of green, with flecks of red and bronze.

15 to 18 inches	\$1.40 each; \$13.00 per 10.
18 to 24 inches	1.85 each; 17.50 per 10.
Mail Size	60 cts. each; 3 for \$1.50.

#### RHODODENDRON

Its leathery leaves provide wonderfully rich backgrounds of dark green amid the floral distractions of summer, and inject a lively

> reminiscence of the season past, in winter landscapes. Although most effective and cared-for when planted in masses, smaller groups and units are invaluable for shaded nooks about the house or lawn. They will grow in any good soil, but are finest in a sun-and-wind sheltered situation, where the soil is deep, well drained and mulched with leaves. In hot, dry weather soak the ground-say about once a week. A protection of leaves and brush during the winter will be beneficial.

> Catawbiense. Very hardy, with attractive foliage of round shining green leaves, glaucous beneath, in terminal clusters. The flowers are borne abundantly in large trusses, in shades of lavender and purple, appearing early in June. 1 to 2 feet, \$3.50; 2 to 3 feet, \$4.50.

Maximum. Foliage very large and smooth, its July flowers in shades of rosy blush and white. Very attractive for natural effects along shaded walks and drives, and best for massing.

2 to 3 feet, \$4.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$5.00.

# A Rare Sale of Peonies

Fill Your Yard with the Glory of Peonies—at these Low Prices



OFFER A-12 ROOTS

5 Whites ) By Mail, Postpaid

5 Pinks 1 Red 1 Japanese

OFFER B-25 ROOTS

12 Whites By Mail, Postpaid 10 Pinks

2 Reds 1 Japanese \$800

Now you can have Peonies as you've always wanted them—all the beauty and riot of color and variety you like! For this sale offers many of the most beautiful and most favorite types, at prices so low that you can have dozens and scores of these great beauties for what you'd usually pay for just a few.

Think of getting 12 or 25 strong, vigorous, hardy growing roots—a mixture of varieties that usually sell from \$1.00 to \$3.00 a single root—for these low prices. Think of the rich profusion of gorgeous blooms that will enhance your yard and home from the **targe** beds of Peonies you can now afford to plant. Not just a rare plant or two, but masses of them, blooming in great banks of color.

Note the unusually long list of named Peony varieties offered at special clearance prices on page 60. And remember that these two Special Offer mixtures alone are made up from that same regular stock. All roots in both these lots are positively named varieties selected as to color only.

This offer is made possible only by a change in our policy—from stocking the widest collection of varieties, to centering our facilities on mass production of a few of the most popular sorts hereafter. Do not miss this clearing sale bargain—it will not be repeated. Each root is preserved by scientific care for safe Spring planting. Get them early; plant by April 15th, if possible. Buy Peonies

### S & H IMPORTED JAPANESE PEONIES

The Storrs & Harrison Co. pioneered the introduction of distinct, genuine Japanese peonies, with a set of choice varieties direct from Japan's greatest Peony producer. This is a magnificent type, little known prior to the last decade, but now much favored.

The Japanese type has open flowers of extra wide spread, with one or more layers of broad guard petals as a cup to the mounded center.

In place of pollen-bearing stamens as in the Single Peony, the stamens and anthers are narrow, thick, twisted petaloids of various colors, forming a dense cushion.

There are also certain modified forms with no distinct guards; the lower petals being narrow and semi-quilled, with cushion center less pronounced.

### SPECIAL OFFER-Three Good Ones

Our supply is the largest in this country; so large that we plan elimination to confine the group to just a few of the most beautiful. The following special offers describe three varieties we will retain, but of which we have a surplus; hence the bargain prices.

Yoochi-no-tsuki. ("Shadow of moon in a rippled pool.")
Six to eight inch flowers with prominent cushion center; white, occasionally flushed pink, with amber cream petaloids. \$2.00 each.

**\*\*Rose of Nippon.\*\*** A wonderfully free bloomer, a persistent mass of brilliant 6-inch flowers. Very deep rose, the broadly prominent center darkened by carmine, and illumined by countless starpoints of both silver and gold. Many centers are slightly tufted. \$3.00 each.

Oki-no-nami. ("Waves in the far off sea.") Tall, free-flowering and showy. Pale hydrangea pink rippled on white; with full, fine cut center of peach pink and cream. \$3.00 each.

1 of each (3 roots) (Reduced value \$8.00) \$600 By mall postpald . . . 600

2 of each (6 roots)
(Reduced value \$16.00) \$ 1 1 00
By mail postpaid . . .



### **Money Saving Specials**



Funkia Subcordata Aiba

Ideal for Narrow Foundation Planting

#### (Funkia LILY Subcordata Alba SPECIAL OFFER Fragrant, Heart-leaved, Shade-enduring We get many inquiries for plants suited to ornament and screen the foundation of a

house on a small lot—where there is a narrow space, 18 to 24 inches, between wall and cement walk. Such a space is too small for shrubs, and unsuitable for most perennials; besides it is usually on the shady side of the house.

One of the best plants for such a spot is the White Day Lily, requiring just about that space, and growing about two feet high. Its foliage is wide, heart-shaped and fresh green, with noticeable ribs; making an effective screen. The flower panicles during August and September are spreading clusters of long-tubed lilies; pure, waxy white, with a sweet fragrance. Stock is not plentiful, the standard price being \$3.50 per dozen, \$25.00 per 100.

#### Polygonum 1 "SILVER LACE VINE" Auberti

Do you know—have you seen—or, better, do you have growing about your home, the newest, most fascinating of hardy vines? Polygonum Auberti, or "Silver Lace Vine" as its admirers call it, has scored the biggest hit of years.

Very fast growing, it covers a lattice, trellis, pipe, stump or any handy support in quick time. Its foliage is small but plentiful; its habit freely branching, its tendency upward. During late August and September its upper expanse is a fleecy cloud of bloom, particularly on older vines which have heavily festooned at the top. The flowers are small, in large loose tasseled panicles, ivory white. The price is usually 75 cts. each.

# WHITE DAY LILY

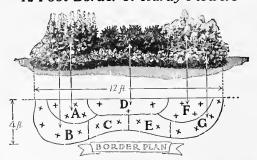
For 5 feet— <b>3</b>	roots	for	\$0.85;	postpaid
For 10 feet— <b>7</b>	roots	for	1.75;	postpaid
For 15 feet—10	roots	for	2.50;	postpaid
For 20 feet— <b>13</b>	roots	for	3.00;	postpaid

We will furnish 25 roots or more by express collect at \$20.00 per 100.



### PERENNIAL BED OFFER

12 Foot Border of Hardy Flowers



Enough to plant a border 4 feet wide and 12 feet long.

Plant at edge of lawn or in front of shrubbery.					
Key A	No.	Hollyhocks. Catalog Price SPECIAL			
В	4	Shasta Daísies			
C	3	Coreopsis			
E	4	Platycodon Mariesi85			
F G	4	Foxgloves			
		Regular catalog price\$5.20			

#### HARDY GERMAN IRIS OFFER "Tangled Flags" Ten Kinds **Ten Colors**

Candelabra—violet mauve, black blotch black blotch
Eldorado—brindled old gold
and purple
Isolene—buff, mauve and violet
Japanesque—lavender, veined

A. Williamson-lavender

One Each (Value \$2.40) By mail for

Lohengrin-orchid rose Pallida Dalmatica-light blue Sappho-dark purple Taffeta-tan, buff and blue Toreador-bronze and maroon

Three Each (Value \$7.10) \$1 By mall for



### "CONTINUITY" SHRUB GROUP

Colorful Bloom-in succession, May to November. Attractive Foliage—all different types. Associating Heights—for single row 20

 
 Forsythia Intermedia
 \$0.50

 Spirea Van Houtte
 .35

 Variegated Weigela
 .60

 Weigela Eva Rathke
 .70

 Viburnum Tomentosum
 .80
 Philadelphus Romeo Althea (Rose of Sharon)  $\mathbf{Desmodium}....$ 

8 SHRUBS **ALL FOR** 

By Express

# Hardy Perennial Flowers

### Including Special Types for Rock Gardens —

In these modern times of vastly increased interest in gardening, the hardy perennial herbaceous plants are coming into their own. The "old fashioned garden"-reminiscent of Grandmother and her times-has been a commercial slogan and a gardening fad for the past decade. Delightful, charming, inspirational. Contemporaneous and progressive, plant producers have enriched the available lists of material; by incursions into other climes and distant lands seeking the rare and unknown, or by patient improvement of types in hand.

There are now so many blooming things in American gardens, the stately tread of a recurrent spirit from pioneer days would thread the drifts of garden plants as one who walks among strangers. Even those once loved and intimate species which modern science has hybridized and freshly

clothed, would gain no recognition save for an unforgetable scent, or some elusive hint of character.

Now come "Rockeries and Rock Gardens" into fervid popular favor. Little creeping, matting plants for covering the upper surface of stones, or moderate upright growers of suitable character to occupy the earth-filled niches between.

The nurseries have learned to provide a diversified group for hot and dry location, a different collection for the shade and dampness. We provide variety in edging subjects; and out of the rich multitude of modern types and varieties, can artistically balance colors and blooming season, in any desired height, over any area or contour desired.

Not so much grass in evidence nowadays; but color, color everywhere. Back yards, -once a mere incident of house-holding, a convenience for clothesline, sandpile and rubbish-now scintillate with color, dispense fragrance, and ravish the eye with beauty; "Gardens", if you please.

The Storrs & Harrison Co. is abreast of the times in variety and production. The succeeding alphabetically arranged list includes a splendid assortment of the most practical, to cover all gardening requirements. "Rock Piants" are designated with this character against varietal names. See pages 38-40 for special rock gardening information, plants in color and for certain graphic illustrations.

In all descriptions, we aim to show normal matured height, blooming period, color, and any special quality or utility; so that the reader may easily select and associate varieties to fit any desired plot or purpose.



Hardy flowers, if carefully selected, will provide a parade of delightful bloom the whole season through in such a pleasing array as this.

### How to Select Hardy Flowers

With perennials, it is possible to have some show of color in every portion of the garden at any time.

Various coarse-leaved, tall growing sorts, such as Anchusas, Boltonias, Cassia, Hollyhocks, Golden Glow, Mallows, Sunflowers, etc., should, of course, be located in the background. The front of the border should be laid out in the dwarfest growing kind, such as Achillea, Columbines, Shasta Daisies, Euphorbia, Gaillardia, Heuchera, Hypericum, Dwarf Lychnis, Forget-me-nots, Pinks, Plumbago, Iceland Poppies, Sedums, etc. Intermediate rows will take care of the great majority of perennials; the principal requirement in their location being to so dispose that colors will not clash, nor be unequally distributed. The matter of variation in blooming season should also affect location, in order to have no material section of the garden without some show of color at any time of the

Planting. These roots may be planted as early in spring as the ground is pliable (or in the autumn); selecting an opportunity when the soil is not cold, wet or soggy. Large clumps are not necessary nor often desirable; the smaller divisions or pot grown stock showing more thrift and virility, and developing into shapelier plants than the

Any good soil sensibly enriched with rotted manure, bone meal or sheep manure as available, dug deep and thoroughly mixed, will be satisfactory.

### **HOW TO PLANT AND GROW PERENNIALS**



SPACING. In planting perennials, it is generally safe to space those varieties which do not grow above 2 feet, about 12 inches apart; the taller ones at an interval one-half the ultimate height. Crowded or stingy planting are equally disastrous to healthy growth and perfect effect.

CULTIVATION. Don't let up with the hoe! Keep the ground well cultivated, leveled and free from litter; except during protracted drought, a little mulch of short grass (sweepings from the lawn) will help retain moisture and keep the soil from baking.

TRAINING. Indicated:

TRAINING. Judícious "staking" at an early date will adjust many later defects of top-heaviness or unequal development. If done early, the correction and support will be absorbed; after maturity, any alteration would appear abnormal and unsightly.

TIDINESS goes a long way towards an attractive garden. Snipping broken twig; an untanglement here and there; removing withered leaves, dead flower stems, etc., will repay the odd moments of time and attention.

DIVIDING. The earliest flowering types are generally dwarf, compact and close rooted; these may be left undisturbed for several years. The tall sorts of late summer and fall are fast growing and prolific; it will be found a positive advantage to quality of bloom and general appearance, if these are taken up, divided, and a part only replanted, at least every second year.

WINTER PROTECTION. Everything listed in this section is "hardy," but in varying degree. For instance, Tritomas, Poppies and Shastas really need some protection. A light covering of coarse straw, manure or leaves (not over 2 or 3 inches deep) will give comfort to all kinds, and insure safety for the weak. After removing all stems and dead foliage, during the last days of November, or before severely cold weather sets in, apply this dressing, remembering to remove it gradually next spring as soon as frost begins to leave the ground. next spring, as soon as frost begins to leave the ground.



Achillea Boule de Niege

ACHILLEA—Boule de Nlege (Ball of Snow). 18 inches. A dwarf form for bordering; rigidly erect and compact, with ball-shaped little white flowers. Continuous summer bloom. Shown in color on page 38.

-Millefollum Roseum (Rosy Milfoil). Fine cut, decorative foliage on spreading bushes 18 inches high. Pink flowers continuous all summer, in flat umbels.

**The Pearl.**  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. White flowers resembling button Chrysanthemums; a choice early summer cut flower.

⊙-Tomentosa (Woolly Yarrow). 6-10 inches. A deep green woolly moss, which makes an ideal carpeting in rockeries; it's low-set umbels of orange yellow very bright during midsummer.

PRICES: 3 for 75 cts.; doz. \$2.50; 100 for \$15,00.

Aconitum Fischerl (Monkshood). 2-3 feet. September and October. Valuable for either sun or shade, and very hardy. The foliage is attractive, and the bloom abundant in long, dense, spikes of hood-shaped flowers; dark blue. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Agrostemma Coronarla (Rose Campion).  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. Flowers bright crimson, phlox shaped, against velvety silvered foliage. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

OALYSSUM-Argenteum. 15 inches. Dense spreading growth, the small close-set leaves silvery beneath; flowers yellow in clustered heads, all the late summer.

-Saxatile Compactum (Golden Tuft). A useful flat, spreading edging and rockery plant, growing not over 12 inches high; covered with enveloping flat clusters of bright golden yellow flowers early in

**BOTH:** 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Anchusa Dropmore. A bold, broad-leaved growth with flower stems 3 to 5 feet high, bearing a magnificent show of deep blue flowers in spring and intermittently until late summer. The stools are quite dense and bushy, each stem nearly covered full length with double, inch-wide flowers of the deepest cobalt blue. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

ANEMONE—Wind Flower

Anemone Hupehensls. A miniature Japonica, 10 to 12 inches, in profuse bloom from August on, with 1½ inch single flowers, colored bright mauve-rose.

OAnemone Pulsatilia (Pasque Flower). Violet or purple flowers in April and May; an excellent rock plant 9 to 12 inches high.

Anemone Japonica. A most valuable class of fall blooming plants suitable for edging, massing, or single specimens. They grow rapidly 2 to 3 feet and are profuse in bloom, gaining strength and beauty each year. The blooming period extends from August till November. Their bloom is outstanding as cut flowers during this barren period.

-Alba. Glistening, pure white, with yellow center; 3 for 75 cts., doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

—Alice. Large rose-pink flowers with lilac center. A charming new variety.

-Max Vogel. Free flowering, double rose-pink.

Queen Charlotte. Flower semi-double, broad and perfectly formed, the pleasing "La France" shade of pink.

-Richard Ahrends. Large, single. Shell-pink with slight lilac hue.

Whirlwind. Excellent large, double white flowers. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00 PRICE: All Anemones, unless stated-3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

### General List of HARDY PERENNIALS



Aquilegia

Prices. Offered by 3's, dozens, and hundreds. In flower beds where units are generally small, we feel that three is the least number practical for making a show, and to save disappointment if one should die. We can also handle three as cheaply as one-at consequent saving to you. All prices for 3 or dozen are for delivery by mall, postage prepaid, unless otherwise specified. The 100 rate is always priced for express. Express shipments are not prepald.



**Anchusa Dropmore** 

Anthemis Kelway (Hardy Marguerite). An excellent and profitable perennial for cutting; its golden-yellow, daisy-like flow ers appear in profusion, nearly all summer. 3 for 60 ets.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

#### OAQUILEGIA—Columbine

Distinct, deeply-cut foliage and delicate arrangement of colors in the pendant flowers. Dainty, showy and desirable as cut flowers, available for Memorial day; especially suitable for rockwork, at the base of foundation walls and under trees. Bloom in early spring into July; preferring partial shade. See illustration on color page 38.

Immense broad flowers, sky-Caerulea. blue with full white corolla and gilded stamens.

Caerulea Rosea. Similar to above, but tinged a lovely daybreak pink.

Chrysantha. All over pure bright yellow, late blooming.

Chrysantha Alba. Beautiful white flowers. Double Mixed. Very tall and erect, with massive terminal heads and many lesser erect branches. Bulky double flowers of all

colors, but dominantly dark blue, purple and wine red. Helenae. Massive flowers, the deep purplish blue sepals in marked contrast to the broad inner cup of pure white. Extra good, plentiful foliage.

Imperial Hybrids. A splendid mixture of colors, stronger toned than Mrs. Elliott's strain, but with only moderate length of spurs.

Mrs. Scott Elllott's Long Spurred Hybrids. A choice English strain; free-blooming, with long stems and extremely long, shiny spurs. The colors run to pastel shades of rose, blue and yellow in many delightful combinations. Mixed.

Rose Queen. Of stocky, medium growth but lavish in display of large flowers with rather long spurs. Spurs and sepals are a dainty coral pink, the corolla cream white with prominent yellow stamens.

Skinneri. The standard red Columbine, not large but very prolific, and vividly conspicuous. Brilliant carmine red sepals and up tilted spurs, the yellow of protruding stamens and edge of the cup giving a pleasing emphasis at bottom. Dark stem and leaves.

PRICE: All Aquileglas, 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$17.00.



Anemone Japonica



• Arabis Alpinus (Rock Cress). Low growing plants especially suited to rock-work, flowering in small white terminal racemes. They commence to bloom in May and continue a long time.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

• Armeria Formosa (Cushion Pink). Dwarf compact growing plant, evergreen grassy foliage and numberless spikes of little ball-shaped terminal flowers from spring to fall; various shades of pink. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$16.00.

Asclepias Tuberosa (Butterfly Flower). 21/2 feet. A familiar field flower; the cultivated form a rich show of orange flowers during early summer. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00.

#### artemisia

Lactiflora. Deep green, cleft foliage and compact bush shape, make this choice perennial attractive throughout the summer, but doubly so in August and September, when in bloom. The creamy white flowers, which resemble herbaceous Spireas and are sweetly scented, are borne in large terminal panicles on erect stems. 3 to 4½ feet tall. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Silver King. A striking effective white leaved contrast plant. A beautiful "mist" for setting off bouquets and floral combinations. A splendid filler for Canna beds, Larkspurs or other tall plants. Silver King is a vigorous quick growing plant with a close network of branches, fine stemmed and slender leaved. The opening leaf buds gleam like tiny beads, the entire color-effect bright frosted silver. The plants are matured and very showy early in summer, growing into compact symmetrical globes up to 3 feet high, which remain objects of beauty until lost against Winter's snowy background. Long sprays may be cut to mix with flowers (pink rose-buds being a favorite association), and the tops may be kept cut out to hold a desired height. Various tests in colder sections than ours, have proved it perfectly hardy, increasing freely from the roots.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

ASTILBE [Spirea]

America. A bulbous, narry parties ing punctuating character, when distributed among the medium height perennials of the garden borders. It makes a short spreading plant with attractive foliage, during June and July throwing up long, plumy wands of bloom. These flower spikes complete an average height of 2 to 3 feet and. because of their bulk, feathery character and brilliant lilac-pink color, are extremely showy during their season of about three weeks. Soil need not be extra rich, but plentiful moisture and partial shade are essential to fullest success.

60 cts. each; 3 for \$1.50; By express, Dozen, \$5.00.



Astiibe (Spirea)



#### HARDY ASTERS

The "Michaelmas Daisies" are very largely used by landscapers, to provide masses of foliage and bloom throughout the fall. They give a wide range of selection as to height, character, season and color. Although most of the kinds listed below are new, we have them in quantity and offer all but the most exceptional at common

Anita Ballard. 3 feet. Light lobelia blue, early and free. This is a very pleasing shade of considerable appeal.

Barr's Pink. 4 to 5 feet; vigorous shapely plants, resplendent with a multitude of bright rose-pink flowers. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

Blue Gem. 3 feet. Large rich violet-blue. Darkest of the blue varieties, of good form and size.

Climax. 4 feet. Much branched, pyramidal clusters of light lavender blue flowers 11/4 inches in width, with a prominent golden cone at center. August to mid-October.

Elta. A superior variety bearing a profusion of large close-petaled flowers throughout a longer fall season than any competitor; its compact, branchy habit, and comparatively dwarf growth, making it available for use even in the central spaces of the more formal gardens. Color a definite lilac-lavender, with tango eye.

• Mauve Cushion. A Japanese dwarf species adapted to many unique usages. Very dwarf, 9 to 10 inches, with tapering margins. It spreads thriftily into a round cushion perhaps 30 inches broad; in November literally covered with beautiful inch-wide, silvery mauve flowers. Valuable in Rockeries for late bloom. 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00.

Mons. 3 feet. Distinct reddish violet. These flowers are large, perfect, in handsome, very conspicuous clusters.

Queen Mary. One of the best new belgica introductions, very popular in England. The flowers average 2½ inches in diameter, arranged loosely in branching panicles; an excellent cutting type. Blue, tinted lavender. 3½ feet. 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00.

Roseus Superbum. 4 feet of dense growth; the profuse symmetrical bloom a brilliant rose-red.

St. Egwln. Dense, mounded bush, about 2 feet in diameter, completely hooded by its beautiful bloom, a delicate pastel pink.

Sam Banham. 3 feet. Earliest. Feathery, pure white.

White Cilmax. Much branched, 4 to 5 feet high, with pure white conical flowers from August to mid-October.

PRICE: All Asters, unless stated— 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

● AUBRETIA—Graeca. (Rainbow Rock Cress). Essentially a rock plant, but equally pretty and useful as an edging to any dwarf perennial border. The foliage is a fine mass of silver green, in spring and early summer concealed by a sheet of light purple flowers. Leichtleini. Dwarf, compact; bright pink flowers.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Asclepias Tuberosa





Boltonia Latisquama

⊙ Baptisia Australis. (False Indigo). Deep blue flowers in pretty racemes during June and July.

3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Bellis Perennis (Double English Daisy). Old fashioned edging plants, still largely used in gardens. Very dwarf; each plant producing a multitude of six inch stems, each crowned by a compact, double daisy-like flower. Pink or White. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.

Bocconia Cordata. (Plume Poppy). Six to eight feet. Immense flat, deeply indented leaves of silvery green on pearl-pink stalks. Flowers creamy white, produced in large upright panicles, which persist for months, darkening to rusty bronze. This is a splendid plant to point the angles of the tallest perennial backgrounds, its neutral colors associating well with any other colors, and its stems and foliage at all times highly ornamental. 30 cts. each;  $\frac{3}{5}$  for  $\frac{7}{5}$  cts.; doz., 2.50.

BOLTONIA (False Chamomile). 5 feet, bushy plants with

Aster-like flowers; good background plant for late summer. -Latisquama. Pale lavender flowers.

White.

BOTH: 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

CAMPANULA [Bellflower]

These are among the most beautiful of the border plants, all throwing up a liberal number of flower spikes along which are a crowded profusion of good sized bells.

O Carpatlica (Carpathian Hare-Bell). A pretty compact species, not exceeding eight inches high. flower bells one inch in diameter. Blue or White.

Calycanthema ("Cup and Saucer"). Hardiest and most popular form. Single cup-shaped flowers 3 inches long, set in saucer-like calyx 3 to 4 inches across; entire flower of one color. Very productive. We offer three separate colors, Blue, Rose or White.

ledia. The well known "Canterbury Bells"; its numerous branches crowded with deep bells, the edges softly rolled back and fluted. In July, height, 2 to 3 feet. Blue, Rose or White.

⊙ Persicifolia (Peach Bells). 1½ to 2 ft. high; many, small salver-shaped flowers. Blue or White. Pyramidalis (Chimney Bell-Flower). Very conspicuous, 4 to 5 feet high. Salver-shaped flowers borne profusely in September. Blue or White.

PRICE: All Campanulas, 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$15.00.

Cassla Marllandica (American Senna). 4 feet. Blooms in large panicles of orange yellow. to August. Beautiful pinnate foliage of Nile green. 30 cts. ea.; 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50.

O Catananche Caerulea (Cupid's Dart). 2 feet. Long, stiff flower stems, the ends crowned by blue flowers resembling Bachelor's Button. July-August. A good, small cut flower. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

CENTAUREA (Knapweed). Free blooming, medium height border plants.

—Dealbata. 2 feet. June-July. Rose-pink flowers.

-Macrocephala. 3½ ft. July-Aug. Large, thistle-like golden yellow flowers, good for cutting.
-Montana (Mountain Bluet). 2 feet. Bearing large, loose petaled flowers of violet-blue from July

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Ocerastlum Tomentosum ("Snow-in-Summer"). A low edging or carpet plant, with matted silver foliage and early white flowers. This is the showiest, longest lasting, and most valuable carpet plant. Also excellent coverage on rocky slopes. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

© Chelranthus Allioni (Siberian Wallflower). A showy, 12-inch rockery plant, ablaze all summer with close panicles of orange flowers. Actually a hardy biennial, renewing itself by seeding. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Cimicifuga Racemosa (Snake Root). Good heavy foliage, with many 4-foot swaying flower spikes during July and August. The terminal flowers are small but in good sized clusters, pure white. Displayed to advantage as a background, or as punctuations among the undergrowth of woodlands. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.



Campanula Carpatica

Coreopsis Coreopsis Lanceolata Grandlflora. 18 to 24 inches. The two-inch, single terminal flowers are rich golden yellow, borne in great profusion nearly the entire

summer on slender, wiry, upright stems. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.

#### Chrysanthemums

The large flowered or "Exhibition" type are not hardy and so should not be planted among the perennlals. If desired for their wonderful Autumn bloom, they may be set with the other annuals. See them on page 81.

#### ANEMONE CHRYSANTHEMUMS

The Anemones are distinct garden kinds and very useful when cut in sprays for floral decoration. Plants grow 2 to 3 feet; and bloom extravagantly with clustered flowers averaging 2 to 3 inches wide. The central cushion or disc of dense, short quills, rests on one or more layers of usually flat ray florets.

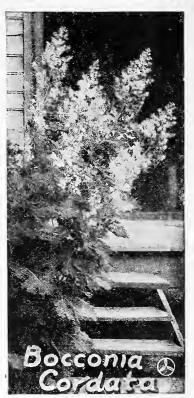
Maple Leaf. All shades of red and yellow which autumn gives the Silver Maple. Sunshine. Crowded sprays of intense yellow.

The Belle. Eventually white, altho delicately blushed at first; the moderate disc lemon and primrose yellow.

PRICE: 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; By express, 100 for \$12.00. 3 each of above set (9 plants), by mail, for

#### POMPON 'MUMS

The flowers run from 3/4 inch to 21/2 inches in diameter; small petaled, compact and formal "buttons;" or larger with longer petals, and looser; in rather close clusters so that one spray is a bouquet. As pot plants the Pompons furnish some of the daintiest table decorations of the fall and winter season. Several choice varieties are shown under "Hardy Garden 'Mums."





#### POMPON CHRYSANTHEMUMS-Cont'd.



**Bright Eyes** 



**Boston Bronze** 

Until finally unfolded, the incurving central petals show their reverse in strong orange-apricot, making a decided contrast against the blush white of outer layers.

Capt. Cook. (11/4 in ). Taller man the average, first to open, and a perfect compact "bunch" type. A brilliant shade of rose pink, free from the common lavender tones.

**Cora Peck Buhl.** (1¾ in.). Very full, compact flowers so interlocked as to suggest one immense bloom; deep gold with amber shading. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

**Leilah** (2 in.). Early, free and resplendent; rather flat with recurving petals nearly tubular. Rosy mauve, with lilac shadows at the congested center; beautiful.

Little Red Foot. Perfect little round button type, throwing a prodigious display of 5/8 inch units in expansive clusters; earlier than most varieties of this character. A tiny, crowded petalage of red mahogany, around a gun-metal ball at center. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Muskokah. A true pompon in habit, although its nearly 4-inch flowers are oversize, coming in sprays of 6 to 10 flowers, which invites disbudding. Rich golden bronze. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Petit Louis. (2½ in.). Tall; early and free, the globular flowers loose-petaled but full; delicate lilaceous pink deeply silvered, the half-opened buds deep rose.



Hardy 'Mum-Gold Coin

**Pink Cushion.** One of the most delicately beautiful of all out-door 'mums; one of the first to bloom, and still prime with the latest. Tender lilac pink with ivory base and small central tuft of primrose yellow. The calendula-shaped flowers (1½ to 2 inches across) in close clusters so densely distributed, the entire rounded plant appears like a florist's made-up "pillow". 3 for 85 ets.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$18.00.

Ruth. Rich claret red; small round buttons.

Uvalda. (2½ in). Bulky, short-quilled, full-centered; earliest blooming white. Blushed on opening, matures pure white.

PRICES: Unless stated, 3 for 60 cts.; dozen \$2.00.

By express, 100 for \$12.00.

Complete Assortment of above 10 Pompons, by mall 1 of each (10 plants) for \$1.90 | 3 of each, (30 plants) for \$5.40

### HARDY GARDEN 'MUMS for AUTUMN Flowers



The following fine, rugged varieties assembled from Pompon, Anemone and various classes have proven hardy throughout the middle-west, with some protection during winter. It is advisable to cut off the old tops to a few inches above ground, then cover with old straw or leaves before winter sets in. The best bloom will result from annual spring transplanting, separating the year-old clumps into small divisions.

Adironda. (1¼ in.) A flat, formal pompon, thickly clustered, of colorful beauty; warm red orange over bronze, with a sprinkling of golden tips.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50;  $10\overline{0}$  for \$15.00. Alice Howell. (2 in.) Orange yellow; early and continuous. A fine example of the single flowered type.

Autumn Glow. Large flowers of rosy crimson tinged with bronze.

Boston Bronze. A splendid, satiny, light bronze cut flower, extra large and full. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Brune Poitevine. (2 in.) Evenly rayed, numerous quilled petals of mahogany red; the under side, tips and incurved center flecked with bronze and gold. 3 for 85 ets.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$18.00.

Excelsior. (1½ in.). Bright orange yellow clusters; very free.

Glory of Seven Oaks. (2½ in.). ("Everblooming Hardy 'Mum'"). Brilliant clear yellow. Earliest and longest season of any garden variety; popular for any use.

Gold Coin. Extra large size, in large sprays; a brilliant bronze half-button. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Indian Red. Crushed strawberry-red over copper; late, but worth waiting for.

Mitzie. (1 in.) Dwarf growth but extravagant bloom; the dainty small flowers bright yellow, with a sharply contrastive red-brown center. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Old Homestead. Dependable light rose-pink; the thrifty "Grandmother's garden" type.

Rose Travena. (1 in.). A delightful bicolor, the tight center deep rose with amber tips, the broader rays blush white.

White Doty.  $(1\frac{3}{4})$  in.). Milk white, somewhat creamy at the incurved center; the outer petals semi-quilled. Very free, showy and long keeping.

PRICE: All Hardy 'Mums, unless stated, 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00. By express, 100 for \$12.00. The set of 13 Hardy 'Mums, by mail, for \$2.60.

3 each of above (39 plants), by mail, for \$7.25.

#### DAISIES [Various]



Extremely practical for garden planting, because o. their protracted blooming season, and dependable display of white. Good for cutting. Mayflowering (Hartje & Elder's strain). Begins to bloom early in May so that its beautiful large sized flowers are available for Memorial Day decorations, continuing with liberal production most of summer. Its rounded clump of varnished leaves, remains until snowfall. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

King Edward VII. An English strain, supplanting our American "Shasta Daisy," because of its larger purer flowers, more liberal

production. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Korean (Chrysanthemum Coreanum) 2-4 feet. A modern introduction usually called "Korean Chrysanthemum." To avoid confusion with the extensive list of fall flowering Chrysanthemums we align this with the daisy, to close, in October and November, the long daisy chain commenced in May by Hartje & Elder type. Coreanum has very large flowers; the petals white or at one stage tinted pink, with golden center.

The foliage clumps are compact, darkly green.

3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00.

"English Dalsy" (See Bellis Perennis).
"Painted Dalsy" (See Pyrethrum Roseum).
"Transvaal Dalsy" (See Gerbera Jamesoni).

"Yellow Dalsy" (See Anthemis Kelwayi).

### DIANTHUS [Hardy Pinks]

Short, dense growth with glaucous grassy foliage and abundant fragrant flowers all summer, throw these delightful subjects into the foreground and edging of groups. Certain types are excellent rock

Annie Laurie. A large flower of orchid color with wine-red ring in center. 3 for 85 ets.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

Barbatus (Sweet William). richness and variety of coloring; beautifully marked. Numerous broad, compact trusses of single flowers like phlox. Blood Red,

Giant White, Newport Pink and Scarlet Beauty. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

-Latifolius Atrococcineum fl. pl. Sweet William
Broad heads of double red "Sweet William." 3 for 75 cts.; doz., Sweet William \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

O Caesius Grandiflorus (Cheddar Pink), Very compact, Sweet smelling rose colored flowers rise from its cushion of glaucous leaves in spring. Fine for rock gardens. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for

ODeltoides (Maiden Pink). 18 in. A charming slender-stemmed type, foliage prostrate; mass of small pink flowers graduating from carmine to light coral, during May and June. A good rock plant, and brightly effective as a close set edging plant in perennial beds. 3 for 60 ets.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

Grenadier. (Carnation Pink). Some bright 100, the a big, ing in shade. This looks very much like a big, double, fringed and spicy carnation. It buds out early and blooms and blooms with a crimson vividness that will not be denied.

3 for 75c; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00. **Her Majesty.** Very large flowers; purest white; an old stand-by. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Mannings Pink. Free flowering and very fragrant; perfect form, a solid deep pink. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

OPiumarius Semperflorens Mixed. Mixed varieties, noted for spicy fragrance and rich coloring. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for

Robert. One of the choice "everblooming" type; white, with maroon red center. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

DELPHINIUM [Larkspur]

There is no family of perennials more in the public mind today than Delphiniums. Eminent hybridizers the world over are devoting intensive effort towards their improvement and creation; which gives the modern planters wider selection, and inspires gardening enthusiasm. Delphiniums bloom, from June till frost, their long, showy flower spikes protrude to a height of 3 to 4 feet, so that the plants belong in the background of perennial groups, or in the foreground interstices between shrubs.

A magnificent sort with large spikes of the most delicate turquoise-blue. Belladonna. Makes up prettily with Euphorbia or Baby's Breath for a mist flower, and the yellow of Coreopsis. July till frosts. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

Bellamosa. A very dark blue variety, strikingly contrastive in connection with the azure shade of Belladonna. 3 for 60 ets.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

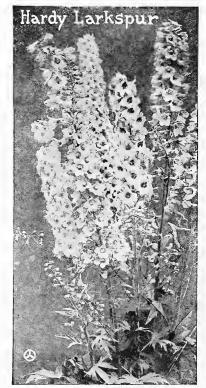
Just a few years ago this collection of the best new American Gold Medal Hybrids. hybrids represented the peak of achievement, and are still very popular. A fine assortment of colors in mixture, ranging from lightest blue to purple. In this

type, the eye is apt to be conspicuously marked, resembling a bee. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

(Illustrated in color on page 3). An assemblage of thrifty S. & H. Supreme Hybrids. one year plants, grown from selected seed imported direct from the best English producers, with a small percent added from the most prominent American strains. Greater height, longer flower spikes and more delightful color tones and patterns are assured. Among them occur the much prized shades of pink and white, besides the full range of blues; but no particular colors are guaranteed.

Mixed, only: 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00. Under English conditions and cultivation, this highly developed strain attains four to six feet and Wrexhams Hollyhock Strain. produces flower heads of abnormal length and thickness; but American growers cannot expect The choicest and most beautiful flowers are chosen for the seed, each pound being equally balanced for distinct coloring or unique marking, and representing the pick of the Wrexham fields. The most distinguishing feature of this strain is the great size of the florets, and their peculiar setting along the spike, so like the Hollyhock. We offer strong rooted potgrown plants raised from choicest new Wrexham seed, imported direct. 3 for \$1.25; doz., \$4.00; 100 for \$30.00.

Dwarf Blue Larkspur. (Delphinium Chinensis). Contrary to character of the foregoing, this type is short and slender in growth, 15 to 18 inches, very desirable for low bedding and borders; the color of its good sized flowers a very deep purplish blue. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.





#### DICENTRA [Bleeding Heart]

The two types offered are very desirable and effective, showing "class" among their perennial associates, with dignity and dis-tinction. Eximia is most often massed or used as an edging; Spectabilis for punctuation here and there, in shaded nooks.

(Plumy Bleeding Heart). 15 Eximia. of deep rose, the heart-shaped flowers tapering to a long slender neck. The fine-cut, celery green foliage makes a lacy mound of striking ornamental value; short-stemmed bloom from early spring into fall.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00. Spectabilis. delightful of all the early spring flowering plants, bearing numerous rosy red heart-shaped flowers pendant from long, arching stems. These persist into June. (Shown in color on page 38). 50 cts. each; 3 for \$1.35; doz., \$5.00.

DICTAMNUS - Rubra. (Gas Plant). An interesting plant with ornamental dark foliage, of shrubby, bushy growth 2 to 3 feet high, extreme long life. Numerous early flowers, rosy red, of pleasing fragrance. 50 cts. each; 3 for \$1.25; doz., \$4.50; 100 for \$35.00.

Alba. The more conspicuous white flowered form. 60 cts. each; 3 for \$1.50; doz., \$5.00.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove). Impressive, tall spired, heavy-foliaged

plants of well known value for background massing.

-Ambigua. 2 to 3 feet. Midsummer. Flowers yellow, marked with brown. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$16.00.

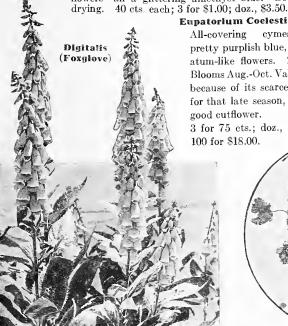
-Giant Shirley Foxgloves. 6 to 7 feet high, with flower heads 3

fect or more long, crowded with big bell-shaped florets. Colors range from white and shell pink to deepest rose, many attractively dotted with crimson and chocolate. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Gloxiniaeflora (Foxglove). A grand display of thimble-shaped flowers in immense spikes during July and August. Tall growing with large rough foliage. Separate colors; White or Rose. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

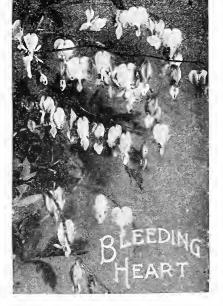
Echinops Ritro (Globe Thistle). 2 to 3 feet. Thistle-like plants with globular heads of deep metallic blue flowers. Can be dried for winter decoration. Each-35 cts.; 3-85 cts.; doz.-\$3.00.

Eryngium Amethystinum (Sea Holly). 3 or more feet. Hard, angular stalks; fine-cut, spiny foliage; and thistle-like terminal flowers—all a glittering amethyst blue. Good for



Eupatorium Coelestinum. cymes All-covering pretty purplish blue, Ageratum-like flowers. 2 feet Blooms Aug.-Oct. Valuable because of its scarce color for that late season, and a good cutflower.

3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50;



Euphorbia Corollata (Flowering Spurge). A branchy low-growing plant with fine stems and foliage, literally covered from June to August with loose umbels of pretty white flowers. (Shown in color on page 3). Good for cutting in long sprays; and one of the most charming mist-flowers to mix with bouquets of Larkspur, Geum, etc. Euphorbia is usually in prime, just after Gypsophila is through, and before the Thalyctrums become useful as "mixers." 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

FUNKIA (Day Lily). Thick leaved, substantial plants valued even more for their foliage than for their flowers. They are also among the very few really choice perennials which accept a shady location.

-Subcordata Alba (White Day Lily). Gracefully arching, very broad heartshaped leaves of light green, with noticeable ribs. Prominent flowers in late summer; waxy white long tubes with flaring bells, pendent like lilies in whorled racemes, sweetly fragrant. Popular for low, narrow foundation planting along the east or north sides. See Special Offer insert. 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00.

OUndulata Variegata. The leaves are broad and definitely fluted, pale green

with a broad white central band and varying streaks; the flower stems just long enough to clear the foliage clump, small pendent blue florets in loose racemes. (Shown in color on page 38.) Being only 12 to 18 inches high, they make a very showy edging to bind in a planting of taller perennials; a good rock plant. 3 for 85 ets.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$18.00.

Gaillardia Grandifiora (Blanket Flower). Makes an unfailing supply of bloom in those rich, tawny shades so highly prized. Flowers often measure 3 inches in diameter, on clean 2-foot stems. A hard center of deep maroon is thickly bordered by petals of orange and yellow, strikingly ringed by circles of crimson, red and maroon. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

Geranium Sanguineum (Crane's Bill). Beautiful deeply indented foliage, plants about 18 inches high, bearing flat, phlox-like solitary flowers all summer; pale crimson. They are particularly useful for woodsy location and partial shade. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

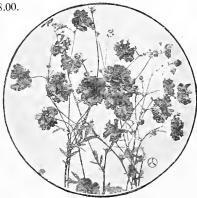
**Gerbera Jamesoni.** (Transvaal Daisy). Low plants with crisp wide leaves, bearing erect flower stems to 18 inches. The terminal flowers are daisy like, single. often four inches and more across. Slightly variable in color but in general a soft coral red very acceptable during the early autumn. Should be mulched heavily against severe frost, or else brought into the greenhouse—where they will bloom all winter. 75 ets. each; 3 for \$2.00; doz., \$7.00.

GEUM. 1½ feet. Brilliant, beautifully ruffled double flowers resembling Carnations, on long slender upright stems. June to Sept. (Shown in color on page 38.)

Lady Stratheden. Bright golden yellow, a beautiful flower.

Mrs. Bradshaw. Showy double crimson scarlet.

Orange Queen. A rich intermediate between yellow and red. PRICES: All three; 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.



Mrs. Bradshaw





GYPSOPHILA . - Panlculata (Baby's Breath). A branching fine-stemmed plant rapidly forming a 2 to 3 foot mound. During mid-summer, the surface is a fleecy mass of white in loose panicles of minute, but myriad flowers. Sprays of these are largely used for mixing with high colored flowers, with delightful effect in bouquets. 3 for 60 cts.; dozen, \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00.

-Bristol Fairy. A sensational new development of the double flowered Gvy. sophila, adopted immediately by florists as a very valuable cutting subject. The bush itself is sturdier and more expansive than the type, with much larger florets in fuller panicles; the blooming season naturally longer, and possible of continuous all-summer show if earlier bloom is removed. Pure white, slightly blushed in cool

weather. Strong grafted plants. Each, 90 cts.; 3 for \$2.40; doz., \$9.00. Repens. A beautiful trailing plant for the rockery, with clouds of small white and pink flowers in July and August. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.



A few clumps of these beautiful hardy grasses give an air of tropic luxuriance, and piquant animation. Gracillima is the finest, densest, darkest and most sinuous. The Eulalias are about equal as to height (4 ft.) and quality of plumage, which make excellent dried bouquets for winter. The Ribbon grass, being dwarf, is used for edging.

EULALIA. Hardy grasses of interesting character, very useful as

solitary clumps in the lawn, or as 4 to 5-foot backgrounds, and borders. The dried plumes make excellent winter decoration.

-Gracillima Univittata (Japan Rush). Narrow green leaves with a silvery white midrib, perfectly hardy.

-Japonica Varlegata. Long narrow leaves, striped green and white. Elymus Glaucus (Blue Lime Grass). 21/2 to 3 feet, the narrow silvery blue leaves arching to the ground. Valuable for a blue binding edge to shrubbery or taller grasses.

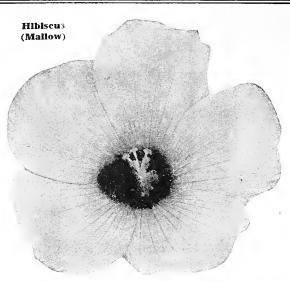
Phalaris Arundinacea Varlegata (Ribbon Grass).  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet. Broad leaves striped lengthwise with creamy white; for edging. PRICE: 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00.

HELENIUM. Quick growing, branching plants which make fine individual rounded bushes, or work to advantage in the medium section of a graduated perennial group. 3 to 5 feet high.

-Autumnale Rubrum. Orange flowers suffused terra-cotta red, a rich color appropriate to late summer.

-Blgelovl. Quite showy during August with terminal clusters of 1½ inch, deep yellow flowers with brown center.

Riverton Gem. Old gold gradually changing in streaks to wallflower red; the warm, rich shades of autumn. PRICE: 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.



⊙Hellanthemum Mutabile (Fickle Sunrose). Of procumbent shrubby character, about 12 inches high, the young growth stiffly erect. Abundant inch-wide flowers in loose racemes, capriciously varying in color from yellow and white to rose and purple. A delightful dwarf border and rockery subject. June and July. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

HELIANTHUS (Hardy Sunflower). Hardy and quick growing, the numerous long-stemmed, yellow flowers averaging from 3 to 5

inches in diameter.

Maximilliana. 5 to 7 feet. Immense single flowers, rich golden yellow, center reddish brown. Very dark green, lanceolate drooping foliage, late bloom. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00.

Multiflorus Plenus. Double, like the decorative dahlias, bright yellow. This is the

most serviceable and beautiful of the compact types for cutting, and fits into landscaping groups admirably; a fine vase flower. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

Heliopsis Zinniaeflora. A fine yellow garden type superior as a

cutflower; with even rounded growth and continuously profuse bloom. Plants grow about 2 feet high, bearing long stemmed, double, Zinnia-like flowers two to three inches across, a beautiful shade of pure yellow. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00. **HEMEROCALLIS.** Well known family resembling Lilies in char-

acter and bloom, usually sweet scented. Varieties bear a great quantity of yellow flowers during long periods of summer.

Flava (Lemon Lily). 3 feet. Crowned by beautiful lemon-colored flowers 3 to 4 inches in diameter, and delightfully fragrant. June. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

-Kwanso fl. pl. (Double Orange Lily.) Strong growing and long seasoned. Flowers semi-double, deep copper color with reddish spots. 3 for 85 cts; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

-Middendorfii. Grows 2½ feet, with dark, clean foliage and clus-

ters of lily flowers 5 to 6 inches long; bright golden yellow. May and June. 3 for 75 cts; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Thunbergi. Funnel-shaped flowers of buttercup yellow in July. 4 feet. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00.

Hesperis Matronalis (Sweet Rocket). Stout, bushy plants 3 to 4 feet high, with showy terminal spikes of pink flowers during June and July. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$16.00.

• HEUCHERA (Coral Bells). Dainty, refined edging and rockery

plants; the leaves round, escalloped and purple tinged in low tufts. The beautiful flowers are in terminal panicles on very slender upright stems borne very freely over a long summer period.

-Brizoides. 18 to 24 in. May and June, numerous; light pink.

Sangulnea. 12 to 18 in. June to Sept.; a gay coral red.

PRICE: 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00.



HIBISCUS (Mallow). Of quick shrubby growth requiring four feet of space, bearing quantities of large fall flowers like single Hollyhocks; a showy background.

Crimson Eye. White with crimson throat. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00. -Red Marvels. Various shades of red.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$16.00.



Gypsophila Bristol Fairy



Hemerocallis Flava

#### HOLLYHOCKS

This stately old plant is truly "King of the Garden." Hollyhocks inject so much of color and life and picturesqueness into tall backgrounds with their densely set pillars ranging in height from 4 to 7 feet, ablaze throughout the summer. Set directly against an old, weather-worn building, they screen the Evidence of decay with a thrilling suggestion of comfort and loving care.

**Exquisite.** (New Anemone-flowered type). Densely double, the large flowers 4 to 5 ins. wide, in close tiers along the spike. Each petal is uniquely curled and fringed like the double petunias, with white margin and a high-colored blotch like pelargoniums. These dominating colors range through shades of pink and purple. Mixed. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$18.00.

**Newport Pink.** A distinct and very beautiful new double-flowered variety, with compact spikes of colossal size; brilliant, pure pink. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

**Double Flowered.** Large rosettes of paper-like tissue, very compactly layered. We offer them in the following separate colors.

Crimson, Yellow, White, Maroon and Pink. 3 for 65 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

Mammoth Fringed. Extra large flowers semi-double and single, petals finely curled and fringed; colors shell-pink, rose, and ruby-red. Mixed colors only. 3 for 65 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

Hyacinthus Candicans. 20 to 30 white, pendant, bell-shaped flowers on stalks 3 to 4 feet high. Blooms early and till late fall. Should be planted rather close for mutual support, preferably in straight lines, and be heavily mulched as

winter protection. 3 for 40 cts.; doz., \$1.50; 100 for \$10.00.

• IBERIS (Hardy Candytuft). Dwarf hardy bordering plants with handsome dark evergreen foliage, when in bloom a covering sheet of substantial flowers

Gibralterica. 12 inch. Delicate lilac flowers of rather large size; May—June.

Sempervirens. 10 inch. Pure white flowers, fragrant, in early spring; the plant compactly spreading.

S. & H. Co. Double Hollyhocks

### IRIS—Rich in Color

RISES are extensively used in solid rows or evenly spaced groups along the backyard walks; in the foreground of shrubbery groups, and to some extent in narrow spaces against the foundation—as much on account of their compact, hedging foliage so attractive all the year, as for the beauty of their flowers. But the garden is their rightful home, and modern interest and appreciation accord them high honor and garden prominence. For beautiful effect plant varieties in groups of six of a kind.



A German Iris Border

GERMAN IRIS—Iris Germanica

PRICE: 3 for 85 ets.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

Our plants are well rooted quality stock.

The lovely "Fleur de Lis" of France, with handsome foliage; and exquisite, haunting fragrance and delicacy of tinting in their May and June flowers.

Although capable of establishment in any kind of soil, they will attain greater perfection of growth and flowering in a damp soil if well drained and fully in the sun.

PRICES: Dozens and less by mail, postpald. If included with, or separately shipped by express or freight, deduct 25 cts. per dozen. The 100 rate is for express, not prepaid. Glad to quote on larger quantities.

Alcazar. Large, broad petals. Standards pale lilac-blue with golden bronze throat; falls violet purple. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Ambassadeur. One of the finest examples of bronze type which "Prosper Laugier" popularized; vigorous growth, with strong three-foot stems, and large flowers. The standards are bronze, combining yellow with hyssop-violet. The broad falls are velvety carmine-purple. Rated 9.4. 3 for \$1.25; doz., \$4.00.

Candelabra. Large and striking, standards light mauve dusted with violet; scapes silvery white. Falls limp with sharp veins converging to a solid blotch almost black, at ends. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.

Caprice. Would be pleasingly noticeable in any collection; redolent with the distinctive fragrance of bruised grapes. Flowers large and rounded, rich rosy-lilac, a little darker in the falls. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00.

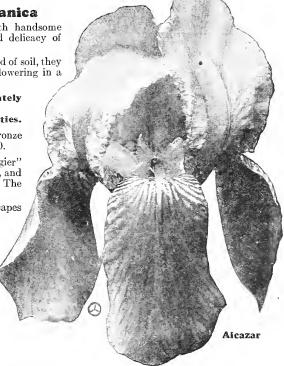
Cavalier. A strong, heavy flower; the prettily ruffled standards a medium blue, the falls purple violet. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Corrida. A tall, free-blooming Pallida, with rounded flowers of good substance and rigid stems. A solid light color, aniline blue. Rated 8.3. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

C. P. Connell. A fine type for massed planting to gain a solid dark blue effect. These flowers are large and substantial, standards and falls alike in shade. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

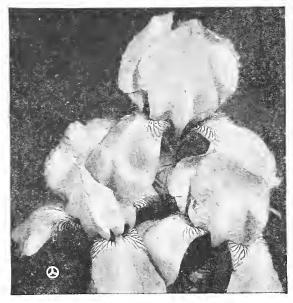
Elderado. One of the newer bronzes; opalescent standards, and old gold falls splashed burnt purple. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.

Iris King. A large flower, the standards clear lemon color; the falls a satiny red-maroon broadly bordered with gold. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.



A parti-colored variety; standards pale, pinkish buff flushed with mauve; the sharply reflexed falls are; Chinese violet with russet tints at the edges. 3 for 60 ets.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.





Queen Caterina

#### German Iris-Cont'd

Japanesque. An interesting myorid security of the German and Japanese types, resem-An interesting hybrid between the bling the latter in form with flat flowers of six equal petals. Violet, edged lavender, with sharp white reticulation throughout center. Distinct, odd, and showy. 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00.

Jeanne d' Arc. A delicate, dainty sort of good size and form; white with edges partly checked, scapes heavily suffused in violet; exquisitely scented. 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50.

La Niege. A fine, pure ivory white; flowers of good form. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Lent A. Williamson. One of the finest blue iris, broad and massive with heavy stalks. The velvety pansy violet falls are emphasized by the intervening bronze-gold center, and the crimpled standards of lavender violet. Rated 9.0. 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00.

Lohengrin. One of the choicest of the Pallida type, tall and strong growing. Flowers large and uniformly a soft Cattleya rose, graduating to rosy white at the claws. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$15.00.

**Lord of June.** A very tall, full-headed variety with a certain air about it; considered one of the best for exhibition purpose, and a noble garden type. The color is practically solid light-blue violet. Rated 9.1. 3 for \$1.60; doz., \$5.00.

Mad. Chereau. White, elegantly frilled, with a wide

border of clear blue; one of the most charming sorts. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

Maori King. Short and compact, very free. Standards rich golden yellow, closely incurved; falls velvety redbrown, distinctly feathered.

3 for 60 cts; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00. Monsignor. A distinct and very desirable variety, stately in growth and massive in bloom; the somberness of its darkly veined crimson purple color enlivened by gleaming violet rays in the standards. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50.

Nibelungen. S. fawn; F. violet, with fawn margin; a handsome variety. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00. Paiiida Daimatica. Tall growing; with very large fullformed flowers of soft lavender, the falls of deeper hue. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Princess Beatrice. The true exemplar of that noted and frequently modified type known as paliida daimatica. Of distinguished plant character, strong flower stalks rising to three feet; foliage unusually heavy; flowers of regal size; sweetly scented; lavender-blue slightly silvered at base. 3 for \$1.25; doz., \$4.00; 100 for \$30.00. Queen Caterina. Extreme delicacy of coloring coupled with unusual vigor, substance and great size. A pleasingly fragrant one-color iris; azure lilac. A distinctive "moonlight" effect is produced by the silvery coating and reflex, the strong bronze haft, and orange beard. Certainly a choice variety. Rated 9.1.

3 for \$1.25; doz., \$4.00.

Sappho (Othello). Tall and upstanding: S. rich dark blue; F. deep veleety

3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.

**Shekinah.** A new variety of the large flowered Pallida type; uniquely beautiful in its rare color. Straw yellow deepening to amount in the throat, with a lemon colored beard. 3 for \$1.60; doz., \$5.00.

Sherwin Wright. Solid, all-over buttercup yellow. Bloom very free and long lasting; no better clear yellow variety, altho small. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Souv. de Mme. Gaudichau. (Rated 9.3.) A beautiful voolet-blue in the overlapping standards; the drooping falls very dark and velvety in midnight purple. flower is extra large, with stem and plant of commensurate character. 3 for \$1.80; doz., \$6.00.

Taffeta. Aptly named for its raw-silk texture, and very popular for its unique color effect. The fluted standards are a smoky tan, scapes buff, beard gold, and falls a clouded plumbago-blue. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Toreador. The deeply ruffled plume is a blend of amber, buff and bronze; modified in the broad and horizontally extended falls, by a heavy reticulation (without blotches) of red-maroon. 3 for 60 ets.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.

Violacea Grandiflora. Among the latest, and without question one of the most pleasing blue Irises either new or old. Flowers are large and graceful, sweetly fragrant, a beautiful one-color shade of deep lavender blue. A charming vase associate with Jeanne d'Arc. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

#### INTERMEDIATE IRIS

Handsome, large flowered, medium growing hybrids resultant from crossing the tall bearded Germans with the various Crimean hybrids. These are vigorous, hardy and free flowering, blooming in May just ahead of the taller Germanica class.

Freya. Pearl color, the falls flamed violet. Inclined to bloom again in Autumn. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Ingeborg. Pure white. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Walhalia. Standards lavender, falls wine-red. 3 for 60 cts.; doz. \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.



Intermediate Iris

#### SIBERIAN IRIS

Iris Sibirica. A very showy and prolific type of slenderly compact habit; with narrow, grassy foliage and 2 to 3-foot upright stems; furnishing a prodigious amount of medium sized flowers during June-between the German and Japan sections.

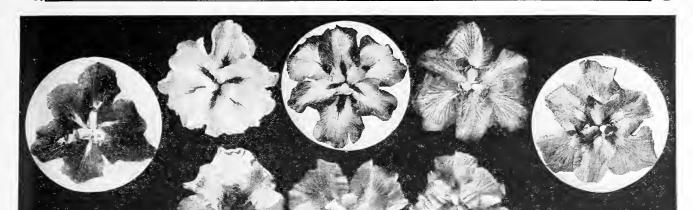
Orientalis (Atrosanguinea). Intense violet blue, the bud being enclosed in conspicuous crimson spathe valves. 3 feet. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$12.00.

-Boy Blue. Bright blue, with white center, 4 feet. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$13.00.

Snow Queen. Ivory white. 3 feet. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for



S. & H. quality in seeds and plants is the development of more than 75 years



Upper Row-Nos. 3, 1, 5, 8 and 10

Nos. 6, 7 and 4 BEAUTIFUL JAPANESE IRIS

(Iris Kaempferi)

Last of the wonderful Iris procession in point of season; but for size of plant and flowers, shapeliness, richness of coloring, beauty of pattern, and splendor of general effect, it is unquestionably accorded first. Their flowers are generally rather flat and wide, often measuring 10 to 12 inches across, appearing in great profusion during June and July after the Germans are through. We have tried out a great many varieties, and honestly believe this assortment of ours to be as good and representative as can be found. Give good, rich light soil, plenty of water, and frequent cultivation. The following varieties are arranged according to their relative blooming season.

PRICE: Unless stated, by mall postpaid, 3 for \$1.20; Dozen, \$3.50. By express, Dozen, deduct 30 cents.; 100 for \$25.00.

(Waves Under Moonlight). Earliest 1—Gekka-no-nami to bloom, and very free. Glistening white with creamy white stigmas.

-Kumo-no-obi (Band of Cloud). The lower and upper petals being nearly equal in size, make a very full flower and a solid blotch of color. Bright, clear purple, with distinct rays and halo of white surrounding the golden throat, the pure white standards tipped purple. (Not illustrated.)

-Koki-no-Iro (Purple and Gold). Enormous double flowers often ten inches across, early and free-blooming; one of the very best varieties. Color, rich violetpurple with white petaloids tipped violet. The conspicuous golden throat extends outward in sharp bluish white rays.

We have sought and tested many contenders for the title "Pink Jap. Iris." This variety Norma is the truest solid pink we know; a brilliant shade of silky lustre, its inevitable tingeing inclined towards lavender. There is no further break in color, except the slight yellow center with its blue halo. The six-petaled flowers are very large, the stems extra long, the plant development brisk and sturdy. 3 for \$1.40; doz., \$4.00.

--Moniji-no-taki (Maple Waterfall). A choice, double, variegated variety; bright rosy crimson, beautifully feathered in white. Petaloid-stigmas white, purple crested.

Six-petaled, big and wavy; frost white, with 6—Sea Crest. a deep blue haft. A rift of blue in the glistening spray of white caps.

Larger than a majority of varieties, -Zama-no-mori. although only three-petaled; one of the daintiest and most delightful of the delicate toned kinds. White, with a heavy azure blue zone; short white standards margined blue.

## The Set of TEN

[8 of the 10 are shown above]

One of each (10 plants). By mail, \$2 By express, collect.....\$3.00

Three each (30 plants). By mail, S postpaid . . . . . . . . . . . .

By express, collect........\$8.25

8—Uchiu (Universe). Beautiful, sixpetaled flowers of largest size, on the longest stems. Color, cerulean blue with golden center and white halo from which radiate many clear white lines. Standards white, tipped blue. This variety covers the longest blooming season and is altogether one of the most attractive.

Lower Row-

Large double flow-9—Mahogany. ers, among latest to bloom. Velvet-toned, deep mahogany-red; the erect petaloids prettily crested. (Not illustrated.) 3 for \$1.40; doz., \$4.00.

10 — Iso-no-nami

(Shallow Waves). A magnificent broadpetaled variety; one of the largest flow-

ered, and the latest to bloom. Color a nebulated suffusion of rose and cerulean blue over white, deepening toward the gold flushed center of rosy lilac.

Lathyrus Latifolius (Hardy Perennial Pea). A rampant climbing perennial liberally furnished with good screening foliage. Its tendrils cling well, the numerous, large flowers are typical peas but scentless, in dense clusters, continuous, and long-lasting either

on the vine or cut. Red, Pink or White.

3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$17.00.

Lavandula Vera (Sweet Lavender). 18 inches. July and August. Sweetly fragrant spikes of little blue flowers.

3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

LIATRIS-Pycnostachya (Blazing Star, or Gay Feather). Unique, mid-summer flowers showing a blaze of light rosy purple from tip to base of each feathery stalk. A fine punctuation plant. 4 to 5 feet.

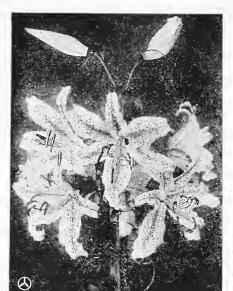
3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

> See Insert Page for Special Offers of Perennials



Liatris





Auratum

Hansoni. Three to four feet. Flowers come in clusters of 8 to 12, with thick and durable petals; bright orange, spotted with brownpurple. June-July. Doz., \$7.50.

Henryi (Yellow Speciosum). One of the finest hardy Lilies, of strong, vigorous growth, with flowerstalks 3 to 5 feet long; deep apricot-yellow, lightly spotted brown. Aug.—Sept. Doz., \$7.50.

**Krameri.** Beautiful trumpet shaped flowers, exceedingly fragrant; blush to rose pink. A very dainty and pleasing variety. June–July. Doz., \$6.50; 100 for \$45.00.

**Longiflorum Giganteum.** One of the most reliable and fragrant forcing Lilies

rivalling the Bermuda Lily. In the garden, its snow-white trumpets appear during June and July in great abundance. Doz., \$6.00; 100 for \$40.00.

Rubellum. Very dwarf and compact, seldom more than one foot high; very pretty as a dwarf bedder, and does well as a pot plant (3 bulbs to a 5-inch pet). It blooms early and liberally, with charming rose pink flowers about 3 inches long.

Doz., \$5.90.

**Speciosum Album.** Pure white with a green band traversing the center of each petal. The Speciosums are always dependable and important. 8-9 in.

Doz., \$6.50; 100 for \$50.00.

Speciosum Magnificum. Superior size and character; rosy white, heavily spotted crimson. 8-9 in. Doz., \$4.00; 100 for \$30.00.

Speciosum Rubrum. This is one of the joys of August; ruby spots informally distributed over a broad expanse of white. 8-9 in. Doz., \$5.00; 100 for \$35.00.

Superbum. Runs from 3 to 6 feet in height, its nodding crests adding to the general brilliance of July and on into Sept., with from five to forty handsome blooms of orange-scarlet shaded yellow, with red anthers.

Doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

Tenulfolium (Coral Lily). A flashy little mid-summer lily, great
 for mass effect, good in rockeries, often potted. The flowers are
 tiny two-inch balls, but so numerous and so intensely scarlet they
 shame the larger reds. Slender stems 1 to 2 feet high, with fine-cut
 ferny foliage. Doz., \$4.00; 100 for \$28.00.

Tigrinum Spiendens. Single flowers of orange, spotted black. The highly prized "Tiger Lily" so well-known in American land-scapes. Imported, Doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Tigrinum a. pl. (Double Tiger Lily.) Imported. Doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

Umbellatum Grandiflorum. Tall growing as well as stocky; beautiful, upright bell-shaped flowers of coppery orange and red, sometimes slightly spotted. Imported. Doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

# S. & H. Hardy Lilies

### A Superb Garden Flower-Easy to Grow

OST lilies will succeed in any light, sandy or loamy soil if sufficiently enriched and properly drained. Decayed peat and leaf mold are often successfully mixed with the other soil. Well rotted cow manure is best, thoroughly mixed in; followed in after years by top dressing. Fresh manure must be avoided.

In garden planting, the bulbs should be set no less than three times their own depth, and mulched heavily after the first frosts come, for winter protection. In locating these plantings remember that Lilies object to frequent removal; they should be left undisturbed several years.

PRICE: Dozens or less are priced for mail delivery postpaid. The 100 rate is for express delivery, transportation charges collect. 6 sold at dozen rate; 1 sold at 1/19 dozen rate; 25 at 100 rate.

Auratum (Gold-banded Japan Lily). This variety has ever been a great favorite. The flower heads are large, with broad petals gracefully recurved. White, thickly studded crimsonmaroon, with a wide gold band down the center of each petal. July-Aug.

First Size, Doz., \$4.00; 100 for \$28.00. Extra large, Doz., \$6.00; 100 for \$40.00.

Auratum Platyphyllum (Macranthum). Superior to the type, being a larger, stronger grower (6 to 10 feet), with flowers often a foot across.

grower (6 to 10 feet), with flowers often a foot across. Has the typical waxy white color and yellow band with fewer and yellow spots. Doz., \$6.50; 100 for \$45.00.

Auratum Pictum. A much stronger grower, with flowers beautifully marked; white with yellow band, the petals tipped and freely spotted with red. Doz., \$6.00; 100 for \$40.00.

Batemanniae. Bright apricot tinted flowers; blooming in July-August. Doz., \$5.00; 100 for \$36.00.

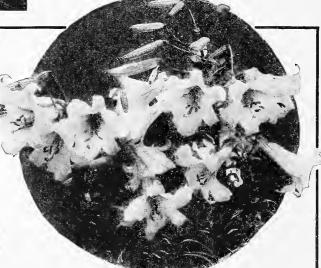
Croceum. A handsome, showy lily 3 to 6 feet high, with up to 20 horizontal flowers 3-4 inches in diameter. Hardy, vigorous and long lived. June and July flowers, orange yellow tinged red, spotted purplish black, anthers red. Doz., \$7.00; 100 for \$50.00.

Eiegans Atrosanguineum (Thunbergianum). Hardy,

Eiegans Atrosanguineum (Thunbergianum). Hardy, dwarf, stocky grower, blooming freely in June and July with large, erect, vivid flowers. Velvety blood-red inside, the outer surface sheened with gold. Imported—Doz., \$5.00; 100 for \$36.00.



Longiflorum



### The Regal Lily

A recent introduction from China. The flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink; with a beautiful glow of canary yellow at center, which continues part way up the trumpet. Its perfume is exquisite; not oppressively heavy like some types, but with the sweet refreshment of the Jasmine. In the garden it commences to bloom in June, with the main crop in July. Hardier than most kinds and forces splendidly.

First size, Doz., \$5.00; 100 for \$36.00. Extra large, Doz., \$7.00; 100 for \$50.00.





Speciosum Rubrum, Album

**ELILY OF THE VALLEY.** Just the thing to put into that cold, shaded strip along the walk on the east or north side of your house. The loose

panicles of tiny bellflowers set low in their emerald foliage, are not conspicuous; but they do cover the waste ground, furnish a vast amount of cut sprays, and sweetly perfume the entire yard. A good rockery subject.

Holland Plps. Doz., 60 ets.; 100 for \$3.60; 1000 for \$30.00.

OLInum Perenne (Flowering Flax). Very desirable within dwarf perennial beds, very much at home in rockeries. The plant bushes up evenly about 18 to 24 inches with dainty glaucous foliage, the surface spangled with perfectly round, flat, solitary, azure-blue flowers from May to August. A fresh crop with each morning's dew. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$16.00.

LOBELIA Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Intense cardinal-red flowers arranged in stocky spikes 15 to 18 inches long, keep the plant aflame throughout August and September. Naturalizes easily in widely varied soils and degrees of light and moisture. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

LUPINUS Polyphyllus (Lupine). Conspicuous, lovely flower spikes a foot long, on three foot stems, the foliage below also attractive in many leaved whorls. Although the plant is hardy, it must be guarded carefully against drying out. The flowers are pea-shaped, very evenly spaced along the spike. In separate colors— Blue, Rose or White.

3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.



Lily of the Valley

OLYCHNIS. Thrifty plants of moderate growth valued for the blazy effectiveness of their summer flowers.

**Chalcedonica** (Maltese Cross).  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. Heart-lobed stars of brightest vermilion, arranged in large flat panicles.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$16.00.

Viscaria Spiendens (Lamp Flower). (Shown in color on page 38). A bushy plant about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet high. Almost evergreen foliage; in June and July fairly ablaze with close spikes of crimson coral flowers.

3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Viscaria Fi. pl. (Double Rosepink Campion). Most refined of the type, with heavy close spikes of quite double flowers, a consistently dark crimson color; foliage particularly good, height about 2 feet.

3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

LYTHRUM (Loosestrife). Shrubby perennials growing 2 to 5 feet under varied cultivation, at their best in cool and moist location, although quite successful in the average border and among shrubs. The flowers are borne freely in long terminal racemes from June to Sept.

-Roseum Superbum. Bright rose colored flowers.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

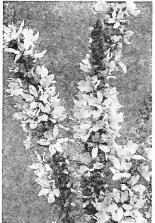
Mertensla Virginica (Blue Bells). 18 inches. Native of the woods and borderlands, when once established should not be disturbed. Pretty tubular flowers in drooping racemes during May and June, at first a warm blue gradually discoloring to pink.

3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

MONARDA-Cambridge Scarlet. A 2foot, bushy coarse-leaved plant, covered with round, full heads of red flowers with aragged petalage. Known as "Bergamot,"
"Oswego Tea," "Mint," etc., on account of the delicious fragrance of their leaves when crushed.

- Purpurea. Purple flowered.
- Rosea. Pink flowered.

PRICE: 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50 100 for \$17.00.



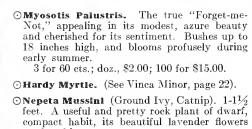
Lythrum



early spring. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$17.00.

King George. Bright scarlet, with petals deeply fringed.

Orlental Poppy



3 for 85 ets.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00. **⊙OENOTHERA.** (Evening Primrose). Fresh foliaged plants blooming practically all summer; at home in the rockery or in exposed groups

produced in masses.

- under the hot sun. Missouriensis. Large, solitary, golden yellow single flowers 3 to 5 inches in diameter; the plant
- itself prostrate, with ascending branches. Youngl. Bright lemon yellow, 1 to 2 inch flowers in numerous small clusters; plant stocky

and upright, with shiny foliage, 18 inches.

PRICE: 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$15.00.



\$125.00.PAPAVER,—Orlentale. Brilliant "Oriental Poppy" with immense, flaming flow-

ers of orange scarlet, supreme color blotches among the prevailing greens of

3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$25.00. Mrs. Perry. Beautiful salmon-rose. 3 for 85 ets.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$22.00.

See Attractive Offers of Perennials on Special Insert Page Nearby



# Spring Clearance Sale of Fine Peonies

Special Low Prices

7 E are offering below, 36 standard varieties which were prepared for last Fall's sale; but remain in quantity, unsold. Owing to radical readjustment of future propagation and lists, this is the "swan song" for many wellbeloved old kinds, in company with odds and ends of the recent introductions which do not fit into our new policy. We want to close out these prepared divisions, rather than transplant them ourselves. Consequently, we give you an unprecedented set of prices-see schedule below, -which

should appeal to all Peony lovers who know varieties and understand relative values. These special bargain prices must be accepted as such, without prejudice to the normal rates which may be affixed to retained varieties, in

our catalog next fall.

The Peony bears the first big flower crop of June, and is a close rival of the Rose. While in season, it is more lavish in its bloom, and makes the more pretentious show, besides which it is hardier and more easily cultivated. Peony blooms are very lasting when cut, and in most cases are exquisitely scented. Plant 2 to 3 feet apart in deep. rich, well-prepared soil, covering the buds but an inch or two. Do not expect much of them the first year, as they are slow in establishing themselves.

Peonles should properly be planted in September,—but may be safely moved in spring if at ended to early—before April 15th.

"CLEARANCE"	BARG	AIN PRICE	SCHEDULE
Each [	3	Doz.	100 (express)
35 cts.	\$1.00	\$3.50	\$25.00
40 cts.	1.15	4.00	30.00
50 cts.	1.40	5.00	40.00
75 cts.	2.00	7.50	60.00

#### 3 to 5 Eye Divisions **DOUBLE PEONIES**

Rated 8.5. Milk-white shaded ivory, the interior Albatre. petals slightly tinged with lilac, which condenses to a carmine thread at the edges. There is no white Peony with more perfect globular, substantial form, or delightful fragrance; midseason. 50 cts.

Alba Sulphurea. Light sulphur-yellow, changing to white. 40 cts. Albert Crousse. All over pure shell pink, edged creamy white; large, very full and compact and rather high built. Blooms profusely among the later sorts. 75 cts.

Dorchester. (Richardson,) Pink, one of the latest to bloom. Dwarf, compact grower; flower very full. 35 cts.

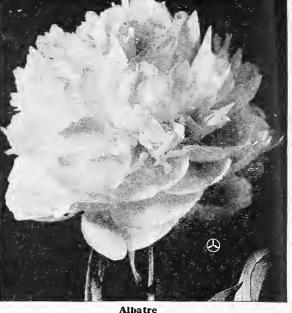
Duchesse de Nemours. Large and full; shapeliest, best commercial white, uniquely tinged with sulphur. 35 cts.

Duke of Wellington. High centered white, guards slightly blushed. 35 cts.

Eugenie Verdier. Rated 8.6. Blooms early on very long stems, the very large flowers flattened and loosely informal. Pale flesh ultimately white, the interior heavily suffused hydrangea pink. 50 cts.

Felix Crousse. Rated 8.4. Midseason. Large, round heads perfectly double; deep crimson, marked cardinal at base of petals. This is a favorite not only because of its bright red color but because its shape is so consistently good. 75 cts.

Festiva Maxima. Rated 9.3. High built flowers borne on long stiff stems; the purest white, inner petals slightly tipped carmine.



Golden Harvest. Loose bomb type; guards pale lilac rose, center creamy white. 35 cts.

James Kelway. Rated 8.7. Very large, semi-rose type. Rose white, occasionally flecked with crimson. An upstanding free-blooming English variety good for either cutting or landscaping. 75 cts.

Jules Calot. 7.2. Free blooming midseason, rather flat rose type. Dark carmine pink with a silver reflex. 35 cts.

L'Indlspensable. 7.3. Tall, late midseason, very free, the flowers of thick globular rose type; uniform flesh pink, eventually white.

La Tutipe (The "Stick Candy" Peony). A good sized white with long, wide petals, occasionally blotched, and outside of base streaked carmine. 35 cts.

Marie Lemoine. (Calot.) Dwarf, extra late, and very choice in the bud. White, faintly tinged chamois. 50 cts.

Marguerite Gerard. Rated 8.4. Magnificent, broad, thick heads of Hydrangea pink, marbled on creamy white and further enriched by collars of golden anthers. 50 cts.

Meissonier. Deep velvety cardinal, violet tipped. Flowers large and high-built, with a close center of twisted and imbricated petals; called "American Beauty." 50 cts.

Mile. Leonie Catot. 8.1. A fine old bedding sort. Its clustered flowers are large and beautifully formed; a warm blush white, dusted with varying shades of pink. 35 cts.

Mme. Boulanger. A fine late bloomer, large and full; glossy pink shaded lilac with a broad silvery edge. 50 cts.



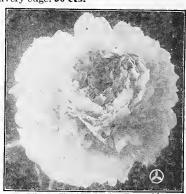
Marie Lemoine

Mme. de Bollemont. Rose type, late midseason. Large, very full convex flower with closely set petals. Glossy lilaceous pink with silvery border. 75 cts.

Mme. de Verneville. Rated 7.9. Medium sized, globular flower, petals crinkly and semi-transparent. Creamy white flaked purple at center. A delightful, clustered bedder. 35 cts.

Mme. Ducel. Rated 7.9. One of the choicest varieties for cutting both as to form and color. Shaped like the high built Chrysanthemums, and colored evenly a warm, true pink, its beauty is irresistible. One of the extremely few kinds to hold its original form to the last. 50 cts.

If not interested in named varieties, you will find a rare opportunity for more Peony Planting offered on Special Insert.



Mme. Emile Galle. Page 61

### PEONIES—Continued

Mme. Emile Gaile. Rated 8.5. Late blooming; one of the daintiest and most delicate, yet full of substance. Shell shaped petals of blush, waxy white at base; center a warm shell pink. The half opened buds are exqui-

Model of Perfection. 7.8. Very large, broad midseason flowers of pagoda shape; violet rose tipped silvery pink, color deepest in the tuft. 50 cts.

M. Bouchariat Aine. Bright carmine pink, with crinkly tips of silvery white. Immense, loose, rounded heads. 35 cts.

M. Martin Cahuzac. Rated 8.8. Probably the darkest of all imposing midseason flower with broad petals, in globular rose form. Each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75; doz., \$10.00.

Octavie De May. Rated 8.5. Very large flat crown. Guards and center pale hydrangea pink, collar almost white. Rather dwarf habit; but free, fragrant midseason bloom. 50 cts.

Officinalis Rubra fl. pi. Rich deep crimson; the great Decoration Day Peony. 50 cts.

Princess Eilen. Very late; rosy flesh color. 35 cts.

Sara Bernhardt. (Lemoine. Rated 9.0). A superb variety of flat compact, semi-rose type. Uniform mauve-rose, or apple blossom pink, silver tipped, fragrant. Each, \$1.25; 3 for \$3.35; doz., \$12.50.

Solange. (Lemoine. Rated 9.7). Unusually large, full, compact, globular crown type, with magnificent round, amber white buds; late. Very delicate lilac-white tinged progressively with amber to salmon at the heart. One of the choicest modern introductions, unique in its lovely color, and still rare. Each, \$2.00; 3 for \$5.50; doz., \$20.00.

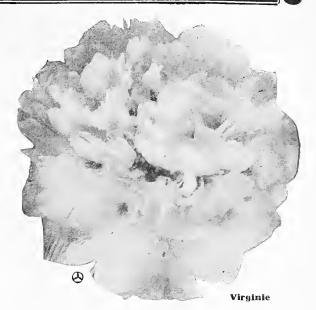
Souv. de Exposition Universeile. Very large, flat rose type. Violet rose tipped silver, with silvery reflex. Late. 35 cts.

Triomphe de Expo. de Lilie. Pale hydrangea pink, minutely splashed violet rose, guards fading nearly to white. 35 cts.

Triomphe de Paris. Outside white, center sulphur. 35 cts.

Venus. A warm-hued, dainty midseason crown sort, of high-built, compact form. Pale hydrangea pink, with collar and occasional blotches of lighter shade. 40 cts.

**Virginie.** (Rated 7.6). Extremely floriferous, very large, and a gorgeous bedding show. Soft pink varied with straw color and white. Although heavily petaled and at first compact, its tendency is to relax and acquire a richer beauty with the revelation of its golden stamens. Blooms lavishly in clusters and is sweetly fragrant. 35 cts.



**PENTSTEMON.** Border and rockery plants of long summer blooming season, the flowers somewhat resembling Foxglove, in uncrowded upright spikes.

Barbatus Torreyi (Scarlet Beard Tongue). Close set spikes of small, brilliant, scarlet flowers on slender, nodding, 3 to 5 feet stems. They do not take up much room, but are showy sparkling among other flower heads. July and August. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

Coral Gem. 3 ft. Similar to above but shorter, more rigid; with much larger florets, the color a brilliant coral red. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$18.00.

- ⊙ Gordoni Spiendens. 1 to 2 feet. Inch long flowers, broad at the mouth, in short, plump spikes, and many of them, ranging from bright blue and rose to purple. A brilliant ribbon border or bowl bouquet type. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$18.00

Murrayanus (Cup-leaf Pentstemon). Erect, 3 feet; the leaves broad, ovate, clasping, and upper pairs grown together into a cup-shaped body; flowers vinous mauve. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

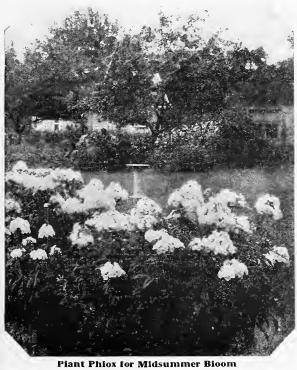


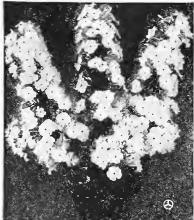
ERENNIAL Phlox can be used to advantage in the hardy border, in large groups on the lawn, or planted in front of belts of shrubbery, where, by judicious pinching back and removing faded flowers, a constant succession of bloom may be had until frost. Our list of varieties has been largely increased and strengthened through importation from the best European growers during the past few years. Strong field grown roots.

PRICES: Dozens or iess, by mail postpaid. The price per 100 is for express, coilect.



Baron van Dedem. Large trusses and flor-		Doz.	100
of orange-red tinged with old rose		\$2.50	\$18.00
<b>Baron van Heeckeren.</b> A splendid new variety of extra large size, and strong salmon pink color	.75	2.50	18.00
<b>B. Comte.</b> Brilliant, rich and highly pleasing to the eye. French purple, amaranth red, or "wine color".	.75	2.50	18.00
Beacon. Outstanding through several seasons; good size, good habit, vivid coloring—unmixed, ripe cherry red		2.50	18.00
<b>Bridesmaid.</b> Beautiful trusses, with cup-shaped florets; flushed white, with large crimson eye	. 60	2.00	15.00
Commander. Exceptionally large flowered, with strong and bushy growth.  Luminous cherry-red with conspicuous dark eye	.90	3.00	22.00
Coqueticot. Glowing orange red with violet eve	.75	2.50	18.00





#### Miss Lingard

### S & H SUPERB Hardy Phlox Collection

Six Distinct Varieties—Six Distinct Colors

B. Comte—Wine Red.
Bridesmaid—White, Red Eye.
Deutchland—Orange Carmine.
Lavender Beauty—Lavender.
Rheiniander—Pink.
R. P. Struthers—Salmon Red.

1 each (6 plants) by mail postpaid \$140

3 each (18 plants) by mail postpaid \$350

PHLOX-Continued



W. Kesselring

MISS Ethyaru		* 1077	UA-
Deutchland. Glittering orange carmine,	3	Doz.	100
deeper at center. A tall-		1	
growing, showy variety, very much in de-	en 75	eo 50	\$18.00
mand	50.75	დ∠. ა∪	\$10.00
A reliable old kind for continuous and deep			
color effect	. 60	2.00	15.00
Europa. A particularly strong, sturdy and			
distinct variety; white, with pronounced			
crimson-carmine iris	.75	2.50	18.00
Gen. van Heutz. A blue-eyed beauty. Soft			
salmon-red; small carmine center with white	<b>→</b> ~	0.70	10.00
iris, and fringing rays of light blue	.75	2.50	18.00
Gloire du Maroc. European growers claim this new vari-			
ety to be "nearest to blue." Although at			
first rather strongly purple, it is true that the			
sun quickly reduces its shade to lavender			
blue, set off by a large crimson eye	.75	2.50	18.00
Iris. Quite appropriately named; its large, full			
trusses suggesting the blue-purple associated			
with thoughts of irises in old gardens	. 60	2.00	15.00
Jules Sandeau. A magnificent variety of most			
reliable blooming habit, although of moder-			
ate height. The flowers are extremely large, made up into broad trusses of delightful ap-	•		
pearance; soft lilac-pink	.75	2.50	18.00
Lavender Beauty. Dark lavender with eye		2.00	10.00
and central suffusion of carmine red	. 60	2.00	15.00
Marechal French. A new European			
introduction of			
dignity and merit. Tall, erect, prolific of			
massive flower heads; deep scarlet with			
blood-red eye	1.00	3.50	25.00
Mia Ruys. A much branched dwarf type			
not over 18 inches high, producing extra large flowers and trusses of pure,			
waxy white	. 90	3.00	22.00
Minnie West Glittering scarlet shaded	. 50	5.00	22.00
Minnie West. Glittering scarlet shaded salmon, with white eye.			
Dwarf growth, a heavy bloomer with splen-			
did trusses.	. 90	3.00	20.00
Miss Lingard. Longest spikes of any phlox—!			
blooms from the ground up; the earliest blooming, sweetly fragrant. Waxy white,			
blooming, sweetly fragrant. Waxy white,		0.50	10.00
lavender eye	.75	2.50	18.00
Mrs. Ethel Pritchard. A beautiful self shade of	,		
rose-mauve. One of the extra fine new sorts,	i		
and would be a rare solid true lavender, were			
it not for a certain luminous warmth which			
gives it a livelier expression	1.00	3.50	25.00
Mrs. Milly van Hoboken. Shell			
pinkwith			
silvered reverse and varying mauve suffu-			
SION THE PENERAL COINT EHECT DRIVINGLY ENTICHED			

sion, the general color effect brightly enriched by the carmine eye. Large, shapely trusses

Mrs. Wm. Jenkins. Early and free, one of the

best tall kinds. Flowers large, pure white.

and florets..

Nicolas Flammel. A beautiful new	3	Doz.	100
red; bright car- mine-lake with golden salmon suffusion and			
crimson eye	\$0.75	\$2.50	\$18.00
Paladin. One of the best of our most re-			
phloxes. The truss is broadly imposing, the			
rounded florets a warm salmon pink with a			
large cherry-red eye	. 90	3.00	22.00
Rheiniander. Mottled salmon pink, with a			
claret-red eye. Flowers and truss large	.60	2.00	15.00
R. P. Struthers. A smooth blending of rosy carmine, with salmon; claret-red eye	.60	2.00	15.00
Sir Edwin Landseer. Light red, rose tinged.	.60		15.00
Special France. A recently new sort with			
beautiful, even trusses, the florets very large.			
Color tender rose to blush pink, given distinguishment by the large eye of carmine-rose.	. 60	2.00	15.00
Vald Jensen. Anewsalmon red of large		00	10,00
size, solid except for the			
small white eye	.75	2.50	18.00
W. Kesselring. New, and one of the best of the distinctly two-			
color varieties; free blooming and consistent.			
Light reddish violet, with a striking white	00	0.00	22.00
sunburst at center	. 90	3.00	22.00

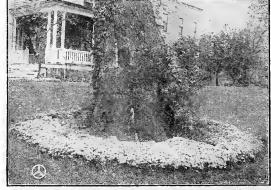
### MOSS PINK [Phlox subulata]

Ground covering, creeping phlox, or "Moss Pink." Often used for covering graves, surrounding old stumps and even large growing trees. A striking bordering plant for early spring, growing to a wide mat, the bloom all-covering.

• Also a favorite rock plant.

Rosea. Bright rose-pink flowers. Alba. White.

60 cts. for 3; \$2.00 per dozen. \$15.00 per 100.



Phlox Subulata-one of the first to bloom in Spring

3.00 20.00

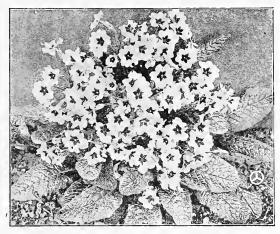
2.00 15.00

.90

60











#### MORE POPULAR PERENNIALS

Physalls Francheti (Chinese Lantern Plant). Grown for the large bladder-like, orange-red fruits in autumn. May be dried for winter decoration. 3 for 60 ets.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00.

Physostegia (False Dragon Head). Handsome midsummer flowering plants, 2 to 3 feet high; bearing broad, dense, conspicuous spikes of tubular flowers.

-Speciosa Alba. Pure white.

-Virginica Vivid. Extra broad florets, deep purplish rose. Blooms two weeks later than the white, and lasts a long time in water.
 PRICE: 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$20.00

© PLATYCODON Grandlflorum (Balloon Flower). 2 to 3 feet. Blooms constantly from July until late September; flowers large, bell-shaped in numerous loose racemes. Blue or white. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$15.00.

—Marlesi. Numerous two-inch indigo blue bells, more compact and dwarf growing than Grandiflorum, and blooms earlier. (Shown in color on page 38.) 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$17.00.

Plumbago Larpentae (Lead-wort). An attractive 12-in. edging plant, quickly spreading into a compact mat. The tiny leaves of apple green are a rich setting for spiky red buds, and clusters of phlox-like cobalt blue flowers late in summer. Although this plant gives excellent results in partial shade, it is also surprisingly hardy in hot sand, against a west side foundation, for instance. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

⊙POLYANTHUS. 6 to 12-in. edging plants, resplendent throughout the spring months with showy single flowers. Very similar to the hardy Primroses, but larger flowered; with ornamental rounded tufts of foliage. Set about 12 inches apart. Mixed shades of crimson and yellow. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$22.00.

**⊙PRIMULA** (Primrose). Little groups among the shading elements of shrubbery are popular; dainty edging for garden beds, and in rockeries, both for foliage and early spring bloom.

—Auricula Alpina. Unique foliage in rosettes of thick, mealy leaves; the numerous slender flower stalks arising six to eight inches with terminal clusters of fragrant flowers of many colors.

-Veris (Cowslip). Plants 4 to 8 inches high, with scented flower umbels mainly yellow, but varying shades with darker center.

PRICE: 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$22.00.

**PYRETHRUM Hybridum** (Painted Daisy).  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. A colorful garden show from June on throughout the summer and also a charming cut flower with long slender stems. The flower construction varies from a full petaled anemone or Marguerite shape, to a larger size in plain single. **Mixed** shades of red, pink, etc. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$16.00.

Ranunculus Repens fl. pl. (Double Buttercup). A quickly spreading, frequent rooting trailing plant, useful as a ground covering. Masses of yellow button flowers during May and June. The foliage is small, refined, densely set on its numerous runners; rather thick and rubbery, dark green and lustrous.

3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00.

RUDBECA: 5--"Golden Glow." 5 to 7 feet; early summer until frost. Double dahlia-like golden-yellow flowers.

3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00.

Newman! ("Black Eyed Susan"). Grows 1½ to 2 feet; plentifully supplied with broad single flowers of orange-yellow with a prominent blue-brown cone. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

—**Purpurea** (Purple Cone-nower). Large drooping petals colored reddish purple, with a remarkably large cone-shaped center of brown, thickly set with golden tips in spiral lines. 2 to 3 feet. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

**SALVIA**—Azurea Grandifiora (Meadow Sage). Very pretty in August and September with its profusion of skyblue flowers. Spreading, 3 to 4 foot plants, with swaying flower wands. 3 for 60 ets.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$15.00.

—Pitcherl. A much branched, densely blooming type of the Rocky Mountain Sage, its wands 3 to 4 feet high; a rich, deep shade of gentian blue. Aug.—Sept. Even prettier than Larkspur, in bouquets with Euphorbia or Baby-Breath. 3 for 85 ets.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

⊙Saponaria Oxymoldes (Soapwort). A branchy, trailing rockplant densely clothed with small round leaves; from May to July brightly spangled with small pink flower umbels. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00.

⊙ SaxIfraga Cordifolia (Rockfoil). Useful for front of the border or rockeries, their 12 inch growth of broad green foliage being effective all the year; their dainty umbels of flowers breaking out very early in spring. Light pink. 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50.

Scablosa Caucasica (Blue Bonnet). Very showy, freely produced cutflowers, on stems 18 to 24 inches long; June-Sept. A soft lavender blue. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$17.00.

⊙ **SEDUM** (Stone Crop). Handsome, rubbery leaved plants at home in dry soil and in rockeries as well as in shade.

—Acre (Golden Moss). Very dwarf and dense, like moss, used for edging, or for carpeting graves. Foliage green, the all-covering early summer flowers bright yellow.

-Alba. Glaucous green moss; white flowers.

-Spurlum Coccineum. 6 inches. One-inch leaves on creeping branches; crimson flowers on red stems.

—Spectabilis. 15-18 inches. Large leaved, upright; crowned with massive flat cymes of rose-colored flowers.

-Brilla.: ... Dark crimson flowers.

PRICE: 3 for 70 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$15.00

⊙ Sempervivum Arachnoldeum (Cobweb Houseleek). 6 in. An interesting evergreen succulent closely resembling the Sedums, spreading out by small, crowded rosettes connected by cobwebby strands. The short-stemmed flowers are bright red, in loose panicles. Wonderfully effective in rockeries, and as shallow borders. 3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

⊙ Sliene Schafta (Autumn Catchfly). 4 to 6 inches. A low border or rock plant, with masses of bright pink flowers from July to October. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$17.00.

Spirea Ulmaria (Meadow Sweet). June to July. Best in partially shaded, moist location; handsome foliage and three foot plumes of cottony white flowers. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$22.00.

Statice Latifolia (Sea Lavender). 15-18 inches. Tufts or clumps of thick, leathery foliage and immense panicles of delicate blue flowers. Individual flowers very minute, similar in form to the Forget-me-not, but made into heads 18 inches or more across. Will last for months if carefully dried.

3 for 75 ets.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$17.00.



Stokesia (Stokes' Aster). A splendid 2 foot bushy plant, in bloom from July to October. The flowers are large, often 4 to 5 inches in diameter, of close-packed Centaurea shape, the lobed petals formally arranged, the upper strata shorter and finer. Lavender or White.

3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

THALICTRUM (Meadow Rue). Handsome "mist" plants, with fine cut foliage and spreading heads of tiny flowers

OAdiantifolium. 2 feet. Foliage like maiden-hair fern. Flowers in June or July, a tinted white.

3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$15.00.

-Dipterocarpum. 4 feet. Pretty, fine-cut foliage and a profusion of flower sprays during August and September. Color lilac-mauve, brightened by a bunch of lemon yellow stamens and anthers. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

**OTHYMUS** (Thyme). The charming Mountain Thymes make a dense, perfect carpet of foliage, of great value for covering dry banks where grass will not easily persist, giving out a pleasing fragrance under the hot sun. They are very useful in rockeries; and provide a rich carpet for blocks of spring-flowering bulbs; their bloom all-covering in June-July.

Citriodorus (Creeping Thyme). Lemon scented; golden yellow. Lanuginosus (Woolly Thyme). Silvery foliage, reddish pink.

Serpyllum Album (White Mountain Thyme). Dense mats of dark green foliage, with clouds of tiny white flowers.

—Coccineum. Crimson scarlet bloom in dense sheets.

PRICE: 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$22.00. Tradescantla Virginica (Spiderwort).  $2 \cdot 2^{1/2}$  feet. Broad, grasslike foliage and clustered blossoms an inch wide, all summer. Useful as a massed filler in the rough vales of wild garden areas. Blue. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50;  $10\overline{0}$  for \$17.00.

S. & H. Tritoma Pfitzeri (Red Hot Poker). (See color, page 3). This magnificent semi-tropical plant is the showiest of all garden subjects when in bloom. Thruout the country there is much variation in color value, rigidity of stalk, size of bloom and freedom; we consider and claim our jealously maintained strain to be the most perfect and desirable in all respects, obtainable. Rush-like foliage supports smooth thick flower stalks a yard long, with a single fiery cone at the top. Brilliant scarlet, the opened lower petals rimmed with orange. July to October. A magnificent autumn cut flower, alone in vases, or garnished with Bristol Fairy or Euphorbia; or as the high-lights in autumn baskets. Mulch heavily for winter protection. 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$25.00.

TROLLIUS EUROPAEUS (Globe Flower). 2 feet. Ornamental foliage resembling that of Larkspur; and liberal  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inch bloom on long cutting stems, during May and June. The flowers are on long cutting stems, during May and June. glorified Buttercups, their thick outer petals curving over to form a perfect globe; waxy, uniform lemon yellow. Prefer partial shade and generous moisture, with a light covering for winter.

Each, 35 cts.; 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50. OTunica Saxifraga. A pretty tufted hair-fine grass plant with tiny light pink flowers produced all summer; useful either for the rockery or the border. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

VALERIANA—Officinalis (Hardy Heliotrope). Grows 3 to 4 feet high with thick spikes of flowers during June and July; white, slightly roseate, resembling the tender Heliotropes, with the strong sweet heliotrope scent.

Coccinea. 2 feet. Showy heads of reddish pink flowers, in long, upright, dense panicles like hyacinths. June to October.

Alba. White flower spikes.

PRICE: 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

OVERONICA (Speedwell). A very useful family of blue flowers, varying in size and shade, useful for low borders and rockeries.

-Amethystina. 2 ft. Amethyst blue flowers in panicled upright spikes. June-August.

Incana. 1 foot. Silver gray foliage; violet blue flower spikes, July to August. A good white edging.

Longifolia Subsessilis (Blue Bird Flower). 2 feet. Comparatively long, wide, leaves of roughened bronze-green. Flowers from July to September, in long, thick, compact somewhat twisted spikes; deep indigo blue.

Rupestris Nana. 1-2 ft. (Shown in color on page 38). Prostrate, creeping plants with uniquely shingled small dark, glossy leaves. In April and May a solid splotch of gentian blue flowers. One of the choicest rockery carpets.

-Rosea. Lilac mauve flowers.

Spicata Rosea. 18 inches. Slender pink spikes; June to July. PRICE: 3 for 85 cts.; doz., £3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

VINCA MINOR (Hardy Myrtle). A trailing evergreen plant used extensively for carpeting the ground under shrubs or trees where it is too shady for grass or other plants to thrive. Having a busy root system, it is often used for coverage on sloping banks not too dry. In early summer, there are many solitary, single lilac-blue flowers. We offer extra heavy field grown plants with 10 to 12 leaf stems. 3 for 50 cts.; doz., \$1.70; 100 for \$12.00; 1000 for \$100.00.

OVIOLA. (Tufted Pansy). Handsome dwarf edging plants, hybrids of the Alpine Violet and Garden Pansy; under proper treatment bloom eight months if sheared several times.

Admiration. Velvety wine purple.

Blue Perfection.—Golden Yellow.—White Perfection.

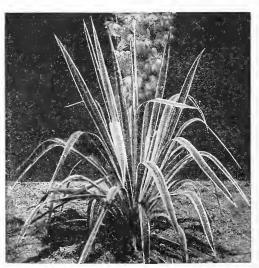
JERSEY GEM. (Shown in color on page 38). A new variety, dwarf, bushy and continuous in bloom; pure, rich violet, and slightly perfumed. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00.

PRICE: Unless stated: 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$14.00. Yucca Filamentosa (Spanish Bayonet). The broad sword-like foliage is evergreen; while midsummer shows many pendent, clustered creamy white bells. 2-year. 30 cts. each; 3 for 85 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$18.00.

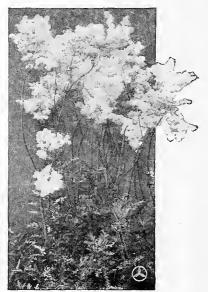
Hacker's Variegated Leaf Yucca. Similar to above. The bayonet-like leaves are dark, bronze-green at center, breaking up with minor stripes to a broad outer edge of yellow. A striking punctuation plant, and ranking with evergreens for winter; heavy leaves retained until replaced in Spring. Strong 1-year plants. 65 cts. each; 3 for \$1.75; doz., \$6.00; 100 for \$40.00.



The "Red Hot Poker"



er's Variegated Leaf Yucca Practically Evergreen



Spirea Uimaria





Home-grown fruit always tastes better

# FRUIT TREES Highest Quality True to Name

ACK in '54, and for many succeeding years, Fruit Trees and Small Fruits were the nucleus of our business. Today, they are still a very important element in our departmental organization, occupying several hundred of the 1500 acres in our plantation. As potential buyers and planters of fruit trees, you may be interested to know that we are about to radically reduce our propagating lists of varieties. Many a good old variety has been so much improved, it would seem useless to continue offering the original type; yet we nurserymen have all clung to the old timers from sentiment as keen as that which causes our customers to remember, and order. To those who still hanker for the well remembered flavors in father's orchard, we would suggest you had better get a supply of trees now—for soon,

many of the old kinds will have passed, forever. After 76 years of public serving, it is only the newest generation who needs assurance that our reputation is good as to furnishing first quality stock, true to name, with all attendant transactions conducted honorably and according to studied efficiency. Whatever occasional errors creep in are due to the

accidents caused by handling such a tremendous output in such brief available delivering time. And be assured we are always as anxious as you to clear up any misunderstandings or errors.

QUOTATIONS. We would be pleased to quote prices to anyone desiring different varieties or stock in larger quantities than offered herein. In sending list, state definitely the number of each variety and size wanted.

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION, issued annually by the Ohio Dept. of Agriculture, showing freedom of our stock from San Jose Scale and other injurious insects and disease, will be attached to every shipment.

SUBSTITUTION. We reserve the right, in case we are out of a variety, to substitute another of equal merit when it can be done (always labeling with correct name)—unless the party ordering says "No Substituting," in which case we will fill order as completely as we can and refund balance of remittance.

Terms: Net cash with order. No discounts allowed. In the various classes, we will furnish 5 or more of one variety and size at 10 rate; 25 or more at 100 rate; 250 or more at 1000 rate. REMEMBER THAT WE EMPLOY NO AGENTS, and are responsible only for orders sent to us through the mail or delivered in person.

#### For the Home APPLES and Market

HERE Apples are grown solely for home use, a wide range of varieties may be selected; and the extensive list of distinct kinds offered in our catalog afford the choicest varieties in all desirable types; and covering the entire range of ripening seasons.

With the proper selection of varieties and intelligent cultivation, there is no reason why the orchardist who makes a specialty of Apples should not have a business yielding him larger returns for the money and labor invested than almost any other horticultural industry.

FILLERS. Most commercial orchards are now planted with standard varieties, 40 feet apart each way. Quick, upright growing, early maturing varieties are used as fillers, planting between standards to make 20 feet apart; fillers to be removed when the standard trees require the room (12 to 18 years). This requires 28 standard and 82 fillers to the acre.

We recommend for fillers:-Yellow Transparent, Duchesse of Oldenburg, Wealthy, Grimes Golden and McIntosh.

(\*) Those varieties marked by a star (\*) are the Russian and hardier kinds. This mark following description, indicates the Item can be furnished in Mall Size.

S&H Co.

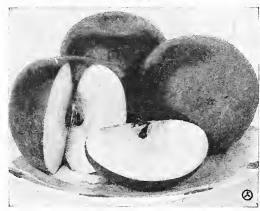
"Family" APPLE GROUP



A selection of choice varieties for family use-Summer, Fall and Winter varieties.

> No. 1 Size Yellow Transparent Duchesse Stayman's Winesap Rhode Island Greening Cortland

List Price \$3.75 The 5 TREES By



Yellow Transparent

PRICE OF APPLES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Standard Varieties:	\$0.75	\$6.00	\$45.00
4 to 5 ft	.60 .50	5.00 4.00	$35.00 \\ 25.00$
Mail Size (x) 55 cts. each; 3 for \$1.35.			
Dwarf Apples (See list):			
4 to 5 ft	.90	7.50	55.00
3 to 4 ft	.70	5.50	40.00

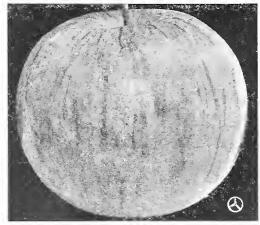
#### **SUMMER APPLES**

Bough. Large, pale yellow; tender, sweet. Early Harvest. Medium, pale yellow, tender, juicy.
Golden Sweet. Large, pale yellow, very sweet.

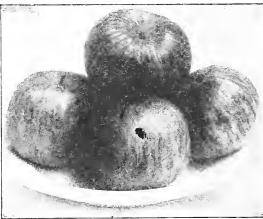
Liveland Raspberry. Fruit good sized, clear, waxen white, striped crimson; flesh snow white. Blooms late, is blight resistant, bears early, makes a good filler. \*Red Astrachan. Large, beautiful deep

crimson. (x) \*Yellow Transparent. Earliest, and best of the early kinds; white, tender, juicy, sprightly, sub-acid. (x)

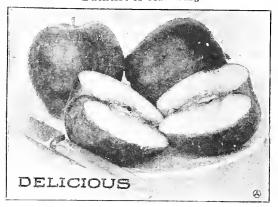
> **Lutumn** and Winter Apples Next Page



Ensec



Duchesse of Oldenburg



#### **AUTUMN APPLES**

Autumn Strawberry. Tender, juicy, productive.

\*Duchesse of Oldenburg. Good size, yellow, streaked red, juicy, rich, subacid, productive. Bears young. (x)

Fallawater. Large, yellowish green, productive.

Fall Pippin. Large, yellow, rich, aromatic.

Gravenstein. Large, striped, fine quality; one of the best.

Maiden Blush. Large, beautiful blush cheek. (x)

Munson Sweet. Good size, yellow, red cheek.

Rambo. Medium, yellow, streaked red.

Western Beauty. Large, shaded bright red on pale yellow; crisp, tender, mild, sub-acid.

#### WINTER APPLES

Baldwin. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy, rich. (x)

Banana. Fine, vigorous grower, large healthy foliage, early bearer. Fruit medium to large, smooth and handsome, golden yellow usually shaded bright crimson; flesh fine grained, rich sub-acid, aromatic, highest quality. (x)

Ben Davis. Large, handsome, striped.

Cortland. A derivation from McIntosh; the tree hardy, thrifty, early producing and long lived. The fruits, abundant large, round and handsome; attractive to the eye with their heavy overlay of shaded reds; and delightful to the taste with their brittle texture, luscious juiciness, and sprightly flavor. Better than McIntosh, because the fruits hang tenaciously to the tree and are two to four weeks later. (x)

Delicious. Fruit large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red, flesh fine grained, crisp and melting, juicy with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. A splendid keeper and shipper. A regular annual bearer. (x)
Dominie. (Winter Rambo). Large, greenish yellow, striped red; flesh white,

tender and juicy.

Ensee. A delightful example of modern improvement, originated in Ohio's central apple district. A dull red apple suggesting its Rome Beauty strain in size and form; the crisp, tender, yellow-flesh comparing with Jonathan and Grimes Golden for flavor; retaining its juiciness much longer than either.

\*Fameuse. (Snow). Medium, deep crimson, flesh white.

Golden Russet. Medium, dull russet, crisp, juicy.

\*Grimes. Good size, yellow, productive, of highest quality. (x)

Hubbardston. Large, red, striped, tender, juicy.

Jonathan. Medium, red, extra quality. (x)

King (of Tompkins County). Large, striped, productive.

\*McIntosh. Medium, deep crimson, highest quality juicy, sub-acid, (See color illustration on back cover.)

Northern Spy. Large, striped, mild sub-acid and tender, with a rich, delicious flavor. (x)

\*Northwestern. (Greening). Hardy, yellow; rich, of good size, extra long keeper.

**Opalescent.** Color light, shading to very dark crimson; skin smooth, susceptible of a very high polish; flesh yellowish, tender, juicy and good. December to March.

Paradise Winter Sweet. Large; creamy, rosy cheeked.

Paragon (Mammoth Black Twig). Large, dark red, hardy and productive, vigorous grower.

Rhode Island Greening. Large, greenish yellow, tender, juicy, rich acid. (x)
Rome Beauty. Large, yellow, shaded red; tender. juicy, sub-acid. (x)

PRICES
Page 65

Good Things to Eat, from Storrs & Harrison's Special

### FRUIT TREE OFFER

(Fruits Shown in Color on Back Cover of this Book)

1 Large Montmorency Cherry, 4 to 5 ft.
Reg. price \$1.00
1 Bartlett Pear, 5 to 7 ft. Reg. price 90c
By Express, not prepald.

4 TREES

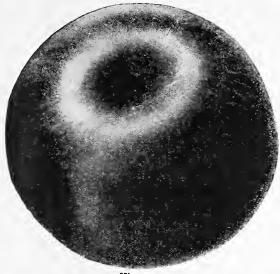
.50c [Reg. Price \$3.15]

\$285

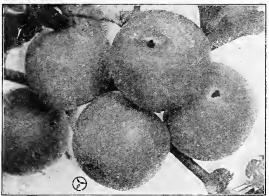


Cortland





Wagener



Jonathan

CRAB APPLES

Stark. Large, striped light and red, juicy, mild sub-acid.

Spltzenburg. Medium to large, all-over bright red, faintly darker striped and dotted. Flesh tinged with yellow, sprightly sub-acid, juicy and aromatic.

Stayman. Improved Winesap, larger and more prolific. (x)

Tolman. (Sweet). Mcdium, yellow and red, rich.

WINTER APPLES—Continued

Turley. An improved Stayman (which has stood for a long time as the best "Winesap"); no larger, but of deeper color, more piquant flavor, and a heavier cropper.

Good ide, deer red in the sun; flesh firm, sub-acid, excellent Wagener. quality deserving more general appreciation and use One of the earliest

bearers.

Few varieties that are at once so hardy and so productive yield Wealthy. fruit of such good quality-white fleshed, juicy and vinous; of medium size, smooth, round and deep red. October to January. (x)

Winesap. Medium, deep red; firm, crisp, sub-acid.

### DWARF

Low growing and low branched; stocky and sturdy

Set trees 8 to 10 feet apart. Very productive, usually commence bearing the second year after planting. Adapted to yard and small gardens. Can furnish: Baldwin, Delicious. Duchesse, Maiden Blush, McIntosh, Northern Spy, Red Astrachan, Wealthy and Yellow Transparent -only. For descriptions and price, see pages 65-67.

#### Spraying Materials See Page 112





For preserving, jellies, table fruits, cider and ornament. The trees usually bear the second season after planting. Florence. Originated in Minnesota, and popular for its

hardiness. Early; a beautiful carmine color. Hyslop. Large; deep crimson; one of the most beautiful of Crabs; very popular. Oct. to Jan.

Martha. Beautiful, glossy yellow, shaded bright red, good size, mild, clear, tart. Oct.

See Special Family Apple Group Offer-Page 65

#### Apples—Age of Bearing—Distance to Plant

As the age of bearing depends so much upon variety, soil, climatic conditions and care given, this can only be an approximate table under average conditions. To ascertain the number of trees or plants required for any given space, multiply the length of the space by the breadth to ascertain the number of square feet contained therein. Then multiply the distance apart you intend to set your rows by the distance between each tree or plant in the row to get the number of square feet each tree or plant will take. Divide the number of square feet in the given space by the number of square feet each tree will require and the result is the or plante required for that given space

quantity of trees or plants required for that given space.						
	Age of	Distance	Number			
	Bearing	Apart	per Acre			
Apples, Std	3 to 6 years	35x35 ft.	35			
Apricots	3  years	15x15 ft.	193			
Blackberries	1 year	8x 6 ft.	907			
Cherries—						
Sour	to 4 years	15x15 ft.	193			
Sweet	to 4 years	20x20 ft.	108			
Currants	2 years	4x 4 ft.	2722			
Gooseberries	2 years	4x 4 ft.	2722			
Grapes	2 years	8x 8 ft.	680			
Peaches	2 years	15x15 ft.	193			
Pears—						
Standard	to 4 years	20x20 ft.	108			
Dwarf	2 years	10x10 ft.	435			
Plums		20x20 ft.	108			
Quinces	to 5 years	10x10 ft.	435			
Raspberries	1 year	6x 4 ft.	1815			
Rhubarb	1 year	4x 3 ft.	3630			
Strawberries—						
Farm	1 year	4x 1 ft.	10890			
Garden	1 year	2x 1 ft.	21780			

#### FRUITS

## **DELICIOUS PEARS**

for Eating and Canning

EARS will grow on almost any good soil but thrive best in a rather heavy clay or loam. Standards planted 18 to 20 feet apart are best for permanent orchards; dwarfs at 10 feet intervals, for fruit gardens on small lots. Dwarfs must be planted deep enough to cover the junction of pear and quince 2 or 3 inches. All can be supplied as standards, and all varieties starred (\*) can also be supplied as dwarf.

SUMMER PEARS

\*Bartlett. Large, buttery, juicy, high-flavored, great bearer; very popular both for eating out of the hand and for canning. Aug. and Sept. (x)

\*Clapp. Very large, yellow and dull red, with russet specks. Melting, rich. August. (x)

Tyson. Medium, melting, juicy, good. Aug.

Wilder. Small to medium, yellow, shaded carmine, fine grained, tender, sub-acid. Vigorous grower. Early Aug.

AUTUMN PEARS

\*Anjou. Large, buttery, melting, rich vinous. Late fall and early winter variety. Oct. to Jan. (x)

\*Duchesse (of Angouleme). Very large, buttery, rich, juicy. The most popular market variety as a dwarf. It is best to pick them before maturity, wrap in tissue paper, and rack away for complete ripening. Oct. and Nov. (x)

Flemish. Large, juicy, rich; one of the hardiest trees and most enjoyable fruits. Sept.-Oct.

\*Howell. Large, yellow, with red cheek, rich, sweet, melting, early bearer, productive. Sept. and Oct.

Large size, handsome appearance and remarkable keeping and shipping qualities. Oct.-Nov.

Rossney. Large fruits; creamy skin with crimson blush; flesh melting, juicy,

sweet, vigorous and productive.

\*Seckel. Small; skin yellowish brown with deep brownish red cheek; flesh very fine grained, sweet, one of the richest and highest flavored pears known. Equally popular for dessert and pickling. Tree a moderate grower. Sept.

and Oct. (x)

Sheldon. Medium size; yellow with a richly shaded cheek; flesh a little coarse, melting, juicy, with a very brisk, vinous, perfumed flavor; of first quality.

\*Worden. A seedling of the Seckel, equal in quality, while in flavor, size. color, form and appearance it is decidedly superior. Hardy and an enormous bearer. Oct.

WINTER PEARS

Bosc. Finest quality late fall and winter variety. Extra large, long and tapering; russet; good shipper, brings highest market price. A vigorous grower. Nov.-Dec.

**Drouard.** Large, melting, juicy, delicate perfume. Tree hardy and vigorous. Feb. to March.

Lawrence. Medium, yellow with brown dots, melting, pleasant, aromatic. Nov.-Dec.  $(\mathbf{x})$ 



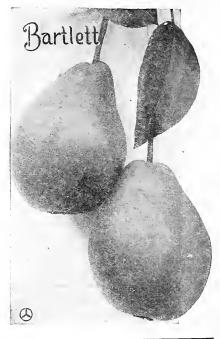
**Duchesse Pear** 

PRICE OF PEARS	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Standard			
General List: 5 to 7 ft	\$0.90	\$7.50	\$60.00
" 4 to 5 ft	.75	6.00	45.00
Bose: 5 to 7 ft	1.00	8.50	70.00
" 4 to 5 ft	.85	7.50	60.00
Seckel, and Worden: 4 to 5ft.	.85	7.00	55.00
Kieffer, 5 to 7 ft	.75	6.00	45.00
" 4 to 5 ft	.60	4.50	30.00
Dwarf Pears: 4 to 5 ft	.80	7.00	50.00
" " 3 to 4 ft	.70	5.00	35.00

Mail Size (x) Standard, 75 cts. each; 3 for \$2.00. Mail Size (x) Dwarf, 75 cts. each; 3 for \$2.00.







For 76 years the Storrs & Harrison Co. has been a leading producer of fruit trees

It Pays to Grow Peaches

## **PEACHES**



THE Storrs & Harrison Co. have been the main source of supply during half a century, for hundreds of the finest Peach Orchards in the country. We would be pleased to quote prices on large lots on receipt of list.

Set trees 16 to 18 feet apart.

The following list represents a selection of the very best varieties covering the whole season.

PRICES OF PEACHES			
4 to 5 feet	\$0.50	\$3.50	\$30.00
	.45	3.00	23.00
	.35	2.00	14.00

Mail size — All varieties listed — 40 cts. each; 5 for \$1.75.

Admiral Dewey. Ripens with Triumph, better form, color; hardy, pro ductive, earliest, and best early yellow freestone. July.

Alexander. Medium, greenish white, nearly covered with rich red; melting, juicy, sweet. July.

Banner. Fruit large, deep yellow with crimson cheek; flesh yellow, excellent quality, rich, firm; equal to any as a keeper and shipper. A profitable late market variety. Late Sept.

**Beers.** A large, yellow flesh peach, an improvement on Smock Free, which it resembles. Ripens a few days later and is a better annual bearer. Last of Sept.

Belle (Belle of Georgia). Very large; skin white with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor. Tree a rapid grower, very prolific. Ripens with Crawford's Early.

Carman

Capt. Ede. A handsome, large yellow peach of excellent quality; hardy in bud and blossom. Early September.

Carman. Large, resembles Elberta in shape; color, creamy white or pale yellow with deep blush; skin very tough, flesh tender, fine flavor and quite juicy. August.

Champlon. An extremely large, handsome early variety, creamy white with red cheek, sweet, rich and juicy. Aug.

Chinese Cling. Large, white, shaded red, fine quality. A favorite variety in the South. Aug. Crosby. One of the hardiest; abundant, medium, bright yellow, fine quality. Middle Sept.

Early Crawford. A magnificent large yellow peach of good quality. Early in Sept.

Early Elberta. Ripens about a week earlier than Elberta; otherwise the same, or a trifle better quality.

Elberta. Large, yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, juicy, of high quality. Exceedingly prolific, sure bearer and hardy. The leading market variety.

**Engle.** Large, yellow; resembles Late Crawford but more productive.

Fltzgerald. Fruit large; brilliant color, bright yellow, suffused with red;

flesh deep yellow, best quality. Sept. Gold Drop. Medium size, hardy, very productive, good quality, early

bearer. Last Sept.

Heath (Cling). Very large, flesh white, juicy and melting. Good keeper and shipper. Oct.

J. H. Hale. A choice variety, averages one-third to one-half larger than Elberta, ripens about five days earlier and is much superior in flavor. Color a beautiful golden yellow, with deep carmine blush. A good

Kalamazoo. A leading market sort. Large, yellow, fine quality. Extra productive and profitable. Early September.

Late Crawford. A superb, large yellow peach. Late Sept.

Lemon Cling. Large, pale yellow, dark red cheek, hardy and productive. Sept.

Lemon Free. Lemon-shaped and color, large size, immensely productive, excellent quality. Sept.

Mayflower. Bright red cheeked. Carries to market in fine shape and sells well, as it is the only early peach that is well colored. A strong thrifty grower inclined to overbear. Should always be thinned. July.

Mountain Rose. Large, red, flesh white, juicy, excellent. Aug.

Prolific. Large, attractive, firm; flesh yellow, fine flavor, hardy and productive.



J. H. Hale

S&.H Co. "Select Six"

Popular Peaches at a Bargain Price Early—Medium—

Late All you need for family use. Strong No. 1

> 4 to 5-foot size. Champion Rochester Gold Drop. Elberta Lemon Free

Salberta

List Price \$3.00 Elberta, as usual

The 6 TREES by



#### F

#### Peaches-Contd.

Rochester. The fruit is large, yellow, sweet, juicy and of delicious flavor; keeping and shipping well; skin prettily blushed. Tree is strong growing and hardy, an annual and prolific cropper, ripening about Aug. 10. (See back cover).

Salberta. A highly successful cross between Salway and Elberta, conserving the size, quality and productiveness of Elberta for the more profitable later picking due to Salway's influence. Two to three weeks later than Elberta, richly yellow and succulent, it is bound to briskly rival the Smock for market supremacy during the latter's well established season.

St. John. Nearly as large as Crawford, fully equal in color. Fruit round, showy; one of the earliest yellow peaches. Aug.

Salway. Large, creamy yellow, crimson, red cheek, flesh deep yellow, juicy, rich, sweet. Oct.

Shippers' Late Red.

A new peach with several distinctive claims. Of good round shape, bulkier than Elberta, so beautifully surfaced with red it attracts the eye. The flesh is yellow, sweet, juicy and of pleasing flavor; freestone. Bears young, annually and abundantly; the tree being very hardy. Its greatest commercial advantage—aside from supreme quality—lies in its ability to stick on the tree so much longer than most sorts, thus many times saving the entire crop where lack of time, continued rains or glutted markets create wastage.

Wilma. The fruit is large as Elberta, its parent, but not quite so elongated; color very much better and ripens about ten days later. Its more attractive color outsells Elberta when side-by-side on the market.

Wooster. Large, yellow free-stone with red cheek and generally attractive appearance. Quality first class, production liberal and dependable. Late Sept.

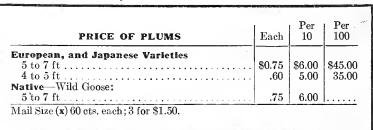


**Rochester Peach** 

# PLUM TREES for Fruit and Ornament

NNUAL sprayings with Bordeaux mixture keep away the leaf blight and fungus, and the thinning of too heavy crops of fruit prevents fruit rot. Plum trees are the best kind to set out in chicken yards; their full, rounded form furnishing abundant shade for the fowls; while the chickens obligingly eat up the brood of insects which threaten the health of the tree.

Set trees 16 to 20 feet apart.





Archduke. Large, black, prolific. Early Oct.

Bavay. (Green Gage) ("Reine Claude"). Very large, greenish color, fine flavor. Most popular "green gage." Sept. (x)

Bradshaw. Large, dark red; flesh green, juicy, productive, fine for market.

Aug. (x)

**Diamond.** Enormous size, dark purple with a beautiful bloom. Tree very vigorous, productive and hardy. Sept.

German Prune. Large, dark purple, sweet, good. One of the most desirable and popular for canning. Sept. (x)

Grand Duke. Color of Bradshaw; fruit very large, of fine quality, free from rot; very productive. Last Sept.

very productive. Last Sept.

Imperial Gage. Large pale green, juicy, sweet, rich and excellent. Aug.

This perial Gaye. Large pare green, july, sweet, non and extenent. Aug

Italian Prune. Good size, purple, juicy, delicious, fine for drying. Sept.

**Lombard.** Medium, violet red, juicy, good, hardy and productive, the leading market variety. Aug. (x)

Monarch. Tree robust, an abundant bearer. Fruit very large, oval, dark purplish blue, perfect freestone. Oct. (x)

Moore's Arctic. Small, purplish-black, juicy, sweet; immense bearer; one of the hardiest in bud and bloom. Sept.

Peter's Yellow Gage. Large oval, bright yellow; rich, juicy, fine quality. A

good grower. Sept.

Shipper's Pride. Large, dark purple; very showy, often measuring 2 inches in

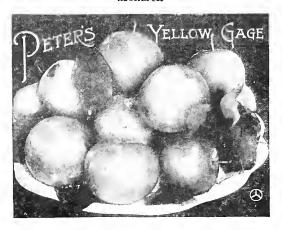
diameter; fine, juicy and sweet. Sept.

Shropshire. Medium, dark purple, very productive. Oct. (x)

Yellow Egg. Very large, egg-shape, productive. Aug. (x)



Monarch



#### JAPANESE PLUMS

Japan Plums are strong, quick-growing and adapted to all kinds of soils; seldom affected by black knot; extra hardy and comparatively early and sure croppers.

Abundance (Botan). Hardy and productive. Fruit large, pinkish red, with heavy bloom; good quality. Aug.

Burbank. Ripens 10 days after Abundance. Tree hardy, sprawling, vigorous, productive, bears young. Fruit large, excellent quality; cherry red with lilac bloom. (x)

Maynard. Fruit is very large, nearly round, color deep dull red, thin whitish bloom. Flesh firm, melting and juicy, rich and sweet. extra fine quality.

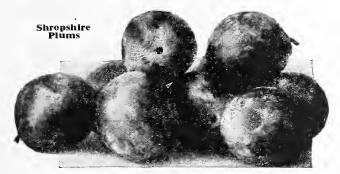
October Purple. A strong vigorous grower, hardy, productive, of good quality; a large, round, late purple plum, especially recommended for late market.

Red June. One of the vigorous, upright growers; productive; fair size, vermilion red: pleasant quality. Aug.

Santa Rosa. Tree a strong, vigorous upright grower. Fruit uniformly large, averaging six inches in circumference each way; color deep purplish-crimson with blue bloom; flesh purple shaded scarlet; pit small; fragrant, delicious. Early Aug.

Satsuma (Blood). Large, globular, with sharp point. Color purple and red with blue bloom, flesh firm, juicy, dark red or blood color, fine quality; pit very small. Aug.

Wickson. Sept. Fruit large, long heart-shaped, color deep maroon red covered with white bloom; flesh firm and meaty, yellow, rich and aromatic; cling; pit small.





Abundance

#### **NATIVE PLUM**

Wiid Goose. A very hardy and reliable native variety, valued for its own desirability, as well as because in some rigorous climates, none but the native type will survive. It bears delightfully juicy and sweet fruit in July; medium size, red with blue bloom.

#### **NECTARINES**

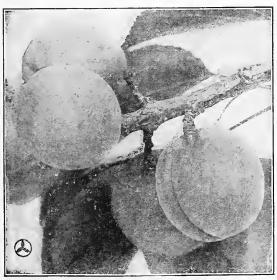
The Nectarine has size and a smooth skin like the plum, and requires the same treatment for curculio. It is like the peach in other ways and requires the same culture. The melting, juicy, texture of the nectarine and its delicious flavor, furnishes one of the most delightful fruit eating episodes of the early Autumn.

PRICE OF NECTARINES	$\operatorname{Each}$	Per 10
4 to 5 feet	\$0.85	\$7.50
3 to 4 feet	70	6.00
Mail size 60 cts.; 3 for \$1.50.		

Boston. Bright yellow, red cheek; flesh yellow. (x) Red Roman. Greenish yellow, red cheek; flesh golden. (x)

# APRICOTS—As Hardy as the Peach

Ripen between Cherries and Peaches. As hardy as the Peach, should be planted on a northern or western exposure to prevent early blooming; giving the same treatment for curculio as the plum. Set trees 16 to 18 feet apart.



Superb Apricot

#### **European Varieties**

Early Golden. Small, pale orange, juicy and sweet.

Hungaria's Best. Original tree of this has not failed in bearing throughout a long term of years, thus insuring us of its hardiness. Valuable to us of the North, who appreciate growing our own Apricots. Tree grows to immense size, the fruit large and of good quality, beautifully colored a deep yellow, with yellow flesh, very fine flavor. Plant trees 25 to 30 feet apart.

Moorpark. Yellow, with red cheek, juicy, sweet and rich, freestone, very productive.

#### Russian Varieties

These are quite distinct from the European varieties, hardier and will produce fruit when other apricots fail. Recommended where peaches cannot be grown.

Alexander. Prolific early free-stone; orange with red blush.

Superb. Hardier; and surer crop. The best flavored, most productive hardy Russian apricot yet produced. Medium size light salmon color.

PRICE OF APRICOTS Each	Per 10
General List—4 to 5 feet	\$ 7.00
" —3 to 4 feet	5.00
" Mail Size (all varieties)—50 cts.; 3 for \$1.25.	
Hungaria's Best—4 to 5 feet	12.50
" —3 to 4 feet 1.20	10.00
" Mail size—\$1.25; 3 for \$3.30.	

## CHERRIES

#### A Fruit That Makes Profits for Growers

GOOD Cherry Orchard is one of the most profitable ventures a farmer can undertake. With but little care, the trees are very thrifty and prolific, bearing large crops annually.

The compact shapeliness of Cherry trees, their glossy foliage, and spring glory of clustered blossoms, gives them ornamental value even in the lawn.

The trees are naturally hardy, succeeding best on sandy or gravelly loam, well drained. Avoid low or wet ground.

Sweet varieties grow more rapidly and make larger pyramidal trees. Set trees 18 to 20 feet apart. The Sour varieties are dwarf and bushy, bear earlier, and are more largely planted Set trees 15 to 18 feet apart.

#### **SOUR CHERRIES**

Early Richmond. Medium, dark red, melting, juicy, sprightly, rich acid, best. A dependable cropper. June.

English Morello. Fair size, blackish red, rich acid, juicy, good. Aug.

Hortense (Reine Hortense). Large, bright red, juicy, mildest and sweetest in this class. July.

**Large Montmorency.** Large, red, productive, ten days later than Early Richmond. Late June.

Late Duke. Large, light red. July.May Duke. Large, red, juicy rich; its acidity pleasantly tempered to the advantage of sensitive teeth. June.

Wragg. Hardy, vigorous and productive, medium, dark purple, fine quality. Aug.

#### SWEET CHERRIES

Very large, dark brown-almost black; flesh firm, sweet, rich and delicious. One of the most profitable. July.

Black Tartarian. Very large, black juicy, rich. June. Gov. Wood. Large, light red, juicy, rich, delicious.

healthy and productive. June.

**Lambert.** Jet black when fully ripe. Flesh firm, solid, rich and juicy. Tree rugged, strong grower, hardy, enormous bearer. Late July.

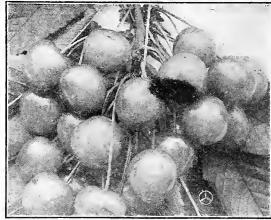
Napoleon. Large, pale yellow with at least one red cheek; firm, juicy, sweet and productive. July.

Schmidt. Immense size, deep black, flesh dark, tender, very

juicy, fine flavor; productive. July

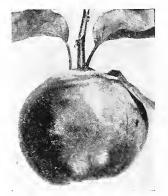
Windsor. Fruit large, liver-colored, distinct; flesh remarkably firm and of fine quality. Tree hardy and prolific. A valuable late variety. July.





Napoleon

PRICE OF CHERRIES	Each	Per 10	Per 100	
<b>Sour.</b> 4 to 5 feet		\$9.00	\$75.00	
" 3 to 4 feet	1.00	9.00	70.00	
" 4 to 5 feet			55.00 ).	
All varieties listed (Sweet—85 cts.; 3 for \$2.25.				



Orange Quince

#### QUINCES

#### fine for Sauce

The Quince crop is usually reliable, and in good market demand. The fruits are quite fragrant, and the trees and bloom highly ornamental. Set trees 10 to 12 feet apart.

Champion. A prolific, very young and constant bearer, fruit averaging larger than the Orange, more oval in shape; quality equally fine and a long keeper. Ripens late.

**Meech.** A vigorous grower and immensely productive. The fruit is large, lively orange yellow, of great beauty and delightful fragrance; its eooking qualities are unsurpassed.

Fruit large, bright yellow, of excellent flavor. Oct.

A seedling of the Orange, averaging much larger, of the same form Rea.

PRICE OF QUINCES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 5 feet	\$0.85	\$7.50	\$60.00
3 to 4 feet	.75	6.00	45.00
Mail size, all varieties—75 cts.: 3 for \$2.00.			

#### **MULBERRIES**

Downing. Very large, black, handsome, sweet, rich, and of excellent quality. New American. Equal to Downing in all respects, and a much hardier tree. Vigorous grower, very productive; the best variety for fruit; ripe from middle June to Sept.

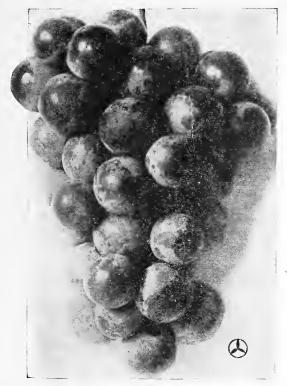
Russian. Very hardy, vigorous grower; valuable for feeding silk worms, etc. Fruit small, varies in color from white to black. DDICE OF MILEREDDIFS

LUICE OF MOUNTHING	Lacti
Russian—5 to 6 feet	\$1.00
" —4 to 5 feet	.75
New American and Downing— .	
4 to 5 feet	1.25
3 to 4 feet	1.00

"......our order for 180 Apple trees. In the Spring of 1926 you furnished us with a nice lot of trees. Of the 550 Peach, we picked an average of one peck per tree this year."

Yours truly, FRED A. HAMPSON.





The New Caco Grape

PRICES OF VINE	GRAPE S	By Mail	By Express or Freight			r
		Each	Each	10	100	1000
Agawam,	~ "				\$ 9.00	- · · · · ·
Brighton,	2 years	.35	.30	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.00 \\ 2.00 \\ 2.50 \end{bmatrix}$	12.00 13.00	
Caco,	2 years	.65	.60	2.50 5.00	18.00 35.00	
Campbell,	2 years	.75	.30	6.00	50.00 12.00	
Catawba,	2 years	. 40	. 25	2.50		\$75.00
Concord,	2 years	.35	.30	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.00 \\ 1.00 \end{bmatrix}$	6.00	100 00
Delaware,	2 years	.35	.30	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.50 \\ 2.00 \\ 2.70 \end{bmatrix}$	9.00 12.00	65.00
Diamond,	2 years	.40		2.50	18.00 10.00	
Green Mt.,	2 years 1 year 2 years	.35	. 30	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.00 \\ 2.00 \\ 9.50 \end{bmatrix}$	14.00 14.00	
Ives,	1 year	.40 .30 .35	. 25	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.50 \\ 1.50 \\ 2.00 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 20.00 \\ 9.00 \\ 12.00 \end{array} $	
King,	1 year	.50	. 45	$\begin{array}{c} 2.00 \\ 3.50 \\ 4.50 \end{array}$		
$\operatorname*{Lindley}_{lpha},$	1 year	30	. 25	$\begin{array}{c c} 4.50 \\ 1.50 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$	$9.00 \\ 12.00$	
Lucile,	2 years 2 years 2	35	.30	$\begin{array}{c} 2.00 \\ 2.00 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$	$13.00 \\ 18.00$	
Moore's Early,	1 year 2 years	30	. 25	$\begin{array}{c c} 2.50 \\ 1.50 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$	$10.00 \\ 12.00$	
Niagara,	1 year 2 years	30	. 25	1.00	7.50 10.00	55.00 80.00
Pocklington	1 year 2 years	.35	. 30	$\begin{array}{c} 1.50 \\ 2.00 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$		
Regal,	1 year 2 years	35	. 30	2.00	13.00 17.00	
Salem,	1 year 2 years	30 35	. 25	$\frac{1.50}{2.00}$	$9.00 \\ 12.00$	
$\operatorname{Worden}_{lpha}$	1 year 2 years		.25	$\frac{1.50}{2.00}$	$9.00 \\ 12.00$	75.00 100.00
Wyoming,	1 year 2 years	35	. 30	$\frac{2.00}{2.50}$	13.00 18.00	

# **GRAPE VINES**

#### Easy to Grow—Yearly Crops

VEN under unfavorable conditions the grape vine will bear fruit, but good culture, pruning and spraying should be applied if the best quality of fruit is desired. Along almost any garden fence or walk there is room for vines enough to furnish luscious grapes from July to November. In such situations they may be planted about 8 feet apart. In vineyard rows, set the vines 6 to 10 feet apart, with 8 feet between rows.

#### BLACK GRAPES

Campbell. Bunch and berry large, glossy black, with blue bloom, sweet and juicy, seeds few and small, part readily from the pulp; very early.

Concord. The standard black, succeeds wherever grapes will grow.

✓ Ives. Bunch medium to large, compact; often shouldered, berries medium.

King. Ripening between Worden and Concord, is as hardy, same color, grape much larger, cluster larger and more compact. The pulp is more tender, flavor more sprightly, seeds fewer.

Moore. Bunch large, berry large round with heavy bloom, vine exceedingly hardy; universally desirable for earliness.

Worden. A splendid Concord type; larger, better quality and earlier. Vine vigorous; hardy and productive.

#### RED or AMBER GRAPES

Agawam. Berrics very large, with thick skin; pulp soft, sweet and sprightly; very vigorous, ripens early.

Brighton. Bunch large, berries above medium; round; excellent flavor and quality; one of the earliest.

The vines are strong and vigorous, as yet untouched by disease of any kind. The fruit is very large in handsome complete bunches; in color a rich wine red over amber. Exceptionally early bearing, usually showing several good-sized bunches the second year. Its flavor is luscious, sweet, delightful, distinctive.

Catawba. Berries large, round; when fully ripe of a dark copper color, with sweet, rich musky flavor; late.

Delaware. Bunches and berries are small, but compactly set, light red, with violet bloom; sugary and delicious. A favorite dessert grape; one of the earliest to ripen.

Lindley. (Rogers' No. 9) Berries medium to large; flesh tender, sweet and aromatic; ripens early.

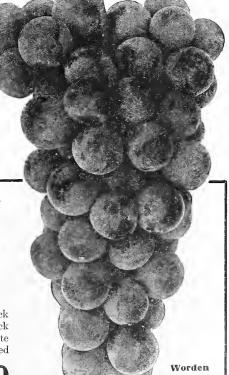
Lucile. A beautiful bright color, berry and bunch of good size; extremely prolific; in season with or before Worden. The vine growth is prodigious, clean and immune. Fruit flavor is foxy and peculiar, but sweet even before fully ripe.

#### S. & H. FAMILY GRAPE COLLECTION

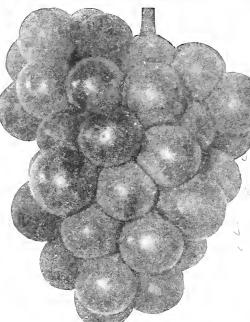
2 Years—Cut Back for Planting Value \$3.60

3 Concord ..... black 2 Worden ..... black 3  $\sim$  Niagara . . . . . white  $2 \sqrt{\text{Brighton}....red}$ 

The 10 by prepald parcel post for ..... \$2.50







Regal-Red Grapes



Regal. Hardy at 30° below. Growth sturdy, safely upholding heaviest crops. Clusters cylindrical, compact and alluring; berries very large, dark red, juicy, piquantly flavored; pulp tender, seeds easily freed; skin thin but tough.

Salera (Rogers' No. 53). A strong, vigorous vine; berries large, Catawba color; thin skin, free from hard pulp; sweet and sprightly; ripens first of September.

Wyoming. Vine very hardy, healthy and robust, with thick leathery foliage; color of berry brighter than Delaware, double in size, ripens before; flesh tender, juicy, sweet.

#### WHITE GRAPES

**Diamond.** The leading early white grape, ripening before Moore. White, with rich yellow tinge; juicy; few seeds, almost free from pulp, excellent quality; above medium size. Vine like Concord in growth, hardiness and foliage.

Green Mountain. (Winchell.) An extra early variety from Vermont. Skin thin, pulp tender and sweet, quality superb. Bunch and berry medium size. Vine hardy, vigorous and productive.

Niagara. Occupies the same position among the white varieties as Concord among the black; the profitable market sort. Bunch and berries large, yellowish white. **Pocklington.** Bunch and berries large, when fully ripe a light golden yellow; juicy,

tender, sweet, with little pulp.

#### GOOSEBERRIES

Set 3 to 4 feet apart, in good rich soil, and give a liberal dressing of manure every season. Regular pruning every year is essential. To prevent mildew spray bushes soon as leaves appear and several times during the summer with potassium sulphide (liver of sulphur)—one ounce to four gallons of water.

Downing. Large, handsome, pale green, of splendid quality for both cooking and table use; bush vigorous and usually free from mildew.

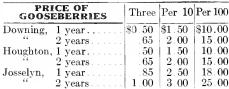
1-yr., by mail; 3 for 75 ets.; 10 for \$2.00.

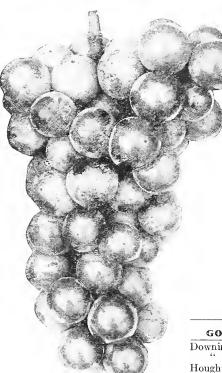
Houghton. Small to medium; roundish, oval, pale red, sweet, tender, very good; plants spreading; shoots slender, enormously productive.

1-yr., by mail: 3 for 75 ets.; 10 for \$2.00.

Josselyn. Large sized, smooth, prolific and hardy, of best quality. The freest from mildew, both in leaf and fruit. A wonderful cropper, with bright, clean, healthy foliage.

1-yr., by mail: 3 for \$1.00; 10 for \$3.00.



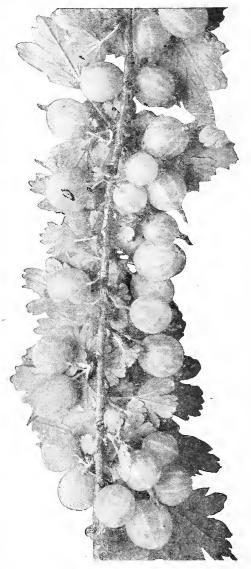


Niagara Grapes

#### **Culture of Small Fruits**

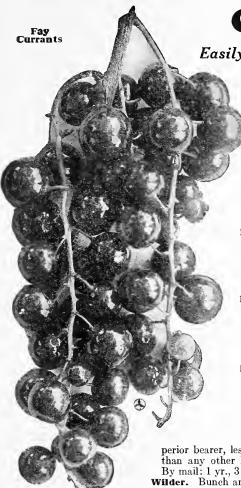
Bramble fruits like blackberries, raspberries, dewberries, etc., should have all old wood (older than the previous se ison's growth) cut out close to the ground each spring and the past season's growth should be trimmed back to 3 or 4 feet in height. All of the old canes should be removed and should be burned.

Mulching of currants and gooseberries will give good results. A strawberry bed should have a light coating two inches deep of coarse hay, or straw that is free from weed seed, after the ground has just frozen, and in the spring just about the time growth starts, this covering should be raked between the rows and allowed to remain there until the fruit has been harvested. Then it should be removed and cultivation be resumed.



**Downing Gooseberries** 





Hardy, easily cultivated, standing neglect well, and liberally responding to cultivation and generous treatment, indispensable for table use, jellies, etc.; and

> Set 4 feet apart in rich ground; cultivate well or mulch heavily; prune out old wood so that each remaining shoot will have room. For the current worm, dust with hellebore.

large quantities for market.

#### RED CURRANTS

Fay. Of unprecedented popularity, and long the leading market variety over a wide section of country. Extra large stems and berries, uniform in size, easily picked, exceedingly productive.

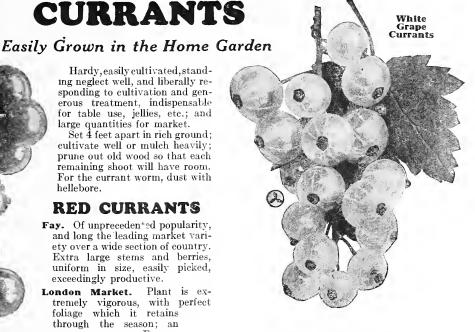
London Market. Plant is ex-tremely vigorous, with perfect foliage which it retains through the season; an enormous cropper. For any use-home or market.

Perfection. A cross between Fay and White Grape, retaining the valuable characteristics of both parents. Beautiful, bright red, holding its large size to end of bunch; easy to pick; a su-

perior bearer, less acid and of better quality than any other large current in cultivation. By mail: 1 yr., 3 for \$1.10; 10 for \$3.00.

Wilder. Bunch and berries very large, bright, attractive red color, even when dead ripe. Compared with Fay, is equal in size, with longer bunch, better in quality, with much less acid-

ity, continues on bush much longer.



#### PRICES OF CURRANTS

(Rateper 1000 quoted on application.)	Three	Per 10	Per 100
Red—Fay, 1 year	\$0.50	\$1.50	\$ 8.00
" 2 years	.70	1.75	10.00
" London Market, 1 year	.50	1.50	10.00
" " 2 years	.70	1.75	12.00
" Perfection, 1 year	.85	2.50	18.00
" 2 years	1.00	3.00	25.00
" Wilder, 1 year	.50	1.50	10.00
" 2 years	.70	1.75	12.00
White—White Grape, 1 year	.50	1.50	10.00
" " 2 years	.70	1.75	12.00
" " Imperial, 1 year		1.50	10.00
" " 2 years	.70	1.75	12.00

Unless stated, 1 year, by mail, 3 for 75 cts; 10 for \$2.00.

#### WHITE CURRANTS

White Grape. Very large; yellowish white; very mild acid; excellent quality and valuable for the table.

White Imperial. Vigorous grower, very productive. The sweetest and richest white currant extant. Fruit larger and stems longer than White Grape.

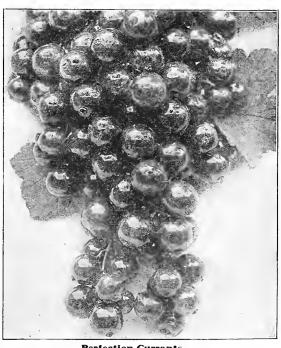
#### **How to Prune Fruit Trees**



For the home orchard, the trees should be gone over once each season and where limbs are crowding, they should be thinned out enough so that they do not rub or interfere one with the other. Best results are usually obtained when this is done in late winter or early spring. All cuts

should be made smooth with the shoulder which extends slightly out from the body. Do not leave any stubs, but cut close up to the shoulder. Wounds of an inch or more across should be covered with White Lead paint or good pruning compound. Do not use barn paint or any coaltar paint.

Do not trim lower limbs off to make high headed trees. Low, compact heads stand the windy conditions of the Central West better than high-open-topped trees. Just use common sense in thinning out the limbs, cutting out the most undesirable, where two limbs are interfering one with another. Heavy later pruning can be avoided if care is taken the first two seasons after planting, to see that the heads are properly formed. It is important to get the right frame limbs for the tree right at the start. If this is properly done less later pruning will be required.



**Perfection Currants** 

#### RASPBERRIES

A good in-between crop, easy to grow for home or market

ILL do well on any soil that will produce a good corn crop. Land should be thoroughly prepared and well enriched; ground bone is one of the best fertilizers. Keep well cultivated and free from weeds and suckers. As soon as they have done bearing cut out the old wood to give more vigor to the young canes. Plant in rows 5 feet apart, 3 feet apart in rows.

10 30.85	\$4.20	10	100	1000
30.85	£4.20			
30.85	@4.90			
	Φ4.2U	\$0.60	\$3.50	\$32.50
.90	5.50	.70	5.00	37.50
.80	4.00	.60	3.50	30.00
.80	4.00	.60	3.50	30.00
1.00	7.00	.80	6.50	45.00
.80	4.00	.60	3.50	30.00
.80	4.00	.60	3.50	30.00
1.00	7.00	.80	6.50	45.00
	.80 .80 1.00 .80 .80	.80	.80	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



To occupy a sunny garden plot 20x30 feet.

- √10 Cuthbert
- √10 Latham
- 10 St. Regis
- 5 Marlboro 5 Golden Queen

The 40 plants by prepaid parcel post for



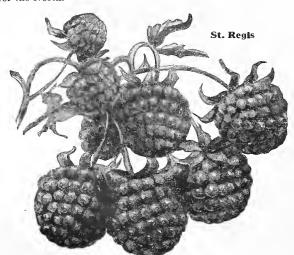
#### RED RASPBERRIES

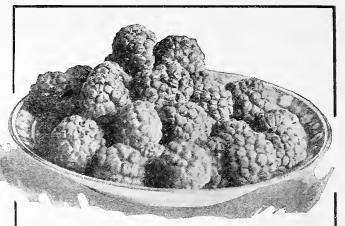
Columbian. Fruit resembles Shaffer, very large, purplish color, rather soft; rich, sprightly flavor, unrivalled for canning, etc. Bush vigorous and productive; immense cropper. A favorite for close market.

Cuthbert ("Queen of the Market"). A remarkably strong, hardy variety; standing the northern winter and southern summers equal to any. Very large, conical berries, measuring three inches around, so firm they can be shipped hundreds of miles by rail in good condition; flavor is sweet, rich and luscious. The leading market variety for main crop.

King. Plant is a strong grower. Berry is firm, a good shipper; large size; beautiful bright scarlet color; ripens with the earliest. Mariboro. Large size, light crimson color; good quality and firm.

Vigorous and productive. The best well tested, large, early berry for the North.





#### Wonderful New Red Latham

The New Mosaic-Free Hardy Red Raspberry

This remarkable and very desirable new variety makes its commercial advent at an opportune time, when critical inspection and official control work hardship for any stock not perfectly free from Mosaic or other raspberry afflictions. This type is certified absolutely mosaic-free, and acceptable anywhere. Latham is perfectly hardy, withstanding Manitoba winters without protection. Its **production** is superlative, outyielding even Cuthbert. The berries are large and round, with profitable shipping firmness. The color is a richly brilliant red, an eye-catcher on market stands, a delightful table feature, and a perfect canned exhibit.

(Ranere). Fruit commences to ripen with the St. Regis. earliest and continuing on young canes until October, many quarts often being picked after the first snow falls. Berries bright crimson, large size, rich, sugary with full raspberry flavor; flesh firm and meaty.

#### **BLACK RASPBERRIES**

Cumberland. A healthy, vigorous grower, throwing up stout, stocky, well branched canes that produce immense crops. Fruits very profitable; large, firm, good quality, keeps and ships well. Midseason.

#### YELLOW RASPBERRIES

Golden Queen. A beautiful, large golden yellow berry surpassing Cuthbert in size, beauty, qualityandadaptability. This variety is not only one of

the most delicious to the taste, but makes an enticing appearance when served fresh, either alone or in mixture with the other colors of berries. Canes hardy, of strongest growth, productive.



When out picking your berries under the hot sun, a little mental distraction helps wonderfully. Have something beautiful and animate nearby to look at. (See page 11.)

#### CALL THE BUTTERFLIES!

"Butterfly Bushes" do it. The silken wings of butterflies in rainbow hues are ever fluttering among these lovely flowers.

2 Buddleia Farquhari \$1.00 1 Buddiela Magnifica.. .50

The three by mail for....

#### **BLACKBERRIES**

# Put the waste spaces to work by planting Blackberries

The supply of "wild" berries is becoming exhausted and is guarded by landowners as "property"; thus making it necessary for each to plant his own berry patch.

Should be planted in rows six to seven feet apart, three to five feet in the row. Keep the ground light and rich. Pinch the canes back when they have reached four feet in height.

PRICES OF	By Mail		By E	xpress o	or Frt.
BLACKBERRIES	10   100		10	100	1000
Blowers	\$0.95	\$5.75	\$0.70	\$5.00	\$45.00
Early Harvest	.95		.70	5.00	35.00
Eldorado	.95	5.75	.70	5.00	38.00
Mersereau	.95	5.75	.70	5.00	35.00
Snyder	.95	5.75	.70	5.00	35.00

Blowers. Claimed to be the hardiest and most productive, and to bring on the market the highest price of all blackberries. Has produced 2,694 berries on one bush, 2,720 quarts on 1-3 acre. Large size, jet black, good shipper, best quality; unexcelled productiveness.

Early Harvest. Not entirely hardy in the north and needs winter protection. Its earliness, combined with good shipping qualities, make it very profitable. Compact dwarf grower, enormous bearer. Fruit medium size.

Eldorado. The vines are very vigorous and hardy, enduring the winters of the far north-west without injury, and their yield is enormous. Berries large, jet black, borne in large clusters, and ripen well together, they are very sweet, melting and pleasing to the taste; have no hard core, and keep eight or ten days after picking with quality unimpaired.

Mersereau. Remarkably strong grower, upright, producing stout, stocky canes. An enormous producer of extra size berries which are brilliant black and retain their color under all conditions; extra quality; sweet, rich, melting, without core.

**Snyder.** Enormously productive, medium sweet, no hard, sour core. The leading early variety for hardiness.

#### **DEWBERRIES**

Lucretta Dewberry. Dwarf and spreading. The fruit, which ripens early, is often one and one-half inches long by one inch in diameter; soft, sweet and luscious throughout. It is a primitive, thrilling delight to turn up a leaf and discover the dead-ripe bottom fruits, hot from the sand. These are more apt to pop into the mouth, than into the basket.

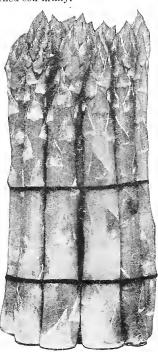
Price: by mall, prepaid, 10 for 95 cts.; 100 for \$5.75. By express, collect, 10 for 70 cts.; 100 for \$5.00; 1000 for \$35.00.

#### **ASPARAGUS**

PRICES OF ASPARAGUS	50	Per 100	Per 1000
By Express—			
1 year	\$1.00	\$2.00	\$12.00
2 years	1.25	2.50	15.00
By Mail—			
1 year	1.35	2.50	l

Nothing that comes out of the home garden is so much appreciated as the tender tips and fresh stalks of asparagus. A small bed of them, kept weed-free, or a border along the garden edge, will supply the average table for six weeks or more in late spring.

In planting, make soil rich; dig trench, set 12 to 18 inches apart, roots spread out, crown 2 inches below surface; and tamp in returned soil firmly.



Palmetto. A very early variety of greenish tinge; even, regular size, of excellent quality.

Washington Pedigreed. A new rust-resistant Asparagus. As a standard variety for the production of fancy Asparagus for the home or market, it stands ahead of all others in size, vigor, tenderness, quality, and rust-resistance.



RHUBARB
"Pie Plant"

Linnaeus. Large, early, tender and fine. The old reliable pie kind.

3 for 50 cts.; 10 for \$1.50; per 100, \$7.00. By mail, 3 for 75 cts.; 10 for



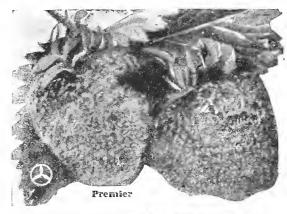


#### The LITTLE HOME ORCHARD

Small Space—Little Cost
—Big Results.
All trees 4 to 5 feet.

1 Dwarf Apple. \$0.90







# **STRAWBERRIES**

A small bed in the home garden will yield a generous supply of this delicious fruit

Strawberries succeed in any soil adapted to farm or garden crops. Soil should be prepared to a good depth, well drained and enriched with vegetable manure (muck, rotten turf, wood soil, ashes, etc.). For field culture set rows 3 to 3½ feet apart, 15 to 18 in. apart in each row; for garden, 15 in. apart each way, pathway every third row. For large fruit, keep in hills, pinching runners off as they appear. Ground should be kept clean and well cultivated. In winter cover with leaves, straw or litter. Do not cover until ground is frozen, nor so as to smother plants. Remove cover before growth starts in spring. Mulching will keep fruit clean and soil in good condition.

Dip in water as soon as received, and bury roots in moist, shady ground until ready to set out; do not neglect.

PLEASE NOTE: Owing to extremely unfavorable growing conditions during the past season, and unfavorable economic conditions as well, it will be impossible for us this Spring to offer more than one of the usual standard varieties of Strawberries;—and "Mastodon," generally choicest variety of the Everbearing class.

#### THE BEST STANDARD STRAWBERRY

Considered THE one, if but one variety is to be depended upon.

Premier. Perfect flowered. On many markets this remarkable berry has won recognition as the most popular and most profitable early variety every grown. It is of smooth, evenly conical form, and large; its color the commanding glossy red which sells on sight, aided artistically by the calyx or cap which remains green after picking. Quality unsurpassed; production greatest of all earlies; plant growth vigorous, healthy and strongly reproductive.

#### EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

Since introduction of the Everbearing class, many varieties have been tried, improved and supplanted. According to many Mastodon. reports gathered from all berry-growing sections of the country, Mastodon is the last word and outranks all predecessors. It is of immense size, an almost incredible cropper, of choice quality, and the strongest grower yet developed. More productive than most June bearers, its fall pickings are sufficient from but a few plants, and very profitable.

PRICE OF STRAWBERRIES	25	Per 100	Per 1000	If ordered by Mail
Everbearing—Mastodon Standard—Premier	\$1.25 .75	\$3.50 1.50	$$27.50 \\ 12.00$	postpaid, add 20c for 25 plants; 35c for 100.

"Everbearing Strawberries" yield fruit continuously from May or June until frost. They are practical croppers, and, coming out of ordinary season, bring very profitable prices for market. CAUTION: To obtain the largest size and finest quality of fruit in the fall, keep flowers picked off until about the first of July.

## NUT TREES—Profitable and Ornamental

Almost every farm contains land that should be planted to nut trees. Nuts in many cases pay better than farm crops or fruits, while most kinds are making a growth of valuable timber that will of itself pay a large per cent on the investment. The highly ornamental feature of Nut trees should not be overlooked.

#### CHESTNUTS

Spanish. A handsome round headed tree producing anundantly very large nuts that find a ready market at good prices. Not so sweet as the American tree and not so hardy.

#### **FILBERTS**

American. The common Hazelnut. Will grow in almost any location, but prefers a rather moist soil, such as can be found along streams. Nuts are tender and of fine flavor.

English. Of easiest culture, growing 6 to 8 feet high, entirely hardy, and one of the most profitable and satisfactory nuts to grow, succeeding on almost all soils, bearing early and abundantly; nuts nearly round, rich and of excellent flavor, admired for the dessert.

#### WALNUTS

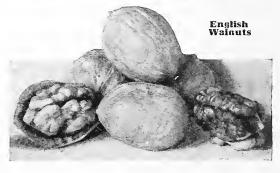
Black. A native tree of large size and majestic form, beautiful foliage. The most valuable of all trees for its timber, which enters largely into the manufacture of fine furniture and cabinet ware, and brings the highest price in market.

Butternut (or White Wainut). Native tree, producing a large nut. Has a sweet, oily nutritious kernel.

English. Where hardy, it produces immense crops of thin-shelled delicious nuts, which are always in demand at good prices; fruit in green state is highly esteemed for pickling. Will not grow in the North.

Japan. Max-Cordiformis. Differs from Sieboldi in form of nuts, which are broad-pointed, flattened, resembling Hickory.

Japan, Sieboidi. Perfectly hardy, rapid grower, handsome form, immense leaves; bears young and abundantly. Nuts produced in clusters; resembles Butternut in shape and quality, smaller; smooth and thinner shell.



PRICE OF NUT TREES	Each	Per 10
Butternut—4 to 6 feet	\$1.25	\$12.50
" —6 to 8 feet	2.00	
Chestnut, Spanish—3 to 4 feet	1.50	12.50
Filbert, American—3 to 4 feet	1.00	9,00
" —4 to 5 feet	1.25	
Filbert English—2 to 3 feet	.80	7.00
"3 to 4 feet	1.00	9.00
" —4 to 5 feet	1.25	11.00
Walnut, Black—3 to 4 feet	.80	6.50
" —4 to 6 feet	1.25	10.00
/ " —6 to 8 feet	1.75	15.00
Walnut, Japan (Sieboldi and Max-Cordi-		
formis)—3 to 4 feet	.85	7.50
Walnut, Japan (Sieboldi and Max-Cordi-		
formis)—4 to 6 feet	1.25	10.00
Walnut, Japan (Sieboldi and Max-Cordi-		
formis)—6 to 8 feet	2.00	17.50
Walnut English—2 to 3 feet	1.10	
—3 to 4 feet	1.50	

# Summer Bedding Plants

To Brighten Up Your Lawn and Garden. Lovely Flowers-Showy Foliage Plants for Beds, Baskets and Vases from Our Greenhouse Department

THIS section we have grouped large classes of potted plants and other subjects, excepting the bulbs and hardy flowers, which are desirable for bedding plants. plants which are mainly used as decorativ house plants are listed, starting on Page 96.

PRICES: All prices listed under this department are priced for delivery by mail, postage prepaid-unless otherwise specified. Express shipments are not prepald.

We Guarantee Safe Arrival. Shipments of stock from our potted plant department, by mail or express, are guaranteed to reach destination in good condition. We should be advised if delivery is not made within a reasonable time after notification is mailed from this office. Examine stock carefully upon arrival, and report promptly any items damaged or in poor condition, both to us and to the delivering Express Company. After safe delivery in good condition we do not assume responsibility for future growth or failure.

**BUTILON** [Flowering Maple]

Popular as pot plants, and for summer bedding, vases and baskets. The flowers are deep bell-shaped, in various colors, solitary, well distributed over the plants, borne in profusion throughout the entire season.

Daydawn. Flowers bright daybreak pink.

Golden Bell. Tall growing, profuse in golden bloom. This is particularly good for garden show.

Snowstorm. Flowers pure white.

Souvenir de Bonn. Deep green maple-shaped leaves, irregularly bordered with creamy white. Occasional bright

crange flowers, veined crimson.

octs. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Splendens. A beautiful deep red variety, dwarf growing, with foliage a pleasing shade of green.

Thompsoni. Flowers salmon-pink, foliage blotched with yellow, a charming combination. We sell hundreds of these to visiting customers, who pick them out for their beauty as pot plants. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

PRICE of above varieties, unless stated, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 doz.



Acalypha

#### **ACALYPHA**

Sanderi. (Chenille Plant.) Foliage deep glossy green; the flowers being fuzzy, bright red, ropelike pendants, often 18 to 20 inches long, drooping from the axil of each They make showy specimen pot plants, and are very cheerful summer bedders. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

#### ACHYRANTHUS

Thrive in any soil; are not easily killed by frost. They make intensely bright beds, and show off splendidly in borders against taller growing plants.

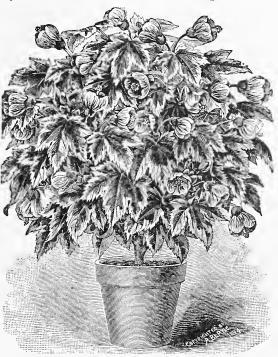
**Herbsti.** Transparent leaves of rosy carmine, intensely brilliant; compact and dwarf growth.

McNally. Red stemmed; bright, rich green with yellow arching veins. A robust grower.

PRICE: 20 cts.; \$1.50 doz. By express, \$10.00 per 100.

#### BULBS for SUMMER BEDDING

Listed Elsewhere in this Catalog Page Caladiums . . . . . . . . 84 Dahlias......88-92 Gladioli......93 Gloxinias.....85 **Tuberous Rooted Begonias84** Madeira Vine.....85 Amaryllis......84 **Tuberose** . . . . . . . . . . 85



Abutilon Souvenir de Bonn

#### PLANTING TABLE

For Circular Beds

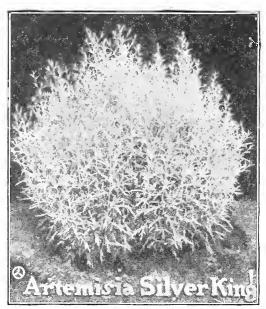
At 6 inches apart, commence outside row 3 inches from edge of circle; if 12 inches apart, then 6 inches from edge, etc. It is important to make the outer rows compact, although the in-ner rows may be more openly

spaced. The table below is for circular beds, but if square will require about the same number of plants. An oval bed may be compared to a diameter found by adding length to breadth and dividing by two.

Diameter of Bed	Plants 6 In. Apart	Plants 12 In. Apart	Plants 18 In. Apart	Plants 24 In. Apart	Plants 30 In. Apart
3 feet 4 feet 5 feet 6 feet 7 feet 8 feet 9 feet 10 feet 12 feet 13 feet 14 feet	28 48 80 112 152 200 256 320 380 452 528 612	7 12 20 28 38 50 64 80 95 113 132 153	6 8 13 18 22 28 36 42 50 59 68	7 9 12 16 20 24 28 33 39	13 16 18 22 25
15 feet 16 feet 17 feet 18 feet 19 feet 20 feet	704 804 904 1016 1132 1256	176 201 226 254 283 314	78 89 100 113 126 139	44 50 57 63 71 78	28 32 36 40 46 50

Formula for computing number of plants in each row of a circular bed: Radius (in inches) x 6½ ÷ Interval=plants. Each interior row requires 6 plants less than the next larger circle. Compute outer row first, the actual planting line fixing the radius.





#### **AGERATUM**

The flowers appear in great profusion all the season, in rounded terminal umbels, each floret a small round bur of protruding, but soft bristles. They appear to greatest value as an edging, or massed.

Fraserl. A spreading variety with purplish blue color in the burs; the plants attaining 8 to 10 inches in height.

Wilsoni. Similar color to Fraseri, but plants bushier and only 6 to 8 inches high. This makes a beautiful pot plant of globular shape, covered with bloom.

Prices: 20 cts.; \$1.50 dozen. By Express, \$10.00 per 100.

ALOYSIA CITRIODORA
The well known "Lemon Verbena," noted for its delightful fragrance of foliage. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

> artemisia silver king [The New Misty "Mixer" for Bouquets]

Here is something new and outstanding. A strikingly effective white leaved contrast plant. A beautiful "mist" for setting off bouquets and floral combinations. A splendid filler for Canna beds, Larkspurs or other tall plants. Silver King is a root-spreading perennial (2-2½ feet), but is also valuable to stick around here and there among the summer bedding plants for its silver effect.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pot plants, 25 cts. each; 3 for 65 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen. By express—\$18.00 per 100.

**BROWALIA** 

Browalia Speciosa. A conspicuous plant, with numerous single flowers of deep indigo blue, fully 2 inches in diameter, blooming continually. Equally for beds, pot plants, boxes and

baskets. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per dozen. By express, \$10.00 per 100.

#### **BEDDING BEGONIAS**

Gracills Luminosa. A magnificent Semperflorens, with flowers large, perfect and plentiful, and never out of bloom. Color the brightest scarlet. Prima Donna. A good bedding Begonia with large, free flowers of bright pink.
White Pearl. Large, waxy white flowers; practically everblooming; growth

rapid and bushy. Prices: 20 cts. each; 3 for 50 cts.; \$2.00 per dozen. By Express,

RNATIONS

Blooming plants valued for the inspiring spiciness of their perfume, the perfection of their flower form, fine cutting-lengths of stem, freedom, and long keeping.

Carnation plants should be repotted whenever there is indication Culture. of their becoming pot-bound. Transplanted into the garden after all danger of frost is over, and given at least 12 inches of space, with good soil and cultivation, these plants should furnish abundant bloom from July until late Fall or may be kept "pinched back" to retard bloom, potted up at approach of frost

and brought inside for winter blooming. Goiden Giow. Good sized; an even shade of light yellow.

Extra size, perfect The most popular salmon pink ever produced. shape, wonderful color. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Mrs. C. W. Ward. Long the standard of excellence in deep pinks. Red Matchiess. Has outlived many novelty reds, because better.
White Ivory. The most substantial pure white on the market today.

Prices: Unless stated, 20 cts; \$2.00 per dozen. By express, \$12.00 per 100.



Carnations



\$15.00 per 100.

Set No. 9

#### Mail Order Bargain Collections of plants at half price-15 different sets 85c each postpaid

These bargain collections can be offered cheap because they are assembled in large quantities and at one time, at a minimum handling expense. You get the same quality of plants that you would receive were they purchased as single items and save practically half the cost.

#### Choice Varieties

Select the sets you want, but the choice of varieties must be left to us. Plants and bulbs used in filling these collections are not the cheapest varieties by any means. Often we include many novelties and especially good varieties of which we have a surplus.

Mention Set Numbers wanted. Our Selection of Varieties. Each Set Postpaid, for . . .

The prices of all collections are NET except that we will send 5 collections for . . \$3.75

Set No. 1-6 Geraniums assorted.

**Set No. 2—6** Carnations assorted.

Set No. 3—6 Double Petunias, assorted.

**Set No. 4—6** Begonias assorted.

Set No. 5-6 Large Flowered Cannas, 6 varieties.

Set No. 6-6 Hardy Mums, in 6 varieties.

Set No. 7-6 Basket or Vase Plants.

Set No. 8-6 German Iris, 6 varieties.

Set No. 9-30 Gladiolus bulbs-mixed varieties.

Set No. 10-8 Choice Herbaceous plants, all different.

Set No. 11-6 Hardy Phlox, 6 varieties.

Set No. 12-5 Dahlias, in 5 varieties.

Set No. 13-6 Fern Dish Ferns, in assortment.

Set No. 14—2 Lantanas, 2 Heliotropes, 2 Ageratums.

Set No. 15-8 Coleus, assorted.

#### **CHRYSANTHEMUMS**

#### Colorful Show Flowers

THE magnificent, large flowered, fancy sorts may be forced and developed under glass, to the highest state of perfection; but are not hardy enough to survive the rigors of winter outdoors. The average householder, therefore, must depend upon his garden for the Mum show; and is thus limited to the Earlies, Mid-seasons, Pompons, etc., which will bloom freely during the fall, and before winter sets in. Buy young plants each season, like Geraniums; their first bloom is best.

#### LARGE FLOWERED TYPES

(E) for Early: (M) for Mid-season: (L) for Late.

Betsy Ross.

(M.) White Chrysanthemum of rare purity, perfection of incurved form, extra length of sturdy stem, and dependable freedom and quality of bloom; mark this variety as one of the best whites.

Each, 35 cts.; dozen, \$3.50.

Golden Glory. (M.) A fine, deep yellow color, and of excellent form and free-blooming quality; good for pot specimens.

Harvard. (L.) Has a "collegiate" aspect appropriate to football fields,

where its shaggy reflexed form and deeply crimson color are popular.

Each, 30 cts.; dozen, \$3.00.

(L.) A Thanksgiving certainty of graceful character and very Loyalty. bright yellow color.

Midnight Sun. (M.) Of dwarf growth, with excellent stem and foliage; the bright yellow flowers of incurved form.

Oconto. (M.) A beautiful white Japanese type. Moderate size but perfect ball shape; quite hardy for garden planting.

Pink Mistletoe. (L.) Its blush white parent is standard for beauty and desirability; this sport is equally good in a warm

shade of pink.

Smith's Enchantress. (E.) Uniformly intense rose pink; extremely prolific. Probably the most dependable of all early pinks.

Each, 35 cts.; dozen, \$3.50. (É.) A strong grower of commendable habit, Unaka.

with fine incurved bloom; a pleasing pink. PRICES: Uniess stated, each: 25 cts.; dozen, \$2.50. By express, \$15.00 per 100.

For Hardy 'Mums, Pompon and Anemone 'Mums, see pages 50-51.



Coleus-Firebrand



Betsy Ross

#### COLEUS

Broad-leaved, bushy foliage plants which are unmatched for brilliancy and unique arrangement of colors. Some of the fancier sorts are painted in designs as indescribable as the traceries of frost. The more solid colors are in most general use for large bedding schemes. Cecil Brown, for its fine trailing habit, and various of the fancy patterned sorts are largely utilized in box and vase work.

Beckwith's Gem. The center is dark velvety maroon, bordered fiery red, the edge green, changing to creamy yellow at the point of the leaf. Most popular dark kind.

Cecii Brown. (Trailing Queen.) One of the most attractive for close bedding, boxes and hanging baskets ever introduced. Rather small escalloped leaves of dark green, evenly checked with curving maroon lines; the wedgeshaped center gay with magenta and cream.

Crescent. Beautiful pointed leaves edged Nile green, but mainly a velvety red-maroon with a center wedge of crimson pink.

Daytonia. Yellow and green, with red-brown center.

**Eddie George.** The biggest leaves are 4 by 6 inches, heavily grained, with a beaded gold edge. The color is solid red brown, with a bronze sheen and purplish bloom which add both lustre and velvet to the glowing surface. One of the few good kinds for pot plants. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Firebrand. One of the darkest in general effect. Like a charred remnant from the hearth, its edges dappled with the red glow of smoldering embers. Glory of Autumn. Most vivid autumnal colorings in great variety on every plant, each leaf defined by a heavy beaded border of applegreen.

Golden Crown. Brightest yellow for bedding.

Her Majesty. Rich, warm red-brown without a blemish, confined within a beaded edge of gold.

Hollywood. Clustered small, crinkled leaves defined by yellowish green scallops. The surface a distinctly threaded tapestry; warm, and richly patterned in its shades of red and moldy bronze, carmine and madder rose. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Pride of Painesville. Long, arching leaves distinctly ruffled; plant of vigorous density and sustained brilliance. Velvety ebonized brown, with large central segment of carmine red (discoloring to lavender cream on reverse side); the deep marginal scallops bright green with a red dot at base. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

**Princess.** Broad, velvety leaves of purple madder brown, with beaded green edge and magenta midrib.

Queen of the West. A center wedge of creamy white bordered green; the whole margined yellow and streaked carmine and maroon.

Verschaffelti. Rich, velvety crimson.

PRICES-Unless stated, 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz. By express-\$8.00 per 100.

#### **3**/=

#### COTONEASTER

Being difficult to transplant in the average shrub size, we are growing them in pots to send out in a thrifty young stage, for greater security. Plant them in any good well drained soil, avoiding shade or moist situations.

Horizontalis. A dwarf shrub with densely spreading horizontal branches almost prostrate. On account ders, to display its crimsoning leaves and scarlet fruits, deep into winter. 5-inch pot plants, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10. By express—75 cts. each; \$7.00 per 10.

#### **HELIOTROPE**

This altogether delightful old plant has ever been a great favorite among those who enjoy garden perfumes and flowers of dainty type.

Dwarf growing with fine, neat foliage. Flowers

Centefleur.

Dwarf growing with fine, neat foliage. Flowers are deliciously fragrant, florets wide and flat, color largest size, covering plant completely. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.

Florence NightIngaie. Bright lavender.

Snow Wreath. Blooms in large trusses of clean white flowers.
This has sweetest perfume; and mixes prettily with blues.

Prices unless stated, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

#### HIBISCUS SINENSIS

Strong growing tropical plants with handsome glossy foliage and large, brilliant, showy flowers. In a warm sunny window they make fine decorative plants and bloom profusely. In open ground during summer they make a gorgeous display with bright colored flowers.

Cooperi Tricolor. Shrubby upright growth with drooping leaves of their age. Their color is one of the best examples of variegated foliage to be found among the house plants, a capricious splatteration of greens, pinks

and white. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Mineatus Semi-Plenus. Half double, ruffled flowers; light vermilion scarlet. 20 cts. each.

Peachblow. Flowers double; of a rich shade of clear pink, with small, deep crim-

son center; most beautiful shading; 4 to 5 inches in diameter. Blooms freely even on small plants. 20 ets.; \$2.00 per dozen.

#### **IMPATIENS**

Impatiens Sultana Hybrids. Seldom out of bloom, when at their best spangled with flat, single flowers, ranging from intense carmine-rose to white; against a rounded background of glossy green leaves. In separate colors: Red, Pink, White, or Mixed. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

Variegated-leaf Impatiens. Luxuriant typical foliage, but light green clouded with darker toncs, the margins an irregular outline in white. As attractive as the variegated abutilons, the liberal bloom carmine-red. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen.



#### POT-GROWN ANNUALS

#### A Boon to Gardeners

We sow the seed, pot the plants, develop them in our greenhouses, and have the following fine list of favorite annuals well developed, ready to send out about May 1st.

See descriptions under Flower Seeds, or Plants.

African Daisy (Arctotis)
Ageratum Tom Thumb
Alyssum
Asters, to color in the
main classes
Bachelors Button
Bedding Begonias, in
variety
Browalia Speciosa (\$1.50
per doz., \$10.00 per 100.)
Calendula
Centaurea Imperialis
Chrysanthemum (annual)
summer flowering
Clarkia
Dusty Miller (Centaurea)
Hunnemannia (Bush
Eschscholtzia)
Kochia (Summer Cypress)

Larkspur (Annual)
Lobelia (trailing and edging kinds)
Marigold: in variety
Nigella
Periwinkle (\$1.50 per dozen, \$8.00 per 100)
Petunias (Single)
Phlox Drummondi
Salpiglossis
Salvia (Red)
Scabiosa
Schizanthus
Snapdragons, in variety
Stocks
Strawflowers
Verbenas, in variety
Wallflowers
Zinnias, all types

PRICE: Except noted, by mall, \$1.25 per dozen.

By Express—\$1.00 per dozen, \$7.00 per 100.

# SPRAY ONE FOURTH NATURAL SIZE LAMERANA

#### LANTANAS

Profusely blooming bedding plants, growing from 12 to 18 inches high, also popularin baskets and boxes. They are in bright, catchy bloom continuously from spring until frost cuts them down in the fall; at all times emitting a pleasant, pungent fragrance. flowers are small, brighteyed cups, set quite closely together in rounded umbels 2 to 4 inches across. Their colors run to brilliancy, and unite two or more contrasting but harmonious shades.

#### Countess de Biencourt

Brilliant rose-pink surrounding a center of creamy yellow.

Craigž. Dark, cardinalred velvet, its center studded with gold; extremely florescent.

Jacob Schultz.

Rich, velvety crimson-wine; with a varying center of blood orange; the darkest and showiest sort.

Especially noticeable and pleasing in generous beds.

Especially noticeable and pleasing in generous beds.

Michael Schmidt.

A bold, brilliant, fire-red; its few yellow florets at center heightening the flame effect.

Weeping Lantana. A fine plant for winter, flowering in pots or small summer hanging baskets. Flowers the base of each leaf stalk. Its long, drooping flower-laden sprays are unique among summer plants.

Prices-20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

By express-\$14.00 per 100.

#### PANSY PLANTS

Thrifty started plants already in bloom. Colors and markings are widely varied, and very beautiful. 50 cts. per dozen; \$3.50 per 100. By express—\$3.00 per 100; \$27.00 per 1,000.

#### PELARGONIUM

Mrs. Layal. (The genuine "Pansy Geranium.") Rounded, satiny, exquisitely marked and colored. Its colors range from a large crimsoned chocolate center through pink to white at the edges. Growth characterized by compactness and sturdiness. 25 cts. each; 3 for 65 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen.





#### SALVIA [Scarlet Sage]

The showiest, cheapest and most practical red obtainable, for late summer beds and borders.

Finest and showiest; the America. earliest, freest and most continuous bloomer. Plants grow about 15 inches high, precisely uniform, richly green; above which blaze the immense compact spikes of scarlet flowers to a maximum height of 2 feet.

Spiendens. Long spikes of dazzling scarlet flowers remaining in bloom until cut down by frost.

Zurich. Dwarf, compact and early; constantly in bloom even in the smallest pots. Prices-\$1.25 per dozen. By Express-\$1.00 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100.

Pink Salvia. Very pretty garden effects may be obtained from use of this novelty, which is bushily compact, with full spikes of rich salmon pink. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

White Salvia. Equal in size and quality to any previous sort, in color a clear cream white. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

#### VERBENA

These are compact, showy flowering plants of considerable value for outlining beds, or as entire 15 to 18-inch high beds of solid or mixed colors. Beautiful, highly colored umbels borne very freely throughout the summer bedding season. Assorted colors in Purple, Scariet, Pink and White.

Erinoides. Ferny foliage, entirely different in character than above; dense spikes of purplish rose changing to Oxford blue.

Prices-15 cts.; \$1.25 per dozen.

By Express-\$1.00 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100.

#### BEDDING VINCAS

Periwinkle. Everblooming bedding plants growing to 12 to 15 inches in height; the flowers Phlox shaped in moderate terminal clusters. In separate colors, Rose or White. 15 cts.; \$1.50 per dozen. By express—\$1.25 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100.

#### **VIOLETS**

Frey's Fragrant. A thrifty, stronggrowing, hardy violet with a great crop of large, single, exceedingly fragrant bloom.

Princess of Wales. Broad Pansy-like flowers of a beautiful violet purple shade, with lighter center. A vigorous growing plant with clean, healthy foliage and stiff long stems. One of the most beautiful and free flowering.

Price-20 cts.; \$2.00 per dozen. By Express-\$15.00 per 100.

#### **PETUNIAS**

**Double Flowered.** We are listing five distinct color types which are almost perfect balls of wrinkled petalage. They furnish an unlimited amount of bloom throughout the summer, fragrant and dainty and altogether delightful. This double flowered class will profit wonderfully from extra soil enrichment, frequent cultivation and plenty of water; they are worth extra attention. In separate colors: Red. Pink. Purple, White and Variegated. 20 cts.; \$2.00 per doz. By express—  $$14.\overline{00} \text{ per } 100.$ 

**Double Rosy Morn.** A remarkable novelty, derived from the single "Rosy Morn," having the same brilliant rose pink color, deepened because there are so many petals in the flower. A distant border of them looks like Carnations, or Baby Rambler Roses. This variety may be found listed also among the potted house plants, with illustration. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen. By express, \$15.00 per 100.

Single Flowered. Glant Ruffled. Flowers beautifully ruffled and fringed. Colors rich and gorgeous, with deep

throats of various shades. Fine single mixed.

Rosy Morn. Of compact, bushy growth, 15 inches in height, covered the entire season with 1½-inch flowers. Throat silvery-white, outer edge heavily shaded soft rose-pink.

Triumph. A splendid new large flowering single variety of uniform growth and general superiority as a mass bedder. It is beautifully ruffled, and very conspicuous in its clear, bright cerise-pink color.

Prices-15 cts.; \$1.25 per dozen.

Single Petunia

By Express-\$1.00 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100.

Elks Purple. The magnificent "color" of the Elks Order. The single flower of this fine new variety is of giant proportions; gracefully rolling, its five-pointed lobes distinct. The color is solid, of the richest purple shade conceivable, with a velvety black lustre over all. Very free blooming, active and exceptionally noticeable. 20 cts.; \$2.00 per dozen.

"Balcony" Petunias (Single). A rely new type of immense size and smooth flower perfection. Although originally cited especially for box and basket work, gardens will not be denied their beauty as bedding plants; so they are popularly in use as such. The colors are solid and distinct, offered separately: Biue, Crimson, Rose, White. 15 cts.; \$1.25 per dozen. By express—\$1.00 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100.

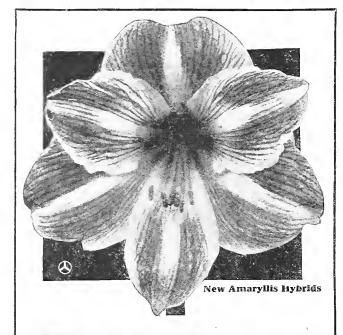




Salvia (Scarlet Sage)

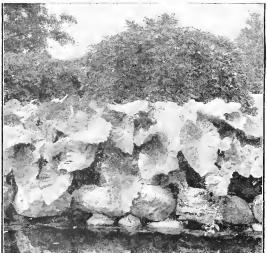








Tuberous Rooted Begonia



"Elephant's Ear" Planted In Rockery

ROCK PLANTS AND HOW TO MAKE A ROCK GARDEN, PAGE 39

# Bulbs and Tubers For Summer and

PLANT a selection of these flowering bulbs and tubers in the spring, if you would enjoy a summer and fall made glorious with a profusion of beautiful blooms. On this page, and throughout the ten that follow, we present a most complete and interesting array of all the favorite varieties of flowering bulbs that are indispensable to the home where flowers are loved. Our stock this season is particularly large and fine. Test the S. & H. claim of quality with any of these offerings, and we know you will not be disappointed in the results from any or all you plant.

#### **AMARYLLIS**

Valuable alike for house, conservatory or garden. For pot culture they should be well drained and potted in soil composed of leaf mold and light loam, although they grow well in any rich soil. After blooming season is over, withhold water, as the top begins to die; when thoroughly ripened place in dry cool place, leaving plant in pot to allow season of rest.

Equestre. Bright salmon pink, with a distinct snow-white blotch at base of petals. 35 cts.; \$3.00 per dozen.

Honolulu Hybrids. Originally a product of the Hawaiian Islands, this strain has been crossed and recrossed with the choicest selections from other prominent types until now our California grower is confident there exists no larger, finer, more richly colored and patterned strain than this. The body color is white, broken up by heavy streaks and lines of tropic luxuriance, in rose, red and other colors—or else dominantly orange, cherry, cerise, crimson, with mottlings or striping of vivid contrasts. The flowers run to enormous size and productivity in outdoor plantings in the South; but as potted specimens in the more temperate states they average six to eight inches of flattened expanse, with rounding, over-lapping petals; three to six flower stalks to the bulb. Offered in Mixed Colors only.

First Size—75 cts. each; \$7.50 per dozen. Extra Large—\$1.00 each; \$10.00 per dozen.

#### **TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS**

This is, indeed, a most interesting section. The flowers vary considerably as to form and size, ranging from 2 to 4 and even 6 inches across, while some of the single ones are perfectly smooth, while others are fluted or distinctly fringed. The colors are delightfully vivid and distinct.

When grown outside, the Tuberous Rooted Begonias should be taken up before cold weather, spread out to dry, and be packed away in boxes of dry sand and stored through winter in some cool place, yet not where frost can reach them. Some little time before planting outside in spring they should be potted and kept inside until well started. They delight in a partially shaded location in soil composed of leaf mold, sand and well rotted manure.

Single Flowered. Separate colors, white, pink, scarlet, crimson, salmon and yellow. 30 cts. each; \$3.00 per dozen; \$20.00 per 100.

Double Flowered. Varieties in separate colors, white, plnk, scarlet, crimson, salmon and yellow. 35 cts. each; \$3.50 per dozen; \$25.00 per 100.

#### **CALADIUM ESCULENTUM**

(Elephant's Ear)

For obtaining tropical effects in lawn and garden planting this beautiful plant, which grows from a bulb, takes a prominent place. Stands 6 to 7 feet high, with bright green leaves 3 to 4 feet long and  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet wide. Should have plenty of water and good rich soil. Is a splendid adornment for the banks of fountains and lily ponds, or any rockery where plenty of moisture is available.

Each	Dozen	Express
Extra large bulbs	. \$3.00	\$2.50
First size bulbs	. 1.50	1.25

SEE PAGES 86 TO 96 FOR

#### -- 1

# Best Varieties Autumn Flowering

#### **FANCY LEAVED CALADIUMS**

A class of beautiful variegated foliage plants, excellent for window boxes, vases or single pot plants, succeeding equally well in a somewhat shady situation out of doors. Among all foliage plants they are undoubtedly the showiest, reveling in many soft colors and indescribable beauties of design. After becoming well established, they require liberal watering, coupled with adequate drainage. The bulbs should be started into growth about the first of April and dried off in October and kept in a warm and dry place until spring again.

Mixed. 30 cts. each; \$3.00 per doz. By express—\$20.00 per 100.

#### CALLAS

The White Calla is rarely used except for house blooms, but the hardier spotted-leaved variety, Elliotiana, is mainly used in the gardens for the beauty of its foliage as a border, and its delightful flowers for late summer cutting. The bulbs should be set out after danger of frost is past, and dug up again in the fall for drying off and winter storage.

Ethlopica. This is the well known and ever popular White Calla Lily whose chaste, waxen beauty is typical of purity and refinement. There is nothing to take its place in decorations for church functions, and its presence in the home is ever an inspiration. 35 cts. each; 3 for 90 cts.

Ellotlana. Leaves dark green with creamy white spots; flowers a richly lustrous golden yellow. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen. By express—\$15.00 per 100.

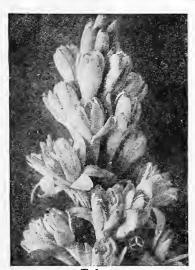
The Godfrey Everblooming Calla. (New.) Flowers as large as the largest and outbloom the others three to one; pure white. Plant dwarf and compact. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

#### **GLOXINIAS**

The Gloxinia has handsome large, round, hairy leaves and quantities of big flowers. Give rich, light soil and partial shade, until well started into growth; in watering, do not wet the leaves. When through blooming, store in any dry, warm place for re-potting next season. We are offering this year an unusual color assortment, grown solely for us:

Bright Rose; white margined,—Red, Purple-Scarlet and Violet; Spotted and Tigered. 40 cts. each; \$4.00 per dozen.

#### MADEIRA VINE



A beautiful rapid growing vine with dense foliage, fleshy, heart-shaped, light-green. Numerous Mignonette-like feathery racemes of white flowers, which are pleasantly fragrant. Ordinarily, hardy North if well protected by litter during the winter. Strong tubers. 15 cts. each; \$1.50 dozen.

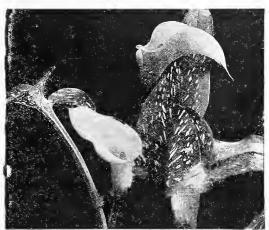
#### **TUBEROSE**

Excelsior Pearl. Fall flowering bulbs; long, compact spikes of double, waxy white flowers; exquisitely perfumed. 3 for 25 cts.; 75 cts. per dozen. By express—\$5.00 per 100.

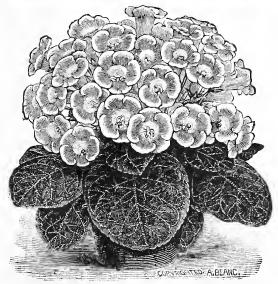
Tuberose



Fancy Leaved Caladiums



Spotted Calla "Elllotlana"



Gloxinia

SEE SPECIAL MAIL ORDER BARGAINS ON PAGE 80

CANNAS, DAHLIAS, GLADIOLI

Our 1930 Old Glory Mixture of selected Gladlolus Bulbs Is the finest ever offered. The dozen, 60c

# CANNAS

#### For Summer Bedding

F ALL bedding plants, Cannas are the tallest and bulkiest, and furnish the widest range of colors. Their foliage is of noble proportions, making a full compact mass which serves to conceal the ground or background, and is of itself attractive in rich shades of green, bronze, red and chocolate. The surmounting flower trusses are uniformly large and free, brilliant with most of the colors and combinations known among flowers.

Massed plantings in one color are recommended as being most effective; but many beautiful and striking combinations of colors may be arranged. See table for guidance as to quantities of each.

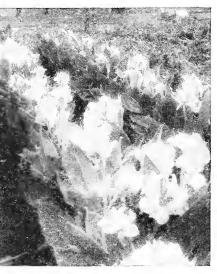
Unless noted, all varieties in the succeeding list have green leaves and belong to the well known Dwarf French Canna class, and to those tall sorts known as giant "Orchid-flowered," or Italian Cannas. The exceptions noted refer to those few having dark or "Bronze" foliage.

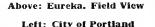
#### **PLANTING DIRECTIONS**

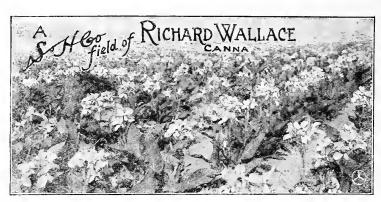
Soil, etc. Cannas will grow in any kind of soil and most any location, but to obtain fullest development and reward, they should be given an open, sunny location and the soil enriched with well decayed manure. Dig up about 2 feet deep, and at all times give plenty of water.

For bedding. Cannas are normally planted about 18 inches apart each way; starting outer rows 9 inches inside margin of bed. Thus the planting radius of a 6 foot circle for outside row is 27 inches. In circular beds, the tallest variety should occupy the center, the medium heights next, finishing with a dwarf kind for the outside row. By consulting our descriptions, varieties may be selected according to desired heights, which range from  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 8 feet. See planting formula and table below and on next page.

	PLANTING TABLE FOR CIRCULAR CANNA BEDS											
Diam.	Center	1st Row	2nd Row	3rd Row	4th Row	Total Plants						
4 ft. 6 ft.	1 4	5				6						
8 ft. 10 ft.	1	7 5	14 12	18		22 36						
12 ft. 15 ft.	3 3	9 9	15 15	21 21	28	48 76						







Canna beds do not necessarily have to be enclosed by a dwarf border like some tall growing plants and shrubs, but many people prefer to do so. For such, we would suggest that Baby Rambler Roses 18 inches apart make a fine all-summer showing; as also do the hardy perennial Sedums—Spectabilis and Brilliant—similarly set; and the splendid silvery white mist plant, Artemisia Silver King—see page 80.

CANNA PRICES: No less than 3 of a kind sold. Dozens and less by mail, prepaid. 100 rate (25 of a kind minimum) by express, charges collect.

Started Plants from 3-in. Pots, ready to ship after May 1st.

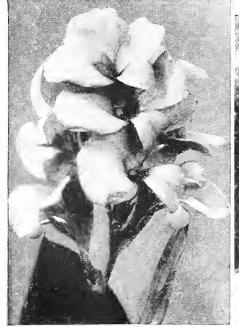
The Ambassador. (4 ft.) Darkly veined bronze leaves; good heads of broad flowers, unblemished fiery scarlet ("Bronze leaved President"). 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$18.00.

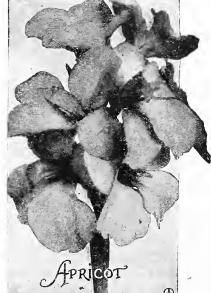
Apricot. (4 ft.) Broadly compact trusses freely produced.

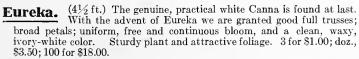
Strong, rich apricot passing to silver pink, with gold and coral center. One of the dantiest and most attractive. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$12.00.

Beaute Poltevine. (3½ ft.) Blood-shot petals of crimson-scarlet. One of the good, reliable red bedders; useful as the edging in circular beds. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$10.00.

City of Portland. (3½ ft.) Warm rose pink, holding its tone through both hot and cool weather. The great, full-petaled trusses are borne very freely on heavy stalks and make a wonderful show throughout the season. 3 for 90 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$15.00.







Golden Wedding.

(3 ft.) Very rich golden yellow seldom adulterated with other markings. The flowers are ceptionally valuable because really first class solid yellow color has been almost unknown in the Dwarf Growing Cannas. 3 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.50; 100 for \$18.00.

Hungaria. (3½ to 4 ft.) The first popular pink bedder; bright "Neyron Rose" pink, the throat prettily mottled. See illustration on color page 37. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$12.00.

King Humbert. (4 to 4½ ft.) The best bronze leaved variety, very distinct heart-shaped leaves shaded with purple madder-brown. Immense orchid-flowered trusses of velvety orange scarlet flecked with carmine, rose tinted at margin and base. See illustration on color page 37. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$10.00.

**Louisiana.** (6 ft.) Deep orange scarlet. Useful center. 3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$10.00.

Mrs. Alfred F. Conard. (4 ft.) Makes a charming, continuous display of silvered peach-pink. 3 for 90 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$15.00.

Queen Heien ("Yellow King Humbert"). (4 to 5 ft.) Exact Humbert character, but the leaves are green and flowers rich golden yellow beautifully dotted red. See illustration on color page 37. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$12.00.

Richard Wallace. (5 ft.) The finest tall, light yellow; pure, unfading canary; very showy.

3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$10.00.

Souv. de Antoine Crozy. (3½ ft.) Brilliant crimson-scarlet conspicuously bordered golden yellow.

3 for 60 cts.; doz., \$2.00; 100 for \$10.00.

Statue of Liberty. (6 to 7 ft.) Torch-like, orange red trusses rigidly upheld; one of the best extra tall red varieties. 3 for 90 cts.; doz., \$3.00; 100 for \$15.00.

The President. (4 ft.) The best green-leaved red-flowered canna offered. The flowers are immense, round, firm; a cheery one color pure scarlet. See illustration on color page 37. 3 for 75 cts.; doz., \$2.50; 100 for \$12.00.

#### MODEL CIRCULAR CANNA BEDS

These special group offers relieve you of worrying over spacing and color associations, and give you choice Canna beds at special collection prices. The 6 foot offers are by prepaid mail; the others are by express at your expense. In ordering, designate A-6 or A-8, etc. We reserve the right to appropriately substitute if listed variety is exhausted.

Group	1	6 ft.	8 ft.	10 ft.
	Center	4 Eureka	1 Eureka	1 Eureka
	1st row	9 Apricot	7 Apricot	5 Eureka
A		, ,		12 Apricot
	3rd row			18 A. Crozy
		13 plants (M) \$2.70	22 plants (E).\$3.80	36 plants (E) \$6.
	Center	4 Richard Wallace	1 Richard Wallace	1 Richard Walla
	1st row	9 The President	7 The President	5 Richard Walla
B	2nd row	<b></b>	14 City of Portland	12 The President
D	3rd row			18 City of Portla
			22 plants (E) \$4.75	
	Center	4 Queen Helen	1 Queen Helen	1 Queen Helen
	1st row	9 Ambassador	7 Ambassador	5 Queen Helen
C			14 Golden Wedding	
_	3rd row			18 Golden Weddi
		13 plants (M) \$3.10	22 plants (E) \$5.90	36 plants (E) \$9.
1	Center	4 King Humbert.	1 King Humbert	1 King Humber
_	1st row	9 Mrs. A. Conard	7 Mrs. A. Conard	5 King Humber
D			14 Beaute Poitevine	
	3rd row			18 Beaute Poitevi
		13 plants (M) \$2.60	22 plants (E) \$4.85	36 plants (E).\$6.
	Center	4 Louisiana	1 Louisiana	1 Louisiana
_	1st row		7 Richard Wallace	
E	2nd row	• • • • • • •	14 King Humbert	12 Richard Walla
	3rd row			18 King Humber
		13 plants (M) \$1.95	22 plants (E) \$3.40	36 plants (E) \$5.
	Center		1 Queen Helen	1 Queen Helen
г	1st row		7 Eureka	5 Queen Helen
F				12 Eureka
	3rd row			18 Hungaria
		13 plants (M) \$2.75	22 plants (E).\$4.80	36 plants (E).\$7.

#### Other Mail Order Bargains—Page 80

#### SPECIAL OFFERS



#### "ROYAL WEDDING" Canna Bed

King Humbert. Black leaves, red flowers.

Queen Heien. Green leaves, yellow flowers.

A more splendidly mated pair than these two Cannas—so regal in every way besides in name—will be hard to find. They match perfectly as to growth and character of foliage and flowers; the contrasting colors making a rich combination.

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# 12-Foot Bed or 6-Foot Bed KING 38 plants KING 8 plants QUEEN 26 plants QUEEN 8 plants Total plants 64 plants Total 16 plants Price by \$6.25 \$0.75

Express

\$6<u>2</u>

Price by Mail

\$275

#### CANNA "COLOR QUARTET"

Four of the choicest varieties representing the most popular colors; illustrated on color page 37.

Started Plants after May 1st, by mail, postpaid.

The President

Queen Helen

Hungaria

King Humbert

3 of each, the 12 for or 12 of each, the 48 for

#### -80

## **DAHLIAS**

#### The Favorite Fall Flower

A Selection of the finest varieties in the various classes

PRING is beautified by the Peony, summer would seem barren without the Rose; in like manner we have come to expect of autumn—the Dahlia. From the great number of more or less distinct varieties which cumber the Dahlia catalogs, we are trying to keep our own lists down to a reasonable selection from the established varieties we know, and the best introductions.

Culture, Etc. Dahlias are not particular as to the soil or location. Although maximum growth and bloom reward the full sun, some of the stronger sorts develop most perfect specimens in partial shade; and localities with a moist atmosphere or dewy nights are apt to give better results than a drier air. Frequent cultivation prior to their blooming season is absolutely essential to real success. Time for planting varies according to climate, but is safe after all danger of late frosts is past. Tubers should be planted about 6 inches deep, laid flat, eyes or sprout up. Although good lively tubers are apt to produce more stalks, started plants give practically an equal amount and quality of bloom. We send out tubers (root division) until supply is exhausted after which orders are filled with started plants at the same price.

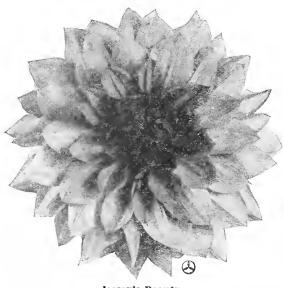
PRICES: All prices are for delivery by mail, postage prepaid. Price per dozen; 10 times the each price.

# THE ELITE FIVE Novelty Dahlias

Elite Glory. (Giant Decorative). In every way the best red introduced in many years. Flowers are of immense size, perfect in development, erect on long, rigid stems above evergreen foliage. The red is an arresting shade, unmixed with orange, purple or maroon, which gives it a unique value and magnifies its radiant beauty. Started plants each, \$1.50.

Ellinore Vanderveer. (Decorative). A magnificent Seal introduction, an unmixed, glowing, satiny rose-pink. Each, \$1.25.

Gladys Sherwood. (Hybrid Cactus). Extraordinary size in breadth and thickness; the long petals broad based, but tubular at the tips. Unblemished, glistening white. Each, \$1.00.



Jersey's Beauty



Jersey's Beauty. (Decorative). Of ideal flower construction, large, free, with excellent stems and vigorous plant growth.

A popular cut-flower, for its beautiful deep, clear rose-pink color; altogether one of the best of recent introductions. Each, \$1.00.

Decorative). A superb cut-flower; of pleasing size, perfect decorative form; high-built center, erect stems. Profuse bloom of long season and long keeping, both outdoors and in water. The coloring is magnificent, apparently absorbing the autumn tints of its season. Soft saffron yellow with a faint rose undertone at base, the compact center enriched by ruddy apricot. The varying expressions of sideview or full front, sunshine or lamplight, give equal pleasure. See illustration on color page 37. Each, \$1.25.

SPECIAL COLLECTION. The set of 5 \$540 Novelty Dahlias above

#### THE BONNY BEDDERS

A Set of 7 Beautiful Dahlias

This delightful Dahlia combination unites seven distinct, color-balanced varieties of three classes; for the purpose of associating those moderate sized flowers which "bloom their heads off", on short, stocky plants of about equal character; to provide a garden bed rich in color thruout a long late season, which will not obstruct or be out of proportion with the average other garden material. Every kind is a charming cut-flower best suited to broad, shallow containers.

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6 FT,	Ε	D	Α		F	G	
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3 of each (21 plants) \$750 by mail postpaid, for

A. Bonny Blue (Dec.)—dark blue lavender... See page 89
B. Delicatissima (Show)—cream and pomegranate... See page 92
C. Winfield Slocombe (Dec.)—golden orange See page 91
D. Mme. A. Lumier (Dec.)—violet red points on white... See page 90
E. A. D. Livonia (Show)—coral rose pink... See page 92
F. Mrs. H. R. Wirth (Cactus)—fiery crimson scarlet... See page 92
G. Mrs. Wellesley (Show)—ivory with purple edge... See page 92

#### THE STRAIGHT EIGHT

#### **Dollar Decoratives**

PRICES: All \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per dozen

Amun Ra. A giant flowered, uniformly perfect formed Decorative, on extra long, upright stems; a gorgeous, long keeping cutbronze center bristling with a fringe of folded petals in oriental red.

Argonne. A vivid blood-red; of true decorative type, not too large to be graceful. The petalage is full and evenly layered, retaining its closed center longer than most red dahlias. Medium early and extra free bloom, on long, erect stems fine for cutting. Good reds are scarce in all classes, so that this handsome and practical introduction is of real value.

Bonnie Brae. One of the daintiest color types, the gently ruffled petals a warm suffusion of peach-pink and cream; the cream rises to the top with pink tips and shadows.

Millionaire. One of the largest dahlias grown, of perfect form and exquisite coloring; a grand type for exhibition in vases. The color is an even light lavender slightly pink at center. At maturity the center has become nearly drained of color which has settled more densely at the tips.

Mrs. I. de Ver Warner. Rarely imperfect in form, of large size and in great abundance. Usually displayed in profile. Its color is orchid-like and very popular, a deep mative-pink. Early, continuous and substantial, this variety proves to be one of the finest of its class, for all purposes.

Perry's Victory.

Of vigorous, bushy growth, a continuous mass of bloom in prime for early September. The flowers are boldly with a brightening touch of pink here and there.

Polar Bear. Purest white, the waxy flowers of great size and perfect form, borne very freely on good long stems; long lasting quality, either on the plant or in water. We call this the finest white Dahlia for practical cutting we have ever offered.

Wm. Slocombe. This delightful variety is long stemmed, and loosely long petaled, recurving into very large globular heads; a conspicuously bright canary yellow.

SPECIAL COLLECTION: The Set of All \$600 Eight Varieties Above for Only.....

# General Assortment of DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

The flowers are usually large, but full open faced, with long, flat petals. They habitually bloom with great freedom and the individual flowers make a gorgeous display in the field besides furnishing magnificent cut flowers. It is within this class that most of the recent first class novelties have been developed.



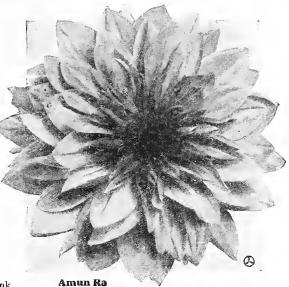
Bonny Blue

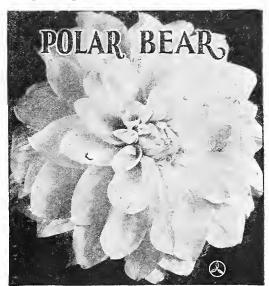
#### Bonny Blue.

PRICE: As Stated. One Dozen for 10 times the each price

The nearest approach to a regular blue yet produced. It is not washy, but a strong, dark, solid color; a little darker at the compact center. In form—perfect, full round, short quilled, almost identified with the show type; profuse blooming, long stems and long keeping, in a unique shade of color. Each, 50 cts.

Carolyn Wintjen. Of extreme size, averaging 8 to 10 inches in diameter; salmonpink shading to rose. A good cut flower with long, firm stems. Each, 50 cts.





Polar Bear-Purest White, Great Size

#### The Diamond Dahlia Dozen



.,	
Countess of Lonsdale (C)—amber and tan	.30
Cigarette (C)—white, red-tipped	.75
Doctor Tevis (D)—salmon pink	.50
"Gay Paree" (C)—red bronze	.75
George Walters (C)—yellow apricot	.50
Golden Eagle (C)—yellow gold	.50
Hortulanus Fiet (D)—Shrimp pink, red and	
gold	.75
Kittie Dunlop (D)—carmine rose	.75
Mina Burgle (D)—deep scarlet	.30
Oregon Beauty (D)—oriental red	.30
Snowball (S)—blush white	.30
Yellow Colosse (D)—clear primrose	.50
momer rivitio	6 20
TOTAL VALUE	0.20

The set 12 By mail \$5.25

fortulanus Fiet



#### General Assortment of Decorative Dahlias-Cont.

Dakota. One of Judge Marean's introductions, of fine, large exhibition type; deep coral red with coppery suffusion. Each, 50 cts.

Doctor Tevis. Soft salmon-rose suffused with old gold, shading to a center of golden apricot. Each, 50 ets.

Eventide. Essentially white, with just a touch of tender rose flushing the margins of the petals. Each, 30 ets.

Gartand. Pure deep canary yellow in full-petaled flowers of large size. A free bloomer, with substantial stems presenting their burdens face up. Each, 30 cts.

Glorlana. Pure old gold intensified by a reddish glow in the center. Extreme size in flower and stem. Each, 50 cts.

Hortulanus Fiet.

A "giant" decorative with an abundance of broad petals, the whole symmetrical flower averaging 8 a delicate shrimp pink pointed with gold and faintly clouded with red and yellow tones. Each, 75 cts.

1 to 8-inch flowers are set firmly on long stems as horizontally as Zinnias. Its long, wide petals are deeply undulating, the center upstanding like the Calycanthus flower. Color, golden ochre, with salmon red suffusion deepening toward center. Each, 75 cts.

Jersey's King. A large shapely flower of odd color tone; dull oriental red suffused with brilliant carmine. Each, 50 ets.

Judge Marean. Large flower of perfect shape, changing color as it develops The color range is from salmon-pink, red and iridescent orange to yellow and gold. Each, 75 cts.

#### King of Commerce.

Firm, substantial, perfect form, medium size, free-blooming, early and outlasting; a practical and popular cut-flower variety. Yellow, evenly tanned, with a red swarthiness at center. A favorite for lamplit bouquets. Each, 75 cts.



**Doctor Tevis** 



Mina Burgie. Rich, luminous dark scarlet flowers of large size, strongly upheld; the petals evenly separated and gently recurved; free and continuous bloom. Each, 30 cts.

Mme. A. Lumier. Distinct and showy variegated sort, one of the freest bloomers; semi-double flowers of white, blotched with crimson toward the end of petals extreme tips a rich violet red. Each 50 ets.

mrs. Carl Salbach.

This variety has been accorded many honors throughout the country. Flowers often 9 inches across, a lively pink, 75 ets.

Oregon Beauty. Profuse, giant, ball-shaped bloom; intense oriental red, suffused with garnet, a golden sheen over all. Each, 30 cts.

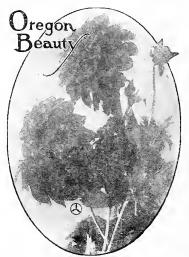
Patrick O'Mara. The numerous flowers are large, perfect in form, well supported on long, stiff stems. Rich chrome yellow with salmon red suffusion. Each, 50 ets.

**Princess Pat.** Flowers of immense size and perfect shape with invariably firm center; a pleasing shade of old rose, enhanced by artificial light. Each, 50 cts.

Remance. Vivid orange; an oriental touch in the carmine which is dusted, streaked and splashed over its entire surface. The flowers are large and carried upright on long stiff stems. Each, 75 cts.

> Rock Gardens are the new vogue in gardening. See Rock Plants in color, Page 38, and How to Make a Rock Garden, Page 39.





#### **Decorative Dahlias—Concluded**

Winfield Slocombe. A particularly showy garden type, its short growth and fern-like foliage practically concealed by the profusion of its large, compact bloom. The color is a brilliant golden orange, charming under artificial light when displayed to its best advantage in a shallow bowl-shaped vase. Each, 75 cts

Yellow Colosse. Large; solid primrose yellow; one of the most dependable and satisfying yellow varieties in the decorative class. Each, 50 cts.

#### **CACTUS DAHLIAS**

Characterized by long, narrow, pointed, tubular and twisted petals of graded lengths, giving the layered flowers a very striking and attractive appearance; various new hybrids introducing new phases.

Ambassador. (Hybrid Cactus.) A magnificent flower of noble proportions; soft yellow at center, with shadings the tips. Each, 75 cts.

Attraction.

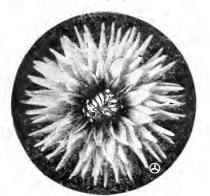
A greatly admired dahlia. Large flowers measuring 6 inches across are composed of wide, wavy, point-suffused with white. Each, 50 cts.

California Beauty.

Exceptionally free-blooming, and in every light a desirable cut flower. Its color is amber and warmed by a hint of coral in its shadowed depths. Each, 75 cts.

California Enchantress. Very large size and good substance, on wiry rigid stems; soft delicate pink. Its style a perfect example of the straight rayed, fine-quilled cactus type, and its color a positive delight. One of the very longest keeping varieties. Each, \$1.00.

Cigarette. Long rolled petals, mostly white with a solferino tip, proportions of the two colors varying capriciously. A decided novelty. Each, 75 cts.



Countess of Lonsdale

Countess of Lonsdale. An old, but never-to-be-forgotten variety. Longest season and freest bloom of any type; flowers large, complete and ever perfect, true cactus. Color an exquisite blending of amber and both red and pink salmon. Each, 30 cts.

Etendard de Lyon. Beautiful flowers about 6 inches across, the broad fluted petals recurving to a 4-inch depth. The color is distinctly rich and lustrous, varying according to shadows, from carmine-rose to royal purple. Each, 50 cts.

F. W. Fellowes. One of the best of that thin, long-petaled type so delightful in mixed bouquets; an intense coral red with deeper suffusion at center. Each, 50 cts.

#### George Schofield.

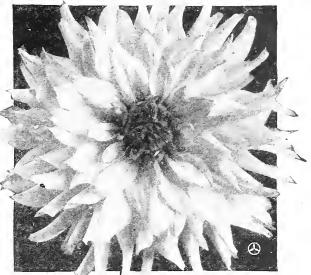
(English Cactus.)
Medium sized flowers
of extraordinary form;
long, thinly tubular,
incurving, twisting
petals. Color a delicate blending of apricot and yellow, reducing to white at the
tips. Each, 75 ets.

#### George Walters.

A tall-growing showy impressive sort that always seems to focus attention. Its very large, full but loosely constructed flowers are yellow overlaid with apricot and shrimp pink; shaded at center with stone red or carmine. Each, 50 cts.

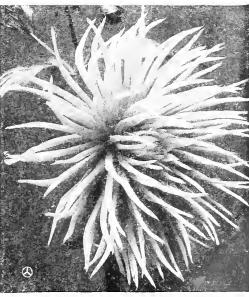
#### Gladys Sherwood.

See description page 88. Each, \$1.00.

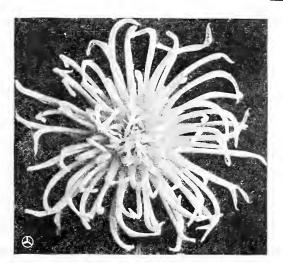


California Enchantress





Golden Eagle—See page 92



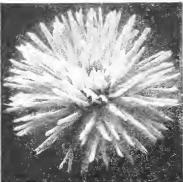
George Schofield

#### CACTUS DAHLIAS—Concluded

Golden Eagle. Tall growing, with long dark stems. Flower large, finepetaled, full, and deeply incurved; orange tan, with golden tips. Each, 50 cts.

Jean Chazot. (Or "Gay Paree.") (Hybrid Cactus) Of the full, perfect, pointed formation; extreme productivity and long season associated with Lonsdale, this new variety makes a sprightly cheerful display of golden bronze tinged with nasturtium red. Each, 75 cts.

Kallf. Impressive, evenly disposed rays, broad at base with long, tubular quills; the center a compact tuft. Vivid turkey red. Each, 50 cts.



# Marguerite Bouchon

This type is the most formal and perfect in shape, composed of short, stiff, numerous quills of varying character. They make excellent compact bouquets and usually outlast the other types when cut. A. D. Livonia.

Marguerite Bouchon.

Mrs. Henry R. Wirth.

glossy, cardinal red. Each, 50 cts.

Warm rose-pink, perfect flowers, with quilled petals which nearly overlap at the ends. Each, 30 cts.

#### Delicatissima.

The broad-mouthed quills are a luscious cream, gilded by shadows in the throat; the close center

focusing a rosy pomegranate which flits sketchily over intervening tips, to a warm suffusion in the outer rows. Flowers average five inches; are substantial, tenacious and plentiful Each, 50 ets.



Fire King. The short, rather hat petals are of the flower so type but so numerous and the entire flower so The short, rather flat petals are of the decorative thick and compact, we assign it to the show class. Ruby red; with a broad button center either darker, or rich with the effect of alter-

nating bronze and garnet tips. Each, 50 cts.

Grand Duke Alexis. (Giant.) Very large and full, with long, thick quills overlapping at the ends. White, slightly tinged and blotched lavender, especially at center. Each, 30 cts.

Maude Adams. An early and very free blooming sort, on the order of Susan, but larger and less globular. White, with a slight lavender suffusion inclined to focus at the close center. Each, 30 cts.

Mrs. Wellesley. An old time favorite; creamy white, heavily tipped solferino and crimson. A charming bowl-bouquet subject,

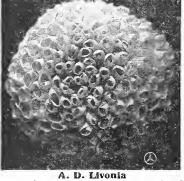
unmixed. Each, 30 cts.

Snowball. Perfect ball shaped; color blush white; free blooming, a

fine cut flower type. Each, 30 cts.

Susan. Extraordinarily free-blooming; with large globular flowers are long temporal and large. ers, long-stemmed and lasting; a very attractive mingling of rose-pink and white. One of the best for cutting. Each, 50 cts.

Special Collection: The set of all \$970 8 "Show" varieties for . . . . .





#### PEONY FLOWERED DAHLIAS One of the new and interesting types

Tall growing, loose-petaled, large flowered and free blooming. One of their chief advantages over the other types lies in their big, fluffy, aggressive aspect, which makes them of great value for landscape use. All long stemmed and graceful.

Billionaire. One of the largest flowered in any class, given its name, no doubt, to express the richness and magnificence of its appearance. The color is deep golden orange. Each, 75 cts.

> Camille Frachon. Equally striking and beautiful whether in its prevailing Peony flowered type, or as a Duplex-Century, or frankly single. Tall and rugged, with an abundance of flowers averaging 6 to 7 inches. Intense, glistening aniline red, deepening to rich garnet, which forms a much-rayed halo around the yellow disc. Each, 50 cts.

> Mannheim. Four to five-inch, three-rowed flowers of the loose decorative type; cherry salmon suffused with rose, underside bright rose. The general effect of a row of nodding stems is sparkling; showing first salmon, then rose—as the wind blows. 50 ets.

> A beautiful deep orange, very distinct in coloring. L. S. A. A beautiful deep orange, very distinct in coloring.
>
> large, of excellent form and held erect so as to fully display their beauty. Free flowering; an early variety which continues blooming all season. Each, 75 cts.

#### SINGLE FLOWERED DAHLIA

Extremely florescent; stems of any length; flowers about 3 inches. Frost white, except for a pink flush when first awakened; center prominent in deep gold. This positively single type makes a remarkably effective field display and furnishes dainty bouquets. 50 cts. each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Pompon Dahlias

#### **POMPON DAHLIAS**

Medium to small size, of perfect show type, invariably with long, smooth stems. Especially good for small bouquets, sprays or dwarf beds. Bobby. Deep plum.

Catherine. Rich golden yellow; perfectly double.

Little Beauty. Miniature Livonias. Little round, fully quilled balls of pure pink; make up beautifully in any design requiring a small, dainty flower. 50 cts.

Little Prince. Bold and striking; from richest crimson-maroon to varying striped combinations of crimson, scarlet and white.

Pure Love. Deep lilac, extra fine form and free.

PRICE: Unless stated, 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen. The set of 5 for \$1.30; or 3 each for \$3.35.

RUFFLED

GLORY

GLADIOLI COLLECTION

One each of the five Ruf-ed Glory "Glads" de-

fled Glory "Glads" de-scribed on this Page, all noted for their large size,

strong color markings and beautiful ruffled or fluted petals. The five for

\$655

#### Finest Flowers GLADIOL for Cutting

THIS CLASS of summer-flowering bulbs is doubly valuable for the field show of bloom, and for its Gladiolus flowers last longer when cut than most any others, and open up best in water. Bulbs should be planted between April and May throughout the Northern States, followed by a second planting after two or three weeks for succession. Set bulbs 4 inches deep and 2 inches apart in the drills, single rows 12 inches, and double rows 18 inches

apart. Beds do well planted 4 to 6 inches apart each way.

6 sold at dozen rates. 100 rate by express; for mail, add 25 cts. per 100.

#### RUFFLED GLORY GLADIOLI

A distinct and valuable class; embracing some of the very finest of recent novelties. Their characteristics not only emphasize large size and strong color markings, but particularly the beautiful ruffled or fluted petals which are their principal distinguishing features.

	<u> </u>	0	
E. J. Shaylor. Large flowers beautifully ruffled; deep rose	Each	Doz.	Per 100
fully ruffled; deep rose			
pink, with crimson feathering at throat and			
pretty mottling at the margins	\$0.10	\$0.80	\$ 6.00
Joe Coleman. A sturdy standard red,			
strongly ruilled.			
Cherry crimson with rosy white throat and			
midribs, lower petals blotched orange with			
a mahogany center and overbloom	.15	1.00	7.00
Mrs. H. E. Bothin. Late season;			
long, com-			
pact spikes of medium florets. White with			
a lovely peach-pink suffusion near the flut-			
ed margins; the throat a conspicuous			1
scarlet flame with violet rib	.15	1.30	9.00
Orange Glory. Broad, crimpled flowers: a glowing			Į.
flowers; a glowing			
orange salmon, the lowers blotched crim-			
son-violet with an ivory streak at center.	.20	1.70	12.00
Purple Glory. Largest of the class, deeply ruffled, darkly			
deeply ruffled, darkly			
gleaming; velvety purple-maroon, height-			



# One dozen each, enough to provide continuous bloom for several weeks if planted a few at a time. The five dozen for



#### S. & H. "OLD **GLORY**" MIXTURE

2.00

15.00

#### OF LARGE FLOWERED GLADIOLI

(See illustration in color on Page 37)

1930 The Best

-marks a new phase in character of this offer. Heretofore we have put into our "Old Glory" a splendid collection of varieties including surplus of high-priced novelties; but,

we have never been sure how the varieties would come out in the dozens and hundreds and thousands delivered to our customers.

This year we have set aside 20 color-balanced varieties which occur in our published lists, and hand-pick 1 of a

kind in each dozen; or 5 of a kind to each hundred—so that we know exactly what you will receive. You will understand and appreciate this distinctive care and service when the bulbs bloom. You pay no more for this definite distribution than you have paid previously for the chance associations; and very much less than if the units were ordered by name.

ened by almost black throat blotches...

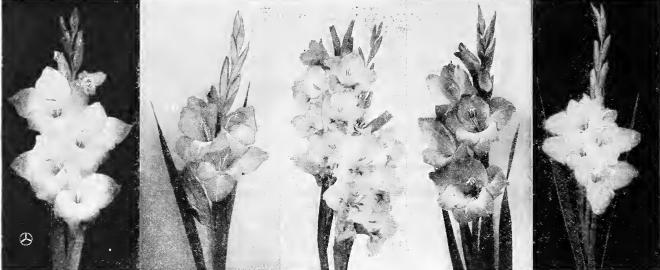
By mail (postpald), one dozen for......

100 for.....\$4.25

By express 50 cts. per dozen: \$4.00 per 100; \$35.00 per 1000.







Mrs. Doctor Norton

Attraction

9.00

8.00

10.00

1.30

1.10

1.40

.15

.15

#### **GENERAL** CHOICE NAM **GLADIOLI COLLECTION OF**

		00 by e	xpress onl	y. Add 25 cts. per 100 if ordered by mail			
Albania. Glistening pure white without noticeable throat or other	Each	Doz.	Per 100	Early Sunrise. 4½ feet high with full heads	Each	Doz.	Per 10
markings; clearest white yet produced, with wide fringy petals and long, full spikes.  America. Beautiful, soft flesh-pink, faintly	\$0.20	\$2.00	\$15.00	of mammoth flowers from 4 to 6 inches across. Color is bright flamy red with a faint orange coating. Very early  Evelyn Kirtland. Salmon rose; interior sil-	\$0.15	\$1.40	\$10.00
tinged with lavender; origin of many  Anna Eberlus Dark purple with deeper	.10	.70	5.00	vered towards base, three lowers blotched red. Tall, free and very popular	.10	.80	6.00
throat. Large-flowering, cutting variety.  Attraction. Shapely, high-colored, and	.15	1.00	7.00	Flora. Large flower; soft primrose yellow, throat gilded, rose streaks at bottom.	.15	1.40	19.00
charmingly conspicuous; iridescent crimson-carmine bearing a sating sheen, the lowers emphatically blotched with ivory white	.15	1.10	8.00	Giant Nymph. La France pink, with creamy yellow throat powdered scarlet. New variety of great size, perfect arrangement and long spike.	.20	1.70	12.00
Baron Hulot. Rich, deep indigo blue; a fine medium flower giving tone to any group Chicago White. Many small florets with pointed tips; white slightly blushed with	.15	1.10	8.00	Golden Measure.  upright spikes; orange yellow with gold blotch on lower petal; exterior base rose			
creamy throat and lavender anthers.  Clara Adams. Long, narrow uppers; white,	.10	.70	5.00	pink. Deepest, largest good yellow	.20	2.00	15.00
the short curled lowers overlaid canary and fleeked with lilac	.15	1.30	9.00	merging into scarlet on lower petals  Halley. Extra early, large florets, full spikes.	.10	.80	6.00
Crescent Queen. Brilliant wine-red in sunshine, velvety garnet under clouds. Flowers free, large, and slightly ruffled		1.70	12.00	fine for cutting; salmon pink, one small lower blotched yellow with crimson dust.  Herada. Amaranth buds opening to transparant lilac-mauve with white rib and sil-	.10	.70	5.00
Crimson Glow. Very dark scarlet with garnet streaks and velvet sheen over all.				vered throat; lowers have thick lilac clot; entire flower changing to lavender  Ida Van. Flaming orange red and pink, a	.15	1.00	7.00
An early, showy, dependable dark red, a favorite for market cutting	.15	1.10	8.00	good mass bedder		.70	5.00
POPULAR "ROADSIDE			,,,	massive. Blush white with faintly mottled lilac throat gilded and crimson striped  Lily White. An early cutflower; ivory with	.10	.70	5.00
GLADIOLUS COLLE For Bed 20 feet long and 3				rich cream at center	.10	.70	5.00
25 EACH OF 10 CHOICE			ES	Louise. Orchid lavender with deeper blotch in the throat, a dainty combination  Mary Alice White. A large but dainty truss of tender shrimp pink, the throat silvered,	.15	1.40	10.00
ABCDEFG	Н	i	ال	the lower petals slightly bronzed with pen- cilings of violet maroon	.15	1.30	9.00

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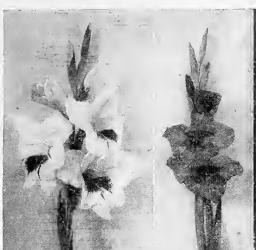
Variety by Mail

- America Ida Van Halley Herada Evelyn Kirtland Wilbrink Crimson Glow Alice Tiplady Gretchen Zang Le Marechal Foch
- **VALUE \$14.75** Special Collection Price The 250 Bulbs By Express
- (By Mail \$13.00) SAME BED 11/2 FT. DEEP 1 Doz. Each
- Mary Fennel. A lovely garden type; deep grayish lavender, with lighter halo around

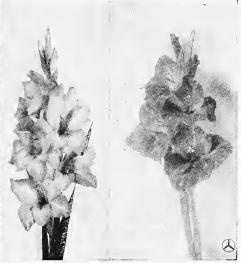
the primrose yellow throat. Mary Pickford. Creamy white, even down the stem, the throat a soft sulphur yellow.

Mrs. Dr. Norton. An exquisite type and color of universal appeal. Flushed white; side petals and central lower tipped shell pink; lowers overlaid buff with red dust base. Prominent contrasting buds of damask rose.









Mrs Frank Pendleton

**Crimson Glow** 

Le Marechal Foch

Herada

Ida Van

Mrs. Francis King. A strong, full-spiked	Each	Doz.	Per 100
late variety; soft coral red lightly picoted with scarlet, the lowers a red-violet over bronze, at base	\$0.10	\$0.70	\$5.00
Mrs. Frank Pendleton. A spectacular and			
lovely variety, most popular of the definitely blotched type. White, warmly suffused shell-pink; the three lowers radiant with a polished mahogany blotch and its feathery halo of cherry red.	.10	.80	6.00
Niagara. Large florets opening mostly at one time. A rich thick cream, the lower petals heavily gilded, with a crimson star outline in the throat; reverse heavily carmined at			
base with lilac spots streaking away	.10	.80	6.00
Panama. A modified and enlarged America; white suffused shell-pink—which is deeper and heavily splashed on the exterior	.10	.80	6.00
Peace. Very tall, with elongated spikes of late flowers; pure white, the lower throat streaked and dusted brilliant lilac	.10	.70	5.00
Prince of Wales. Clear, trans-	ľ		
pink, the center a delicious angular pattern of most delicate shell-pink; the lowers bearing a splash of coral red on a buff shield. Large, full spiked and free blooming	.15	1.00	7.00
Romance. Damask and old rose, condensing richly toward margin, sharply edged burnt purple; the lower	.20	2.00	15.00
throat a streaky pattern of crimson on buff.  Rose Ash (Ashes of Roses). A beauti-	.20	2.00	15.00
pink and red. Unique and delightful	.15	1.40	10.00
<b>Scariano.</b> Bright orange scarlet capriciously clouded, with wavy margins	.10	.80	6.00
Scarlet Princeps (Virginia). Iridescent color shifting in sun or shadow, from shining scarlet to raspberry red. It is a one-color bloom of ideal shape, when partially			
opened resembling long-tubed rose buds	.15	1.10	8.00
<b>Schwaben.</b> Of robust character and massive, full flower heads. Smooth sulphur yellow, the lowers coated deep canary with			
a violet blotch. One of the showiest sorts  War. Long, erect spikes with progressive	.10	.80	6.00
late bloom of good size and character; very dark, solid red	.15	1.10	8.00
Wilbrink. Early season, and liberal bloom; silvered blush pink with coral base and lilac outer suffusion; the lowers gilded, with dust and streaks of crimson violet.	.10	.80	6.00
with dust and streaks of crimson violet	.10	.00	0.00

Windsor. Bulky flowers giving a charming striped effect; the back-	Each	Doz.	Per 100
ground flushed white, with a hazy mottling of carmine rose which leaps into vivid		,	
prominence as short stripes at the margins. Two lower petals are solid carmine ex-			
cept for a creamy center with a densely feathered pattern	\$0.20	\$2.00	\$15.00

#### PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS

A modern type of early bloom with small flowers of perfect form, orange, tan or yellow shades. Very popular for early cut-flowers.

Ailce Tipiady. This is the "leading lady"	Each	Doz.	Per 100
of the Prims. Of typical form but extreme			
in size, furnishing long full spikes which			
keep in good condition a long time, Bright,			
clear orange-salmon, two of the lowers			
bronze with carmine penciling	\$0.10	\$0.80	\$ 6.00
Jewel. Blush and peach pink over cream,			
two of the lowers canary yellow with slight			
crimson feathering	.10	.80	6.00
Maidenblush. Creamy white splashed with			-
bright pink. A dainty coloring and charm-			
ing form, of great popularity for forcing.	.10	.70	5.00
Souvenir. Clearest, deepest yellow found in			
glad., of abnormal class size, the first			
yellow to bloom. A solid sunflower shade,			
and unfading	.15	1.10	8.00
Sunbeam. An appropriate successor to the			
earlier Souvenir, in cream and canary	.10	.80	6.00
Primuiinus Mixed. Above five and various			
other interesting hybrids		.60	4.00

# S. & H. "TAPESTRY" BED OF SPECTACULAR GLADIOLI

	12"	12"	12	
	6 Schwaben	6 Windsor	Cresent Queen	18"
	6 Scarlano	6 Romance	Chicago White	18"
-	Rose Ash	Golden Measure	6 Attraction	18,
	Prince of Wales	6 Scarlet Princeps	6 Mrs. Dr. Norton	18"

Bed 3x6 feet Value of Bulbs \$8.00

6 each of the 12 varieties (72 bulbs)by mail

Postpaid \$6.90



# **HOUSE PLANTS**

and TENDER VINES for Indoors

LANTS give to the home a charm that nothing else can give. Color of foliage and flower is a living color, completely lacking in any other form of decoration. Then, too, there are plants of every form from which to choose—foliage plants, ferns, graceful vines or brilliantly colored flowers, such as the Azaleas and Begonias. We maintain probably the largest general stock in the country of this class in order to cover the entire planting requirements of our customers.



PRICES: All prices listed are for deilvery by mail, postage prepald, unless otherwise noted. Express shipments are not prepaid.

#### **ALLAMANDA**

Hendersonl. A choice greenhouse plant with magnificent flower-bells 3 to 4 in. in diameter; the richest, purest, waxiest yellow imaginable, and sweetly fragrant. This fragrance is entirely distinct, and unforgetable. Plant is strong growing, with a decided climbing tendency which makes it valuable for training on conservatory pillars and interior trellises. 30 cts. each.



Anthericum Goldianum

#### **NEW JAPANESE KURUME AZALEAS**

Splendid substitutes for the Azalea Indica of pre-war days, providing excellent flowering pot plants for winter house decoration.

Choice of these seven:

Coral Bells Bridesmald Cherry Blossom Davbreak Lavender Queen Orange Queen Salmon Queen

3-inch pots, 50 ets.

#### ANTHERICUM

Goldlanum. This Anthericum makes a most showy, decorative plant for growing in the house or planting in the summer window box or vase, growing in attractiveness as its bulk increases. The major part of the arching leaf is a strong white gold, the margins moss green with occasional broken thin stripes of brighter green. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.

4-inch pot plants-50 cts. each; \$5.00 per dozen.

#### ARAUCARIA

Excelsa. (Norfolk Island Pine.) The most beautiful of all the tender evergreens; admirably adapted to house decoration. Deep for several years, but it is now coming back with a rush.

green feathery foliage arranged in whorls, rising one above the other at regular distances. Has been practically off the market 5-in. pots, 10 to 12 in. high, \$3.50 each. Must be sent by express.

#### **ASPARAGUS**

Brilliant green foliage indoor trailing plants used for bracketed pots, window boxes and hanging baskets.

Plumosus Nanus. The lace-like texture of its foliage outclasses Maiden Hair Fern for grace and daintiness; the long emerald sprays making a rich setting for cut flowers of all descriptions.

Sprengerl. Mostly used for hanging baskets where its long dense trails make a gleaming mass of green.

20 cts. each: \$2.00 per dozen.

4-Inch pot plants-35 cts.; \$3.50 per dozen.

#### **ASPIDISTRA**

Lurida. An easily grown decorative house plant. Thrives indoors where few other plants would succeed. Large specimen plants, \$3.00 each.

#### **AUCUBA**

Japonica Punctata. (Gold Dust Plant.) A fine bold plant, especially attractive as large specimens, useful and graceful as palms for hall decoration and a splendid subject for the summer veranda. Leaves are broad: rich shiny green thickly spotted with gold.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots, 35 cts. each; \$3.50 dozen.

By express—4-inch pots, 8 to 10 inches high—60 cts. each; \$6.00 dozen

#### FLOWERING BEGONIAS

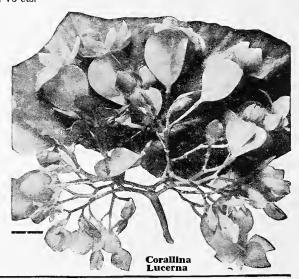
Few families of house plants are so entirely satisfactory in every way as the Begonias. They are rich in color and beautiful in design, and all classes are easily handled under any condition.

Alba Picta Rosea. Strong growing variety with long green leaves, spotted silver; flowers bright rose color.

Argentea Guttata. Purple bronze leaves, oblong in shape, with silvery markings; white flowers.

Corallina Lucerna. A splendid upright, vigorous grower, with long leaves of spotted olive green, a bright wine-red beneath. Enormous trusses of perfect coral red flowers make this variety one of the showiest and most desirable kinds in cultivation. 30 cts.; 3 for 75 cts.

Otto Hacker. In a class by itself. A strong vigorous grower, of fine upright habit, with large shining deep green leaves eight to ten inches long. Flowers bright coral red, borne in immense clusters eight to ten inches across. 30 cts.; 3 for 75 cts.



#### BEGONIAS—Cont'd

Rubra. The flowers are a rich coral red hanging in large pendant clussters. One of the best.

Thurstoni. Under side of leaves is rich, purplish red, veinings prominent, upperside bronzy green, shaded with crimson and olive, peculiar glossy metallic luster over all. Flowers rosy white in large clusters. 30 cts.; 3 for 75 cts.

Uniess noted, 20 cts.; 3 for 50 cts.

#### **REX BEGONIAS**

The broad leaves, high colorings and exquisite markings of Rex Begonias make them invaluable as decorative house plants and for baskets and vases, if, given plenty of moisture and not exposed to the full rays of the sun. Mixed varieties-30 cts. each; 3 for 75 cts.

BOUGAINVILLEA

Bright festoons, wonderfully effective along the walls in conservatories and sun rooms; or when trained on compact wire trellis forms, in tubs or large crocks.

Crimson Lake. This is one of the most notable vining plant introductions of years. Its numerous clustered, crinkly, paper-like bells in their emerald setting, are an incomparably brilliant crimsonlake color. 2½-inch pot plants—40 cts. each.

Glabra Sanderiana. Large bell-shaped flowers of lilac-rose borne profusely in terminal clusters all over the plant; blooms when quite small.

21/2-inch pots—30 cts. each; \$3.00 per dozen. 4-inch pots—75 cts. each. 5-inch pots—\$1.25 each.

A decided improvement by sporting Ziechmanni. from Giabra Sanderiana; the perfect clusters, slightly smaller, but more numerous, the glossy foliage, also smaller, but closer set along the vines. The color is distinct, with startling brilliancy; a beautiful translucent orchid purple.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots—35 cts; \$3.50 per dozen.

4-inch pots—85 cts. each. 5-inch pots—\$1.50.

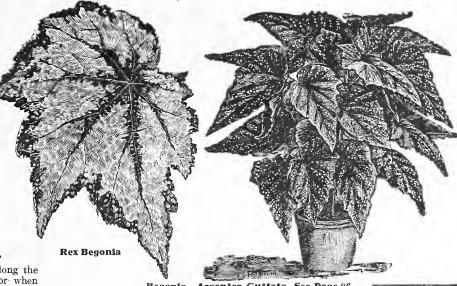


#### VINES FOR GROWING INDOORS

Anthericum Ipomea (Moon Flower) English Ivy Parlor Ivy Madeira Vine Manettia Vine

Bougainvillea
Trailing Coleus
Vinca Major
(variegated)
Passiflora (Passion
Flower) Asparagus Sprengeri Weeping Lantana Saxifraga Sarmentosa

Vitis Rhombifolia Wandering Jew



Begonia-Argentea Guttata, See Page 96

#### **BUDDLEIA** [Butterfly Bush]

Farquhari. A hardy type of rather dwarf, compact growth; with numerous medium sized lilac-purple flower spikes.

25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen.

Magnifica. The hardiest for all sections when used outdoors as a permanent shrub. Flower spikes 10 inches in length by 3 in diameter are not unusual. Color, deep violet-rose, with an orange center. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen.

#### **CYPERUS**

Alternifolius. (Umbrella Plant.) A semi-aquatic plant in water or damp soil; throwing up stems 2 to 3 feet high, surmounted at the top with a whorl of slender drooping leaves. The flowers are small, cream-colored, in terminal clusters. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

#### DRACENA

Considered among the best of decorative foliage plants, and are largely used for conservatory and house adornment. They should be given a light fibrous soil with good drainage, liberal watering with frequent showers: and to insure the greatest development of color, let them have all the sun-

shine available. Fragrans. Plentiful, broad foliage of one color; lustrous, dark green. The plants are especially hardy and trustworthy for general house decoration. 3-inch pot plants, 75 cts. each; 4-inch pot plants, \$1.00 each.

Numerous slender, grass-like, but rigid, green leaves, the favorite center plant for box, vase and basket planting. 2½-inch, 20 cts.; 4-inch, 50 cts. By express, 5-inch, \$1.00.

Massangeana. Broad green leaves, striped

with varying shades of yellow. 4-inch pots, \$1.50 each.

Sanderlana. An upright, stocky variety with alternating lanceolate leaves of dark green, striped creamy white. 50 cts.

Terminalis. Leaves rather long and

pointed, deep bronze, coloring richly to crimson, marked with pink and green and occasionally streaked with white. Although like all self-coloring foliage this variety has its dull aspects, sunshine, warmth and the evolutions of its normal seasons produce a wonderful brilliancy.

3-inch pots, 75 cts. each; 4-inch pots, \$1.50.



Dracena Indivisa

#### PLANTS FOR WINDOW BOXES Vases and Hanging Baskets

Anthericum Abutilon Asparagus Sprengeri Begonias Browalia Speciosa

Caladiums, Fancy Lf. Coleus Dracena Indivisa English Ivy Ferns Geraniums

Lantanas Petunias Saxifraga Vinca Major Var. Verbenas Wandering Jew

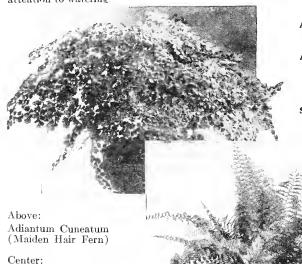


S. & H. DUSTY MILLER [Senecio Leucostachys]

An erect, tall-growing, heavily branching type displaying a close network of skeleton leaves, silver white at all times. A splendid unit in box or basket for contrast, and as a single pot plant, besides its effectiveness in the summer border. Our stock has been identified by Professors Bailey and Wilson, who have observed it from several widely scattered sources; but supply is very limited. We believe this type to be the best upright, bulky "Dusty Miller" ever marketed.

2½-inch pots, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen; \$15.00 per 100 by express.

No foliage plant that grows presents so many varied charms, or is so practical for all general house, table, floral or window decorations as the Fern. Most varieties love the sun, and thrive to best advantage if located near the sunniest window, occasionally turned, and given a dutiful attention to watering



Colorado—A New Fancy Fern Right:

Verona (Os rich Plume) Fern

**FERN DISH** COLLECTION

ment of small odd-shaped ferns which make up delightfully together in jardiniers and table boxes. We will mail 6 plants of these charming little ferns, each distinct in color and form, our choice of varieties,

**NEPHROLEPIS** 

Boston. (S.&H. Semi-Dwarf) A new improvement. Has the characteristics of Boston fern, but fronds have more substance, arrangement is more compact and development less hurried. Heavy foliage held gracefully upward instead of drooping. Fully matured fronds attain 3 to 4 feet.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots, 20 cts.; \$2.00 per dozen.

4-inch pots, 60 ets. each. 5-inch pots, \$1.25 each. 6-inch pots, \$2.00 each.

8-inch pots by express, \$3.50 each

Colorado. A new fancy fern of general form and character of Whitmani, but upright and sturdy as the Boston. Fronds are wide, tapering in to tip. Leaflets alternating on stems. Main leaflets are smaller replicas of whole frond, projecting at right angles to stem. Center of each frond dark green; the outer twothirds light green. You need not fear in the Colorado, the stem weakness and delicacy which has discarded many introductions in the plumy large ferns. 4-inch pots, \$1.00.

5-inch pots, \$1.50. 6-inch pots, \$2.50.

**Verona.** A new variety with very fine "Ostrich Plume" foliage, with stiff mid-rib, which makes fronds stand up better than most lace-ferns. 2½-inch pots, 25 cts. 4-inch pots, 75 cts., each. 5-inch pots, \$1.50.

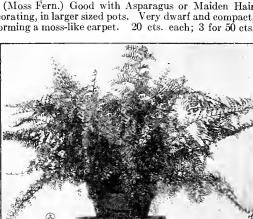
MISCELLANEOUS FERNS

Adiantum Cuneatum. (Maiden Hair Fern.) Indispensable for floral pieces and winter bouquets; as showy for pot specimens, after attaining size, as varieties of Nephrolepis. 2½-inch pots, 25 cts.

Asplenium Nidus-Avis. (Bird's Nest Fern.) Broad banana-like leaves three to nine inches wide and two to four feet long (when fully developed) growing in a crown. A rich, transparent green, intensified by closely parallel veins, and a prominent midrib of purple-mazoon.

2½-inch pots, 40 ets. 3-inch pots, 75 ets.

Selaginella Emiliana. (Moss Fern.) Good with Asparagus or Maiden Hair for table and house decorating, in larger sized pots. Very dwarf and compact, its dense, tiny leaves forming a moss-like carpet. 20 cts. each; 3 for 50 cts.









FICUS [Rubber Plants]

Elastica. (India Rubber Tree.) This is the old reliable thick leaved, substantial house plant which has ever patiently served its purpose, under abuse and neglect; its dark green, shiny foliage always handsome.

4-in. pots, 10 to 12 inches high, \$1.00 each. 5-in. pots, 20 in. high, by express, \$1.25 each.



Mrs. E. G. Hill Fuchsia

#### **FUCHSIAS**

Highly prized for winter blooming, also popular for summer beds in partially shaded situations, and for color-spots in porch boxes and baskets. Avalanche. Golden green foliage and large double

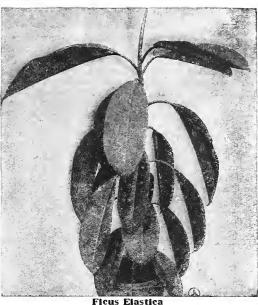
flowers with dark purple corolla. Giant Pink. Characteristically similar to Mrs. Hill, but with more petalage, and with the deep pink of the calyx heavily veining the corolla. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per

Little Beauty. Dwarf growing. A most free-blooming variety, seldom without flowers. Sepals carmine, corolla deep lilac. Single. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Mrs. E. G. Hiii. Sepals bright crimson with large pure white corolla. Perfectly double and very free.

**Speciosa.** A thrifty grower with ornamental foliage; the green leaves showing red veins at the base. Flowers single, pale carmine sepals, deep scarlet corolla. PRICE: Uniess stated, 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Geraniums-See Page 100



#### **HYDRANGEAS**

A valuable plant either for summer garden, tubbed porch and terrace decoration, or as a blooming pot plant inside. Florists make much of them from Easter on to Memorial Day, by regulated forcing; but Nature will reward your ordinary care very satisfactorily. The flowers of varying color are compact, rounded trusses of five to ten inches breadth, the individual florets mostly single and flat, of 3/4 to nearly 2 inches diameter.

French and German (marked G) growers have devoted great efforts towards increasing size and deepening color tones, our list reflecting their most notable recent achievements.

These plants will be practically dormant when shipped, but as soon as the new leaves begin to break they will require as much sunlight as possible, plenty of water, and must not be allowed to dry out. They will bloom luxuriantly for about 6 weeks in early spring. A soil composition of turfy loam and one-third rotted cow manure is best

for potting. Not hardy in the Northern states, and should be brought into the house before freezing fall weather. A cool, light cellar location is preferable with occasional watering, but keep them dormant even if a cooler temperature is found necessary. Early in Spring bring up and apply water liberally. When in full bloom, keep slightly shaded to lengthen the blooming period. Each succeeding year increases

size of the plant and number of flower shoots, containers graduating from pots to tubs of advancing depth and diameter. If you want to play with them, iron filings in the soil can change a light pink to shades of blue.

Otaska. The old favorite used in pots at Easter time, and for lawn decoration in summer. 20 cts.

Domotoi. A recently introduced double flowered form of Otaska. Each floret is markedly double, breaking up the usual smooth surface of the truss with delightful convolutions and the beautifying play of lights and shadows.

Gen. de Vibraye. Bright rose. A strong grower.

Heldrosel (G). Light lilaceous pink with indented margins, extra large, 35 cts.

Heige (G), Beautiful truss; large florets carmine red.

Lanzeiot (G.) Very dark glossy red; medium florets but large truss. 35 cts.

Lleut. Chaure. Good sized light pink; a good forcer.

Lilie Mouillere. Beautiful carmine rose.

Mlie. Renee Gaillard. Deeply fringed petals in full panicles of milk white enriched by tints of cream.

Mme. Truffault. Light rose pink with fringed petals.

Mousseiine. Mauve rose with creamy center.

Niedersachsen (G). A favorite tender pink, very pleasing.

Parcival (G). Blood red, perhaps the darkest. 35 cts. Pere Gynt. Lovely dark rose; strong, late forcer.

Pres. Fallleres. Delicate light pink (Try blueing this).

Splendens. Red or brilliant pink according to weather conditions.

#### HYDRANGEA TRIAL SET

We will mail you postpaid 10 plants from 21/2-inch pots, in ten varieties of our choice.

Trophee. Vigorous growth, great freedom of bloom; the darkest carmine red among the older varieties.

PRICES FOR ABOVE; Unless stated,  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -Inch pot plants, 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen.



Hydrangea Niedersachsen



Hydrangea Otaska



Hydrangea Parcival

#### GERANIUMS

Geraniums are being crowded out of their erstwhile prominence as main oeds for the lawn, but can never be supplanted in box or basket, cemetery or parks.

The following are double flowered unless marked (\*). From 2½ inch pots.

Alphonse Ricard. Bright orange red.
\*Beauty Poltevine. Rosy salmon. shaded from deep orange, to pure salmon. Bertha de Pressily. The only double pink Geranium that does not fade.

A strong featured, new, semi-double, salmon-pink. Its perfect flower trusses make wonderful pot specimens at Easter and Memorial day, and are extremely free and constant in summer beds. The salmon is deep and

velvety, the final pink of satin finish. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen.

Jean Oberie. An exquisite shade of hydrangea-pink, fading to white at the outer edges; florets and truss extremely large. Does not burn. 20 cts.; \$2.00 per dozen. Ivy Leaved. Glossy, brittle, ivy-shaped, more or less recumbent foliage, with beautiful red flowers. 25 cts.

Mme. Barney. A splendid bed variety; large rose colored double flowers.

A new double red, pure vermilion scarlet. Its clear brilliancy, Radio Red. displayed in thick clusters of large florets, is thrilling and

satisfactory. Does not burn or bleach. 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen.

Of all red Geraniums old or new, this new variety stands Red Barney. out in bold relief. It has the broad, velvety, distinct foliage and vigorous habit of Mad. Barney, likewise its full, round truss and double petalage. A clearer and more brilliant red than the crimson depths of S. A. Nutt; with more fire than the familiar scarlets of the past. An incessant, extravagant bloomer, sun-resisting and long keeping, on long stems. 20 cts; \$2.00 dozen.

S. A. Nutt. Dependable for a constant blaze of crimson from May until snow.

Scented Leaved. Skeleton leaf types. Rose and Lemon Scented. PRICES: Unless noted, 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per dozen.

AVAILABLE AFTER MAY 1ST:-

From 4-inch pots separate colors—Red, Pink and Salmon. 30 cts. each. By express-\$3.00 per dozen.

#### ipomea grandiflora —moon flower

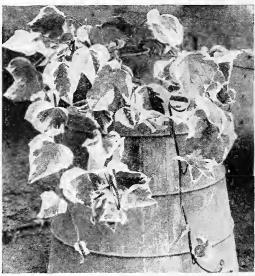
A popular rapid climber. Satiny white flowers, 5 to 6 inches in diameter, borne abundantly throughout a long season, opening at sundown, emitting a rich Jessamine odor at night, and closing about noon next day. 20 cts.each; \$2.00 per dozen.

(Hedera Helix) One of the very few good climbing plants English Ivy. for the house. Foliage is rich, waxy green with prominent lighter veins, and is very attractive when trained against harmonious paper or woodwork. Many people use the vines that have trailed from pots during the winter, to decorate and veil their summer porch boxes.

Variegated English Ivy.

A splendid new ivy with leaves larger and less indented than the type, on shiny The color is a clear cream-white, with a ragged, mottled dark green central blotch. This is the most distinctive, sumptuous and aggressive variegated leaf vine in practical use. It is still rare, but sells itself on sight.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots, 50 cts. each; \$5.00 per dozen. 4-inch pots, 75 cts. each; \$7.50 per dozen.





Variegated English Ivy

(German Ivy). Senecio mikanioides. Used with striking ef-Parlor Ivy. fect to decorate interior walls, hanging baskets and urns. The foliage is pretty, light bronze green with five to seven points; occasional yellow flowers in terminal clusters. 15 cts., \$1.50 per dozen.

#### MANETTIA VINE

Completely filled at all times with small tubular flowers of brilliant scarlet, with yellow tips. Especially desirable for baskets, vases or small trellises, and much in use simply as pot plants on account of their fiery bloom. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

#### **PALMS**

Water the soil not oftener than three times, nor less than once a week. These varieties offered can best stand the hard usage to which house plants are normally subjected. Height given means from top of pot.

Gracefully arching stems of steely strength Kentia Forsteriana. despite their slenderness, each crowned with a fan-like canopy of richest green. 2½-inch pots, 25 cts. each; 65 cts. for 3.

Speciai Sizes: Made-up, bushy plants. By express. ...... 15.00 8 inch Tubs—4 feet high. 

Phoenix Canariensis. Kentias which have attained size, are too tender to withstand whipping summer winds outdoors; but this Phoenix is strong and rigid enough to maintain its poise against most any conditions.

In Tubs: By express: 3 ft. high, each \$10.00; 4 ft., \$18.00, 5 ft., \$20.00.





Cocos Weddeliana. A dainty, thread-leaved little palm showing a yast dissimilarity to the stately Kentias. It rarely exceeds 10 to 12 inches in height and is useful as the center piece to a table jardiniere, or fern dish of any kind.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots, 40 cts. each; \$1.00 for 3.

#### **PANDANUS VEITCHI**

Graceful curved foliage, light green striped with broad bands of pure white. An attractive decorative plant that stands ordinary house culture well and is always fresh and bright.

Large plants by express: 4-inch pots, \$1.00.

5-inch pots, \$1.50.

**PASSIFLORA** 

Pfordti (Passion Flower). Light blue flowers suffused with rose. The finest variety for planting outdoors in summer.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots, 25 cts.

#### DOUBLE PETUNIA



#### Double Rosy Morn.

A brand new type of pot and box plant, of rapid, bushy growth requiring frequent repotting into larger containers. bloom is profuse and fairly continuous, uniquely prominent during the winter months. As compactly double as other double types, remarkably like a Carnation at quick glance. The color is the warm cerise pink of "Rosy Morn,"darkenedof

course by the shadows of its double petalage.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pots, 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per dozen. Other Double and Single Petunias on page 83.

#### **PLUMBAGO**

Shrubby plants which make good house specimens in pots or tubs, usually put out in the garden for summer rejuvenation and bloom. Being tough and thrifty, with care they may last several years and become bushy specimens of considerable size.

Capensis. Free blooming in loose umbels, florets phloxlike with

long slender tubes; sky blue.

20 cts. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Heavy specimens: 6-inch pots, \$1.50., by

express.

#### SANSEVIERIA

Zeylanica. An ideal decorative plant for rough filling in, or for tub use on the floor. It will stand more hardship and abuse than any other house plant of which we know. Leaves thick and of leathery texture, not affected by gas, dust or heat. Grows to a length of 3 to 4 feet. Each upright, wavy leaf arising from the roots is beautifully striped crosswise of leaves with broad, jagged white variegation on a dark, green ground. 2½-inch pot, 35 cts. each; 3-inch pots, 50 cts.

Laurenti. A striking novelty form of Zeylanica, the variegation

being a rich cream color instead of white, with the addition of a wide cream border around each leaf.

4-inch pots, 3 leaves, \$1.50 each. Specimen plants, \$3.00 each.



Sansevieria Zeylanica

#### WINDOW BOX SPECIAL

Material for a box 30 x 10 x 10—this will make a full.	
tight fit.	Value
FRONT VINES—3 English Ivy 3 inch pot	\$4.75
2 Vinca Major Variegata 4 inch not	ψ±.13
2 Asparagus Sprengeri4 inch not w	By Mail
Dick Row I ruchsia Inch bot	
2 Geraniums4 inch pot	for
2 Colone	P 4 4 0
2 Browalia	\$ <u><b>4</b>10</u>
FILLERS—6 Petunias (Single)	44.40
2 Dusty Miller	-

#### SAXIFRAGA

Sarmentosa. (Strawberry Geranium). Well known in many sections as a choice box and basket plant. The main plant throws a cluster of wide, round leaves, green heavily veined white, the under surface strongly red. The early summer flowers are small in slender spikes, the white petals spotted yellow and red. Then the plant throws out runners like strawberry plants, which droop gracefully to increasing length, each streamer heavily clothed with rosettes of foliage.

21/4-inch, 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen. 3-inch, 40 cts.; \$4.00 per dozen.

#### STROBILANTHUS **DYERIANUS**

An excellent bedding plant as well as a beautiful foliage plant for pot culture. It forms a compact bush 18 inches high, with leaves 6 to 9 inches long; of a beautiful metallic purple, shading into light rose, with a light green margin, a combination unapproached by any other plant. The flowers are violet blue, borne

25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen.



Saxifraga

#### **SWAINSONIA**

in immense racemes.

Gaieglfoiia Alba. A very popular everblooming house plant, blooming in sprays of 10 to 20 flowers shaped much like Sweet Peas. Its pure white flowers are used much in cut flower work.

 $2\frac{1}{4}$ -inch pots; 35 cts. each; 90 cts. for 3.

#### THYRSACAN-THUS RUTILANS

[Fountain Plant] A greenhouse plant of easy growth, and when in bloom a graceful shaped and vivid colored specimen for table decoration. Its short, tubular shaped flowers are a brilliant coppery carmine, borne profusely in pendent, close-set braids, 12 to 16 inches in length.

25 cts. each; 3 for 60c.



"Fountain Plant"

#### TRADESCANTIA [Wandering Jew]

Beautiful trailing vines with thick, waxy, lance-shaped, brilliantly striped foliage; useful in baskets and porch boxes.

Strlata. Bright green, striped creamy yellow, with gravish green

Cyanotis Multicoior. Striped maroon and greenish white.  $2\frac{1}{4}$ -inch pots, 20 ets. each; \$2.00 per dozen.

#### VINCA

Major Variegata. More of this used for baskets and vases than there is of any other two basket plants. Beautiful variegated green and white foliage; strong trailing habit of growth; the bright blue Myrtle flowers contrasting prettily against the creamy white pattern in the leaves.

15 cts.; 1.50 per dozen.By express, 4-inch pots, 35 cts.; \$3.50 per dozen.

Rhombifolia—A handsome type of ornamental grape vine, similar to Ampelopsis, which grows rapidly and luxuriantly as a trailing plant for box and basket. 2-1/2inch pots, 25 cts.; \$2.50 per dozen.

MAIL ORDER BARGAINS in choice bedding plants, hardy plants, etc., on Page 80. Take advantage of our surplus stock offering at practically half price.



Ageratum

All the familiar favorites and other interesting varieties for continual garden bloom.

LOWERS are enjoyed by everyone and are so easily and are so easily raised from seeds that any home can have an abundance of blossoms during the entire year. Those we offer in the following pages are the products of the best American and European growers. No better strains are to be obtained at any price. Complete directions for sowing are printed on each

Flowers are usually known as Annuals, Biennials and Perennials. Annuals bloom and ripen seed the first year, then perish.

Blennials do not generally bloom the first year and are in perfection the second year only.

\*Perennials flower several years in succession, many blooming the first year from seed sown early, and are used for permanent plantings.

Hardy Perennials and Biennials may be sown either in early Fall or Spring and require no protection through the Winter. Hardy Annuals may be sown either in late Fall or Spring.

Half Hardy Annuals, Biennials and Perennials cannot be sown in open ground until warm weather; they may, if desired, be started early inside and transplanted afterwards. The latter two need protection in Winter or may be carried through in cold frames or

A tabulated list of Perennials and Hardy Biennials may be found on page 107. The tender flowering vines are collected into one page; see page 120.

Seeds ordered in packets are delivered by mail, PRICES: postpald at prices named in descriptions.

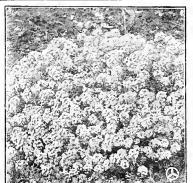
MARKS:

- (\*) Hardy Perennials are listed with a star (\*) in the following
- pages.
  (©) This mark designates plants for cut flowers.

#### OUR GUARANTEE OF **GENUINENESS**

We exercise great diligence and care to have all of our seeds true to name, and hold ourselves in readiness, on proper proof, to replace free of charge, all seed that may prove untrue to name, or refund the amount paid. It is, however, mutually understood and agreed to between the purchaser and ourselves, that our guarantee of genuineness shall in no case make us liable for any sum greater than that originally received for the seeds that proved

(Signed) The Storrs & Harrison Co.



Sweet Alvssum



Anemone

#### **AGERATUM**

Little fluffy, bristly balls of color in sizeable clusters, liberally supplied from early summer until autumn. Being low and compact, they are mainly utilized for edgings or narrow borders. Half hardy annual.



Blue Perfection. Deep amethyst-blue flowers in large clusters. Very even in growth, about 12 inches high. Pkt., 10 cts.

Tom Thumb. 6-inch. Bright blue. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### ALYSSUM

Hardy annual. White, sweet scented edging and basket plants. For borders, sow thickly; for winter bloom sow in August and transplant to pots.

Little Gem. Makes a perfect "carpet of snow" not over 4 inches in height, commencing to bloom in spring when very small, and continuing without interruption until late fall. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 45 cts.

Sweet Alyssum. Not over 6 inches high on account of its trailing habit; very sweetly fragrant. Pkt., 10 cts. 1/4 oz., 15 cts.; oz., 35 cts.

**AMARANTHUS** 

Tricolor. (Joseph's Coat.) Beautiful foliage plant, growing 1½ to 2 feet high, with ornamental leaves variegated in red, yellow and green. They should be grown in warm, sunny situations and given plenty of room to develop. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### \*ANCHUSA DROPMORE

Grows bushily to 4 or 5 feet with broad, rough foliage. Breaks out all over with showy clusters of deep gentian blue, in spring an almost solid mass of color, with intermittent flashes throughout the summer. Perennial. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### • ANEMONE CORONARIA

A delightful poppy-like type belonging to the early and late fall. Its bloom is solitary, but numerous, large, on slender stems, ideal for vase bouquets. Perennial, blooming the first year if sown early and shaded until plants appear.

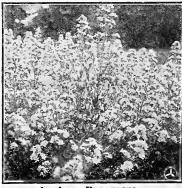
Mixed colors. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### OARCTOTIS [African Daisy]

Grandis. 2 to 3 feet high. A useful and charming cut flower from June till after hard frosts; lasting a week or two in water, undeveloped buds opening up perfectly if kept in the sun. The daisy flowers are glistening white on the uptilting face, variegated by the partially visible under surface of pale lilac-blue. Pkt., 10 cts.

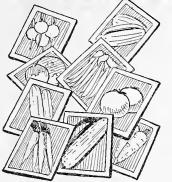


African Dalsy



Anchusa Dropmore

# 76 YEARS of seed growing experience



Annuals

for Edging

Purposes

Celosia (Choose dwarf variety)

Marigold (Dwarf French and Sig-nata Pumila)

Alyssum, Sweet Baby's Breath Calliopsis (Choose dwarf variety)

Ageratum

Candytuft

Nasturtiums

Lobelia

Pansy

Petunia Phlox, Annual OANTIRRHINUM [Snapdragon]

Snapdragons are among the most popular bedding plants; the richness and diversity of their colors, their great freedom and protracted blooming season giving them great value for garden color masses, as well as for cutting. They have dark glossy leaves; and pea-shaped flowers with uniquely marked throats, set densely in long, upright racemes. They bloom in July from seed sown outdoors in early May; but for earlier bloom, seed should be started indoors during March. Succeed best in dry loamy soil.

**OANTIRRHINUM MAXIMUM** 

New Race of Snapdragons—3 feet

This large flowering group of Snapdragons far surpasses all other varieties & we have vet offered. They are tall growing and the flowers are of magnificent size, closely

placed on the spikes. Finest Mixed. Pkt., 15 cts.; 1/8 oz., 35 cts.

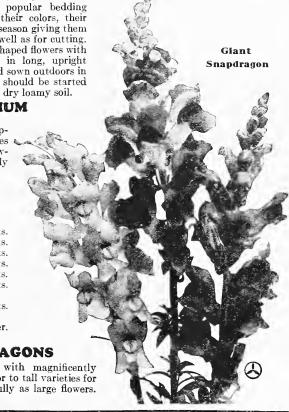
#### **OTALL SNAPDRAGONS**

(Majus Grandiflorum). About 2 feet. Crimson King. Rich crimson. Pkt., 10 cts. Delicata. Dainty rose with white throat. Pkt., 10 cts. Fire King. Orange scarlet, white tube. Pkt., 10 cts. Garnet. Deepest of the red shades. Pkt., 10 cts. Goiden King. Lustrous golden yellow. Pkt., 10 cts. Harmony. Rosy orange-terra cotta. Pkt., 10 ets. Queen Victoria. Pure white; very firm. Pkt., 10 cts. Rose. A pretty rose pink shade. Pkt., 10 cts. Rose Carmine. Very bright and showy. Pkt., 10 cts. Scartet. Brilliant solid red. Pkt., 10 cts.

Majus Grandiflorum Mixed. All kinds together. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

**OHALF-DWARF SNAPDRAGONS** 

Nanum Medium Mixed. Of stocky growth with magnificently colored, very large spikes of flowers. Far superior to tall varieties for bedding as they are more compact, and have fully as large flowers. (All colors). Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.



#### WINTER FLOWER SEED COLLECTION

Everlasting Flowers For Garden Bloom and Winter Dried Bouquets-

#### 5 Varieties—Regular Ten-Cent Packets-for 40c

Giobe Amaranth (Gomphrena). Charming, round, little clover-like blossoms in white, pink and bronzy yellow. Mixed...10c Winter Bouquet Everlasting Flowers

Rhodanthe. A wealth of late summer bloom on slender stems, in white, pinks and red. Mixed......Pkt...10c

Sea Pinks (Statice Sinuata). Large clusters of small bottlebrush flowers on slender stems. Shades of blues, rose and yellow. Should be dried off in a cool and shady place. Mixed......Pkt...10c



Strawflower



Honesty (Lunaria). See page 110. A biennial: take care of it for next year's superb crop of silver money flowers.

One packet each variety, postpaid ...... 5 pkts for 40c

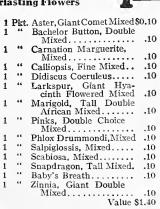


#### **OSUMMER FLOWER** SEED COLLECTION

Selected for their Free Blooming Qualities and General Superiority Each One a Bouquet Flower

Fourteen Full Size Ten-Cent **Packets** 

Postpaid





#### S. & H. ASTERS

STERS are among the most popular and easily grown of all our annuals. By making a sowing of each of the various sorts, a continuance of flowers may be had from early Summer until frost. For early flowers, sow the seed in house or greenhouse during March or April and transplant to the open ground in May. For later flowers which are the finest, sow thinly in the open ground early in May, transplanting as soon as plants are large enough. Half hardy annuals.

#### Early Asters. First bloom in July.

Queen of the Market.

Earliest of all the Asters, flowers characteristically perfect in form.

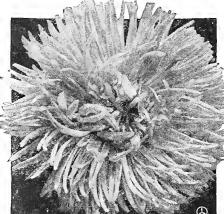
Grow about 12 inches high and very branching; the flowers on

long stems valuable for cutting.

Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

"Lady Roosevelt." One of the finest of recent introduc-tion; perfect in shape and Comet type; color a magnificent rose-pink; long strong stems and for cutting has no superior. Our seed comes from selected stock and is of first quality. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.

Extra Early Express (Comet). These extra early Asters, of the well known Comet type, are the largest early Asters grown. developed flowers range from 3½ to 4 inches across, very free of yellow centers and borne upon stems of good length. Plants reach a height of about 18 inches.



Carmine Rose. Dark Biue. Lavender. Rose. White. Mixed.



Queen of the Market

Choice of above Coiors: "Lavender Gem.

Pkt., 10 ets.; 1/8 oz., 30 ets. A true lavender, borne on long stems, very early, and an ideal cutting variety. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

Mid-Season Asters. Commencing to bioom in August.

Giant Comet. A type well known and appreciated for its striking resemblance to the Japanese Chrysanthemums; flowers large, twisted, curled and crested. 11/2 feet.

Giant Comet Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 25 cts.

California Giants. A new derived type with giant 5 to 6 inch flowers expressing the popular Crego or Ostrich Feather style, coupled with the more robust habit and greater length of stem characterizing the Beauty class. This welding of types benefits its value for cutting, enabling their extreme size and perfection to be used in vase and floral work where the ordinary stems would not give

> Separate colors: Light Biue, Deep Rose, Light Purple, Dark Purpie, Peachbiossom and White.

Each: Pkt., 15 cts.

sufficient support.

California Giants. Mixed. Pkt., 15 ets.; ½ oz., 50 ets.

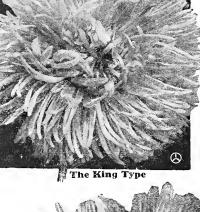
Mikado. This shaggy group is derived from the Comet type with distinct arrangement of narrow petals which are very long and gracefully reflexed, outer ones showing to full extent; while those in center bend and curl across each other so as to give the entire flower a fluffy appearance. Of gigantic size, often spreading to 6 inches.

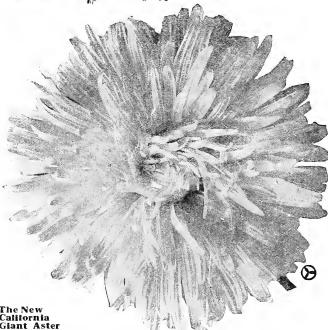
Mikado Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8} \text{ oz.}$ , 25 cts.

King Type. This type is quite distinct owing to the very double petalage, which is characteristically quilled, at times almost needle-like. They are strong and sturdy, averaging 18 inches in height; with an abundance of large, perfect flowers for three months.

King Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 30 cts.

"Sensation." This is a new variety, genuinely red. In shadow, its color tone is deep garnet, or oxblood red; but sunshine brings out the life and brilliancy of fire. Its flowers average about 3½ inches across, borne very freely throughout August and September on 12 inch stems. The plants are quite branchy, about 18 inches high. Pkt., 10 cts.; \( \frac{1}{8} \) oz., 30 cts.







#### ASTERS—Concluded

**Crego.** This section produces the largest flowers of the Comet type; very full and fluffy, around 5 inches in diameter. When cut, this group outlasts all others of the type.

Crimson. Shell Pink. Lavender. Each, Pkt., 10 ets.; any 3 pkts. for 25 ets.

Crego Mixed. (All colors.) Pkt., 10 ets.; ½ oz., 25 ets.

#### Late Asters. In prime from September on.

"Crimson Giant." This new late variety is very brilliant in beds or borders, revealing all the good qualities of the Branching type, although itself of upright growth 15 to 18 inches high. Its flowers are densely double, very large · (seldom under 5 inches), aglow with the richness and brightness of

blood-crimson. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

"Heart of France."

This new late Aster opens red as the purest ruby, deepens with age and retains its remarkable beauty to the very end. The flowers are large and full, with never a trace of hollow center, larger than any other dark sort. The plants are of branching type and very robust habit, 24 inches high. The stems are long and strong and have very few laterals. The plants begin to bloom quite early, open fully with the mid-season varieties, but reach their supreme glory in September. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 35 cts.



One Packet each of the following:

QUEEN OF THE MARKET MIXED. Earliest of all the Asters,

ROBER OF THE MARKET MIXED. Earliest of all the Asters, flowers characteristically perfect in form. Grow about 12 inches high and very branching; the flowers on long stems valuable for cutting. 1 pkt., 10 cts.

EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS MIXED. These extra early Asters, of the well known Comet type, are the largest early Asters grown. Well developed flowers range from 3½ to 4 inches across very free of yellow centers and borne upon stems of good length. Plants reach a height of about 18 inches. 1 pkt., 10 cts.

THE ROYAL MIXED. A new class of American Aster. Its habit of growth is entirely distinct, the stems growing directly from the ground and not on side shoots from the main stem like other varieties. Medium early bloomer. 1 pkt., 10 cts.

GIANT OSTRICH FEATHER MIXED. The finest type of the Giant Comet, or Ostrich Feather type of Aster. Much larger than the Giant Comet, the petals longer, more twisted, and produced in greater abundance. Borne on long stems, they make cut-flowers par excellence. 1 pkt., 10 cts.

CHINESE SINGLE ASTERS MIXED. These large, brilliant Daisy-like flowers with yellow centers are exceedingly showy for vase decorations. Very free flowering. 2 ft. 1 pkt., 10 cts.

#### Late

Branching. A useful class for bedding, the strong, branching plants 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet high. The flowers are very large and double (5 inches wide), with long, strong stems, making splendid cut-flowers.

Light Pink. Lavender. Dark Red. Purnle. Scarlet. White. Each: Pkt., 10 ets.; 3 pkts. for 25 ets.; ½ oz., 30 ets.

#### Late Branching

Pkt., 10c.; ½ oz., Mixed. 25 ets.



Late Branching Asters

Ostrich Feather Mixed. Immense flowers of loose petals, blooming in August. Very attractive. When used for cutting, allow flowers to develop in water after picking when half expanded. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

**Royal Mixed.** An early flowering form of the late Branching. A superb Aster blooming in late July or early August. Very desirable for beds or borders, and their long stems make them good for cutting also. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

**Late Beauty Mixed.** Plants about 2 to 3 feet high of branching habit. Starts blooming in September and lasts until frost. Flowers large, borne on long and stout stems from 18 to 24 inches long. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½8 oz., 35 cts.

Chinese Single Mixed.

These large, primant Daisy-like flowers with yellow centred for the flowers with yellow centred for the flowers with yellow centred for the flowers with yellow centred flowers. ters are exceedingly showy for vase decorations. Very free flowering. 2 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

#### \*HARDY ASTER (Michaelmas Daisy)

These tall growing, bushy perennials fill an important place in all hardy flower gardens, lighting up the backgrounds and shrubberies with their clouds of brightly colored blossoms throughout the autumn months up to November, when other flowers are scarce.

Hardy Aster Mixed. Pkt., 15 ets.

#### \*AQUILEGIA—Columbine

The general appearance of "Columbines" with their deep cut, round-lobed foliage and nodding flower stems, expressing so many lovely shades of color, is graceful, airy and distinctive, typical of spring time. They are used liberally in low borders to offset any appearance of formality; and provide an unfailing succession of cut flowers, well into summer. Hardy perennial.

Chrysantha. Heavily spurred yellow flowers ranging from clear canary to deep yellow. Pkt., 10 ets.

Caerulea. Sepals blue, petals white, a dainty effect. Pkt., 10 cts.

Long Spurred Hybrids. A choice mixture of long spurred varieties in various colors, shades of blue are predominant. Pkt., 15 ets.

Mixed Double. Bulky double flowers; best colors. Pkt., 10 cts.



Columbine

Rock Gardens are the Vogue Today. See Rock Plants Page 38, and How to Make a Rock Garden, Page 39.





Balsam

#### **OBACHELORS BUTTON**

Pretty 2 foot border plants, and reliable cut-flowers. Hardy annual.

Pkt., 10 ets.; ¼ oz., 25 ets. Pkt., 10 ets.; ¼ oz., 35 ets. Pkt., 10 ets.; ¼ oz., 25 ets. Single Mixed. Double Blue. Double Mixed.

BALLOON VINE (See Vines, Page 120.)

#### BALSAM Giant Double Camellia Flowered

Tender annuals, thriving in hot weather, if planted in good soil and well watered. Should be set about 18 inches apart. If wanted early, sow indoors and transplant. This has a tendency to dwarf the plants, making them more satisfactory. The large, double, gaudily colored flowers are set like Hollyhocks along the 2-foot stems, with slender leaves protruding. Colors, pink, white and scarlet. **Mixed.** Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 25 cts.

#### **OCALENDULA**

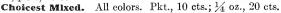
Hardy annuals; 1 foot. A wonderful profusion of flowers ranging from ivory to orange. Valuable for bed and borders. Bloom until late fall.

Ball's Florists' Strain. A new but well proven strain specially adapted to forcing; the flowers unusually large and double, of uniformly rich, dark orange color; with extra long, firm cutting stems. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 30 cts.

Campfire. Has proven to be the best orange Calendula on the market; extremely large, very dark orange with a scarlet sheen. This strain has been carefully selected and will produce very strong stems with few buds on them. Pkt., 15 cts.; ½ oz., 35 cts.; ½ oz., 65 cts.

Orange King. Bright orange-red, with dark eye. Very double, often 3 inches across. Pkt., 10 cts.;

1/4 oz., 20 cts.





Calliopsis Golden Wave

#### CALLIOPSIS OR COREOPSIS

Sow where they are to remain, and thin to 1 foot apart.

Golden Wave. Bright golden flowers, 2 inches across, each distinctly marked with dark brown center. Hardy annual. Pkt., 10 cts.

Finest Mixed. (Red, orange, etc.) Hardy annual. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.

\*Lanceolata Grandifiora. Beautiful hardy perennial; 15 to 18 inches; producing its golden yellow flowers in great profusion. Pkt., 10 cts.

CARDINAL CLIMBER (See Vines, Page 120).

#### • CAMPANULA [Bell Flower]

Well known biennials with bell-shaped flowers of varying size and type, which add wonderfully to the charm of summer gardens. Seed sown in the open in early April will develop sturdy little plants prepared to bloom in great profusion throughout the summer of next year. Transplant in October and give winter protection.

Carpatica. (Carpathian Harebell.) Fine for edging; 6 inches high. Thimble size bells borne very freely and continuously. Mixed blue and white. Pkt., 10 cts.

Mcdium. (Canterbury Bells.) Long stemmed and large flowered, of deep pitcher shape. Colors range from blue and rose to white, in mixture.

-Single Medium Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts. Double Medium Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts. Calycanthema. (Cup and Saucer.) Practically the same as the type, except this form is provided with an extra large calyx which gives a distinct impression

of a cup and saucer. Blue. Deep, solid shade. Rose. Bright. White. Waxy white. Mixed. All shades. Choice of above, Pkt., 10 cts.

CANARY BIRD FLOWER (See Vines, Page 120).

#### • CANDYTUFT {Iberis}

Wonderfully effective for white massing, but long a favorite cut flower as well. Most blooms are sweetly fragrant. Hardy annual, about one foot.

Giant Hyacinth Flowered. The results of persistent painstaking selection from

Empress; unquestionably the largest and best formed of the white varieties. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.

impress or Snow Queen. A complete mass of large snow white flowers. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 30 ets.

Crimson. A fine large flower. Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 25 cts.

Lavender. True lavender, very fine. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

Fine Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.

Percential. (\*Iberis Sempervirens.) Hardy

evergreen; pure white. Comes into bloom early in the Spring and is a favorite rock plant. Pkt., 15 cts.







#### CARNATION

Carnations have ever been highly regarded for their spicy scent, bright colors and generally charming appearance. Useful in summer garden and winter greenhouse as well. Start seed under glass and transplant when sufficiently large. Half-hardy perennial. 1½ feet.

Extra Choice Double Mixed. A large portion of this seed will produce double flowers. Pkt., 25 cts. Double Mixed. All shades and colors. Pkt., 15 ets.

Marguerite. With ordinary care this double, fluted, highly scented type will be in full bloom in 4 months after sowing the seed, flowering in profusion until checked by frost. Protection ordinarily insures their permanency, and early spring bloom. The colors range through many shades. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.



Free and continuous blooming annuals of great value for injecting brilliancy of color into beds or borders. Content with light soil not too rich. Cut blooms may be dried for winter decoration. Conservatory pot plants. If started inside, transplant them in May, or sow in the open at that time.

CRISTATA NANA (Dwarf Cockscomb)

Giasgow Prize. Immense, compact combs of richest crimson often a foot in extent, crowning plants 8 to 10 inches high. Pkt., 10 cts. Choice Mixed. Various shades. Pkt., 10 cts.



**PLUMOSA** (Feathered Cockscomb)
This "Ostrich Feather" type grows from 2 to 5 feet high very showy with their large, dense, and continuing upright plumes. Very effective in garden sections; as fresh cut flowers, and dried. or potted. Ostrich Feather Tall Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

Castle Gould. A distinct type, particularly well adapted to use as pot plants, being literally clothed from base to summit with immense feathery heads of bloom. 2 to 3 feet high. The colors embrace blood red, carmine yellow, golden orange, scarlet, wine red. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

Chinese Wool Flower. This recent novelty is the most curious of all Celosias. Globular flowers, like balls of bright wool, bloom in July and continue until cut down by frost; do not fade, but increase in size and brilliancy Height, 2 to 3 feet.



Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 35 cts.

Gymnocarpa. A useful foliage plant known as "Dusty Miller." Grows to 1½ feet; deeply indented fernlike foliage so dusted with silver as to be almost white. Half-hardy perennial. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

• Imperialis. (Giant Sweet Sultan.) Bushes are covered with

large, fluffy ball-shaped, sweet-scented flowers. Will keep a week or over in water, if cut when just about to open. Hardy annual, 2 feet. All Colors, Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.



"Dusty Miller" (Centaurea)



Single Annual Mums

#### **OCHRYSANTHEMUM**

Annuai Doubie and Single Mixed. Beautiful double and single types together in a wide range of colors, blooming gorgeously all summer. The single kinds are prettily called "painted daisies." Pkt., 10 cts.



Chinese Wool Flower



"Sweet Suitan" (Centaurea)

## HARDY PERENNIALS\* and BIENNIALS from SEED

Pkt	Pkt
*Anchusa Dropmore\$0.1	0 *Hibiscus. (Mallow). Mixed
Anemone Coronaria (Mixed)	
*Aquiiegia (Columbine) Mixed Double	0 (Mixed)
*Aquilegla Chrysantha (Canary yellow)	0 *Hollyhock, Double.
*Aquilegia Caerulea (Blue and white)	Marzon, Pink, Red. Each
*Aquilegia, Long Spurred Hybrids	White Vellow Each 10
*Asters. Hardy Mixed. (Michaelmas Daisy)	Newport Pink
Campanuia Media (Canterbury Bell). Double Mixed	0 Lilac Beauty
Single Mixed	Double Mixed 10
Campanuia Carpatica. Mixed	*Hollyhock, Single-Mixed
Campanula Calycanthema (Cup and Saucer).	www. a (T ! ) M! 1 10 Comtonbungs
Blue, Rose, White, Mixed. Each	Beli
*Candytuft, Iberis Sempervirens	5 *Lychnis Chalcedonica
*Coreopsis. Lanceolata Grandiflora	
Daisy. Double Red, Double White. Each	
Dalsy. Double Mixed (choice)	
*Daisy, Shasta. Large, single, white flowers	
*Deiphlnlum (Larkspur) *Belladonna	0 *Poppy,Bracteatum. Crimson
*Delphinium (Larkspur) *Formosum	
*Delphinium (Larkspur) *Choice Hybrids Mixed	0 *Poppy, Large Flowered Mixed
Digitalis (Foxglove) Mixed	
*Forget-me-not (Myosotis)	
*Galliardia, Grandiflora	
Geum, Mrs. Bradshaw	
Geum, Lady Stratheden	
Gypsophila, *Paniculata	*Wallflower (Cheiranthus). Double Mixed





CINERARIA

ybrida Grandifiora. (Large flowered.) Choice house or conservatory plants for early spring decoration. Grow from 12 to 18 inches high, are completely covered with flowers, 2 and 3 inches across, of white, blue, Hybrida Grandiflora. violet, and crimson shades. Seed may be sown from May to September for succession. Greenhouse perennial. Mixed. Pkt., 25 cts.

Maritima. Another "Dusty Miller," denser than the Centaurea type; one of the showiest silver or white-leaved foliage plants for bedding, ribbon beds and margins. In rich soil they will reach 2 feet in height. Pkt., 10 cts., ½ oz., 25 cts.

#### ⊙CLARKIA ELEGANS

This pretty, easily grown annual is a popular garden and cut-flower plant, 12 to 18 inches high, showy in borders, hanging baskets or vases; not particular as to location.

The bloom is double, abundant, in small leafy racemes, and opens well in water when cut.

Double Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### • COSMOS

These delightful, fall blooming plants are seldom lacking in our gardens. Their growth is much branched and bushy up to 5 or even 6 feet, the fine-cut, lacy foliage being decidedly ornamental from the very first. Special soil preparation is not necessary and the early flowering kinds may be sown where they are to stay; but the later types should be started inside, preferably potted to procure a confined root-ball, and transplanted to not less than 18 inches interval only after danger of frosts is over. It is well to pinch back the tops at about 2 feet, to induce more branches. The flowers are conspicuously

large and well distributed, brightly colored, and very welcome for both garden show and bouquets at a time when bloom is scarce.

MAMMOTH EARLY FLOWERING COSMOS Flowers fully equal in size to the Giant Fancy class, blooming abundantly

in August. Develops quicker, although not so tall.

Mammoth Early Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; ¼ oz., 20 cts.

GIANT FANCY COSMOS

Called "Giant" because their flowers were so much larger and more perfect than the old line of Cosmos, which they have since entirely replaced. On account of their late bloom, it is best to sow their seeds inside to get an early start; then by transplanting after the late spring frosts, Northern

gardens may be rewarded for a considerable period before the first frosts of autumn.

Giant Cosmos Mixed.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ¼ oz., 25 cts. NEW DOUBLE-CRESTED COSMOS

This beautiful type is something entirely different from other Cosmos. The flowers are double-crested, having double centers with a row of petals around the base. Flowers are borne on strong stiff stems, fine for use as a cut flower.

Crimson King. Richly deep crimson shade.

Pink Beauty. Very delicate pink.
White Queen. Pure white, outer petals fringed. Exceedingly pretty.

Crested Mixed. The color shades not separated.

Price: Each, Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 35 cts.

COBEA SCANDENS [See Vines, Page 120]

#### **COLEUS—Choicest New Hybrids**

A beautiful class of popular decorative foliage plants with such diversity of pattern and rich coloring, their growing is a matter of absorbing interest and pleasure. For bedding or pot culture. Coleus Mixed. Pkt., 20 cts.

#### CYCLAMEN

Bulbous-rooted plants, with beautiful foliage and richly colored, fragrant flowers. Tender perennials.

Persicum Giganteum. Six inches high; large pea-like solitary flowers in abundance. Mixed. Pkt., 35 cts.

#### **ODAHLIA**

Half hardy perennial; 2 to 4 feet. Popular late summer and autumn flowering plants. The double type will bloom first season if sown by April 1st; but sowing the Singles may be deferred as late as June.

**Double Mixed.** Finest double flowers, including the new, large flowered varieties.

Pkt., 20 cts.; ½ oz., 50 cts.

Single Giant Perfection. The flowers are large; many are marbled and striped. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10 ets.; \( \frac{1}{8} \) oz., 35 ets.

#### **ENGLISH DAISY [Bellis Perennis]**

A favorite dwarf perennial, the 6-inch plant providing a vast amount of short stemmed bloom through the spring and summer. Extensively used as edging plants, and usually carry over if winter mulched. Sow seed early in hot-bed or house and transplant to a rich, cool, partially shaded situation.

Monstrosa Red. Giant flowered red. Pkt., 10 cts. Monstrosa White. Vary large flowered. Pkt., 10 cts. Maxima Double Mixed. Various shades. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### **OSHASTA DAISY**

The pure white flowers with yellow centers are 3 to 4 inches in diameter, with waxy petals mostly broad and flat. They bloom the entire season and furnish an unfailing supply of cut flowers, besides being a conspicuous and popular white border plant. Hardy perennial; 1½ to 2 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.



**English Daisies** 

Crested

Cosmos

DATURA [Angels Trumpet]
Showy large branching plants, growing 2 to 3 feet high, bearing creamy white, trumpet-shaped flowers 6 inches in length, with a wide bell. They make a fine subtropical effect in the garden if given light rich soil and a sheltered sunny location. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### DIDISCUS COERULEUS [Blue Lace Flower]

Seed sown outdoors after danger from frost, should insure bloom continuously from July to October. The much-branched plants grow to about 2 feet, with subdivided foliage. The terminal flower umbels average close to 3 inches across, a lacy association of long thin tubes and flaring faces in the numerous florets. The entire flower is such an appealing shade of "heavenly" blue, and its construction so dainty, we cut it for solid vase fulls, and as a mixer, and we pot it for winter house-bloom. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz. 30 cts.

> **ESCHSCHOLTZIA** or California Poppy

California's state flower. Dwarf plants about 1 foot high, with spreading, silvery, fine cut foliage; furnishing a liberal quantity of poppy-like flowers from spring until late fall. In addition to the original yellow, the class is now enriched by various color shades. Border plants or masses. Hardy annuals.

Golden West. Large overlapping petals; shining yellow, with orange blotch. Pkt., 10 cts.

Mandarin. Inside orange, outside scarlet. Pkt., 10 cts.

Rosy Morn. Delicate frilled flower, rosy pink, white inside. Pkt., 10 cts.

Mixed. Rich in shades of pink, crimson,

and orange-scarlet.

Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.

#### Bush Eschscholtzia (Hunnemania.)

A fine bushy plant 2 feet high, with beautiful foliage, and large cup-shaped yellow flowers on long stems. Keep well in water. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### **EUPHORBIA**

Heterophylla. (Mexican Fire-plant.) Annual resembling the Poinsettia in habit and color. Smooth glossy-green leaves which in mid-summer turn to a beautiful orange-scarlet. 2 to 3 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.

Variegata. (Snow-on-the-mountain.) An old garden favorite; foliage and flowers veined and margined white. 2 to 3 feet. A good alternating plant with pink Geraniums. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### **OFEVERFEW**

Double White. A bushy plant, bearing a profusion of double white daisy-like flowers of great popularity for summer bouquets. Hardy annual. Pkt., 10 cts.

# California Poppy

#### FOUR O'CLOCK [Marvel of Peru]

Blooms the first season from seed; the flowers, which are produced in clusters, open in the afternoon and wither the next morning. Generally planted in solid rows, to outline the garden plot or walks; its innumerable flowers and gorgeous diversity of colors furnishing a great deal of cheer at little expense. 2 feet. Our mixture contains a fine variety of colors. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ¼ lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50.



Galilardia

#### •GYPSOPHILA [Baby's Breath]

Delicate stems and foliage in rounded clumps; profusely sprinkled with tiny star-bloom. These misty panicles are exquisite "mixers" with other flowers, either in bouquets or in the garden.

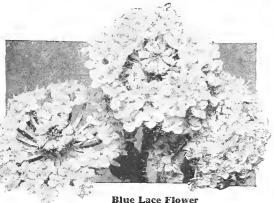
Elegans. Annual. To provide continuance of bloom, should be sown several times.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 20 cts.; oz., 35 cts.
\*Paniculata. Hardy perennial; 2 feet. Flowers white, with a general impression of being lavender, when in bud. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### S.&H. "OLD GLORY" GLADIOLI MIXTURE

There is no Better Gladiolus Mixture available at any price.

One by Mail Postpald



Blue Lace Flower

#### \*FORGET ME NOT [Myosotis]

Hardy perennial, ½ foot. Very dainty edging plants. Palustris. Blue, with white and yellow eyes. Pkt., 10 cts.

Victoria. Fine heads of large, clear, azure blue; plants bushy and compact. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### FOX GLOVE [Digitalis]

The mammoth 3 to 5 feet spikes of densely set colored flowers make them very desirable for use as backgrounds for lower growing plants. Hardy biennials. Finest Mixed Gioxinoides. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### OGAILLARDIA [Blanket Flowers]

\*Grandiflora. Hardy perennial, 2 feet, blooming first season. Flowers large and flat; yellow and orange, with center and rings of varying extent in shades of red and maroon.

Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

Picta Mixed. Annual, 1½ feet. Double and single flowers of many color shades. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### \*OGEUM

Mrs. Bradshaw. For use in bouquets and for red in hardy borders. They closely resemble dark crimson Carnations with broad, fluted petals, and a conspicuous tuft of golden stamens at center. Hardy

perennial; 1½ feet. Pkt., 15 cts. Lady Stratheden. Bright golden yellow, a beautiful refined flower. Pkt., 15 cts.

GOURDS [See Vines, Page 120]

#### GODETIA

Their beautiful satiny, open flowers, covering a wide range of colors, produce a delightful effect in masses or borders. They bear good flowers even in shaded places where so few flowers can be grown, and are better in the cooler sections, and in not too rich soil. Hardy annuals. 1 foot.

Finest Mixed. All colors. Pkt., 10 cts.

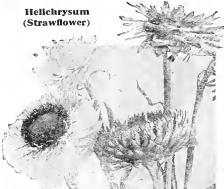


Gypsophila



Silverball.

Rose Queen.



#### HELICHRYSUM [Strawflower or Everlasting]

Hardy annual, 2 feet. Flowers are round, flat but thick, very full of short, stiff, incurved petals surrounding a depressed center. Their chief value is for winter use in baskets and vases, dried. Cut with long stems when about a third opened, suspend bunch (heads down) in a cool, dry place until thoroughly dried. We offer the MONSTROSUM fl. pi., the largest and most double, with the widest range of colors:

Fireball. Crimson. Salmon Queen. Goidenbali. Scarlet. Vioiet Queen. All above varieties, Pkt., 10 cts. each. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.

> STRAWFLOWER SET. Consisting of one packet each of the 8 above varieties. 60c

**HELIOTROPE** 

Valued for the fragrance of their flowers, and duration of bloom. Tender perennial, 1 foot. Easily grown, blooming first summer if sown early.

Lemoine's Giant Hybrid. Of robust growth, and large flower heads. Choice mixed coiors. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### \* HIBISCUS [Marsh Mallow]

Hardy perennial. Spreading growth up to 5 feet. Immense, single bell-flowers during late summer, in shades of red, pink and white. Mixed. Pkt.,10 cts.

#### \*HOLLYHOCKS

Hardy perennial. 3 to 5 feet. Sow seed in June or July in open ground, transplant to 3 feet apart. Will bloom next year.

**DOUBLE FLOWERED**—

White. Red.

Pink. Maroon. Yellow. Mixed.

Newport Pink. The most vivid pink. Lifac Beauty. A new, rich shade. Choice of the 8 above varieties, Pkt., 10 cts.

SINGLE FLOWERED. Mixed. Tall growth; rich pillars of color. Pkt., 10 cts. each.

Mammoth Fringed. (Allegheny.) The flowers are from 4 to 6 inches across, single and semi-double, finely fringed and curled. Will bloom the first season if sown early. Choice Mixed, Pkt., 10 cts.

#### OHONESTY [Lunaria Biennis]

A hardy biennial, known also as Moonwort, Money, Peter's Pence, and Satin Flower. The interesting bloom is colored in crimson, purple, or white and is of unique value to brighten shady, damp places where there is seldom any colored bloom; but the large, round, flat seed pouch is what makes this plant so popular. It is transparent, silvery, in loose sprays, drying naturally so that it lasts all winter in dry bouquets with berries and other winter basket material. Sow seed in May. Cover plants before frost.

Mixed. Pkt., 10 ets.

ICE PLANT [Mesembryanthemum]

For baskets, rock work, vases. Appears covered with ice crystals. Tender trailer; 6 inches. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### **IPOMEA**

"Cypress Vine," "Moonflower," "Cardinal Climber," etc. Climbing Flowers, Page 120.

#### JOB'S TEARS

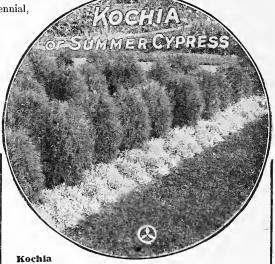
Broad, glistening grass. The odd, tear-like seeds are often strung and used as beads. Hardy annual. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.

#### **How to Transplant** Annuals

When the seedlings crowd each other it is time to transplant. Water soil about plants several hours before soil about plants several nours before transplanting. Move the seedlings on a dull day, or if sun is shining, cover with newspaper or flower pot after replanting so that tops will not dry out. Shorten the tops and water



Annual Larkspur Giant Hyacinth Flowered



With Border of Cineraria Maritima. See Page 108

#### KOCHIA [Summer Cypress or Burning Bush]

An annual plant of ideal character for temporary summer hedges. A feathery dense egg-shaped bush ranging from 2 to 4 feet according to soil. Foliage is so fine and close-set, the bush resembles a formally clipped evergreen, although soft enough to ripple. Pale, tender green throughout summer, the color turns towards fall to vivid red. Sow thinly in spring for an unbroken line, but for individual expression transplant to 18 or 24 inches apart. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.

#### • ANNUAL LARKSPUR [Delphinium]

Giant Hyacinth Flowered. The plants grow 3 feet high with long spikes of giant flowers. Earliest flowering. Try these broadcasted with Shirley Poppies and Calliopsis.

Mixed Coiors. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.

Giant Hyacinth Fiowered Dark Biue. Pkt., 10 cts.

Emperor. Produces an abundance of long slender spikes in the most delicate colors. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.

Double Dwarf Rocket. I foot. Finest mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

Double Tall Stock-flowered "Exquisite Pink." A charming new variety with long stems and spikes; dainty pink. Pkt., 10 cts.

Newport Scarlet. This scarlet variety is one of the choicest; ideal for cutting. Pkt., 10 cts.

White. Elegant snow-white flowers set closely on long and stately spikes. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### • \*PERENNIAL LARKSPUR [Delphinium]

Useful and prolific, unsurpassed for furnishing the various shades of blue. All summer's bloom. Easily grown from seed. Beiladonna. A magnificent sort unrivalled for continuance of bloom, with large spikes of the most delicate turquoise blue. Fine for cutting. Pkt., 20 cts.

Formosum. Dark blue with white eye; 3 feet. Pkt., 15 cts. Cholce Hybrids. Mixed shades of blue. Pkt., 10 cts.

## FERTILIZERS FOR LAWN AND GARDEN Grow Beautiful Grass, Flowers and Delicious Vegetables



# ARMOUR'S LAWN AND GARDEN GROWER

A properly balanced, concentrated plant food mixture blended from those chemical fertilizer ingredients best suited for the growing of grass and gardens. It contains more pounds of highest grade plant food than is 

Has no bad odor! Definite instructions are plainly printed on every bag.

PRICES Freight or Express Not Prepaid 25-lb. Bag ..... 1.75

#### PROPER NOURISHMENT IS THE SECRET OF GARDEN SUCCESS



# Specially prepared plant food

Feed your vegetables. Like all living things they will grow better and faster if given the proper food.

Lawns and flowers respond quickly to a balanced plant food—grass of deep velvety green, flowers of rich color that bloom longer.

Vigoro, the complete plant food, meets these demands. Odorless and

easy to apply, it furnishes to plant life all of the different elements necessary for normal, healthy growth.

Vigoro should be used at the rate of four pounds per 100 square feet (10 ft. x 10 ft.) in the spring and fall. Use one-half this

amount for summer feeding. It is Inexpensive, too; only 10c to 20c for each hundred square feet. Complete directions in every

bag.

Freight or Express Not Prepaid

100-lb. Bag . .\$5.00

50-lb. Bag . 3.00 25-lb. Bag . 1.75

#### YOUR PLANTS AND GARDEN **NEED BALANCED FOOD**



A wonderfully quick-acting, perfectly compounded Plant Food giving us one of the best balanced fertilizers possible to secure.

Use it on your house plants, as follows: Dissolve a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water, afterwards pouring this into one gallon of cool water. Water your plants with this mixture. For a six-inch pot plant, use a pint of mixture once each week until you note improvement; then once in two weeks, and occasionally thereafter.

In repotting plants, use a teaspoonful dry, thoroughly mixed throughout four quarts of potting soil. In the garden, it may be used in the same way as recommended for pot plants.



oz. can, 50 cts. (Trial pkg. 10c)

#### GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Ammonia, soluble in water	 	 				10%	
Total, in perfect balance						4207	

Trial package, 10 cts. Large, 8 oz. can, 50 cts.

#### SHEEP MANURE—THE EFFICIENT FERTILIZER



Pulverized Sheep Manure is an efficient fertilizer to use on lawns, in the garden, the perennial border, shrubbery beds, small fruit garden, flower beds, etc. It is safe and dependable. A natural plant food and not a chemical stimulant. Every amateur gardener can get results with Wizard.

Price: By express or freight only-not prepaid: 5 lbs., 25 cts.; 10 lbs., 45 cts.; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 50 lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$3.25. Cannot be sent by mail.



## ARCADIAN

Sulphate of Ammonia

Sulphate of Ammonia. A nitrogenous plant stimulant. very quick in action, tending to make soil acid. Increases leaf-growth. Much used on lawns, which it not only feeds, but weeds are discouraged; when top-dressing lawns apply 1 ounce per square yard or 350 pounds to the acre, but first mix with several times its bulk of soil or sand. Between rows of spinach, lettuce, cabbage, etc., 3 pounds to 100 running feet may be broadcast and hoed in. As a liquid stimulant dissolve 1 ounce in a gallon of water and apply to the roots of plants. By mail postpaid, 5 lbs. 90 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.50. By express or freight, not prepaid: 5 lbs. 65 cts.; 10 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$2.00; 50 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$6.00.

#### WHAT OF THE HARVEST?

A Crop can be no better than its Seed-despite its training, nourishment and other advantages. Therefore, It is the Seed that counts most. You will make no mistake in pinning your faith to S. & H. Co. Superior Seeds.

#### **COVER CROPS**

To Improve and Fertilize the Soil

Heavily cropped, over-worked land needs an occasional rest (by the Doctor's orders), with a good tonic to build it up. For this purpose, various cover crops may be planted, which, in due season, are plowed under, thus incorporating with the impoverished soil their own strength of needed humus and nitrogen.

You will find most of these subjects listed among our Field Seeds. Those items not offered, we can get for you at prevailing market prices. See Canada Fleld Peas, page 142, Cow Peas, Soy Beans, Hairy Vetch, page 142, and all Clovers, but particularly Crimson and Sweet, page 142.



# INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

## Fight the Enemies That Would Destroy Your Garden



Fig. 1.-Sap Sucking Insects. A common aphis. An insect which sucks out the vital juices of the plants. It is found on the young growth and on under side of leaf.

#### HOW TO KNOW AND COMBAT INSECT PESTS

Insect Pests. There are two classes of bugs and insects that may attack trees and plants. The first class eats the plant tissue and are best controlled by poisons which they take into their stomachs.

The second class is not as easy to control since they can be killed only by hitting each individual with the insecticide.

Plant Diseases. These may be classed as physiological, bacterial and fungous. Good culture will aid materially in preventing these troubles. Spraying also should be preventive.

Use the Spray. Although spraying is one of the most expensive of the several orchard operations, it is absolutely essential to the production of high class fruit. It isn't a question any more of can you afford to spray but rather can you afford not to. It must not be assumed that spraying operations are uniformly successful. Success depends upon a thorough application of the right material at the proper time, or maybe several times. Of course, to accomplish this one must first become familiar with the insects or diseases that infest the orchard.



Fig. 2.—Chewing Insects. common worm. One form A common worm. One form of chewing pests. Chewing insects eat the leaves of the plant entirely or eat holes in leaves.

#### REMEDIES FOR SUCKING INSECTS

Sap sucking insects (see figure 1), such as aphis or plant lice which suck the juice from the green leaves are best controlled by some tobacco solution, or powder such as we offer below. They may be washed off shrubs with the hose.

Sap sucking insects, like scale which suck the juice from the twigs or branches and even from the trunk itself, are best controlled by some dormant spray, such as Lime Sulphur solution, Kerosene Emulsion,

#### REMEDIES FOR CHEWING INSECTS

Leaf eating insects (see figure 2), such as beetles, weevils, grubs, worms, etc., are controlled by poison applied to the leaf.

Arsenate of Lead, and the other insecticides listed below, are most effective and commonly used.

#### REMEDIES FOR PLANT DISEASES

The most common diseases of plants, the mildews and fungous diseases, are best controlled by preventive measures such as use of Bordo Powder.

#### **SPRAY YOUR GARDEN PLANTS EARLY AND OFTEN**

To get the best results spray thoroughly at the right time with the right materials.



For Underground Use For Insects on Plants For Fungous and Diseases on Plants For Poultry and Live

For Plants. Stop-Vermin will prevent the ravages of maggots root-worms, cut-worms, grubs, striped beetles, squash bugs, cabbage worms and all other insect pests, which eat the leaves, stems or roots. It is easily applied and economical to use, and will prove a great help to thousands of people who have been unable to grow radishes, turnips, onion and other rootcrops because of maggots. Simply sow in the ground with the seed, or it may be mixed with the seed and sown with a seed drill.

A leaflet will be supplied with each order describing the hundreds of uses of Stop-Vermin.

Stop-Vermin. Prices 1 lb. 65c; 5 lbs. \$2.35 postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$4.00.

Arsenate of Lead Powder. A chemically accurate combination of Arsenic which is the poisoning agent, and Lead which serves to hold the poison upon the foliage and also counteracts possible damage to the leaf itself. An efficient destroyer of all leaf-eating insects which attack either fruit or shade trees, shrubs, flowers or vegetables. By express only. 5-lb. cartons, \$2.00 each, 1-lb. cartons, 50 cts. each.

Bordo Powder
A highly efficient powdered form of Bordeaux Mixture; non-poisonous, but of great effectiveness when applied against black spot, mildew, and all fungous diseases. 1-lb. cartons, 50 cts. each. By express only.

Niagara Nicotine Powder. A highly efficient destroyer of all sucking insects, designed to combat Thrip, Aphis, Spiders, et al. Put up in an casily handled, fine powder. Must be shipped by express only. 1-lb. package, 50 cts; 5-lb. package, \$1.50.

\*Nico-Fume Liquid.\*\* A highly concentrated liquid Nicotine solution for fighting sucking insects, such as Thrip, Aphis and Spider. Used according to directions, in a fine spray and with as much force as possible, it makes a very effective and inexpensive insecticide. Being highly poisonous, it must be stored in a safe place away from children. Can be shipped in express or freight orders only, not mailable.

-lb. can.....\$0.75 

The proportion for spraying is one to two teaspoonfuls added to a gallon of water.

Sulpho-Tobacco Soap. Useful for ridding house plants of bother-moving scale from Palms and Ferns. Small cakes, enough to take care of the ordinary plant collection, by mail, postpaid, for 25 cts.



#### SPRAY PUMPS

#### **BROWN'S AUTO-SPRAY PUMPS**

postpaid....

#### **MYERS BUCKET PUMPS**

Constructed entirely of brass, with malleable iron foot rest. Will throw a solid stream 50 feet; valuable for spraying trees, washing windows or buggies, extinguishing fires, sprinkling lawns or flowers, etc. One superior feature is the extra jet for keeping the spray material mixed and agitated.

LITTLE GIANT. (No. 327½)
Special feature is the arrangement of air-chamber and cylinder side by side which makes the down stroke do all the worl thus relieving any upward pull on the bucket. Spray is continuous regardless of plunger action. Price: The pump with agitator complete with hose and combination fine correspond combination fine, coarse-spraand solid stream nozzle...\$4.50

COG GEAR. (No. R-324) 1½-inch brass cylinder and patent cog-gear handle makes easy work and extra capacity. Price: The pump with agitator, complete with detachable hose and graduating fine, sprinkling and solid stream nozzle...



Myers Little Giant Pump



Myers Cog Gear Bucket Pump

#### **MYERS 8 FOOT PIPE EXTENSION**

For use on the two Myers pumps listed—each......\$1.25

#### THE "FAULTLESS" SPRAYER NO. 1

This is absolutely the best small, simple mist sprayer for general use against insects, on the market. Made of tin, substantially jointed and reinforced; greatest durability and spraying force in its class. Adapted for throwing either liquids or dry powder. Price, 75 cents each or \$1.00 postpaid.



#### LOBELIA

A most excellent and useful genus of plants, easy of culture and well adapted for bedding, hedging, hanging baskets, pots or rockeries. Seed should be covered lightly.

Crystal Palace Compacta. Fine for bedding, compact, erect growth, deep blue. Annual. Pkt., 10 cts.

Erinus Speciosa. Of trailing habit, bright blue flowers; fine for baskets. Annuals. Pkt., 10 cts.

Mixed. Compact varieties. Annuals. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### **OLUPINE**

Annual Mixed. Easily grown annuals, about 2 feet. Produces an abundance of long, graceful spikes of pea-like flowers which are very showy and pretty in shades of blue, rose and white. Fine for beds or borders as well as for cutting. Does well in partial shade. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 25 cts.

#### \*LYCHNIS **CHALCEDONICA**

Hardy perennials. Bright scarlet flowers of maltese cross form, usually in medium size flat umbels, handsome for beds

and borders. Of easy culture, growing in any rich, garden soil, blooming the first year if sown early. 2 to 3 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.



Hardy annuals. The African varieties run to solid shades: the dwarfer French varieties to fancy striping. All types are richly contrastive when assembled with the blue of Larkspurs or the vivid tones of Zinnias.

Dwarf Double African Lemon. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts. Dwarf Double African Orange. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts. Dwarf Double African Mixed. Mixed orange and yellow shades.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 25 cts.

Tall Double African Eldorado. Densely double flowers of extra

size; rich golden yellow. Pkt., 10 cts.; ¼ oz., 25 cts.

Tall Double African Lemon. Pkt., 10 cts.; ¼ oz., 25 cts.

Tall Double African Orange. Pkt., 10 cts.; ¼ oz., 25 cts.

Tall Double African Mixed. 3 feet. Varied color shades and

showy. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.

Dwarf French Double and Single Mixed. 1 foot. Finely cut foliage; flowers in fancy color combination and marking. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 20 cts.

Legion of Honor. (Dwarf French Single.) A single-flowering Marigold, forming compact bushes 9 inches high. Begins flowering early, commencing in June, continuing until frost. The flowers are golden yellow, marked with a large spot of velvety maroon at the base of each petal. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.

Signata Pumila. (Dwarf Marigold.) Showy, dwarf, compact. Fine for potting, borders and edging beds. Rarely 12 inches high, with delicate fern-like foliage, and a summer's wealth of golden-yellow flowers. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.



Dwarf French Double and Single Mixed Marigoid



Luplne



**Mignonette Machet** 

#### • MIGNONETTE

A delightfully fragrant, hardy annual, blooming the entire season in the flower border; also fine for cutting, and for pot culture during the winter and spring.

Goliath. Immense spikes, on strong stiff stems; very fragrant, fine for

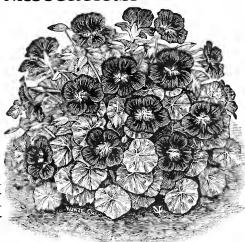
cutting; bright red. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 30 cts.

Machet. The plants are dwarf and vigorous, of pyramidal growth; with long spikes of reddish green flowers. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts. Large Flowering. The delightful old "Sweet Mignonette." Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 15 cts.; oz., 25 cts.

MORNING GLORIES. [See Climbing Flowers Page 120]

#### **NASTURTIUMS**

There is a distinct, peppery and altogether pleasing scent to Nasturtium flowers; the foliage is so pretty in its roundness and fresh, clean green; the coloring is so vividly bright and cheery, there is small wonder that the various types of this family are so extensively planted. They do not require any unusual fertilization or attention, grow rapidly and bloom within a few weeks.



**Dwarf Mixed.** This splendid mixture contains all the named varieties and every color. No finer mixture can be made. They will produce enormous flowers on long stems, in a wonderful variety of colors. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.50. Climbing. The common Tail Mixed and Lobb's Climbing are offered with Vines. Page 120.

#### NICOTIANA [Sweet Scented Tobacco Plants]

As summer garden plants, their long, broad leaves are quite as attractive as the fragrant star-shaped bloom.

Affinis. Pure white, sweet-scented flowers. Pkt., 10 cts.

Hybrida Mixed. Has large star-shaped flowers in many colors. If plants are taken up in fall, cut back, potted, they will bloom in the house during the winter. 2 to 3 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.



#### ["Love-in-a-Mist" or "Devil-in-the-Bush"]

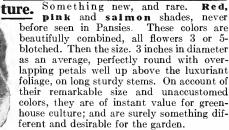
Damascena. Mixed blue and white. Compact plants a foot high, with fine cut foliage within which is set a profusion of pretty, curious shaped flowers and seed pods; make good short-stemmed cut flowers. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### S. & H. Co. • PANSIES



Pansy seed sown the latter part of April is best for spring sowing; under normal conditions, producing flowers by the last of June and continuously until fall. A well enriched, finely worked soil is best. If drilled in, seed should be covered not over four times its own depth. If thinly covered (paper will do), to preserve moisture, germination should occur within 8 to 12 days. When the plants are sufficiently developed, transfer to desired location, allowing about 9 inches for interval. Many people start them in hot beds or in boxes in the house, about two weeks before the probable earliest planting time.

#### Improved Swiss Giant Mix-



**Mixed only.** Pkt. 35 cts.; 3 pkts. for \$1.00;  $\frac{1}{16}$  oz. \$1.50;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz. \$2.50;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. \$4.50.



For years the most important and most extensively used of all our Pansy mixtures.

It is a painstaking distribution of the numerous named varieties of its class, together with Odier, Cassiers, Bugnot and Trimardeau selections.

Pkt. 15 ets.; 2 pkts. 25 ets.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz. \$1.25.

#### "Masterpiece" Choice Mixed.

Distinct in form of flowers, the border of each petal being conspicuously curled or waved, giving

the flower a double or globular appearance. Pkt. 15 ets.; 2 pkts. for 25 ets.; 1/8 oz. \$1.00.

Trimardeau Mixed. A particularly robust, hardy strain with richly colored flowers in the giant class, which rarely fails to give perfect satisfaction. Many growers claim better results and greater popularity for this type than obtainable from any other.

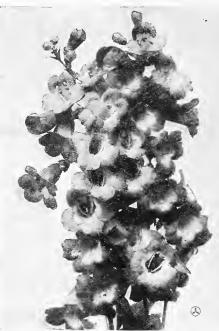
Pkt. 10 ets.; 3 pkts. for 25 ets.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz. 50 ets.

One of the older types of selected Excelsior Mixed. large flowered Pansies. It lacks many of the unique markings characteristic of newer forms, but still retains its own particular qualifications which make it especially adapted for bedding purposes.

Pkt. 10 ets.; 3 pkts. 25 ets.; ½ oz. 40 ets.



**Balcony Petunias** 



Large Fiowering Pentstemon "Sensation"

#### **PENTSTEMON**

\*New Large Fiowering "Sensation." Hardy perennial. The numerous Gloxinia-shaped flowers are borne in long spikes from May until frost. Will bloom the first season if sown early in a hot-bed and planted out as soon as frosts are over. The colors are white, pink, rose and crimson, many being spotted and margined with a contrasting color.

Choice Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

## **PETUNIAS**

All Kinds All Colors

**"Balcony Petunias"** A valuable section remarkable for their great freedom, with flowers 3

inches across, in vivid, solid colors. Particularly adapted to use in vases, hanging baskets or window boxes.

Biue. Rich, velvety indigo blue. Crimson. Of startling clearness.

Rose. Brilliant, attractive rose-pink. White. Conspicuous. Pure, waxy white. All above varieties, Pkt., 15 cts.

Balcony Mixture. Not comparable to ordinary mixtures; the extreme size, clear colors and distinctive form emphasizing their superiority; each packet furnishing a multi-colored little garden in itself. Pkt., 15 cts.

#### SINGLE BEDDING PETUNIAS

Howard's Star. Clear purple with distinct white star filling throat, extending to edge of petals. Pkt., 10 cts.

Rosy Morn. Compact, bushy growth, fifteen inches in diameter, covered throughout entire season with open-throated flowers 11/2 to 2 inches in diam-Distinct and glowing, although a soft tone of rose-pink, with silvery white throat. Pkt., 10 cts.

Triumph. Of uniform growth and general superiority as a mass bedder; beautifully ruffled, and conspicuous in its clear, bright pink color. Pkt., 25 cts.

Striped and Biotched. Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 40 cts.

Single Fine Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 30 cts.



Rosy Morn

#### DWARF UPRIGHT SINGLE BEDDING PETUNIAS

A valuable new type adapted to edging the taller and branching types, or any other of the larger bedding annuals.

Rose of Heaven. Beautiful rose pink. Pkt., 15 cts. Crimson. Pkt., 15 cts. Deep Violet. Rich and velvety. Pkt., 15 cts. Silver Blue. Pkt., 15 cts. Silver Blue. Pkt., 15 cts. Mixed. Pkt., 15 cts.

#### INGLE LARGE FLOWERING PETUNIAS

Fringed. (Fimbriata.) A strain of beautifully fringed flowers. Colors rich and brilliant. Mixed. Pkt., 20 cts.

Glant Ruffled. The flowers of this strain are ruffled and fringed, colors rich and gorgeous, with deep throats of various shades. Fine mixed. Pkt., 25 cts.

Glants of California. Choicest mixed seed saved from show flowers. Very large.

Elks Purple. The magnificent "color" of the Elks Order. The single flower of this fine new variety is of giant proportions; gracefully rolling, its five-pointed lobes distinct. The color is solid, of the richest purple shade conceivable, with a velvety black lustre over all. Very free blooming, active and exceptionally noticeable. Pkt., 25 cts.

#### **DOUBLE GIANT FLOWERING PETUNIAS**

We consider this one of the finest mixtures of Double Petunias; composed of the best and largest flowered strains grown. While a fair per cent of Double Petunia seed will produce double flowers, some will not. The single ones, however, will be richly colored and finely marked.

Choice Mixed. Pkt., 35 cts.; larger packet, \$1.00.

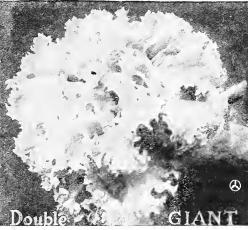
O many wonderful improvements have developed among the hardy perennial Phlox, people are forgetting the annual types. This is a mistake; for nowhere among perennial beds can that same density of bloom and vividness of color be found as is shown by the annual Phloxes.

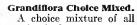
Hardy annuals; 1 foot. For a splendid Drummondi Grandiflora. mass of color and constant display, this type is not excelled by any other annual. Blooms early, continuing until severe freezing. The seed may be planted in the open ground May 1st or in hot-bed or house earlier, and afterwards transplanted to where wanted into rich ground, 8 to 10 inches apart each way.

Alba. Pure white; very large. Coccinea. Rich brilliant scarlet.

Isabellina. Pale primrose yellow. Rosea. Rose colored; large white eye. Splendens. Crimson with white eye.







Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts., ¼ oz., 40 cts.; oz., \$1.25. **Drummondl Nana (Dwarf).** Grows about 6 inches high, splendid for pot culture or for ribbon lines and for massing. Choice Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 40 cts.

Starred and Fringed. The most interesting of the Phlox family, bearing pretty star-shaped and fringed flowers, rich in colors. Choice Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 35 cts.

#### \*PERENNIAL PEA [Lathyrus Latifolius]

Known and sold as Everlasting Sweet Pea. Quite hardy and not particular as to soil. Splendid for covering rocks, stumps and walls. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

## •PINKS [Dianthus]

Few other plants produce more flowers or cover a longer blooming period. Height averages 1 foot, making them available for edgings. Actually biennials, and will survive the winter if it is not too severe.

#### **DOUBLE ANNUAL PINKS**

Chinensis fi. pi. (Double China Pink.) The colors are rich, and you hardly

find two alike. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

Snow Queen. (Double White Japan.) One of the prettiest of white cut flowers, and very useful as a white border. Pkt., 10 cts.

Double Choice Mixed. Mixture of all the above double annual varieties. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.

#### SINGLE ANNUAL PINKS

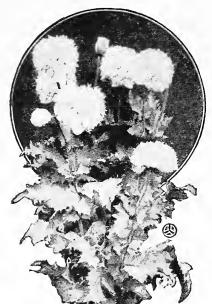
Choice Mixed. All the best single annual varieties with flowers averaging 2 inches in diameter, very bright with extremes of color and fancy patterns. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.

\*PLATYCODON [Balloon Flower]

The unopened buds resemble miniature balloons opening up as deep throated,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inch bells. Hardy perennials, 2 to 3 feet; prolific and long season of Seed sown in early spring will bloom in August. Mixed Colors. (Blue, bloom white.) Pkt., 10 cts.



Phlox Drummondi Grandiflora Choice Mixed



Double Carnation Flowered Poppy

## **POPPY**

Poppies are among the most interesting of the garden flowers with vivid colors and fern-like foliage. Annuals should be sown as early in spring as possible, in the location where they are to remain, as they do not transplant successfully. Seed should be just barely covered, although firmly pressed down. Thin out to 3 or 4 inches between plants; and take time to remove old flower stems.

#### ANNUAL POPPIES

American Flag. Flowers extra large, double, snow-white, each petal bordered with scarlet.

Carnation Flowered. Brilliant, many petaled, finely fringed flowers of mixed colors.

Peony Flowered. Globular flowers of good size, resembling fully double Peonies. Mixed Tuilp Poppy. The 3-inch flower resembles a Scar-

let Gesneriana Tulip in color, with deep black spots at the base of each petal. 2 feet. Mixed Double Annual Popples. All kinds to-

gether.

Shirley Poppies.

This type is perhaps the most beautiful of all; one sowing keeping the bed alight all summer.

Although they are mostly single, many come semi-double, or with The colors fluted margins. range from white, through various shades of pink, to scarlet and deepest

crimson. Mixed. All above six varieties. Each—Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.

#### \*PERENNIAL POPPIES

LARGE FLOWERED. These average 6 inches across and are imposing in spring, with their fiery bloom, on nodding stems 3 to 4 feet high. They do not bloom the first year from seed.

\*Bracteatum. Crimson, black spots in center. \*Orientale. (Oriental Poppy.) Orange scarlet.

\*Large Fiowered Mixed.

#### SMALL FLOWERED POPPIES

(Papaver Nudicaule.) Single, cup-shaped flowers Iceland. 2 to 3 inches in diameter with ruffled petals; yellow, orange and white. Sown early in spring will bloom in June and continue until cold weather if not allowed to bear seed. Mixed. All above 4 Perennial varieties. Each—Pkt., 10 cts.

#### PORTULACA ["Moss Rose"]

Trailing plants which love the sun, and nestle close to the warm, sandy loam of their choice. The numerous round, flat flowers set close, and brilliantly illumine the emerald of the foliage with vivid shades of red, yellow, pink and white. Half-hardy annual.

**Double Mixed.** Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8} \text{ oz.}$ , 50 cts. Single Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz.}$ , 25 cts.

#### PRIMROSE [Primula]

Obconica Grandiflora Hybrida. For pot culture, also for the open **Double Portulaca** border during summer. If sown early in spring, the seedlings will commence to bloom in May or June and continue throughout the year. Mixed Colors. Pkt., 25 cts.

Chinese Fringed. One of the finest plants for winter and spring blooming in the house or conservatory; they do well in a cool room, in a north window where most other plants fail. Greenhouse perennials. Mixed Colors. Pkt., 25 cts.



Pyrethrum Roseum Hybridum

#### \*PYRETHRUM ROSEUM HYBRIDUM

Showy hardy perennials, blooming the first season if sown early. 2 to 3 inch daisy-like, single, anemone, globular double flowers in white, rose, crimson and scarlet colors. The foliage is fine-cut and ferny. 2 ft.

Double Mixed. Pkt., 25 cts.
 Single Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### **©SALPIGLOSSIS**

Half-hardy annual; 2 feet. Of sensational recent popularity, subject of much discussion and competitive rivalry among gardeners. The flowers are open bell-shape, numerous and gracefully set on the stems, varying by culture from 2 to 4 inches across. The colors are rich and voluptuous with metallic lustre, marbled and penciled on, many flowers having the appearance of being sprinkled with gold dust. Bloom from August to October, on long stems making an ideal cutflower. Very easily grown. Emperor Choice Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.



**Shiriey Poppies** 

#### RICINUS [Castor Oil Plant]

Tender annual. Singly, it makes a perfect pyramid, thickly set with its enormous beautifully lobed leaves; or, a large group of them gives a fine tropical effect. Sow in open ground or in hot bed and transplant.

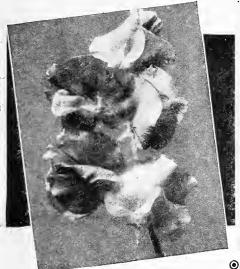
Sanguineus. Tall, with reddish stalks. Large reddish stalks. ornamental reddish-purple leaves. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.

Zanzibarensis. Robust strong grower, foliage green and red. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.

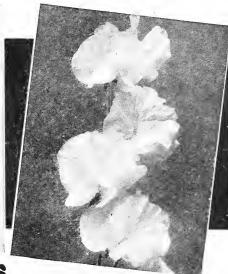
We Promise 24-Hour Delivery Service on all Seed Orders



Saipigiossis







**SWEET PEAS** 

**CULTURE.** Locate planting where there will be uninterrupted sunlight, in as good soil as possible, thoroughly mixed with well rotted cow manure. Seed should be sown before the first of April if weather will permit, about 6 inches down in the trench, and covered with an inch of firmly pressed soil. Thin out to 2 to 4 inches apart and a little soil may be drawn in to give greater depth to the roots. Vining support in the form of brush, chicken wire or taut strings should be supplied at the time of sowing. Water sufficiently, pick often to ensure continuance.

The ordinary packet is too small to make much of a showing, so the minimum quantity offered is the half-ounce.

#### EARLY FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS

In bloom two to three weeks earlier than the summer Spencers, flowering throughout. This is a wonderful blend of the named Early Flowering "Early Sunrise" Mixture. Spencers, displaying a wide range of colors and shades. Prices: ½ oz., 25 cts.; oz., 40 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

#### SUMMER FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS

The "Spencer" type of Sweet Peas, by its greatly increased size, its distinctive frills and waviness, and its general improvement in color depths and patterns, has practically usurped the field, so we offer that strain only. Our sales audits show that very few people care for names or separate colors in Sweet Peas, consequently we are offering them this year in mixture only.

Summer Flowering Spencer Mixed. A great many varieties and colors grown as a high-grade mixture; conceded to be the best result-getter of any standard Sweet Pea mixture on the market. Price, **Mixed,**  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 15 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; 2 oz., 45 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 60 cts.; lb., \$1.75.

SALVIA [Scarlet Sage]

This very popular plant is a tender perennial, but should be treated as an annual. Its beautiful flaming spikes of blossoms will add more to a border than any other plant, and where a brilliant scarlet is wanted it is unsurpassed.



Salvia Splendens

Because of its uniform growth coupled with profuse and con-America. tinuous bloom, this comparatively new variety is particularly valuable for extensive bedding or formal lines. Pkt., 20 cts.

Ciara Bedman. (Bonfire.) It grows about 2 feet high and as many broad, and very compact. Its long spikes of fiery scarlet flowers stand up stiff and erect well above the foliage. Pkt., 10 cts.

Splendens. One of the most gorgeous of annuals, blooming readily throughout the summer and fall. The plants grow from 1½ to 3 feet in height, inclined to branch freely towards the top, are completely covered with showy sprays of bright searlet flowers until cut down by frosts. Pkt., 10 ets.; ½ oz., 35 ets.

Zurlch. (dwarf variety, but with long full spikes of rich scarlet flowers. It is free blooming, commencing early and continuing with unabated brilliancy until late in the season. Pkt., 15 cts.

#### • SCABIOSA [Mourning Bride]

Handsome summer border plant producing its splendid flowers in greatest profusion from July until severe autumn frosts. Flowers are of compact rounded shape, long stems, making them ideal cutflowers which keep in water a week. The colors are both strong and dainty, equally enjoyable and effective in bouquets or the garden. Hardy annual; 2 to 2½ feet. Colors:

Azure Fairy, Crimson, Goiden Yellow, Double Rose, Double White. Choice of above 5 colors, Pkt., 10 ets.

Double Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.

Peach Biossom. A beautiful shade of peach blossom pink, large size and long stems. An excellent cut flower. Pkt., 15 cts.

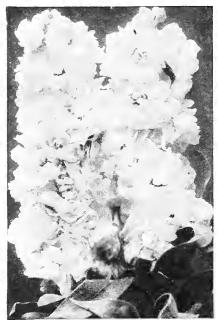
#### S& H Sunset Mixture of Summer Flowering Spencer Sweet Peas

As our "Sunrise Mixture" of the early flowering Spencers contains the range of coloring found at dawn in the sky of many climes, so this "Sunset Mixture" of the summer flowering group exemplifies the close of day. It is exactly apportioned in the mixing from really choice named varieties. We have concluded that our customers generally care little for names, but want distinct colors and would mix them up anyway in planting. Here then is this companion mixture which we offer with confidence in its ability to satisfy. Price, **Mixed**,  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 15 cts.; 1 oz., 25 cts.; 2 oz., 45 cts.; 1/4 lb., 75 ets.; lb., \$2.25.



Scabiosas





#### SCHIZANTHUS [Butterfly Flower]

Annuals, producing in a few weeks from seed a plant of obscuring wealth of beautiful flowers of many colors, spotted, blotched and veined.

Hybridus Grandiflora. Choice mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

Wisetonensis. One of the finest large-flowered sorts, colors ranging from pink with brown center to white with yellow center. Excellent for pot plants. Pkt., 15 cts.

#### **SMILAX** [Myrsiphyllum Asparagoides]

A graceful tuberous rooted, tender perennial climber, none surpassing it for its glossy deep-green, most delicate foliage and small white flowers; fine for vases and baskets. Soak the seed 24 hours before sowing; 6 to 10 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### \*STOKESIA [Stokes Aster]

A splendid perennial for garden culture, in beds or borders. Blooms first year from seed.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet.

Cyanea. Showy deep lavender blue, aster-like flowers, in broad clustered heads from June on. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### STOCKS

The "Gilly-flower" is a half-hardy annual. The flowers in close-set, thick panieles on both main stems and side branches.

Double Giant Perfection All colors. Choice Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

46C-14 and Comp. Again? Ton Wooks. An "everblooming" strain blooming "Cut-and-Come-Again" Ten Weeks. in July from seed sown in March or April. Although earlier to start, their most perfect state is reached in September-October. Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

SUNFLOWER [Helianthus]

"Cut-and-Come-Again." (The Ever-Blooming Type.) The single flowers, 3 to 4 inches across are borne on long stems admirably adapted for vases. Choice colors in mixture, Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.

Double Chrysanthemum Flowered. Grows about 6 feet high and blooms profusely. perfectly double flowers are bright yellow, from 3 to 6 inches in diameter. Pkt., 10 cts.;

Large Russian. A very tall growing double variety; 10 to 15 feet. The seed is used for poultry. Price, 1 oz., 10 ets.; 1/4 lb., 15 ets.; lb., 30 ets. 10 lbs. or more, by express, not prepaid, at 18 cts. per lb.

Purpureus. (New Red Sunflower.) The flowers come in various shades of red, and red margined with yellow, ranging from 2 to 5 inches in diameter. Plants grow branchily 3 to 4 feet high, and bloom freely. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/4 oz., 25 cts.

#### OSWEET WILLIAM

\*PERENNIAL (Dianthus Barbatus). Popular garden flower, showing a wonderful array of vivid colors in fancy patterns. Flowers are shaped, clustered and colored much like Phlox;

the markings, however, being more sharply defined. Perfectly hardy, but sow the seed in ultimate location, or transplant when young; as matured plants move awkwardly.

Pink Beauty; Scarlet Beauty; Dark Crimson; Double White. Each-Pkt., 10 cts.

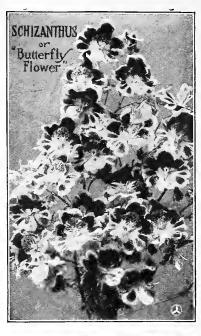
Mixed Single. Pkt., 10 cts.

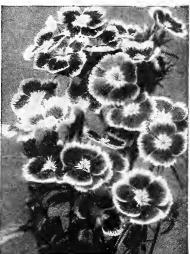
Mixed Double. Pkt., 10 cts.

●ANNUAL. Almost identical with the perennial varieties in form of flower, rich and dainty coloring and fragrance, but unlike the perennials which do not bloom until the following year, these are annuals, blooming the same year the seed

Choice Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.

**THUNBERGIA** See Climbing Flowers [Page 120]





Annual Sweet William

#### S. & H. "Color Riot" WILD GARDEN **MIXTURES**

Annual Mixture. Contains a mixture of seed from hundreds of free flowering annuals that will give amazing effect the first year. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; 1/4 lb., 75 cts.

Perennial Mixture. A splendid mixture of permanent flowers, all free flowering and very desirable. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 35 ets.; 1/4 lb., \$1.00.

#### VERBENA Mammoth

A showy annual creeper, literally covered with large umbels of brilliant blossoms. For early blooms sow in boxes and transplant into rich soil 15 inches apart. May be sown in April in the open, and thinned.

Plnk, Parpie, Scarlet, White, Blue.

Choice of above, Pkt., 10 cts. Lucifer. New, large, cardinal red.

Pkt., 15 cts.

Verbenas, Mixed. Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 25 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 40 ets.



#### WALL FLOWER (Cheiranthus)

Deliciously fragrant flowers in long, full spikes which are very free and pretty during the spring. They combine many shades of color; the orange, purple and chocolate predominating. Tender perennial, requiring winter protection in the north; 11/2 feet.

\*Double Mixed. (Perennial.) Pkt., 15 cts.
Annual Mixed. Blooms first year. Pkt., 10 cts.

## °ZINNIA5

Few flowers are so easily grown from seed sown in the open ground or bloom so abundantly and continuously as this hardy annual. Marvelous improvements have been wrought in the newer strains. We recommend them for groups, beds, borders and summer hedges, where they will bloom quite freely, but are incomparably bright during the month of August. Sow seed in the open ground early in spring or start in hotbed or window and transplant when ground is suitably warmed.

#### New Double DAHLIA · FLOWERED Zinnias

This mammoth sized, unusual shaped and color perfected type has revolutionized the appearance of our annual gardens during the past few years. They very closely resemble the double decorative type Dahlias in form and in their robust growth. Plants get up to 3 feet in height, with perfect flowers often 6 inches wide by 3 and 4 inches in depth. These range widely as to color, even introducing depths and tones heretofore unknown in Zinnias.

Buttercup. An immense deep creamy yellow.

Crimson Monarch. Immense flowers often 8 inches wide; the largest and richest. Dream. A beautiful shade not common to this class; deep lavender turning to mallow purple.

Golden State. Bright yellow in the bud, deepening with maturity to a rich orange shade.

Exquisite. Perhaps the most pleasing of our collection; color light rose with center a deep Tyrian rose.

Illumination. A striking self color of deep rose. (Tyrian Rose).

Lemon Beauty. Next to Crimson Monarch in size and form, a golden yellow on brown.

Meteor. A rich, glowing deep red (Spinel Red), the darkest of all the red shades. Fine form, with good depth of petal.

Old Rose. Fitly named for its color, which beautifies a large and perfect flower. Oriole. A superb variety in size and dahlia character; a warm suffusion of orange



Zebra and Giant Scariet Zinnias

Polar Bear. Of large size, and the best white introduced in this class to date.

Purple Prince. A fine, deep purple (Rhodanthe Purple) large and well-formed.

Scarlet Flame. Vividly descriptive.

PRICE. Ali 13 varieties above,

Each,—Pkt.,15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 50 cts.

Double Dahlia Flowered Mixed. Pkt., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 40 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 75 ets.



The beautiful flowers are of a Giant type, each petal distinctly tipped with a darker shade as in Picotee Carnations. They come in a variety of colors, including orange, flesh, lemon, pink and cerise each with the peculiar marking on tips of petals. We cannot supply separate colors.

Pkt., 15 ets.; 1/8 oz., 40 ets.

#### GIANT DOUBLE FLOWERED ZINNIAS

These are truly giant, not to be confused with the common small flowered strains. Crimson, Goiden Yellow,

Orange, Purple, Scarlet, White, Pink. Each—, Pkt., 10 cts.,  $\frac{1}{8}$  oz., 25 cts. Glant Flowered Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 35 cts.; oz., \$1.00. BLACK KNIGHT

Medium size double flower of deep maroon.

Pkt., 10 ets.; ½ oz., 25 ets. **ZEBRA MIXED** 

All colors, striped and spotted with different shades. Pkt., 10 ets.; 1/8 oz., 25 ets.

#### Double Pompon Mixed

Flowers, small, double and of beautiful form; fine for bouquets. Pkt., 10 ets.; ½ oz., 25 ets.

Red Riding Hood. Grows but a foot high. Has compact form and the flowers are small, very double, bright crimson. Makes an effective border. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.

CURLED & CRESTED MIXED

The flowers are large, full and double, the petals being twisted, rendering them free from stiffness. A variety of splendid colors. Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/8 oz., 25 cts.



Immense Supply Enables Us to Keep Price Down; and Established Policy Keeps Quality Up.





## **CLIMBING FLOWERS**

#### BALLOON VINE ["Love-in-a-Puff"]

A rapid growing annual climber; bears small white flowers, followed by inflated seed-pods resembling balloons. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### CANARY BIRD FLOWER

A rapid growing summer climber, with finely cut foliage and yellow flowers. Tender annual. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### CARDINAL CLIMBER [Ipomea Sloteri]

A splendid climber that has created a sensation wherever grown. It reaches a height of 20 to 30 feet and is covered from midsummer till frost with clusters of vividly red,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inch flowers, shaped like the Morning Glory. Leaves are deeply laciniated and are in themselves very decorative. Pkt., 15 cts.; 2 pkts., 25 cts.

#### COBEA SCANDENS

A fine rapid growing climber, with handsome foliage and large bell-shaped flowers; green at first but rapidly changing to purple. Seeds should be started in hot-bed or rather dry soil (as they are apt to rot in open ground); setting them edgewise and just barely covering. Tender annual. 20 feet. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### **GOURDS**

A tribe of tender annual climbers (10 to 20 feet) with curiously shaped, fancifully patterned, hard shell fruits, which may be used in many practical ways. Large Ornamental Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts. Small Ornamental Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### HYACINTH BEAN [Dolichos]

A rapid growing annual climber, making about 10 feet. They bloom freely in large, upright racemes of pea-like flowers, either white or purple; followed by ornamental purple seed pods-Sow seed in April or May. Mlxed. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 20 cts.; oz., 35 cts.

#### IPOMEA

Tender annual climbers of rapid growth.

Grandiflora. (Moonflower.) Grows 25 to 30 feet. At night the plants are covered with solitary 4 to 5 inch, round pure white, fragrant flowers. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.

Heavenly Blue. Flowers 4 to 5 inches across, in large clusters, a beautiful sky-blue against

richly green, large foliage. Pkt., 10 cts.

Quamocilt. (Cypress Vine.) A tender annual, 15-foot climber, with delicate dark green feathery foliage and abundance of bright, star-shaped rose, scarlet or white blossoms. **Mixed.** Pkt., 10 cts.

Setosa. (Brazilian Morning Glory.) Extremely rapid growth producing dense shade; delightful 3 to 4 inch rose colored flowers. Pkt., 10 cts.

#### MORNING GLORIES [Convolvulus]

Annual vines, their morning glory bloom unmatched for daintiness and refreshment, by any flower that heralds the dawn of day.

Mixed Colors. The old fashioned Morning Glory, of rapid climbing growth and profuse bloom. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.

Japanese Giant. A class of climbers making growth of 20 to 30 feet quite early in the season. Their large flowers are striped, spotted and margined in all shades from white to deepest red, blue and purple. Many are fluted and fringed. Sow the seeds early in a warm sunny place. Choice mixed. Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20 ets.; oz., 35 ets.

Large Fiowering Rochester. Vines strong, growing 12 to 20 feet high, with magnificent foliage. Flowers 4 to 5 inches across, deep violet blue in the throat, graduating out to an azure blue, bordered with a white band around the edge.

Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20 ets.; oz., 35 ets.

#### **NASTURTIUMS**

Tall Mixed.

This is one of the most complete mixtures of Climbing Nasturtiums on the market; it includes, besides the various colors in this class, the popular Strains of Mad. Guenther, Hybrids, Lobbs and Chameleon. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 15 ets.; ¼ lb., 45 ets.; lb., \$1.25.

Lobb's Climbing Nasturtiums.

This is a choice selection of superior strains among the tall or climbing Nasturtiums, expressing the best in foliage and growth; with flowers a

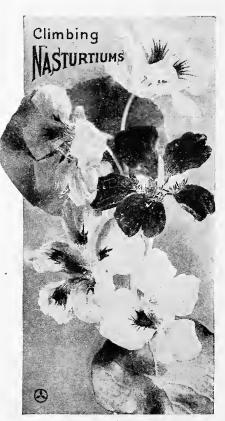
little more profuse, and running strong to rich red shades. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15cts.; 1/4 lb., 45 cts.

**Dwarf Nasturtiums.** This valuable garden type is listed on page 113.

#### **THUNBERGIA**

Beautiful rapid growing rather shrubby climbers, with a plentiful supply of trumpet shaped flowers in various colors and markings; fine for vases, rustic work or greenhouse culture. Half-hardy annuals; 5 feet. Fine Mixed. Pkt., 10 cts.

See Our Special Mail Order Bargain Offers, Page 80



#### S. & H. "OLD GLORY" GLADIOLI MIXTURE

A gorgeous assemblage of the world's best standard varieties. We are standing by this mixture. There is no better Gladiolus Mixture offered-at

One dozen by mail postpald . . . . . **OUC** 



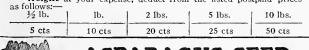
SEEDS Absolutely

UR Seeds are sold direct from grower to you. This catalog is the only agent we employ. Our entire resources are devoted to supplying the finest stock obtainable at the lowest reasonable prices.

We have placed in figures after the name of most varieties of vege-Days Required. tables, the approximate number of days required from seed sowing, for that variety to reach the stage when it is ready for harvest and market. This feature has received much commendation from our customers for the valuable service it renders them. These figures are based upon tests made in our own locality under average growing conditions. should be borne in mind, however, that as locations, climate, rainfall and soil all have so much to do with crop production, the number of days given will vary with differing conditions. About Prices At prices named, all Seeds you may

order in Packets, Ounces, Half-Pounds, Pounds or Two Pounds, will be delivered by mail, postpaid. Special postpaid prices on larger quantities are listed for Beans, Corn and Peas.

**DEDUCT.** If you should desire your order shipped by express or freight at your expense, deduct from the listed postpaid prices





#### ASPARAGUS SEED

CULTURE. Seed of asparagus should be sown early in the spring, in drills 2 inches deep. When seedlings are 1 or 2 years old, transplant (for the family garden) 12 to 18 inches apart in the row, and cover crowns to a depth of 2 inches. For commercial usage plant in rows 4 to 5 feet apart, placing crowns 8 to 10 inches apart in the row. One ounce to 50 feet of drill.

(2 years.) The re-Washington Pedigreed. sult of long experi-

mentation by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Combines strong quick growth, extreme size, uniform development of stalks, dark green color and delicious flavor; with its greatest distinguishing quality—that of being rust-resistant. Those who grow asparagus in quantity for marketing will appreciate this feature. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 50 cts.; 1 lb., \$1.50.

ROOTS of Asparagus are offered on page 77.

## BEANS

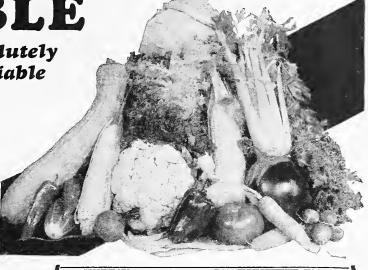
CULTURE. A light loam is best. Plant as soon as the ground has become thoroughly warm, in rows from two feet for hand cultivation, to three feet apart for horse cultivation, and every two weeks for a succession. Cultivate thoroughly and often, keeping a mulch of loose soil at all times but when in bloom, cultivate shallow, as deep cultivation at this time causes many blossoms to drop, decreasing the yield. One pound for 100 feet of row, 45 to 100 pounds per acre. For inoculation see Nitragin offer on page 122.

MAIL P	RICE	OF BEAN	S-unle	ss otherv	vise noted		
Pkt.	½ lb.	lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.		
. 10	. 25	. 45	. 80	\$1.65	\$3.00		
10 lbs. or more by express at 25 cts. per lb.							

#### GREEN PODDED BUSH BEANS

Dwarf Horticultural. (Roman Bean.) (40 days.) A favorite in Italian gardening, becoming popular everywhere. The curved pods of medium length are gay with carmine splashes on the successively green to yellow skin. The beans are fair-sized, tender, and of fine flavor, equally good as snaps, shelled or dried.

Early Bountiful. (42 days.) Very good looking, hardy and wery vigorous plants, practically rust and mildew proof. One of the very first beans available in spring, prolific at all times, and among the latest to quit production in the fall. The pods are uniform, extra long, broad, meaty although flat, absolutely stringless and continuously brittle; of rich green color and distinctive flavor.



#### MODEL VEGETABLE SEED COLLECTION

Highest Quality—Biggest Value

1	Pkt.	Bean, Improved Golden Wax\$0.10
1	4	Beet, Early Model
1	44	Cabbage, Ali Head Early
1	44	Carrot, Chantenay
1	44	Sweet Corn, Golden Bantam
1	44	Cucumber, Early Fortune
1	"	Lettuce, Grand Rapids
1	44	Onion, Southport Yellow Globe
1	и	Parsley, Moss Curled
1	44	Pea, Gradus
1	4	Radish, French Breakfast
1	и	Spinach, King of Denmark
1	4	Swiss Chard, Lucullus
1	44	Tomato, Cleveland Market
		Regular price, if bought separately \$1.40

14 Full Size 10c Packets.....

Black Valentine. (40 days.) Vigorous; very long and slender round pods of quality. For very early planting it stands cold and damp soil better than any other sort.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ lb., 20 cts.; lb., 35 cts.; 2 lbs., 65 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.30. 10 lbs. or more by express at 18 cts. per lb.

Red Valentine. (40.) A standard early variety. Pods of medium length, round, fleshy, tender and of good flavor; seed long, of medium size.

Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb.}$ , 20 cts.; lb., 35 cts.; 2 lbs., 65 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.30. 10 lbs. or more by express at 18 cts. per lb.

Stringless Green Pod. (40.) One of the calculation hardiest, producing an abundance hardiest, producing an abundance of handsome round pods, many of which measure 6 inches in length, practically stringless. In addition to the excellence of its

eating quality, and stringlessness, this variety has a long bearing season, which makes it very desirable for the small garden. Seed

#### YELLOW PODDED OR WAX BUSH BEANS

Davis Kidney Wax. (40 days.) This returns a large yield of handsome pods which are long, flat, clear waxy white and do not stain in canning. One of the best sorts for market as it ships well, delivering in good condition.

Dwarf Unrivalled Wax. (30 days.) Notable as the earliest wax pod bean. Admirable

for its beauty; quickly acquiring the transparent yellow color from base to tip, without blemish. The pod is a straight six inches, only the tip curving, to increase its artistic appeal and avoid contact with the dirt. An extremely heavy cropper noticeably free from rust and blight, the beans of excellent flavor, in pods of long-season tenderness. (See color illustration on back cover.)

#### -fo

#### YELLOW PODDED BUSH BEANS [Cont'd]

Early Wonder Wax. (35 days.) One of the earliest wax beans, becoming edible in 35 days and bearing bountifully during a long season, apparently regardless of whether it is wet or dry. Makes a strong plant 18 inches high with ever greater spread, always well set with pods 5 to 7 inches long. These are flat, plump, meaty, and of a tender brittleness; their clear yellow color seldom scarred by rust.

Improved Golden Wax.

(40 days.) Pods are of good length, oval and quite thick, golden yellow color, and fine buttery flavor.

Pencil Pod Black Wax. (40.) An extremely prolific cropper, of true bush form, maturing early; beans measure 6 to 8 inches long, only slightly curved and pencil thick; brittle, stringless; golden color.

**Round Pod Kidney Wax.**are its freedom from disease and the abundance of large, lemon yellow, fleshy round pods which hang thickly on the plants, of fine flavor, stringless and free from rust.

Wardweil's Kidney Wax. (48 days.) One of the most popular in this section, the large size of the pods making it especially desirable for either home or market use. The strong vines yield abundantly, pods long, flat, broad, brittle, and of a delicate waxy yellow.

#### POLE OR RUNNING BEANS

Plant from 10th to 15th of May in this latitude. The soil should be well enriched. Set poles 4 feet apart each way and plant six to eight beans around them; when well started, thin to three plants to each hill.

Early Golden Cluster Wax. (72 days.) The finest of all the wax podded pole beans. It bears profusely its large, flat, golden yellow pods in clusters of three to six from bottom to top of pole, and continues in bearing long. Seed white.

Old Homestead or Kentucky Wonder. (65 days.) An excellent green podded variety; enormously productive, the long pods hanging in great clusters along the entire vine. Seed dark brown. Of varying pod length, but in their best young, brittle and most delectable state will average 7 to 8 inches.

Kentucky Wonder Wax. (50 days.) One of the earliest bearing pole beans, producing liberal crops of straight, thick, meaty, light yellow pods 8 to 9 inches long. These are brittle and delightfully flavored, similar to the older Kentucky Wonder, but different in shape and color.

Lazy Wife. (70 days.) One of the best for snaps of the later green podded Pole Beans. Pods borne in large clusters, are long, broad thick, fleshy.

#### **POLE LIMA BEANS**

Being tender and liable to rot in the ground if it is cold and wet, must be planted later, say about the last of May or first week in June.

Plant about 1 inch deep, with the eye

sowing. Be liberal with seed, but thin to three or four plants.

Carpinteria. A new early variety which bears abundantly, with three to five large, meaty beans to the pod. These are of rarest flavor and quality, retaining their distinguish-

down. Set poles 3 feet apart at time of

of the very best.

Early Leviathan. (75 days.) Very productive, pods contain from three to four large tender beans of the best quality and fine flavor.

ing green color even after being dried. We would say this sort is one

Glant Podded. (90 days.) A prodigious cropper, with great clusters of well filled pods, both pod and beans very large.

King of the Garden. (90 days.) A vigorous grower bearing profusely. The beans are of good size and have a flavor unsurpassed by any variety.



Kentucky Wonder Pole Bean

#### BUSH LIMA BEANS

Identical with the pole varieties in size of pods. Plant in 3-foot rows, 4 inches apart; or in hills, 2 feet apart in the row.

Burpee Improved
Bush Lima. (85 days.)
Excellent

flavored beans, borne on large vigorous plants. Extremely prolific, hanging in enormous clusters. Pods contain from four to six beans of greenish color.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 45 cts.; 2 lbs., 80 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.30. 10 lbs. or more by express at 28 cts. per lb.

#### Fordhook Bush

growth with stiffly erect stem and branches. It is an enormous bearer of plump well-filled pods which are borne in clusters of four to six, all ready for use at the same time. The beans are large, thick, of greenish color, and of most excellent quality.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ lb., 30 cts.; lb., 50 cts.; 2 lbs., 90 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.85; 10 lbs., \$3.50. 10 lbs. or more by express at 30 cts. per lb.

#### FIELD BEANS

[See Common Prices Below]
Navy. (60 days.) A sure cropper,
productive, and best quality;
much desired for baking. Dry
beans, small, oval, white;
green podded.

Red Kidney. (60 days.) Large flat pods well-filled with red, kidney-shaped beans. One of the best varieties for use as a dry cooking bean.

Fordhook Bush Lima Beans (Actuai Size)

White Kidney. (60 days.) Pure white beans even larger than Marrowfat, cooking up as quickly as potatoes when dry; of delicious flavor and tempting appearance in their green-shelled stage.

White Marrow. (60 days.) Extensively grown for sale as a field bean for winter use. Seeds large white, twice the size of the Navy or Pea bean.

PRICE of Field	Pkt.	½ lb.	lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.		
Beans	.10	. 25	. 40	. 70	1.35	2.50		
10 lbs. or more by express or freight at 20 cts. per lb.								

#### S & H Beans Are All One-Priced

(See Prices First Column, Page 121) unless other prices are stated in description.

TREAT YOUR BEANS WITH



Increases yields on beans, peas and sweet peas by forming nitrogen germs that take nitrogen from the air and make stronger and more vigorous plants.

Every garden needs NITRAGIN. Garden size for peas, sweet peas, and beans, including Lima (3-in-1 Inoculant).

Price.....

250

# BEETS for Table Use

Beets should have a rich loam soil. In preparing your seed bed, pulverize as fine as possible. Cultivate thoroughly and often. Sow as early as ground can be worked, in drills from 12 to 18 inches for hand culture, to 21/2 feet for horse cultivation; cover to a depth of 1 to 2 inches. Thin to a stand of 4 to 6 inches apart in the rows. One ounce to 60 feet of drlll; 5 to 6 pounds per acre.

PRICE. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

(45 days.) Of fine shape, with a smooth and attractive Crimson Globe. dark red skin and small tap root. The interior is a rich deep crimson and fine grained in texture.

Crosby's Egyptian. (40 days.) Improved Early Egyptian; thicker, smoother, better color and quality.

Detroit Dark Red. (50 days.) Globular; smooth, dark blood red; flesh bright, tender, sweet. (Shown in color on back cover.)

Early Model. (45 days). Early, of perfect, globe shape, and fine quality. The beets are always smooth, of the deepest blood red color and quickly attain a good

Eclipse. (45 days.) Early, extra fine quality, smooth, round; skin and flesh red,

Early Wonder. (40 days.) Suitable for either spring or fall sowing. Roots are globe shaped and uniform, small tops; skin and flesh very deep red.

Half Long Blood. (65 days.) Best for winter use.

Swiss Chard Lucullus. The plants grow to a height of 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. The stalks are heavily ribbed, and from 10 to 12 inches long below the leaf; are delicious when cooked and served in the same manner as asparagus. The leaves are large, heavily crumpled or "savoyed," crisply tender and of fine flavor. The leafy portion of the foliage is cooked and served in the same manner as spinach.



#### **Brussels** Sprouts



Crlmson Globe Beets

#### Sugar Beets & Mangels for Stock Feeding

Thinned to 8 to 12 inches in the row. Thorough and frequent cultivation is essential when young, but discontinue as soon as the roots mature, indicated by drying of leaves. Store in earth covered heaps.

Glant Half Sugar Rose. (95 days.) White, with a rosy top; flesh pure white.

Golden Tankard. (95 days.) A golden fleshed mangel; roots half long and very large. Kleln Wanzleben. (65 days.) A large yielder, grown for sugar, and winter food for

Mammoth Long Red. (115 days.) Long, smooth roots of large size. MAIL PRICE: Oz., 10 cts.; 1/4 lb., 25 cts.,

lb., 75 cts.; 5 lbs., \$3.25; 10 lbs., \$6.00.

Highly esteemed for boiling during the late fall and winter months. The sprouts resemble miniature cabbages, growing closely to the stalk of the plant, being produced in abundance from tip to ground level. Quality and flavor much improved by frost. Seed should be sown thinly in drills early in June, the plants reset when 6 inches high into rows 3 to 4 feet apart, 18 to 24 inches apart in the row.

Improved Dwarf. (125 days.) The very best Long Island grown seed. Grows  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet high, and is very productive. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 30 cts.; oz., 50 cts.

CABBAGE

The early varieties should be sown very early in CULTURE. the spring in hot bed or later in open ground. Plant out 18 inches by 2 feet apart. The late varieties are usually sown by the last of May and the plants set out in July, in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet apart in the rows. One ounce will produce 3,000 plants. One-quarter pound of seed in beds, enough for an acre.

All Head Early. (90 days.) Of the flat head type. earliest of all large cabbage. They are solid.

Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 15 ets.; oz., 25 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 ets.; lb., \$2.50.

American Drumhead Savoy. (110 days.) The Savoys excel all other cabbages in flavor, and this is the best of the Savoys. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 20 cts.; oz., 35 cts.; ¼ lb., 85 cts.; lb. \$3.00.





Copenhagen Market. (75 days.) Produces magnificient heads similar to Danish Ball Head, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds. We unhesitatingly recommend this variety to commercial grower and

home gardener alike, as worthy of extensive planting.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.; oz., 50 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$4.50.

Danish Ball Head. (120 days.) Dutch Winter or Hollander. The heads are of medium size, solid and deep, averaging in weight nearly 8 pounds. Their quality is superior and they are just as solid in spring as when put away in the fall. Pkt.,  $\hat{1}0$  ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 30 ets.; oz., 50 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50; lb., \$4.50.

#### CABBAGES—Continued

Early Jersey Wakefield. (75 days.) This is the hardiest and the hardest heading of the extra early sorts, and most Northern gardeners depend upon it for their first crop.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 20 cts.; oz., 30 cts.; ¼ lb., 85 cts.; lb., \$3.00.

Golden Acre. (70 days.) A recent Danish introduction, valuable for these important features: extreme earliness; uniform size and development, with the desirable firmness of later sorts; extra hardiness which maintains perfect condition a long time in the field and on far ship ments. Round heads of medium size. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 30 cts.; oz., 50 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00.

Mammoth Rock Red. (110 days.) By far the best, largest and hardest heading Red Cabbage ever introduced. The plant is large, with numerous spreading leaves, and the head large, very solid, deep

red inside as well as out.

Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20 cts.; oz., 35 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00.

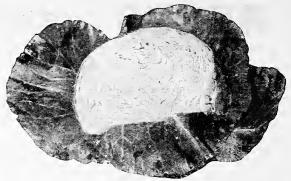
Premium Flat Dutch. (110 days.) A good cabbage for late use. It possesses all the good qualities of the late Flat Dutch, and is a sure header. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz.}$ , 15 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb.}$ , 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50.

Sure Head. (100 days.) Makes a solid large head, with few outer leaves. A strong, vigorous grower. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 15 cts.; oz., 25 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4} \text{ lb.}$ , 75 cts.; lb., \$2.50.



CULTURE. For early use sow in hot bed in February or March. When 4 inches high transplant, if the weather is suitable, 1 foot apart in 2½-foot rows. For late or main crops, sow in August or early September.

Pe Tsai. While not a cabbage, it is closely related, both belonging to the Brassica family. When well grown, makes a head 15 inches long and 4 to 5 inches in diameter, blanching to a beautiful white. May be eaten as a salad or is delicious when cooked in the various ways cabbage is served. Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20 ets.; oz., 35 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00.



Golden Acre Cabbage Sliced to Show Head

## CAULIFLOWER

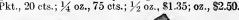


Early Snowball Cauliflower

CULTURE. Cauliflower are partial to a rich fibrous loam well charged with humus. An occasional light dressing of nitrate of soda and potash are beneficial. Make the soil as fine as possible for every transplanting, and do not allow the young plants to become checked at any time for want of water. For spring and early summer use, sow in January or February in hotbed, and transplant to cold frames 2 or 3 inches apart, when sufficiently large; and to the garden 24 to 30 inches each way, as soon as the ground is warm enough. For late autumn crops sow in the early part of June, and transplant in July. When the heads are formed, tie the leaves up over them to blanch.

Danish Giant or Dry Weather. (100 days.) A late variety and a splendid drouth resister. Heads are large and while not so close as Snowball or Erfurt it makes a splendid pickling type. Sure header even in dry weather. Pkt., 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 75 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., \$1.35; oz., \$2.50.

Early Snowball. (90 days.) Very early, and one of the surest to head. If seed is sown March 1st, large-sized heads will be produced early in June. Its dwarf habit of growth renders it one of the best for forcing under glass. Valuable for late planting also. Pkt., 20 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz., 75 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., \$1.35; oz., \$2.50.





Chinese Cabbage

## **CARROTS**

**CULTURE.** Cover the seed about ½ inch, pressing the soil firmly. Sow as early in spring as the ground can be worked; and for late crop from May 1st to June 1st, in drills 15 inches apart. Thin to 3 or 4 inches apart in row.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. of seed will sow an acre, or 1 oz. to 200 feet of drill.

Chantenay. (60 days.) Uniform shape, intermediate in size, deep golden orange; fine for table use.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

Danvers. (75 days.) A smooth carrot of good size. One of the best for stock feeding.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

Ox Heart. (75 days.) A variety good either for family use or market, and profitable for feeding.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ¼ lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00.

Improved Long Orange. (75 days.) A long variety. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00.

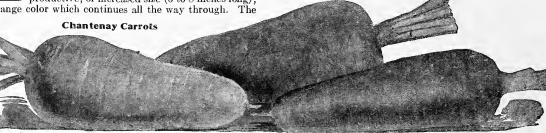
Improved Nantes. (65 days.) Half-long, almost cylindrical, blunt end and very small tap root. Flesh fine grained, with very little core, the skin orange, and very smooth; one of the best table sorts.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 45 cts.; lb., \(\\$1.50\).

Pride of Denmark. This new carrot from Denmark, is immensely productive; of increased size (6 to 8 inches long); and attractive deep orange color which continues all the way through. The

shape is an improvement, being practically the same thickness from end to end. The quality is unsurpassed.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 60 cts.; lb., \$1.75.



## CELERY

#### for Home Use or Marketing

3,000 to 5,000 Plants from I ounce of seed



**Giant Pascal Celery** 

CULTURE. Sow in open ground as soon as the soil can be perfeetly worked; roll or firm the lightly covering soil to retain moisture, as the seed is slow to germinate. Sowing in rows 10 to 12 inches apart is preferable to broadcasting; this means allowing cultivation to be kept up.

Transplant in July to a previously prepared bed made considerably richer than seed bed, 6 to 8 inches apart in the row. Single rows should be 4 feet apart; but twin-rows 10 inches apart (doubling returns with the same labor) should skip 6 feet.

Columbia. (110 days.) An early maturing sort, of medium height,

but very stocky and heavy; the foliage a distinct light green tinged yellow. The stalks are thick, almost round, a rich yellow tint, unsurpassed in quality.

Pkt., 10 ets.; ½ oz., 25 ets.; oz., 40 ets.; ¼ lb., \$1.20; lb., \$3.75.

Easy Blanching. (110 days.) Crisp and delicious, attractively colored. Plants set out in June are fully matured and ready for use early in September:

Pkt., 10 ets.; ½ oz., 25 ets.; oz., 45 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00.

Golden Plume. Matures very early; blanches very quickly, of finest flavor and without strings, crisp and tender. Pkt., 15 cts.; oz., \$1.25; 1/4 lb., \$3.75.

Golden Self-Blanching. (110 days.) Rarely, if ever, pithy; and of a rich golden yellow color, self-blanching. Our seed is genuine French grown, of finest quality, in greatest demand among market gardeners. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 65 cts.; oz., \$1.00;

1/4 lb., \$3.50.

Golden Self-Blanching

Glant Pascal. (135 days.) For second early and mid-winter use. The stalks are large, thick, solid, crisp and of a rich nutty flavor, free from bitterness.

Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 25 ets.; oz., 40 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.25; lb., \$3.50.

Glant Pascal (Special Strain).

Pkt., 15 ets.; oz., 75 ets.; 1/4 lb., \$2.25.

White Plume. (120 days.) Its eating qualities are excellent; its white feather-like foliage a real table ornament. Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 25 ets.; oz., 40 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00.

Winter Queen. (140 days.) This is one of the finest varieties for winter use. Makes a stocky, vigorous growth, blanching readily to a beautiful creamy white. Hearts are large and solid, very crisp and tender. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 25 cts.; oz., 40 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00.

Celerlac Glant Prague. (125 days.) The root is turnip-shaped, sweet and tender, and may be cooked like turnips or eaten like radishes; used largely for seasoning meats and soups. Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20 ets.; oz., 35 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 75 ets.

#### COLLARDS

Georgia. Forms a loose head of cabbage-like leaves which are largely used for greens. May be used as soon as large enough, but are improved with frosts. Sow seed in open ground, and when well started thin to 15 inches apart in the row. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ¼ lb., 45 cts.

#### **POPCORN**

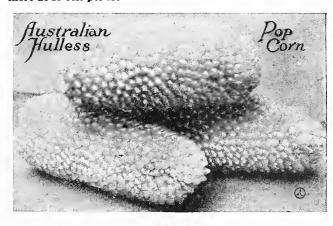
Sow in rows 3 feet apart soon as beans can be planted, using more than one row, to insure polinization, covering 2 to 3 inches deep with fine soil. Thin the plants to stand 10 or 12 inches apart in the row. The ears should be thoroughly dry before attempting to pop.

Australian Hulless. Variously known as "Tom Thumb" or "Bumble Bee" popcorn, distinguished by an absence of hull or shell when popped. Dwarf growing, but a heavy yielder of short, chunky ears. The kernels are pearly white, unusually long and slim, of splendid popping quality and appealing flavor.

Queens Golden. Stalk 5 to 6 feet; two or three large ears each. Kernels rich yellow but pop out pure white over an inch in diameter.

White Rice. Three or four short ears, kernels long and pointed resembling rice in shape as well as its pearly white color. A splendid

MAIL PRICE: Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 20 cts.; lb., 35 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00. By express or freight, 10 lbs. or more at 15 cts. per lb.





## Temley's "Watch-em-Grow" Plant

A wonderfully quick-acting, perfectly compounded Plant Food giving us one of the best balanced fertilizers possible to secure. Use it on your house plants, as follows: Dissolve a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water, afterwards pouring this into one gallon of cold water. Water your plants with this mixture. For a six-inch pot plant, use a pint of mixture once each week until you note improvement; then once in two weeks, and occasionally thereafter.

In repotting plants, use a teaspoonful dry, thoroughly mixed throughout four quarts of potting soil.

In the garden, it may be used in the same way as recommended for pot plants.

#### Guaranteed Analysis

Ammonia, soluble in water. Available Phosphoric Acid. Potash, soluble in water.... Total, in perfect balance......43%

#### A TRIAL PACKAGE FOR 10 Cts.

Send us 10 cts. for a trial package of "Watch-em-Grow," with directions for using. After using contents, if you are satisfied with results, you may return us the empty package and forty cents (40 cts.), for which we will mail you one of our regular fifty cent cans of "Watch-em-Grow" Plant Food. This makes the trial package cost you nothing.

Large, 8-oz. can, 50 cts.

CULTURE. Plant in hills 3 feet apart each way, or in 4-foot rows with hills a foot apart. Cover only a half inch; and thin out to three plants to a hill.

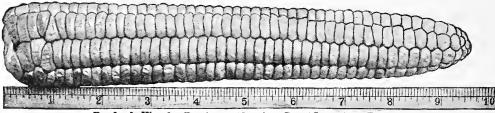
One pound plants 150 hills; 8 to 12 pounds per acre; in drills or broadcasted for fodder 20 to 50 pounds per acre; in drills or broadcasted for fodder, 20 to 50 pounds per acre.

POSTPAID PRICE-UN-LESS OTHERWISE NOTED

\*See Page 121 for deduction for express or freight.

Pkt.	½ Lb.	Lb.
.10	.20	.35
2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
.65	\$1.35	\$2.50

10 lbs. or more by express or freight at 20 cts. per lb.



Barden's Wonder Bantam—Showing Great Length of Ears

Three

Fine Ears of

Golden Bantam

#### EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

Golden Sunshine. (50 days.) Blue skies and sunshine have combined their divinely guided chemistry to produce the nectar-like sweetness of this delicious golden corn. The ears are compact, about same size as Golden Bantam, but more refined in appearance, having from 10 to 12 rows of grains instead of 8 as Golden Bantam. It is a very rapid grower, and the earliest of the golden group.

Pkt., 15 cts.; ½ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 45 cts.; 2 lbs., 85 cts.; lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40.

By express or freight, 10 lbs. or more at 28 cts. Golden Bantam.

(60 days.) Whatever the reason, you all know it for a fact that this is the most popular sweet corn "Golden Bantam" is a ever used. household word. Matures with the earliest and by making a planting every two weeks, may be had from early summer until frost. Kernels are a rich golden yellow, tender, with a flavor exceptionally rich and pleasing. Ears are eight rowed, 6 to 7 inches long, just the right size for serving on the cob. Barden's Wonder Bantam.

(60 days.) This improved type exemplifies Golden Bantam at its bestearly, richly colored, plump, juicy and distinctively flavored; but going further towards perfection from the Marketer's and Canner's standpoint, Barden's Wonder produces higher up on taller stalks (5 to 6 feet); ears much longer (8 to 10 inches long), thus greatly increasing the tonnage per acre and consequent profit, at no sacrifice of earliness or Bantam quality.

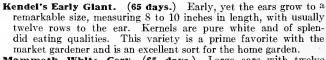
Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb.}$ , 25 ets.; 10., 40 ets.; 2 lbs., 75 ets.; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.80. 10 lbs. or more by express or freight, at 23 cts. per lb.

Extra Early Adams.

(52 days.) Not a sweet corn, but is so hardy that a planting may be made before it is safe to plant the sweet varie-

Roasting ears may be had extremely early and are of good quality. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ lb., 20 cts.; lb., 35 cts.; 2 lbs., 65 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.30. 10 lbs. or more by express at 18 cts. per lb. **Howling Mob.** (65 days.) This is a very popular variety. It is

the largest eared of all the early sorts and usually produces two ears to the stalk. Ears from 7 to 9 inches long, well protected with husk, kernels large and pure white. A fine variety for market.



Mammoth White Cory. (65 days.) Large ears with twelve rows of perfectly formed kernels. The grains are large, pure white and of excellent quality. For an early pure white sugar corn this old favorite is unsurpassed by any.

> MEDIUM EARLY SWEET CORN

Bantam Evergreen. (70 days.) Bantam Evergreen is the result of a cross between Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen. It has inherited all the good qualities of both parents. It is as sweet as Golden Bantam, the same beautiful color, but in addition has an ear nearly as large as Stowell's. The kernels are deep grained, plump, a beautiful cream color at the eating stage.

Country Gentleman. (70 days.) This is sometimes known as "Shoe-peg," from the small peg-like kernels irregularly placed on the cob. Medium sized ear, with small cob, giving great depth to the kernels. The quality of this variety is fine and is preferred by some to all others.

Early Evergreen. (70 days.) variety is about ten days earlier with nearly as large an ear as the Stowell's and equal to it in every other respect.

#### LATE SWEET CORN VARIETIES

Black Mexican. (75 days.) One of the most sugary. The grains when first perfected are pure white, and at their best. They then become dark, though still retaining their sweetness.

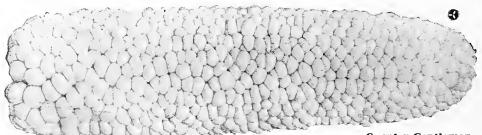
Stowell's Evergreen. (80 days.) The old popular variety. Hardy and productive, tender and sugary, remaining a long time in a condition

suitable for eating. A good sort to plant for fodder, as it makes a rank growth of heavy forage.

Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 20 ets.; lb., 35 ets.; 2 lbs., 65 ets.; 5 lbs. \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.30.

10 lbs. or more by express at 18 cts. per lb.

#### SWEET CORN FOR FODDER



Country Gentleman

There is nothing better for green-feed or curing for forage than Sweet Corn. Cattle highly relish it and keep in fine condition when fed upon it. Dairy cows which receive a regular ration of corn-fodder give an abundance of milk.

Also excellent for soiling. Sow thickly in drills, or broadcast at the rate of 2 bu. per acre.

5 lbs., 85 cts.; 10 lbs., \$1.50—by mail postpaid. 10 lbs. or more by freight or express at 10 cts. per lb.; 100 lbs. at 8 cts. per lb.



## **CUCUMBERS**

Cucumbers succeed best in rich loamy soil. As soon as the weather becomes warm and settled, plant in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way, with 10 to 12 seeds in a hill; cover one-half inch deep. Air slaked lime or "Slug Shot" sprinkled on the plants every few days as soon as they are up will protect them from the striped beetle. When all danger from insects is past, thin out plants, leaving 3 or 4 of the strongest to each hill. The fruit should be picked when large enough, otherwise it destroys their productiveness. One ounce to 50 hills. Two to 3 lbs. per acre.

Arlington White Spine. (55 days.) Much improved by careful selection and much superior to the old sort. It is a rich green in color and is very productive. One of the best varieties for forcing, equally good for outdoor planting. Often sown mixed with Long Green for pickles. Pkt., 10 cts.: oz., 15 cts.: 14 lb., 35 cts.: lb., \$1.25

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ¼ lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

Cool and Crisp. (65 days.) Fruits are straight, long, slim and even, a healthy dark green. Very productive and by reason of its uniform shape, makes one of the best pickling sorts, also excellent for slicing. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ¼ lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

Davis Perfect.

shipping. The color is a dark glossy green, long, slim in shape. It is tender and of exceptionally good flavor.

Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; ½ lb., 45 ets.; lb., \$1.50

yet introduced. The rich dark green fruits when matured at the slicing stage average 7½ to 8 inches in length and retain their color remarkably long. The flesh is firm, with a small seed cavity, making it a good shipping and market as well as pickling sort, producing an enormous quantity. The vine growth is very vigorous, and the large leaves, very resistant to disease. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; ½ lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.50.

Early Cluster. (50 days.) Vines vigorous, producing the crop near the roots and in clusters. Fruits short, early and of good shape for pickling. Very prolific. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00.

Everbearing. (65 days.) The young fruit is symmetrical, deep in color and crisp. It is of medium size and makes a fine pickle. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; ½ lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.50.

Improved Chicago Pickling. (68 days.) Very popular with the market gardeners. Fruit is of medium length, pointed at each end with large and prominent spines, color deep green; extremely prolific. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ½ lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

Improved Long Green. (65 days.) Slicing and pickling. Of excellent quality, dark green firm and crisp. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.50,

Lemon Cucumber. (55 days.) Shaped and colored like a lemon. with fine bitter-free flavor. May be eaten green, but is best just as it is turning yellow. Makes excellent pickles, but excels for slicing and salads. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.

The New Longfellow.

A short description for a long cuke. The fruit averages 12 to the fruit averages 12 to borne early and in real abundance despite its great length. One of the very few cucumbers which, when grown out doors, resembles the hot-house type; holding its dark green color until the last, and being in all other respects equally desirable.

Pkt., 15 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; ½ lb., 75 cts.; lb., \$2.25.

West India Gherkin. Grown exclusively for pickles, to be picked when young and tender. Oval 2 to 3 inches long, and thickly studded with heavy spines. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.



Davis Perfect Cucumber

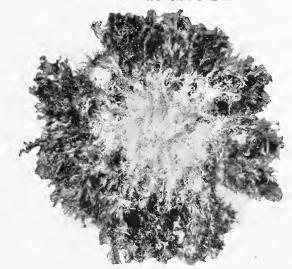
Windermoor Wonder. A notable new variety both profitable in the field, and an ideal forcing type. The fruits are firm, comparatively seedless, of uniform slim shape 12 to 16 inches long, persistent dark green color, and excellent flavor. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50.

#### **CRESS**

Pepper Grass—Extra Curied. Extensively used as a small salad with lettuce. The leaves while young have a warm pungent taste. Sow rather thick in shallow drills, and at short intervals during the season. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ½ lb., 40 cts.

**DANDELION** See next page, 128. **EGG PLANT.** See next page, 128.

#### ENDIVE WINTER SALAD



Endive, Green Curled

**CULTURE.** For early use sow in April; for late or main crop, in June or July, in drills 14 inches apart; when 2 or 3 inches high thin to 1 foot apart in the drills. When fully grown should be blanched.



The New Longfellow Larger crops of better vegetables grow from S. & H. reliable seeds

PRICE: Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb., 45 cts.

Large Green Curled. (40 days.) A broad leaved variety.

White Curied. (35 days.)
Pale green, mid-rib yellow.

Broad Leaved Batavian.
(Escarolle.) (45 days.)
Good as a salad or cooking like Kale or Mustard.

#### DANDELION

CULTURE. (55 days.) Sow early in spring in drills 18 inches apart; thin out and cultivate; they will be fit for cutting the next spring. For roots, sow in September, and cultivate well; they will be fit to dig next October. Our seed is from carefully selected thick-

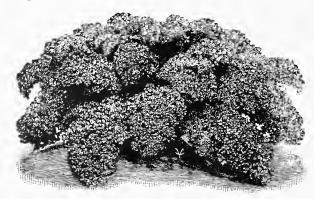
Pkt., 15 cts.; ½ oz., 40 cts.; oz., 75 cts.

#### EGG PLANT

CULTURE. Sow in hot bed early in spring; transplant  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet apart each way after weather becomes settled and warm. If no hot bed is at hand, plants may be started in pots or boxes. The potato beetle is very fond of the plants. Paris green applied same as to potatoes will keep them in check. One ounce to 1,000 plants.

PRICE: Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 30 cts.; oz., 50 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. \$1.50. Black Beauty. (140 days.) The fruits are broad and thick, of attractive form and finest flavor; rich purplish black, entirely free from spines or thorns.

Improved Large Purple. (125 days.) Fruit remarkably large, often measuring 12 inches in depth and 9 inches in diameter, weighing 5 to 6 pounds.



Dwarf Green Curled Kale

#### **HERBS**

Herbs in general delight in rich mellow soil. For early use sow in hot-beds in March, transplanting to the open ground when weather is suitable. May also be sown in the open ground in May in rows 12 inches apart. Cover lightly and when large enough thin out to 8 to 10 inches apart in the row. They should be cut on a dry day just before they come into full bloom and hung where they may dry quickly.





DIII. (Anethum graveolus.) An annual cultivated for its seeds which have an aromatic odor and warm pungent taste. They are used as a condiment, also in making dill

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 45 cts.

Sage. (Salvia officinalis.) The leaves and tender tops are used in seasoning dressing and sauces. A medicinal tea is also made from the dried leaves. Perennial. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 30 ets.

Sweet Marjoram. (Origanum marjorana.) Used as a relish in soups, broths and dressings. Perennial. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 35 cts.



#### KALE

CULTURE. Kale is one of the hardiest of "Greens" belonging to the Cabbage family. Sow either in rows or broadcast; in early spring, for summer and fall use, August or September for spring use. One or 2 pounds to an acre. One oz. of seed should produce about 3,000

Dwarf Green Curled. (55 days.) This is the most popular variety. dwarf and very hardy, with splendidly curled leaves, tinged slightly with yellow.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

#### KOHL RABI

A turnip-rooted cabbage, the edible part being the bulb which grows on a stalk a few inches above the ground. Use before bulbs get to be more than 2 inches thick, as all varieties are tough and stringy when overgrown. It is well to remove the thick outer skin before boiling. They may be served just like turnips. CULTURE. The seed should be sown in the spring 1/4-inch deep in drills 2 feet apart. When the plants are a few inches high, thin to 8 inches apart. Two pounds of seed for one acre.

PRICE: Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20 cts.; oz., 35 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00. Early White Vienna. (50 days.) Dwarf, small early; bulb handsome, firm, glossy white; the best variety for the table

Purple Vienna. (70 days.) A fine purple type much liked for later

#### LEEK

American Flag. (70 days.) Closely allied to the Onion, it is used in soups, stews, or boiled whole and creamed; its mildness and distinctive flavor making it very popular. The entire lower portion or neck, of the plant is used. Sow early in the spring in drills ¼ inch deep and 1 foot apart. When 6 or 8 inches high transplant as deep as possible, that the neck may be blanched. One ounce to 150 feet drilled. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 30 cts.; 1/4 lb., \$1.00.

# LETTUCE

CULTURE. Lettuce seed should be covered very shallow to secure germination, especially the black seeded if sown under glass or in the house. For early Spring use sow in September and protect through the winter in cold frames the same as cabbages, or sow in hot beds in March and transplant to open ground as soon as it can be worked. For late supplies sow in the open ground as soon as the season will permit, in rows 1 foot apart; thin out plants 1 foot apart in rows. If sown every 2 or 3 weeks to the middle of August, it may be had in perfection the entire season. One ounce will sow 125 feet of drill and produce 3,000 plants.

**Big Boston.** (45 days.) Of the head types it is easily the leader, giving equally good results under glass or in the open. Leaves are light green and very tender. Our strain of this variety is unsurpassed. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; 1/4 lb., 50 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

Black Seeded Simpson. (40 days.) The leaves are thin, tender, and of a light green color; very early.
Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; ¼ lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50.

California Cream Butter. (42 days.) A very popular variety of head lettuce. Forms a large head of a rich buttery flavor. Leaves are thick, the outer ones green, slightly tinged with brown. An easy sort to grow and ship. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

Creamy Heart. (45 days.) (Illustration in color on back cover.) Developed from a sport of California Cream Butter, a large firm head without any brown spots or edges. The outer leaves are dark glossy green, the heart blanched to a beautiful creamy yellow. Extremely popular in the New England states as a late spring and early summer crop.

Pkt., 15 cts.; oz., 35 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.00.

Denver Market. (45 days.) An early lettuce for forcing or open ground culture. The leaves are beautifully curled and crimped. Crisp, tender and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; ¼ lb., 50 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

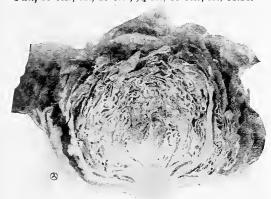
Early Curled Simpson. A compact mass of yellowish-green leaves. Earlier than head lettuces.

Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; ¼ lb., 50 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

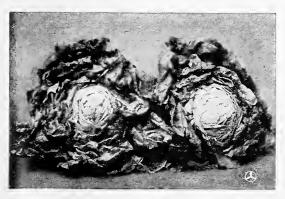
Early Prize Head. (50 days.) Bright green, tinged with brownish red, of superb flavor, tender and hardy.

Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; 1/4 lb., 50 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

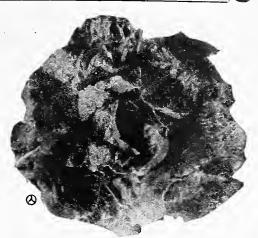
Grand Rapids. (38 days.) As a forcing variety for win spring use this stands at the head of the list. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.50. As a forcing variety for winter and early



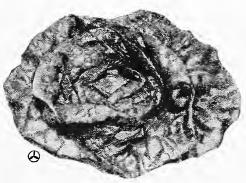
Improved Hanson



New York or Wonderful



Bla Boston



May King

Improved Hanson. (45 days.) Heads large, fine form, deliciously sweet, tender and crisp, color green outside and white within. Intermediate between the loose-leaved and heading varieties (black seeds). Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 50 ets.; lb., \(\frac{\$1.50}{.}\)

May King. (42 days.) Grown outdoors it is extremely early, maturing handsome light green heads of good size, unsurpassed in quality, and solid enough to make it a good shipper to distant markets. For forcing under glass it is most desirable. A first class all purpose variety Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; 1/4 lb., 50 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

New York. ("Wonderful," "Los Angeles.") (55 days.) A remarkable head lettuce famous from coast to coast. In the East called New York, in the West, Los Angeles, both sections agreeing on Wonderful. Immense round heads about 15 inches across, weighing 2 to 3 pounds, crisp and solid as a cabbage. The broad outer leaves are dark green and crumpled, the firm heart a creamy white, tender and delicious. Deep rooted and drought resistant, sure and reliable, slow to seed. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 25 ets.; ¼ lb., 75 ets.; lb., \$2.25,

Wayahead. (42 days.) One of the very earliest and surest to head, either in cold frame or open ground; of large size, tightly folded, the interior blanched to a rich butter yellow. Quality is extra fine throughout the season. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; 1/4 lb., 60 ets.; lb., \$1.75.

White Self-Closing Cos. (55 days.) Of all celery or Cos lettuce, this is the leader. Beautiful light colored outer leaves, centers blanching to a pure white, very tender and of delicious Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; 1/4 lb., 65 ets.; lb., \$2.00.

Good Things to Eat from Storrs & Harrison's

#### SUPERIOR VEGETABLE SEEDS

(As Illustrated on Back Cover of This Book)

Unrivalled Wax Beans, 1 pkt. Detroit Dark Red Beets, 1 pkt. Creamy Heart Lettuce, 1 pkt. Hailstone Radishes, 1 pkt.

SPECIAL 4 Packets, 1 of each for

Regular	price	 				10c
Regular	price	 				.10c
Regular	price.	 	٠.			15c
Regular	price.	 				.10c

30C Postpald

# MUSKMELONS for All Latitudes

**CULTURE.** Melons require rich soil. Sow ten to fifteen seeds to each hill, which should be six feet apart each way. When well started thin out to three or four strongest plants. One ounce will sow or plant fifty hills, two or three pounds to the acre.

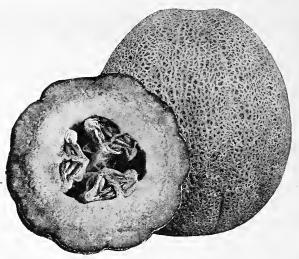
PRICE: Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

Banana. (85 days.) Make a long banana-like growth, very fragrant and of delicious flavor. Excellent for the home garden.

**Bender's Surprise.** An oval, heavily netted melon averaging ten pounds of delicious flavor and sweetness. The deep orange flesh is very thick, the rind very firm, which helps hold them in good condition a week after picking.

Early Hackensack. (60 days.) This is an extra early, large and productive variety. The fruits are deeply netted, flesh light green; of most excellent quality. Recommended for sections with a short season.

Emerald Gem. (80 days.) Very popular with both home and market gardeners; dark emerald green, with lighter stripes. Flesh very thick, dark salmon.



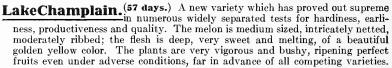
Hearts of Gold



Lake Champlain

Fordhook. (70 days.) The thick flesh is very firm, salmon, very highly flavored; seed cavity small; early and continuous; heavily ribbed, medium in size, weighing about two pounds.

Hearts of Gold. (70 days.) Good to look at with its fine netting, fairly distinct ribs, uniform just-right table size, and satisfying abundance. The flesh is a lucious pink and gold, with little waste in seed cavities; flavor unexcelled; shipping profitably.



Nicholson's New Honey Ball. (90 days.) "Sweetest of the Sweet." The sugar sweet flesh of Honeydew encased within the thin, firm, perfectly round rind of Cannonball. Of medium size, hardy, prolific and long keeping, this combination of two fancy types is of exceptional quality when ripened on the vine, and commercial value.

Osage. (Selected.) (75 days.) Of uniform quality, sweet and delicious. The skin is thin, dark green and slightly netted; the flesh deep salmon, of spicy flavor. A good keeper and largely planted.

Rocky Ford. (70 days). Flesh greenish white in color, very juicy and rich and good clear to the rind. Medium, round, oval; an excellent keeper.

Tip Top. (80 days). Very productive, medium size, nearly round, slightly ribbed and fairly well covered with shallow netting; flesh deep yellow.



A home-grown melon for your Thanksgiving dinner! Genuine mid-season form and lucious flavor carried beyond the melancholy days, when frost has

bit the pumpkin and corn is in the shock. This is not a "Citron," nor a freak, but a very prolific long-keeping true watermelon type of medium size, round shape, yellowish rind with flesh bright red, crystalline, sweet as honey. Take fruits from field before frost, and store in cool cellar.



This Customer Likes Our Winter Watermelon

April 29, 1926

Gentlemen: Have waited too long to send more of an order. Sorry. The writer has two of the Winter Watermelons raised from seed purchased from you last year. No extra care has been taken of them, and they seem to be in as firm condition as when they went on my pantry shelf last Fall.

F. S. Fisher, Newport, Tennessee.



The Luscious Honeydew

Honeydew. (120 days.) Much in demand at fancy prices in the markets. They are nearly round in shape, with a hard, firm white smooth rind that enables them to be safely shipped any distance. The solid fruits may be laid away for deliberate ripening making them available for use even late into fall when other melons are gone. The flavor is unlike that of any other melon and is sweet as honey; flesh firm, light green, with few seeds. Requires rich warm soil and a fairly long growing season.



# **VATERMELONS**

CULTURE. The best soil for growing these tempting, luscious products of the field, is sand; but well drained loam if sun-warmed will produce excellent crops. Plant in hills 8 feet apart each way, using a shovelful of well rotted manure in each hill, thin to 6 plants to hill, after all danger of bugs is past, further thin to 4 plants. Do not plant melon seeds until the ground is thoroughly warmed. Use "Slug Shot" for bugs. One ounce plants 20 to 40 hills or 4 pounds for 1 acre.

Prices: All varieties-except noted: Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4-lb. 45 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Cole's Early. (65 days.) A choice melon for the home garden. The flesh is bright red, crisp, sweet and of fine flavor, of medium size, but solid, with thin rind. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 15 ets.; ¼ lb., 35 ets.; lb. \$1.00.

Fordhook Early. (60 days.) An extra early melon of fine flavor and large size. Color a uniform medium green. Flesh red and sweet.

Halbert Honey. (75 days.) The melons are 18 to 20 inches long, full and round at both ends; skin dark glossy green and flesh a beautiful crimson; excellent for nearby market as well as for home use.

Harris' Earliest. (60 days.) The best variety for northern latitudes, largest and sweetest of all the early melons. Oval in shape, green striped with gray, attaining a weight of 20 to 30 pounds. Firm hard rind, shipping well; flesh bright red and tender, very sweet and delicious.

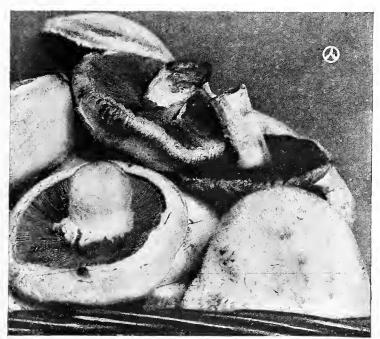
Kleckley's Sweet. (70 days.) The skin is a rich, dark green, the flesh bright scarlet, ripening close to the rind.

The Watson. (90 days.) One of the very best melons introduced to date. Perfect in shape, rind is dark, glossy green, very tough and thin, the flesh dark red, very crisp, no strings and most delicious. Popular, not alone for its luscious flavor and captivating inner beauty, but also for the ease in carrying, stacking and handling due to its uniform elongated shape.

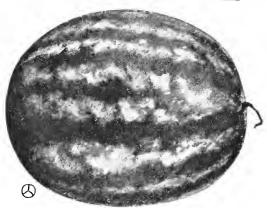
#### MUSHROOM SPAWN

Mushrooms are considered a great delicacy by everyone and are always in much demand at fancy prices. Many are devoting their spare time to mushroom culture and are getting big returns for their labor. Nearly everyone has some unused place that might be devoted to mushroom growing. Contrary to general belief, it is not necessary to have especially prepared equipment for this purpose, but advantage may be taken of locations already existent. They can be grown in dark rooms, caves, cellars or under greenhouse benches, where the temperature can be maintained at from 50 to 60 degrees. They may to some extent even be grown out of doors, in the lawn or orchard. Thus, adding at very little expense, a valuable home crop.

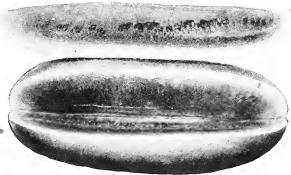
We furnish complete cultural directions with each order. brick is required for 10 square feet.



Mushrooms Grown from Lambert's Pure Culture Spawn



Harrls' Earllest



The Watson

#### Lambert's Pure Culture Mushroom

A new departure in cultivation. This method insures the reproduction of a certain type, free from all inferior sorts, that will largely increase the yield and produce the very best mushrooms.

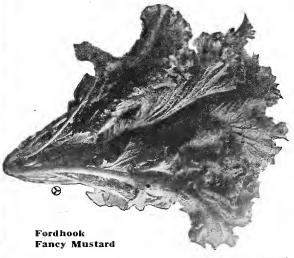
50 cts. per brick, 2 for 90 cts., 5 bricks for \$1.75; by mail postpaid. 10 bricks by express (not prepaid) for \$2.75.

#### **MUSTAR**

For early salads sow in a medium hot bed in March, and for general crop at intervals through the spring, in rows 6 to 8 inches apart, and rather thickly in the rows. Cut it when 4 inches high.

Fordhook Fancy Mustard. (50 Days.) Splendid flavor, can be cooked at any time of the year just like spinach and by many is considered far superior.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.25.



CULTURE. A strong, deep, rich and loamy soil is most suitable, even a black sandy loam. Muck beds well drained to the depth or even a black sandy loam. Muck beds well drained to the depth of 2 feet give large yields. The ground should be heavily dressed with well rotted manure, and plowed a moderate depth, taking a narrow furrow in order to more thoroughly mix the manure with tne soil; if possible the plowing should be done in the fall. As early in the spring as the ground is in working order harrow it thoroughly and make as fine and level as possible; sow thinly in drills one-fourth inch deep and 14 inches apart. Keep the surface of the ground open and free from weeds but do not ridge up to the growing bulbs. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 4 to 5 pounds per acre for large onions, 50 to 60 pounds for sets.

Ohio Yellow Globe. (120 days.) One of the finest yellow commercial onions grown; of good size, true globe shape, absolutely free from any neck, a solid bulb and fine keeper. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 65 cts.; lb., \$2.00.

Prize Taker. (100 days.) A very large onion, hardy, productive and a fair keeper. Outside skin is rich yellow, flesh white, sweet and tender. They bottom well, are free from stiff necks.

Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.; lb., \$2.00.

Southport Yellow Globe. days.) A bright yellow globe mild flavored and highly esteemed. Plants have the typical slender neck of the rigidly selected Southport strain which insures early and dependable maturity, with good keeping quality.

Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; 1/4 lb., 50 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

Southport Red Globe. (110 days.) An attractive globe shaped variety; matures quite early, grows large and is very productive; skin deep red; flesh fine grained.

Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 20 ets.; 1/4 lb., 50 ets.; lb., \$1.50.

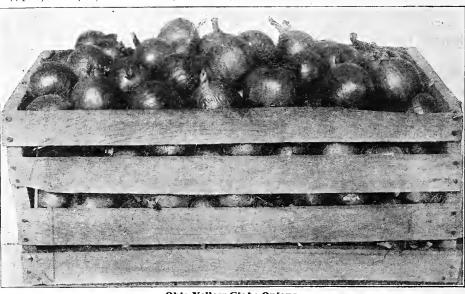
Southport White Globe. (120 days.) Commands the highest market price; good shape, clear white skin. To keep the white color cure in shade.

Pkt., 15 cts.; oz., 35 cts.; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.00.

Mammoth Silver King. (80 days.) A large flat but thick, sweet, silvery white Italian variety, maturing very early. On account of its extreme mildness it is one of the best for salads and eating raw. To produce the largest onions, transplant when the young seedlings are 3 to 4 inches high. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 35 ets.; 1/4lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.00

White Silverskin. (95 days.) This is a small silvery white onion. Just the right size for pickling whole for which it is used almost entirely. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 30 cts.; 1/4 lb., 85 cts.; lb., \$2.50.

Large Red Wethersheld. (100 days.) A standard variety in the East, and the earliest maturing, productive red. Makes a large sized flat onion, deep purplish red in color. The flesh is a purplish white, moderately fine grained and strongly flavored. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 60 cts.; lb., \$1.75.



**Ohio Yellow Giobe Onions** 

#### **ONION SETS**

Plant onion sets as soon as ground is dry enough, in rows a foot apart, with sets 2 to 3 in. apart. One pound will plant about 100 linear feet; or 300 to 500 pounds to acre. Raised from sets, onions can be used green in June, or ripened by July. Write quotations on large quantities.

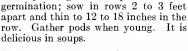
PRICES: (Subject to market change) By mail, postpaid: Lb., 35 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

By express, collect: 15 ibs. at 15 cts.; 20 ibs. and over at  $12\frac{1}{2}$  cts. Quotations on large quantities.

Very mild white flesh, yellow skin variety. Ebenezer.

White. Silver skin.

Yeliow Danvers.



White Velvet. (50 days). A very popular variety producing long smooth white pods of excellent flavor, very prolific. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 25 ets.; lb., 75 ets.

**OKRA** 

before planting to insure quick and even

CULTURE. Seed should be soaked

#### PARSLEY

Sow in drills 1 foot apart, in rich, mellow soil; soak the seed 12 hours before sowing, which should be done in early spring, as they are very slow to germinate. When 1 or 2 inches high thin out the plants to 6 inches apart in the rows. Used as a garnish for table, also in soups. Late in the fall, a few plants may be dug up and potted; set in a sunny window, will provide fresh leaves all winter.

Champion Moss Curled. (65 days.) A compact growing finely cut and beautifully curled variety, the favorite garnish.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 40 cts.; lb., \(\frac{\$1.25}{.}\) Hamburg (or Rooted). (100 days.) Grown for its piquantly edible These are shaped and in size similar to Parsnips, with white flesh, the flavor very much like Celeriac. Useful as flavoring for soups and stews, and often cooked like parsnips. May be dug late and stored in dry sand for winter use.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.25.



OEra

Order your seeds early so that you can take advantage of the first signs of spring.

Plant small, quick growers like lettuce, radishes, etc., between the rows of larger, slower maturing sorts. In the case of early sorts such as spinach, start tomatoes, corn, etc., between the rows to occupy the ground after the former is harvested.

Never cultivate or handle any kind of beans when the vines are wet. This is the easiest way to spread a serious disease and ruin the crop.

Success against weeds means keeping them out, not taking them out after they get in. To insure a succession of such plants as peas, beans, lettuce, radishes, beets, kohlrabi, etc., sow a fresh row every week or so.

#### **PEANUTS**

Peanuts are an American institution, their delectable aroma and consumption an inevitable feature at all American outdoor sports. It may be a matter of surprise to most northern gardeners that it is not only practical but profitable to raise your own, as well as help supply your local market. The prolific tops are valuable as forage; the nuts for fattening hogs.

CULTURE. Peanuts require light rich soil well lined. Plant in the spring as soon as the ground has become warm, in rows 30 to 36 inches apart, placing the seed 6 to 10 inches apart in the row. It is not necessary to remove the hull when planting. Keep well hoed. When matured pull and hang up to dry.

Valencia. A very desirable and productive Spanish bush type. Mild, sweet flavored, bearing 3 or 4 peas in each hull.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 40 cts.; 2 lbs., 70 cts.; 5 lbs \$1.40.



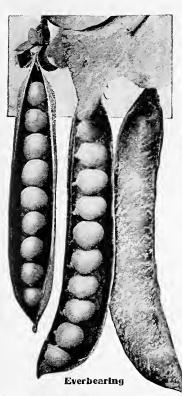
Hollow Crown Parsnips

## **PARSNIPS**

Parsnips sliced and fried are a nutritious and acceptable side dish at many a winter dinner.

CULTURE. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill; 5 pounds for one acre. Sow as early in the spring as the weather will permit, in drills 15 inches apart, covering half an inch deep. When well up thin out to 5 or 6 inches apart in the rows. Unlike carrots they are improved by frost, and it is usual to take up in fall only a certain quantity for winter use, leaving the rest in the ground until spring, to be dug as required. If cellar-stored, pack in boxes filled with slightly moist soil.

Hollow Crown or Long Smooth. (85 days.) Roots oblong, ending somewhat abruptly with a tap root; best variety for general use. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ½ lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00.





#### Sweet And Tender S. & H. Fresh Crop Seeds Yield Good Returns

PRICES	Pkt.	½ Lb.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
POSTPAID:	10e	25e	40c	75c	\$1.55	\$3.00

(UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.) \*See page 121 for deductions for express or freight. 10 lbs. or more by express or freight, not prepaid,—25 cts. per lb.

CULTURE. Peas mature earliest in a light, rich soil; for general crop a moderately heavy soil is best. Commence sowing early varieties as soon as ground can be worked, continue for a succession every 2 weeks until June. Sow the early, second early and late varieties at the same time for a succession. One pound for 100 feet of drill; 110-175 pounds for an acre. The wrinkled varieties are more susceptible to cold, wet weather than the small round, hard sorts, hence should not be planted very early except in warm dry locations.

Brush can be used to advantage on all varieties, but the various dwarf growing sorts take care of themselves very well without. If brush is not available, chicken wire is the best substitute for use with the taller growing kinds.

The crop should be gathered as fast as it is fit for use. If even a few pods begin to ripen, not only ill new pods cease to ripen, but those partly advanced will stop growing.

#### EXTRA EARLY PEAS

These varieties can often be planted early in March; and use your lightest strip of soil. Alaska and First and Best may be sown as soon as ground can be worked. Later types need heavier soil which retains moisture under the hot sun.

Alaska. (45 days.) An extra early hardy pea. Pods of perfect shape, well filled with smooth peas of unrivalled quality. Seed blue. Height, 2½ feet. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ lb., 20 cts.; lb., 35 cts.; 2 lbs., 65 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.30.

By express, 10 lbs. or more at 18 cts. per lb.

American Wonder. (55 days.) An early wrinkled pea, growing from 9 to 12 inches high, and producing well filled pods of the finest flavor.

Pkt., 10 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb.,  $\hat{20}$  ets.; lb., 35 ets.; 2 lbs., 70 ets.; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

By express, 10 lbs. or more, 20 ets. per lb.

Blue Bantam. (55 days.) The dwarf, vigorous vines average fifteen inches in height and carry enormous crops of large deep bluish green pods. These measure 4 to  $4\frac{1}{2}$  inches long and are tightly packed with 8 to 10 extra large luscious peas. Considered one of the best flavored.

Everbearing. (65 days.) Grows about 20 inches high; pods of good length; peas very large, wrinkled and in quality unsurpassed. For continuance and profusion of bearing this variety is unexcelled. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 40 cts.; 2 lbs., 70 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.50. 10 lbs. or over by express at 20 cts. per lb.

INOCULATE ALL PEAS & BEANS Original Legume Inoculator



#### Garden Size 25c

Few home garden plots contain soil rich enough for peas and beans. Inoculate your seed with NITRAGIN and they get nitrogen from the air—and enrich instead of rob the soil.

the soil.

GARDEN SIZE, 25c

Inoculates 1 oz. to 8 lbs. of

#### EXTRA EARLY CROP PEAS—Continued

First and Best. (45 days.) Pods well filled with round, smooth peas of excellent flavor. Extremely early, productive and hardy. Height,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 20 cts.; lb., 35 cts., 2 lbs., 65 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.50. By express, 10 lbs. or more at 20 cts. per lb.

Gradus. (55 days.) One of the earliest wrinkled peas, very hardy, and can be planted extremely early. The vine grows about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet high. Pods large and well filled.

Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 25 cts.; lb., 40 cts.; 2 lbs., 70 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.50. By express, 10 lbs. or more, 20 cts. per lb.

Hundredfold. (50 days.) Bountiful crops of broad, 4-inch pods which hold usually 8 large, dark green peas of wonderfully rich flavor. The vines are sturdy and heat-resisting, averaging 16 inches.

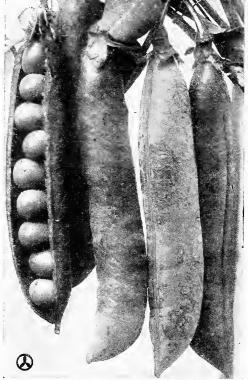
**Laxtonian.** (50 days.) Dwarf and bushy—about 14 inches—very productive of 4-inch blunt pods containing 8 to 10 peas of unsurpassed flavor.

Laxton's Progress. (46 days.) The earliest large podded dwarf wrinkled Pea, an improvement on Laxtonian and four days earlier. Pods are 4 inches long, broad and pointed, deep green in color, containing eight large deep green peas, which are of the most delicious flavor.

Little Marvel. (53 days.) Popular with market gardeners because of its extreme earliness and productiveness. The large dark green pods are usually borne in pairs. Very dwarf, vines growing only 15 to 18 inches high.

Nott's Excelsior. (60 days.) This excellent dwarf wrinkled extra early pea is robust and vigorous and produces in profusion handsome pods, closely packed with large peas of fine flavor.

Premlum Gem. (50 days.) Grows about 15 inches high and is among the earliest dwarf, abundant green wrinkled sorts.



Gradus Peas

#### Thomas Laxton.

(50 days.) One of the largest podded of the dwarf peas. Matures with the earliest and is of a delicious flavor.

#### SECOND CROP OR MEDIUM EARLY PEAS

Dwarf Telephone or Dalsy. (65 days.) A medium late pea of dwarf, stocky habit, healthy, vigorous growth, and productive, bearing large, handsome pods and peas of highest quality.

Horsford's Market Garden. (65 days.) A grand wrinkled sort and a prolific bearer. Pods of medium size; peas of a delicious sweet flavor. Two feet high. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ lb., 20 cts.; lb., 35 cts.; 2 lbs., 65 cts.; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

10 lbs or over by express at 20 cts. per lb.

Dwarf Champlon. (65 days.) This new pea is one of the finest sorts we have ever tried. Vines make a healthy dark green growth and are well loaded with pods. The peas, which are borne crowded in medium sized pods, are of the highest quality, possessing the rich flavor of the Champion of England. The growth is very dwarf, requiring no support.

(PRICE OF PEAS, PAGE 133)



FIELD PEAS

Telephone Peas

Canada Field (White Seeded). Valuable for soiling purposes. Sow at the rate of 2 to 3 bushels per acre; also sow with oats for green feed; are now quite extensively used for this purpose.

10 lbs. by express or freight, not prepaid, at 10 cts. per lb. 60 lbs. by express or freight, not prepaid, at 9 cts. per lb.

100 lbs. by express or freight, not prepaid, 8 cts. per lb.

## LATE OR MAIN PEA CROP

These late kinds may as well be planted at same time as the earlier ones. The tall varieties do very well planted in double rows with the line of brush set in at same time, allowing 3 feet of space between the lines for thorough cultivation. Do not stint the seed, but scatter in the broad furrows, which should be at least 4 inches deep.

Champlon of England. (75 days.) One of the richest and best flavored peas grown; height 3 to 4 feet, seed wrinkled, whitish green and much shriveled.

Improved Stratagem. (70 days.) One of the finest dwarf wrinkled peas. Their quality is unsurpassed, vines grow to a height of 18 or 20 inches, do not require sticking and are loaded with pods that are crowded with immense dark green peas.

**Telephone.** (70 days.) One of the finest tall wrinkled marrows yet introduced. Vine strong, producing abundantly. The pods are of large size and filled with large delicious peas. Height 3 to 4 feet.



#### PAINESVILLE, OHIO

## PEPPERS

CULTURE. Sow in a hot bed in March and transplant to the open ground when the weather is favorable. They should be planted in warm, mellow soil, in rows 18 inches apart. They may also be sown in the open ground when the danger of frost is past and the soil is warm and the weather settled. Thorough and frequent cultivation should be kept up until frost; by this means you can have a continuous crop. 1 oz. will produce about 1500 plants; 3 oz. supplies an

> PEPPER PRICES: Unless noted, Pkt., 10 cts.; 1/2 oz., 25 cts.; oz., 45 cts.; 1/4 lb., \$1.25.

Chinese Glant. (130 days.) Largest of the peppers; chunky, very thick and meaty, 4 to 5 inches across at the base and equally as long, divided into 4 sections. Fine for stuffing and for salads.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.; oz., 55 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Early Neapolltan. (120 days.) The earliest large pepper, the vigorous plants heavily laden with long handsome fruits. The skin and flesh are bright red; thickmeated, sweet and mild, valuable for market gardeners and pickling establishments.

Gollath. (120 days.) Without doubt the largest pepper ever offered. An average yield is 10 full sized peppers to a plant, packing only 20 to the usual 3-bushel market basket. It is of uniform oblong shape, with smooth, glossy skin; a market eye-catcher and sure sale. Its flavor is sweet, the meat thick, and its season very early. In planting, better give it 30 inches space for plant

development. Pkt., 15 cts.; ½ oz., 40 cts., oz., 75 cts.

Harris Early Glant. (100 days.) Earliest of all large-fruited sorts. 4 inches high and 3 inches through. The peppers are deep green, turning to brilliant

red, with thick flesh, of sweet, pleasant flavor.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 35 cts.; oz., 65 cts.; ¼ lb., \$2.00. **Hungarian Yellow.** (120 days.) A useful, tasty semi-hot pepper of great sectional popularity: thick fleshed 2½ by great sectional popularity; thick fleshed, 2½ by 41/2 inches, the smooth and glossy skin a light pearl color at first, maturing to

canary yellow. Pkt., 15 cts.; ½ oz., 40 cts.; oz., 75 cts.

Ohio Crimson. (120 days.) A vigorous, upright plant, most productive pepper on the market; the large fruits are very mild, ripen earliest of the very large fruited sorts, and average heavier as the flesh is unusually thick. Matures a deep crimson color. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.; oz., 55 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Pimento. (130 days.) Somewhat different in character from other peppers,

and useful in a great many ways. It is thick fleshed, mild and sweet; smooth

and glossily green at first, but maturing to bright red. Red Cayenne. (125 days.) A long slim pod, rather pointed and when ripe

of a bright red color, extremely strong and pungent. Used for pickling and pepper sauce.



Royal King. (125 days.) We believe it the best sweet pepper produced in many years; the plants unusually productive, returning an enormous yield to the acre. Exceptionally large fruited, thick and meaty; its walls more than twice as thick as those of other sorts; very mild—not the least pungent—perfectly sweet. The type is thoroughly fixed, producing uniform fruits both in shape and color.

Ruby King. (130 days.) A large and handsome variety. When ripe they are of a beautiful ruby red color, and are always remarkably mild and pleasant to taste.

Sweet Mountain or Spanish Mammoth. (120 days.) It is very large, smooth and handsome; when mature, a rich red. Flesh thick, sweet and mild-flavored.

## **PUMPKINS** for Pies and Canning

**CULTURE.** Plant in good soil when the ground has become warm, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, or, as the general practice is with corn, in about every fourth hill. Three pounds per acre alone or about one pound with corn. Use "Slug Shot" for bugs. The partial shade of the sweet corn plot is an ideal place to grow pumpkins in the home garden

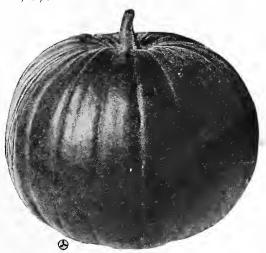
Green Striped Cushaw. (75 days.) A long crooked neck, terminating in a round or oblong end enclosing a very small seed cavity; flesh surrounding seed cavity very thick. Neck is absolutely solid, rivalling finest sweet potatoes for baking; or sliced and fried like egg plant, when young; or as a pie sort, it has no equal. Keeps well. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 40 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

King of Mammoths (Jumbo). days.) Largest of all the pumpkins, often reaching 24 inches in diameter, weighing 100 or more pounds. Make excellent stock feed, yet the quality is excellent for pies. When ripe, the skin is a rich orange color, flesh thick, sweet and yellow. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.50.

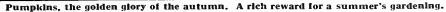
Large Yellow Field. (90 days.) A large yellow variety for field culture. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 lb., 30 cts.; lb., 75 ets.; 5 lbs., \$4.00.

Sugar. (65 days.) A handsome and prolific variety of small size; the skin a deep orange yellow. It is fine grained in flesh, sweet in taste and a handy 2-pie size. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00.

Roadside Market Mixture. All types grown together. Around Hallowe'en these will sell like hot cakes on road ide stands. Oz., 15 cts.; ½ lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.00.



Large Yellow Fleld



Cincinnati Market

## RADISHES

So Appetizing in Spring

CULTURE. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, 10 pounds required for 1 acre. For the first crop sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, and every 2 weeks throughout the season for a succession. A warm, sandy loam, made rich and light by some good strong manure, will be most likely to afford them brittle and free from worms. Sow in drills 10 to 12 inches apart. The winter varieties should be sown in July and August.

PRICE: All varieties, by mail postpaid. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ½ lb., 35 cts.; lb., \$1.00.

Cincinnati Market. (28 days.) A fine extra early variety with a long, smooth root and small top. The color is a bright transparent red; the flesh tender and delicious, even when full grown.

Crimson Giant. (35 days.) Suitable for forcing or early planting out of doors. Larger than the other round red radishes, and solid longer.

Early Round Scarlet. (25 days.) A small round, red turnipshaped radish, with a small top and of very quick growth; rich color, crisp and tender.

Early Long Scarlet. (28 days.) Grows 6 or 7 inches long, half out of the ground; is brittle and crisp; color bright scarlet, small top.

Early Scarlet Globe. (20 days.) Fine for forcing and market gardening. Large roundish oval; brilliant red: flesh white, solid, crisp and mild.

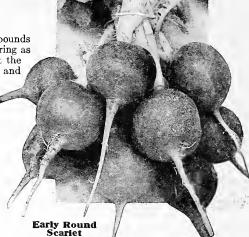
French Breakfast. (25 days.) A splendid half-long variety of medium size, crisp and tender, scarlet with white tip. This has long been a favorite kind in very general use.

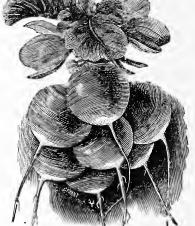
Hailstone. (Illustration in color on back cover page.) The quickest maturing white radish on record. It is ready for the table in 15 to 25 days. The roots are perfectly round, an inch in diameter, with snowy white skin and flesh. The flesh is crisp and solid.

Icicle. (25 days.) Attains its best quality at about 4 inches long and remains crisp and sprightly an extremely long time. It is of most excellent flavor and transparent whiteness. Equally desirable for home use and market.

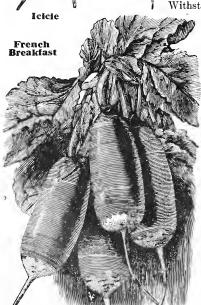
Round White Tip Scarlet. (21 days.) A handsome early variety of medium size and excellent flavor. The best of the round varieties.

White Strasburg. (48 days.) Pure white, firm and brittle, and of fine quality. Withstands hot weather best of any sort. Slow to become pithy.





Round White Tip Scarlet



## INTER RADISHES

Long Black Spanish. (72 days). Firm, oblong, black, large size. Round Black Spanish. (72 days). Large, round or turnip shaped. Rose China Winter. (60 days). One of the best fall and winter varieties, bright rose color, flesh white and of superior quality.

California Mammoth White. (65 days). Pure white. The flesh is tender and crisp and keeps well through the winter.

## Vegetable Oyster

Called "oyster plant" because the flavor suggests that of the oyster. To prepare, wash and scrape the roots, then cut into slices about 3 inches long; or if soup is desired, cut into very thin slices. Drop into water and cook 30 minutes. Drain, and serve in a white sauce; or add milk, and serve as a soup.

CULTURE. Sow early in spring, in drills 1 foot apart and 1 inch deep, thinning the young plants to 4 inches. The roots will be ready for use in October, when a supply should be taken up and stored in moist sand in a cool room. Those remaining will suffer no injury by being left in the ground until spring. One ounce to 100 feet. Ten to 12 pounds are required for one acre.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. (95 days). White, tender, and of excellent quality.

Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; 1/4 lb., 65 cts.; lb., \$2.00.



A delight of spring-the first fresh crisp radishes pulled from your own garden.

#### -f

## SPINACH—For Home or Market Garden



King of Denmark Spinach

**CULTURE.** Select very rich, well drained soil; sow in drills 1 foot apart and 1 inch deep; or broadcast at rate of 30 pounds per acre. Make the first sowing early in spring and continue at intervals of 2 or 3 weeks, until the middle of June. Sow in August and September for early spring use, protecting with a winter covering of straw. One oz. will sow 100 feet of drill, or 10 to 12 pounds to the acre.

Princess Juliana. A valuable new variety. 'Has thick crumpled leaves. Stands better than most varieties and retains its crispness quite long after cutting. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 14 lb., 25 cts.; lb., 60 cts.

Round Thick Leaved. (45 days.) One of the most popular with our market gardeners; leaves large, thick and fleshy; excellent for fall sowing, being very hardy. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ½ lb., 25 cts.; lb., 55 cts.

King of Denmark. (45 days.) Leaves very thick, dark green, and curled or blistered, in low compact tufts, ready to use as soon as the earliest, yet remaining longer in good condition before running to seed. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 14 lb., 25 cts.; lb., 60 cts.

New Zealand Spinach. (55 days.) (Tetragonia Expansa.) Strong growing summer variety. The young branches and leaves can be gathered at any time. Sow thinly in drills 15 inches apart. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ½ lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

## SQUASH—Summer Varieties

Seed should not be sown in the spring until danger from frost is past and the ground warm and thoroughly settled. Keep the earth about the plants loose and clean, removing the surplus vines from time to time, allowing not more than three plants to the hill. A little tobacco dust thrown around the hills discourages borers. Bordeaux Arsenate of Lead remedies blight and striped beetles; but the big black squash bug had better be handpicked. If the winter varieties are not planted until the latter part of June, they are ordinarily able to escape the ravages of the borer.

FOR SUMMER SQUASH, sow 1 oz. to 25 hills—4 feet apart each way; WINTER SQUASH, 1 oz. to 10 hills—8 to 10 feet apart each way—or 2 lbs. to the acre.

Bush Fordhook. (55 days.) In this new, true bush type the plants can be grown much more closely together. The fruits are rather shorter and thicker than those of the running type; they are also thicker fleshed and have a smaller seed cavity; unsurpassed for baking, frying, or making pies. Any fruit not needed for summer use can be left to ripen on the plants and gathered for winter use.

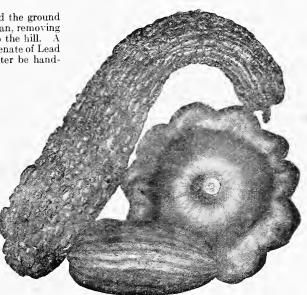
Giant Summer Crookneck. (65 days.) Bright yellow, a profitable sort for market, keeps bearing all summer. Plant farther apart then other varieties

Mammoth Yellow Bush. (55 days). A much enlarged strain of the early yellow bush scallop, quite prolific; average size 14x4 inches, and weight, 5 lbs.

Mammoth White Bush. (50 days). Fruits round white, deeply scalloped, lobes being in pairs; very tender and delicious.

PRICE of above Summer Squash Varieties: Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; 1/4 ib., 40 cts.; ib., \$1.25.

Tabie Queen Winter Squash



The Three Types of Summer Squash

# SQUASH—Winter Varieties

**Blue Hubbard.** A sport from the well known Hubbard, resembling the warted Hubbard but excelling it in flavor and dryness. It is a blue gray in color, grows very large and is a heavy cropper; thick meated and of excellent quality.

**Delicious.** (75 days). It is of medium size, dark green in color and with very thick flesh which cooks dry, and is of superior flavor. Although a good fall variety it is in its best condition in the winter.

Golden Hubbard. (110 days). The color is a deep orange, tipped green at each end. The flesh is golden yellow, of excellent flavor and cooks dry; a good keeper.

Hubbard. (110 days.) Skin deep olive green, flesh orange yellow. Sweet, rich flavored; keeps well through the winter; boils or bakes dry.

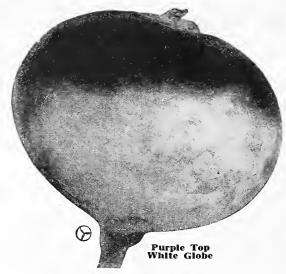
Table Queen. (80 days.) 6 to 7 inches long by 4 to 5 inches thick, the shell a smooth dark green with sometimes a blotch of red at the pointed end; the productiveness and eating quality second to none. Cut in two, baked twenty minutes, and served in the half-shell, it is an ideal and convenient individual side dish.

PRICE of above Winter Squash Varieties: Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 45 cts.; lb., \$1.25.

## **Grow Popcorn and Peanuts**

For Winter Evenings





## **TURNIPS**

CULTURE. Turnips do best in a highly enriched, sandy, gravelly, or light loamy soil. Commence sowing the earliest varieties in April, in drills from 12 to 15 inches apart, and thin out early to 6 or 8 inches in rows. For a succession, sow at intervals of a fortnight until the last week in May. The early varieties are often broadcasted between corn rows or sown as a catch-crop to succeed the early potatoes. From the last of July to the end of August sowing may be made for the fall and main crops. One ounce sows 100 feet of drills. Two pounds per acre in drills, 12 to 15 inches apart; one pound 2 feet apart; 3 lbs. broadcast.

PRICE OF ALL TURNIPS, by mall, postpaid: Pkt., 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25 cts.; lb., 75 cts.

Purple Top White Globe. (70 days.) The most popular turnip grown either for table or stock. Of globular shape, rapid growth, and an excellent keeper. Flesh pure white, skin white with purple top.

White Egg. (50 days.) Quick growing pure white; solid firm, flesh fine grained, cooking up sweet and tender. Egg shaped, skin pure white.

Early Purple Top, Strap Leaved. (55 days.) Similar to Early Flat Dutch,

but purple on top. Of excellent quality, for market.

Early White Flat Dutch. (40 days.) Extra early, flat, strap leaved, mild, fine quality. Use when small and tender. Also grown for fall crop.

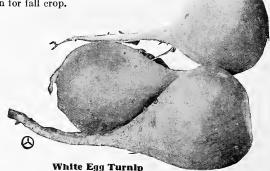
#### YELLOW FLESHED

Orange Jelly or Golden Ball. (70 days.) A very distinct, round yellow variety. One of the finest sorts for family use. Flesh pure yellow, fine grained, sweet and tender. Does not attain a large size but is firm, hard and of most excellent flavor. Makes an ideal fall crop to store for winter use.

#### **RUTA BAGA OR SWEDE**

Improved Purple Top Yellow. (95 days.) One of the best of the Swedes, hardy and productive; flesh yellow, sweet and well flavored; shape slightly oblong terminating abruptly, color purple above and yellow under the ground; rich in flavor. A popular market sort.

Large White Ruta Baga. (90 days.) (Sweet Russian.) This variety is most excellent either for table or stock. It grows to a large size; flesh white, solid, firm texture, sweet and rich; keeps well.



TOMATO SEED

Plant S & H Seed and Grow Tomatoes of Prize-Winning Quality

CULTURE. Sow in hot beds during March, or from six to eight

weeks before they can be set out of doors; when the plants have four leaves transplant into shallow boxes, setting them 4 or 5 inches apart; give them plenty of air and endeavor to secure a steady growth. Set out of doors as soon as danger from severe frosts is over. Seed may be sown in the open ground also at this time, and will make strong hardy plants, that will be excellent for fruiting. The choicest tomatoes are obtained by training the plants to stakes and keeping them pruned. Use stakes 2 inches square, 5 or 6 feet long. The main stem and two branches should be saved, cutting the others off just beyond the first cluster of blossoms. This treatment allows all the fruits to develop to perfection and none are lost from rotting on the ground. One ounce will produce 3,000 plants.

# Speaking of Tomatoes Read This:—

The Storrs & Harrison Co. Gentlemen:

I am enclosing two snapshots of a few of the tomatoes (your Improved Colossal) I picked from one stalk in my garden this summer. Three of the largest (not on the picture) received first prize at the Summit County Child's Fair. The largest weighed 2 lbs. 9 oz. There were very few on the stalk that did not weigh at least a pound. The remarkable thing about them was that they were so perfect in shape, and every one who saw them declared they had never seen such wonderful tomatoes. Nearly a bushel on one stalk.

(Mrs.) R. Krahl, 100 Conger Ave., Akron, Ohio.

#### LARGE YELLOW VARIETIES

Golden Queen. Large yellow fruit; very sweet, almost free from acid; splendid for preserving or for slicing; to those who generally (on account of acidity) do not eat tomatoes, we can recommend this variety. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25 cts.; oz., 45 cts.

Yellow Ponderosa. (110 days.) Identical with Ponderosa in quality and size but produces golden yellow fruits, exceptionally free from acid, making it a desirable variety for home use and one of the most attractive to use in mixed color salads.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.; oz., 55 cts.

#### SMALL FRUITED

Yellow Pear. (95 days.) Fruits a clear, handsome yellow. Very sweet and free from acid.

Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20 cts.; oz., 35 cts.

Pink and Red Varieties on Next Page



## TOMATOES-Pink Skin Varieties

CULTURE-See preceding page

PRICE—(unless noted): Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 25 cts.; 1 oz., 45 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.35; lb., \$4.00.

Acme. (100 days.) Of spreading growth; producing abundant medium sized fruits of irregular shape, in clusters of three to five. The flesh dark red, fine in texture, slightly acid.

Cleveland Market.

One of the most satisfactory and popular sorts. Fruits ripen evenly, are uniform in not crack readily. Vines large, vigorous and very productive, ripening fruits about mid-season.

Early Detroit. (90 days.) Early and very sarge size, nearly round.

Globe. (95 days.) Large globe shape, always smooth, firm fleshed with few seeds, and ripens evenly. One of the best forcing varieties.

June Pink. (85 days.) An early variety, blight resisting, long and heavy yielding, similar in habit to the famous Earliana, except its color is pink. An excellent shipper.

Ponderosa. (110 days.) In addition to its ponderous size, it is very solid, with few seeds; a beautiful crimson throughout.
Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.; oz., 55 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$5.50.



See Page 138 for Yellow Skin Varieties



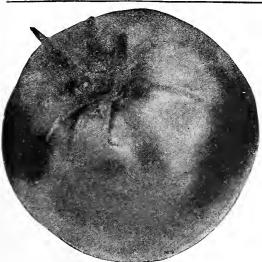
Truckers' Favorite. (100 days.) Flattened, smooth skinned fruits 3½ by 4 inches thick, attractive for the market. The flesh is meaty, very solid, and of excellent quality.

New Colossal. (110 days.) One of the largest, heaviest and best tomatoes, averaging 2 to 3 pounds. Close celled, firm flesh with remarkably few seeds, and little waste. Flavor sweet, cool and sprightly, notably free from the commonly objectionable acidity. Solid, 5-inch slices; satisfactorily all-tomato when cooked; and a profitable can filler when preserved—in every usage expressing the highest quality of flavor and texture. To illustrate its meatiness and freedom from seeds, compare the average requirement of 1½ bushels of tomatoes to produce a pound of seed, with this giant fruited variety which requires 7 to 10 bushels to produce a pound of seed.

Pkt., 15 cts.; ½ oz., 40 cts.; oz., 75 cts.; ¼ lb., \$2.25.

# TOMATOES—Red Skin Varieties

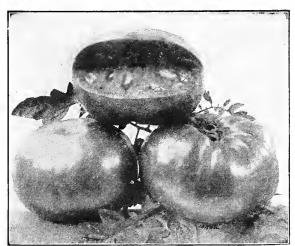
PRICE—(unless noted): Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 20 cts.; 1 oz., 35 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.50.



Bonny Best, Red Skin

#### Bonny Best.

(88 days.) Large, smooth fruit of a rich scarlet red, the color demanded by many markets. Fruit thick, with a small core, excellent for any purpose. Slices exceptionally well. Nearly globe shaped, slightly flattened at stem. Borne in clusters of five or sixfruits, all ripening together.



Earllana, Red Skin

Coreless. (110 days.) All of the fruits are of marketable size. Always free from green core; ripens all over and through and right up under the stem, all at once. A grand, good slicing variety; the seed cells being surrounded by bright red, heavy, meaty and delicious flesh.

## MATOES—Red Skin Varieties—Cont'd

Earliana. (85 days.) Remarkable for its earliness, large size, uniform shape, solid fruit, attractive red color, and productiveness. The leading high quality early market variety.

Pkt., 10 cts.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 20 cts.; oz., 35 cts.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

Marglobe. Fruits are smooth, globular, meaty, almost coreless, and deep searlet in color. They ripen uniformly, even around the stem, and resist cracking.

Pkt., 15 ets.;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz., 30 ets.; oz., 55 ets.;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., \$1.75; lb., \$5.25.

(110 days.) A fine main crop tomato for market or can-The beautiful red fruit is perfectly smooth and very large, ripening evenly, and is free from rot, even in wet seasons. Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.; oz., 40 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$4.00.

Vayahead. (85 days.) A new variety, and one of the best. Extra early, resembling Earliana but preceding it, with handsome, smooth, solid, red fruits. A heavy cropper, Wayahead. with a vigor which keeps up the size even on the latest set fruits. Pkt., 15 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.; oz., 55 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.75.

#### TOBACCO

Connecticut Seed Leaf. A popular eigar variety, also largely used for pipe smoking by those who prefer a home cured natural leaf. Makes a large broad leaf and is the only variety extensively grown in northern states.

Pkt., 10 cts.; ½ oz., 30 cts.; oz., 50 cts.; ¼ lb., \$1.50.



New Tomato "Wayahead"

#### 2 Things Every Garden Needs:

- 1. Proper Fertilization
- 2. Protection from Insects.

See Pages 111-112

#### How to Make Beautiful Lawn and Keep Up



THE successful keeping as well as making of a beautiful lawn lies most largely in the thorough preparation before a seed is sown. If there is grading to be done the top soil to the depth of 6 to 8 inches should first be removed to one side; finish with the top soil after the grade is complete.

This should be thoroughly harrowed and raked to reduce to as fine a condition as possible, as well as to level it,

as nothing detracts so much from the appearance of a lawn as an uneven surface. Sow the seed as early in the spring as convenient, the earlier the better if the soil is in good condition, scattering it in both directions at right angles to each other, which will give a more even distribution. After the seed has been sown it should be raked lightly, then thoroughly rolled.

No one kind of grass will make a lawn that will keep beautifully green all through the season, but a mixture of several is essential, as some varieties are more luxuriant in the spring, others in the summer, and again others in the autumn, and a proper combination of these various sorts is required to create and maintain a perfect carpet-like lawn. Our Velvet Sod Mixture is a splendid exemplification of scientific knowledge and practical treatment, giving quick, sure and satisfying results unsurpassed by any general lawn mixture on the market.

Instead of manure, we recommend "Armour's Lawn and Garden Grower" or "Vigoro" (see page 111), as being richer, more lasting in effect, and free from weed seeds.

ARMOUR'S LAWN AND GARDEN GROWER is a highly concentrated, completely balanced, mineral plant food. On new spring-made lawns, apply at the rate of 40 lbs. to 1000 square feet, carefully broadcasted two ways, afterwards raking it into the already leveled soil surface. Then wet down thoroughly and wait one week before sowing the grass seed. If a fall-made

lawn, use 40 lbs. to 1000 square feet; but be sure to apply another 40 lbs. early next spring, in like manner.

"VIGORO" is a concentrated, dustless fertilizer that is easy to apply. As it is free from any objectionable odor it can be stored away for future use. "Vigoro" is just the thing for the home owner to use. Complete directions on each sack.

Mowing. The final step in making a good lawn is to mow the young grass as soon as it is two inches high and never allow it to grow higher than this thereafter. Frequent mowing encourages the grass to "stool" out. that is, branch out at the crown and cover the ground.



Watering. After grass seed is sown the ground should be kept continually moist for a period of three weeks for best results. In early fall and spring sowing nature usually provides the desired moisture, but in case of drought, use the hose. Established lawns are benefited during dry spells by thorough watering. An occasional light sprinkling does more harm than good.

Old Lawns will be greatly benefited if, as early in the spring as the weather will permit, they are carefully raked, so as to remove the dead grass and leaves that may be on them, then sprinkle it with our Velvet Sod Mixture, which will renew the thin places and spots that have been killed by the winter or other causes, then give it a thorough firming and smoothing with a heavy roller.

The periodic use of fertilizer on established lawns is a necessity, especially under and near trees. Grass is a gross feeder and when it has competition from tree roots the soil soon becomes exhausted. Periodic feedings of "Vigoro" or Armour's Lawn and Garden Grower will prevent this difficulty.

# S. & H. LAWN GRASS SEE

#### Re-cleaned Grass Seeds

\*Our grass and clover seeds will more than pass any State requirements as to purity, and will please the most critical buyers. We handle only the finest and cleanest grades procurable. So much depends upon grades that prices vary greatly in all grass seeds.

#### We Do Not Guarantee Prices on **Grass and Clover Seeds**

The prices herein are based on values at time of going to press with this catalogue; subject to market fluctuations.

Prices quoted by ib. and 3 ibs. are postage paid by us; if ordered by express, deduct 10 cts. per ib. Larger quantities, unless noted, are by express or freight, purchaser paying charges.

Creeping Bent. (Agrostis Stolonifera.) Modern golf has popularized this thickly rooting, densely cropping grass for putting greens. Makes a velvet smooth, low, thrifty lawn surface, sown 60 pounds to the acre. By mail postpaid—Lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50; 10 lbs., \$10.50.

**Kentucky Blue Grass.** Fancy Clean. Also known as June Grass, a valuable variety for lawns when mixed with other grasses, and especially valuable as a pasture grass. About three bushels to the acre for pasture. (21 lbs. to the bushel.)

Lb., 50 cts.

10 lbs. and over, by express or freight, at 35 cts.

Red Top Fancy. Re-cleaned seed, 32 lbs. per bushel. Grows well in almost any soil and is valuable either for meadows, pasture or lawns, especially so for moist land. About 15 lbs. to the acre. Lb., 55 cts.

10 lbs. and over, by express, at 35 cts.

English or Perennial Rye Grass. A nutritious, quick-growing grass for meadows and pastures. It does well on sloping banks, as its roots are fibrous and mat-like. 24 pounds to the bushel. Lb., 35 cts.; 3 lbs., \$1.00.

10 lbs, and over, by express or freight, at 20 cts.

Orchard Grass. A valuable grass for pastures, for sowing in orchards or shady places. It grows rapidly and does not suffer from close feeding. When sown alone three bushels should be sown to the acre; 14 lbs. to the bushel.

Lb., 45 cts.; 3 lbs., \$1.25.

10 lbs. and over, by express or freight, at 30 cts.

Meadow Fescue or English Blue Grass. Especially suited for permanent pasture and is also fine for hay. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, but not in tufts like Orchard Grass. The hay is very nutritious and cattle thrive on it whether dry or green. Succeeds even in poor soil, and as the roots penetrate deep, from 12 to 15 inches, it takes extremely dry weather to affect it. As a fertilizer it has valuable properties, and will stand freezing very effectually. About 24 pounds of seed are sown to the acre. Lb., 50 cts.

10 lbs. or over, by express or freight, 25 cts.

Hard Fescue. A splendid grass for golf links, tennis courts, etc.; will resist droughts. Sow 6 to 7 bu. per acre (12 lbs. per bu.). Lb., 55 cts.

By express, 10 lbs. and over, at 45 cts. per lb.

Red or Creeping Fescue. Very valuable for sowing on sandy soil and in shaded places, also on putting greens. Sow 100 to 125 lbs. per green, 100 feet square (14 lbs. per bu.). Lb., 60 cts.

By express, 10 lbs. and over, at 45 cts. per lb.

Poa Trivialis. (Rough Stalked Meadow Grass.) No grass is better adapted for pleasure grounds, particularly under trees, as it will not only grow in such places, but forms a fine sward where few other Grasses can exist. A fine grass for dry ground under Bay Windows, overlapping roofs and shady side yards. Lb., 75 cts.

10 lbs. or more, by express or freight at 60 cts. per lb.

Sheep's Fescue (Festuca ovina). Grows naturally on light, dry sandy soils and mountain pastures; considered valuable mixed with other grasses for permanent early spring pasture. Sow 15 lbs. per acre. Bushel, about 12 lbs. Lb., 55 cts.

By express, 10 lbs. or over, at 45 cts. per lb.



## Storrs & Harrison's LAWN GRASS **MIXTURES**



"Velvet Sod." A mixture of fine dwarf, close growing grasses, that will produce a neat, velvety lawn and permanent sod in a short time. Weight, about 25 pounds to the bushel. One pound will seed about 300 square feet; 80 to 100 pounds are required for an acre.

"Shady Lawn." A mixture of fine grasses which thrive under the shade of trees or buildings where there is little sun.

#### PRICES-Of Both Above Mixtures

By Maii, postage paid.

 $^{1}\!\!/_{2}$  lb.—35 cts. 1 lb.—65 cts. 2 lbs.—\$1.25 3 lbs.—\$1.75 5 lbs.— 2.50 10 lbs.— 4.50

By Express or Freight, not prepaid.

15 lbs. at 39 cts. 50 lbs. at 36 cts. 20 lbs. at 38 cts. 100 lbs. at 35 cts. 25 lbs. at 37 cts.

Crested Dog's Tall (Cynosurus cristatus). May be sown on lawns; forms a close turf, remaining green a long time; valuable for sheep pasture; succeeds on dry, hard and gravelly soil. Height, 1 to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet. Sow 25 pounds per acre. 21 pounds to the bushel. Lb., 70 cts.

10 lbs. or over, by express, at 55 cts.

Timothy. (Phleum pratense.) Of the easiest cultivation and with us is usually sown in connection with winter grain in the fall, to which a seeding of clover is added early in the spring. 45 pounds to the bushel; from  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 bushel to the

Lb., 30 cts., postpaid. Write for price per bushel.

#### Guarantee of Genuineness

While we exercise great diligence and care to have all of our seeds true to name, and hold ourselves in readiness, on proper proof, to replace free of charge alf Seed that may prove untrue to name, or refund the amount paid; it is mutually understood and agreed to between the purchaser and ourselves, that our guarantee of genuineness shall in no case make us liable for any sum greater than that originally received for said Seeds, that prove untrue.

(Signed) THE STORRS & HARRISON CO.

#### S. & H. Co's **CLOVER SEEDS** Selected

Alfalfa. (Lucerne.) For bringing up poor land it is the best of the clovers, as it not only produces large masses of foliage but forces its roots deeply into the earth. On land that is not naturally rich it needs fertilizing to help it get started. If there is no lime in the soil a top dressing of it should be given when the land is plowed. For inoculation, see "Nitragin" offer below. It should be moved often enough during first season to keep the weeds down, being careful to cut above the crowns of the Alfalfa plants. Not adapted to low, wet land. Lb., 50 cts. Write for samples and prices on larger quantities. Sow early in spring or fall at rate of 20 pounds per acre.

(Swedish.) An excellent variety, of luxuriant growth and very Alsike. (Swedish.) An excellent variety, of harding sweet; valuable for pasture or ensilage, specially on moist land; makes sweet; valuable for pasture or ensilage, specially on moist land; makes good bee forage. Sow 5 to 6 pounds per acre. Lb., 50 cts. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Scarlet or Crimson Clover. Brilliant scarlet flowered annual; very productive and greedily eaten by cattle, remains green longer than the red variety, and is excellent for bee food. Largely used for green manuring; sown in August it may be plowed under the following June. Sow 15 pounds per acre. Lb., 40 cts. 10 lbs. and over, by express, at 25 cts.

Sweet Clover. (Bokhara.) (Machine of this legume is native to all parts of this (Bokhara.) (Meliotus alba.) This country and is the most beneficial of all crops for building up worn-out land. Thrives on all soils, but like all clovers, requires lime, which should be supplied on land where it is lacking. Makes fine pasture for bees and good quality of hay relished by all stock. Does best when seeded alone. Sow in spring or fall. Twenty to thirty pounds are required per acre. Lb., 35 cts. 10 lbs. and over, by express, at 20 cts.

## **INOCULATE!** Clover and Farm Seed



#### The Original Soil Inoculator List of Culture Groups

Culture "A"-Alfalfa, all Sweet Clovers, including Hubam

Culture "A"—Alfalfa, all Sweet Clovers, including Hubam and Bur Clover.

Culture "B"—Clovers, Red Clover, Mammoth Red Clover, Alsike, Crimson and White Clover.

Culture "C"—Field and Garden Peas, Vetches, (Hairy, Spring, Wild) Broad Bean, Sweet Peas, Perennial Peas, and Lentils.

Culture "D"—Field and Garden Beans, (Including Navy, Kidney, and Scarlet Runner Beans).

Culture "E"—Cow Peas, Lima Beans, Velvet Beans, Partridge Peas, Japan Clover, and Peanuts.

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Important: When ordering always name the seed you wish to inoculate.

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(Shipping weight, 6 ounces.)

1 bu. size inoculates 60 lbs. seed, \$1.00, postpaid.

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Nitragin Prices Greatly Reduced on Soy Beans and Cow Peas
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50c a bushel.

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All Nitragin is guaranteed for one year; every package stamped with expiration date.

Always state kind of seed you wish to inoculate, in your order.

Medium Red Clover

White Dutch Clover.

Excellent for lawns in mixtures with grasses. A good pasture clover. Sow at the rate of

6 to 8 pounds per acre. ½ lb., 35 cts.; lb., 70 cts.; 2 lbs., \$1.35; 5 lbs. \$3.00, by mail postpaid. 5 lbs. and over, by express, at 55 cts.

Medium Red Clover. This is regarded as the most valuable of the Clover family. It is sometimes called June Clover and is a dependable all-round variety for farmers and stockmen. It makes two crops each year. The first is usually cut when it is in blossom for hay; the last crop may be harvested for seed, cut for hay, or plowed under to add fertility to the soil. It may be sown either in the spring or fall, and if no other grasses are used, at the rate of from 8 to 12 pounds to the acre, according to quality of seed used and condition of the soil. Clover adds greatly to the fertility of the land on which it is grown. It does not exhaust the soil, but enriches it. Lb., 50 cts. For quantity, write for price.

## S. & H. Miscellaneous FARM SEEDS

Prices per single pound, and 3 pounds where listed, are postage paid by us; in larger quantities by express or freight, purchaser pays charges. Prices subject to market changes.

Broom Corn, (Improved Evergreen.) This variety is extensively grown on account of the color and quality of the brush, which is long, fine, straight and always green. Grows from eight to ten feet tall. Plant in rows  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet apart and 3 inches apart in the row. Pound, 35 cents, postpaid. By express, 10 lbs., and over at 20 cts. per lb.

Field Peas make a very valuable crop. They Canada Field Peas. can be fed in mixture to all kinds of live stock and are very valuable as nitrogen fixers, leaving the soil from which a crop of peas has been harvested richer in nitrogen than it was before. Sow alone at the rate of 3 bushels per acre or with oats, for fodder, at the rate of 2 bushels of peas and 1 bushel of oats per acre. By freight or express, collect: 10 lbs. @ 10 cts. per lb.; 60 lbs. @ 9 cts. per lb.; 100 lbs. at 8 cts. per lb.

No other plant that has yet been introduced for Tennessee Millet. grass or forage has been able to produce anything approaching the enormous yield of Millet when grown under favorable cir-The seed we offer is genuine Tennessee grown, of the finest cumstances. quality. There is a wonderful difference in true Southern grown Millet when compared with the cheap Western grown. True Southern Millet will produce double the amount of hay produced from Western grown seed. Sow for feed one bushel to the acre.

Lb., 30 cts. postpaid. By express, 10 lbs. at 10 cts.; 50 lbs. and over at 9 cts. This grows six to eight feet high, stands remarkably Japanese Millet. well, and yields from 10 to 12 tons green fodder It may be sown from the middle of May to the first of July, broadcast at the rate of fifteen pounds per acre. Lb., 40 cts., postpaid. By express, 10 lbs. at 18 cts.; 50 lbs. and over at 15 cts.

Hairy Vetch. (Victa Vilosa.) This legume is rapidly springing into favor in the North as a fall soiling crop. Grows luxuriantly and is one of the greatest nitrogen gatherers. Requires no special soil preparation, neither is it particular as to soil, and is therefore very valuable for bringing up poor land. Makes a valuable and nutritious hay. If used for this purpose it should be cut in the spring when seed pods, which resemble small peas, are just forming. Its feed value is equal pound for pound with prime wheat bran. In the latitude of northern Ohio, Vetch should be sown by September 15, to get well started that fall. Farther south it may be sown later. Rate of thirty to forty pounds to the acre. Lb., 35 cts.; 3 lbs., \$1.00. 10 lbs. and over at 20 cts. per lb. by express.

#### Other Farm Seeds on Next Page

## MISCELLANEOUS FARM SEEDS-Contin'd

Rape. (Dwarf Essex.) Extensively grown for forage, especially for sheep; makes excellent green feed for poultry. They can be turned into it within six to eight weeks after sowing. Cattle and sheep are apt to bloat if the leaves are wet or they are turned in hungry and allowed to fill themselves. Sow in June or July in rows two and one-half feet apart at the rate of five pounds seed per acre, or may be sown broadcast at the rate of eight pounds per acre; it may be sown in April with oats, for an early crop after the oats are cut. Lb., 40 cts.; 3 lbs., \$1.00.

By express, 10 lbs. and over at 18 cts.; 50 lbs. and over at 16 cts.

with rainfall. It is a great drought resister and makes an excellent quality of hay. Grows from five to nine feet tall and stools freely when given plenty of room after cutting. Do not sow until the ground has become thoroughly warm. 16-24 pounds to the acre broadcast, or 4-6 pounds in drills, 18-24 inches apart. Lb., 35 cts.; 3 lbs., \$1.00. By express, 10 lbs. or over at 15 cts.

Sugar Cane. (Early Amber.) The standard variety for the North. The beautiful amber colored syrup it produces is thought to be superior in flavor to any other, and for sugar is unsurpassed. Valuable as a forage plant. Makes excellent milk-producing feed either green or dry. Six pounds are required per acre in rows, or 40 to 50 pounds broadcast or drilled. Lb., 30 cts. By express, 25 lbs. and over at 15 cts.

Sugar Corn for Fodder. Very nutritious, rich and succulent for feeding green.

10 lbs. by freight or express, 10 cts. per lb.; 100 lbs. at 8 cts. per lb.

**Sunflower.** (Mammoth Russian.) Of considerable value as a poultry food. Many people insist it clears ing stalks may be utilized for supporting Kentucky Wonder or other pole beans. Lb., 30 cts. By express, 10 lbs. or over at 18 cts. per lb.

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